Introduced by Senator Schiff

(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Hertzberg)

January 5, 1999

An act to add and repeal Section 6140 of amend Sections 6068, 6070, 6085, 6141.1, and 6145 of, to add Sections 6031.5, 6095.1, and 6140.05 to, and to add and repeal Section 6140 of, the Business and Professions Code, relating to the State Bar.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 144, as amended, Schiff. State Bar: membership fees.

Existing law establishes the State Bar. The Board of Governors of the State Bar has broad responsibilities for the State Bar's operation and function, including, among other things, administration of the State Bar, admission to the practice of law, and disciplinary authority over its members.

This bill would revise various provisions relating to the State Bar.

(1) Existing rules and regulations of the State Bar provide for the creation of, and specify the functions and activities of, the Conference of Delegates, which represents locally based general bar associations. Existing rules and regulations of the State Bar also provide for advisory organizations of the State Bar known as sections.

This bill would provide that the Conference of Delegates of the State Bar and State Bar sections shall not be funded with mandatory fees after January 1, 2000, but would authorize the Conference of Delegates and the sections to contract with the SB 144 — 2 —

State Bar for services, and would authorize the State Bar to collect voluntary fees on behalf of the Conference of Delegates and the sections.

(2) Existing law imposes various duties on attorneys. Among other things, it requires attorneys to cooperate and participate in any disciplinary investigation or other regulatory or disciplinary proceeding pending against the attorney.

This bill would provide that this requirement shall not be construed to require an attorney to cooperate with a request that requires the attorney to waive any constitutional or statutory privilege or to comply with a request for information or other matters within an unreasonable period of time in light of the time constraints of the attorney's practice, as specified.

Existing law provides that a person complained against in a disciplinary action of the State Bar shall be given a reasonable notice and have a reasonable opportunity to exercise various rights, including the right to defend, to receive exculpatory evidence, to be represented by counsel, and to examine and cross-examine witnesses.

This bill would also provide that the notice and rights shall be fair and adequate, as well as reasonable, and would also specify that the person has a right to exercise any right guaranteed by the California or United States Constitution, including the right against self-incrimination.

The bill would require the State Bar to compile statistics on attorney discipline and to report to legislative committees on procedures used in the disciplinary process to ensure that resources of the State Bar are used fairly and equitably, as specified. It would specifically require that procedures used in the disciplinary process ensure that resources of the State Bar are used fairly and equitably and that these procedures be reported to specified legislative committees by the State Bar on or before December 31, 2000.

(3) Existing law requires the State Bar to request the California Supreme Court to adopt a rule authorizing a mandatory continuing legal education program. Existing law establishes minimum hours of participation, and exempts various persons from the requirement.

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This bill would reduce the required hours, would eliminate the exemption for retired judges, would encourage the use of low-cost programs, would set forth findings, and would make related changes.

(4) Existing law, until January 1, 1998, required the Board of Governors of the State Bar to establish annual membership fees for active members based on the amount of time the member has been practicing law, as specified. Existing law also provides for additional fees.

This bill would provide for an annual fee not exceeding \$318. This provision would be repealed on January 1, 2001.

The bill would also require the invoice for the annual fee to provide each member the option of deducting \$4 from the annual fee if the member elects not to support lobbying and related activities, and would prohibit the Board of Governors of the State Bar from expending a sum exceeding the number of members paying the \$4 fee, multiplied by \$4.

The bill would require the Board of Governors of the State Bar to adopt a rule to permit members whose income is less than a specified amount to presumptively qualify for a waiver of a portion of the annual membership fees based on hardship.

(5) The bill would require a comprehensive independent financial audit of all State Bar operations to be conducted prior to authorization of dues collection for the January 1, 2001, budget cycle, and would require the audit results and recommendations to be submitted to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and specified legislative committees.

The bill would make related changes.

Existing law authorizes the Board of Governors of the State Bar to charge its members certain annual fees to defray the expenses of various duties and functions of the board of governors. Until January 1, 1998, existing law required the board of governors to establish annual membership fees for active members based on the amount of time the member has been practicing law, as specified.

This bill would require the board of governors to fix annual membership fees for active members based on the amount of time the member has been practicing law, pursuant to a schedule containing unspecified fee amounts. It would

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provide for the repeal of these fee provisions as of an unspecified date.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. Section 6140 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:
- 6140. (a) The board shall fix the annual membership fee for _____ as follows:
- (1) For active members who have been admitted to the practice of law in this state for three years or longer preceding the first day of February of the year for which the fee is payable, at the sum of _____ dollars
- (2) For active members who have been admitted to the practice of law in this state for less than three years but more than one year preceding the first day of February of the year for which the fee is payable, at the sum of _____dollars (\$_____).
- (3) For active members who have been admitted to 16 the practice of law in this state during, or for less than one year preceding the first day of February of the year for which the fee is payable, at a sum not exceeding dollars (\$_____).
 - (b) The annual membership fee for active members is payable on or before the first day of February of each year. If the board finds it appropriate and feasible, it may provide by rule for payment of fees on an installment basis with interest, by credit card, or other means, and may charge members choosing any alternative method of payment an additional fee to defray costs incurred by that election.
- This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 29 ______, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later 30 enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, _____, deletes or extends that date.
- 32 SECTION 1. Section 6031.5 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:

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Conference 6031.5. (a) The of Delegates, established under and pursuant to Article 6 of the Rules and Regulations of the State Bar, shall not be funded after January 1, 2000, with mandatory fees collected pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 6140.

