AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 3, 2000

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 13, 2000

AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 5, 2000

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 28, 2000

SENATE BILL

No. 1939

Introduced by Senators Alarcon, Hughes, and Solis

February 24, 2000

An act to amend Section 385 of, and to add Section 9607 to, the Public Utilities Code, and to amend Section Sections 21100 and 22120 of the Water Code, relating to public utilities.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

- SB 1939, as amended, Alarcon. Public utilities: electric power: irrigation districts.
- (1) Existing law requires each local publicly owned utility to establish a nonbypassable usage based charge to fund investments in specified public purpose programs, including providing services for low-income electricity customers. The charge is required to be not less than the lowest expenditure of the 3 largest electrical corporations in California based on a percentage of revenue.

This bill would require a specified percentage of charge revenues to be invested in programs servicing low-income electricity customers. Because a violation of this provision would be a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program by creating a new crime.

SB 1939 -2-

(2) The Irrigation District Law generally requires a member of the board of directors of an irrigation district to be a voter and a freeholder of the district and a resident of the division that the director represents at the time of nomination or appointment and during the director's entire term. That law authorizes an irrigation district that is governed under that law to sell, dispose of, and distribute electric power for use outside its boundaries.

This bill would remove that requirement that a director be a freeholder of the district, and would make a related change. The bill would require the Public Utilities Commission to certify a district to sell electricity in the service territory of specified entities, as prescribed. Because this bill would increase the duties of local entities by requiring them to obtain commission certification in order to sell electricity, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

California Constitution requires the state reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs Statutory provisions mandated the state. establish procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a State Mandates Claims Fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed \$1,000,000 statewide and other procedures claims whose statewide costs for exceed \$1,000,000.

This bill would provide that with regard to certain mandates no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

With regard to any other mandates, this bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs so mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 385 of the Public Utilities Code
- 2 is amended to read:
- 3 385. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), each

-3-SB 1939

385. Each local publicly owned electric utility shall 1 2 establish a nonbypassable, usage based charge on local distribution service of not less than the lowest level of the three expenditure largest electrical 5 corporations in California on a percent of revenue basis, calculated from each utility's total revenue requirement for the year ended December 31, 1994, and each utility's total annual expenditure under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 381 and Section 382, to 10 fund investments by the utility and other parties in the low-income programs described in subdivision (b), and in any or all of the following: 12

demand-side (1) Cost-effective management 14 to promote energy efficiency and energy conservation.

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- (2) New investment in renewable energy resources 16 and technologies consistent with existing statutes regulations which promote those resources and technologies.
- (3) Research, development demonstration and 20 programs for the public interest to advance science or technology which is not adequately provided by competitive and regulated markets.
- (b) Each local publicly owned electric utility shall 24 establish and fund programs servicing low-income electricity customers comparable to those established under Section 382. Those programs shall include, but are limited to, targeted energy efficiency services, outreach and education, and rate discounts. percentage of the charge established under subdivision 30 (a) allocated to low-income programs shall be not less 31 than the percentage of charge revenues allocated to 32 low-income programs in 1999 by the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power and the Sacramento 34 Municipal Utility District, and shall be based on a 35 demographic representation of need. based on an 36 assessment of customer need, with a rate discount of no 37 less than 15 percent offered to those who qualify. Unless 38 a local publicly owned electric utility is providing a rate discount of 15 percent or more for low-income customers 40 on or before January 1, 2001, that local publicly owned

SB 1939 _ 4 _

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electric utility shall conduct a needs assessment on or before December 31, 2001.

- 3 SEC. 2. Section 9607 is added to the Public Utilities Code, to read:
- 5 9607. (a) Notwithstanding Section 9604, for purposes 6 of this section, "district" means an irrigation district furnishing electric services formed pursuant to Irrigation District Law as set forth in Division 11 (commencing with Section 20500) of the Water Code.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a 10 11 district may, to the extent consistent with subdivision (b) 12 of Section 9605, construct, lease, acquire, or operate 13 facilities for the purpose of serving retail electric 14 customers located in the service territory of an electrical 15 corporation providing electric distribution services 16 that territory existed on January 1, 2000, or in the service 17 territory of a local publicly owned electric utility 18 providing electric distribution services as of January 1, 19 2000, if the district has obtained certification, as described 20 in subdivision (c), that its public purpose, universal 21 service. protections and consumer programs comparable to those of the current distribution service 23 provider.
- (c) The district shall request certification from the 25 commission to serve retail customers located in the 26 service territory of an electrical corporation and from the 27 local regulatory body of the local publicly owned electric 28 utility's service territory. The commission, upon notice and with opportunity to be heard as provided in Article 30 1 (commencing with Section 1701) of Chapter 9 of Part 1, shall issue a decision or resolution certifying the district's programs, if it determines all of the following:
- 33 (1) The district has established and funded public 34 purpose and low-income programs in accordance with 35 Section 385.
- (2) The district will provide universal service to all 36 37 retail customers who request service within the territory 38 to be served, at published tariff rates and on a just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory basis, comparable to

- 5 — SB 1939

provided by the that current distribution service provider.

- (3) The district will provide consumer protection and transaction provisions comparable established for the current distribution service provider and service by the district within the service territory will be consistent with the policies of this state to prevent or eliminate economic waste as set forth in Section 8101.
- SEC. 3. Section 21100 of the Water Code is amended 9 10 to read:
- 21100. Each director shall, except as otherwise provided in this division, shall be a voter and a freeholder of the district and a resident of the division which that he 14 or she represents at the time of his or her nomination or appointment and during his or her entire term, except in 16 the case of a director elected at a formation election, he or she shall be a resident and freeholder in the proposed district at the time of his or her nomination and a resident of the division which that he or she represents during his 20 or her entire term.

In any district having no more than 15 freeholders who 22 are voters in the district, a person need not be a voter but shall be qualified to be a director of the district if he is a freeholder of the district at the time of his nomination or appointment and during his entire term.

- SEC. 4. Section 22120 of the Water Code is amended to read:
- 22120. Except as provided in Section 9607 of the Public Utilities Code, a district may sell, dispose of, and distribute electric power for use outside of its boundaries.

SEC. 4.

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31 32 SEC. 5. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 34 Constitution for certain costs that may be incurred by a 35 local agency or school district because in that regard this 36 act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime

—6— SB 1939

1 within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

However, notwithstanding Section 17610 of

- 4 Government Code, if the Commission on State Mandates
- 5 determines that this act contains other costs mandated by
- 6 the state, reimbursement to local agencies and school
- districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7
- 8 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title
- 9 2 of the Government Code. If the statewide cost of the
- 10 claim for reimbursement does not exceed one million
- 11 dollars (\$1,000,000), reimbursement shall be made from
- 12 the State Mandates Claims Fund.