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The Conference of Delegates may contract with the State Bar, at cost, for administrative and support services. An audit shall be conducted to ensure that the State Bar neither suffers a loss nor earns more than a nominal profit 10 from any such contract, and to verify that no mandatory dues are applied to support the Conference of Delegates.

(b) State Bar sections, as established under and 13 pursuant to Article 13 of the Rules and Regulations of the 14 State Bar, and their activities shall not be funded after January 1, 2000, with mandatory fees collected pursuant 16 to subdivision (a) of Section 6140.

An individual section, or an organization comprised of 18 two or more sections, may contract with the State Bar, at cost, for administrative and support services. An audit shall be conducted to ensure that the State Bar neither suffers a loss nor earns more than a nominal profit from any such contract, and to verify that no mandatory dues are applied to support such a section or organization.

- (c) Notwithstanding the other provisions 25 section, the State Bar is expressly authorized to collect voluntary fees to fund the Conference of Delegates or the State Bar sections on behalf of those organizations in conjunction with the State Bar's collection of its annual membership dues.
- 30 SEC. 2. Section 6068 of the Business and Professions 31 Code is amended to read:
- 32 6068. It is the duty of an attorney to do all of the 33 following:
- 34 (a) To support the Constitution and laws of the United 35 States and of this state.
- (b) To maintain the respect due to the courts of justice 36 and judicial officers. 37
- (c) To counsel or maintain such actions, proceedings, 38 or defenses only as appear to him or her legal or just,

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except the defense of a person charged with a public offense.

- 3 (d) To employ, for the purpose of maintaining the 4 causes confided to him or her such means only as are consistent with truth, and never to seek to mislead the 6 judge or any judicial officer by an artifice or false statement of fact or law.
- (e) To maintain inviolate the confidence, and at every peril to himself or herself to preserve the secrets, of his or 10 her client.
- (f) To abstain from all offensive personality, and to 12 advance no fact prejudicial to the honor or reputation of a party or witness, unless required by the justice of the 14 cause with which he or she is charged.
- (g) Not to encourage either the commencement or 16 the continuance of an action or proceeding from any corrupt motive of passion or interest.
- (h) Never to reject, for any consideration personal to 19 himself or herself, the cause of the defenseless or the oppressed.
- To cooperate and participate in any disciplinary (i) 22 investigation or other regulatory or disciplinary 23 proceeding pending against the attorney. However, this 24 subdivision shall not be construed to deprive an attorney 25 of any privilege guaranteed by the Fifth Amendment to 26 the Constitution of the United States or any other 27 constitutional or statutory privileges. This subdivision 28 shall not be construed to require an attorney to cooperate 29 with a request that requires the attorney to waive any 30 constitutional or statutory privilege or to comply with a 31 request for information or other matters within an 32 unreasonable period of time in light of the time 33 constraints of the attorney's practice. Any exercise by a an 34 attorney of any constitutional or statutory privilege shall 35 not be used against the attorney in a regulatory or 36 disciplinary proceeding against him or her.
 - (j) To comply with the requirements of Section 6002.1.
 - (k) To comply with all conditions attached to any disciplinary probation, including a probation imposed with the concurrence of the attorney.

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(1) To keep all agreements made in lieu of disciplinary prosecution with the agency charged with attorney discipline.

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- respond promptly (m) To to reasonable status 5 inquiries of clients and to keep clients reasonably informed of significant developments in matters with regard to which the attorney has agreed to provide legal services.
- (n) To provide copies to the client of certain 10 documents under time limits and as prescribed in a rule of professional conduct which the board shall adopt.
 - (o) To report to the agency charged with attorney discipline, in writing, within 30 days of the time the attorney has knowledge of any of the following:
- (1) The filing of three or more lawsuits in a 12-month 16 period against the attorney for malpractice or other wrongful conduct committed in a professional capacity.
- (2) The entry of judgment against the attorney in any 19 civil action for fraud, misrepresentation, fiduciary duty, or gross negligence committed professional capacity.
- (3) The imposition of any judicial sanctions against the 23 attorney, except for sanctions for failure to make discovery or monetary sanctions of less than one thousand 25 dollars (\$1,000).
- (4) The bringing of an indictment or information 27 charging a felony against the attorney.
- (5) The conviction of the attorney, including any 29 verdict of guilty, or plea of guilty or no contest, of any 30 felony, or any misdemeanor committed in the course of 31 the practice of law, or in any manner such that a client of 32 the attorney was the victim, or a necessary element of which, as determined by the statutory or common law of misdemeanor, involves 34 definition the 35 conduct of an attorney, including dishonesty or other 36 moral turpitude, or an attempt or a conspiracy or solicitation of another to commit a felony or any such misdemeanor.

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(6) The imposition of discipline against the attorney by any professional or occupational disciplinary agency or licensing board, whether in California or elsewhere.

- (7) Reversal of judgment in a proceeding based in 5 whole or in part upon misconduct, grossly incompetent representation, or willful misrepresentation attorney.
- (8) As used in this subdivision, "against the attorney" includes claims and proceedings against any firm of attorneys for the practice of law in which the attorney was a partner at the time of the conduct complained of and any law corporation in which the attorney was a shareholder at the time of the conduct complained of 14 unless the matter has to the attorney's knowledge already been reported by the law firm or corporation.
 - (9) The State Bar may develop a prescribed form for the making of reports required by this section, usage of which it may require by rule or regulation.
 - (10) This subdivision is only intended to provide that the failure to report as required herein may serve as a basis of discipline.
- SEC. 3. Section 6070 of the Business and Professions 23 Code is amended to read:
- 6070. (a) The State Bar shall request the California 25 Supreme Court to adopt a rule of court authorizing the 26 State Bar to establish and administer a mandatory 27 continuing legal education program. The rule that the 28 State Bar requests the Supreme Court to adopt shall require that, within designated 36-month periods, 30 active members of the State Bar shall complete at least—36 31 25 hours of legal education activities approved by the 32 State Bar or offered by a State Bar approved provider, with eight four of those hours in legal ethics or law 34 practice management, four hours of which shall be legal 35 ethics. If the California Supreme Court adopts a rule 36 authorizing the State Bar to establish and administer the program, the State Bar shall establish and administer a 38 mandatory continuing legal education program eommeneing on or after January 1, 1991. A member of the State Bar who fails to satisfy the mandatory continuing

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legal education requirements of the program authorized by the Supreme Court rule shall be enrolled as an inactive 3 member pursuant to rules adopted by the Board of Governors of the State Bar.

- 5 (b) For purposes of this section, statewide associations 6 public agencies and incorporated, professional associations of attorneys, shall be certified as State Bar approved providers upon completion of an appropriate application process to be established by the 10 State Bar. The certification may be revoked only by majority vote of the board, after notice and hearing, and good cause shown. Programs provided by the 12 for 13 California District Attorneys Association or the California 14 Public Defenders Association, or both, including, but not 15 limited to, programs provided pursuant to Title 1.5 16 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 4 of the Penal 17 Code, are deemed to be legal education activities 18 approved by the State Bar or offered by a State Bar 19 approved provider.
- (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (a), 21 retired judges, officers and elected officials of the State of California, and full-time professors at law schools accredited by the State Bar of California, the American Bar Association, or both, shall be exempt from the provisions of this section. Full-time employees of the State California, acting within the scope 26 of employment, shall be exempt from the provisions of this section. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the State of California, or any political subdivision thereof, from 30 establishing or maintaining its own continuing education 31 requirements for its employees.

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(d) The State Bar shall provide and encourage the 33 development of low-cost programs and materials by 34 which members may satisfy their continuing education 35 requirements. Special emphasis shall be placed upon the 36 use of internet capabilities and computer technology in the development and provision of no-cost and low-cost 38 programs and materials. Towards this purpose, the State Bar shall ensure that by July 1, 2000, any member possessing or having access to the internet or specified SB 144 **— 10 —**

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generally available computer technology shall be capable of satisfying the full self-study portion of his or her MCLE requirement at a cost of fifteen dollars (\$15) per hour or 4 less.

- 5 SEC. 4. Section 6085 of the Business and Professions 6 Code is amended to read:
 - 6085. Any person complained against shall be given fair, adequate, and reasonable notice and have a fair, adequate, and reasonable opportunity and right:
 - (a) To defend against the charge by the introduction of evidence.
- (b) To receive any and all exculpatory evidence from 13 the State Bar after the initiation of a disciplinary proceeding in State Bar Court, and thereafter when this 15 evidence is discovered and available. This subdivision shall not require the disclosure of mitigating evidence.
 - (c) To be represented by counsel.
 - (d) To examine and cross-examine witnesses.
- (e) To exercise any right guaranteed by the California 20 Constitution or the United States Constitution, including the right against self-incrimination.
- He or she shall also have the right to the issuance of 23 subpoenas for attendance of witnesses to appear and testify or produce books and papers, as provided in this chapter.
- SEC. 5. Section 6095.1 is added to the Business and 27 Professions Code, to read:
- 6095.1. (a) On or before January 1, 2000, the State Bar shall begin compiling statistics indicating the number of complaints against attorneys, broken down to reflect the percentage of complaints brought against attorneys 32 practicing as solo practitioners, in small law firms or 33 partnerships, and in large law firms. The State Bar shall 34 also begin compiling statistics indicating the percentage 35 of complaints that are investigated and the percentage of 36 complaints that are prosecuted against solo practitioners, 37 attorneys practicing in small law firms or partnerships, 38 and attorneys practicing in large law firms. Practicing 39 attorneys shall provide any information that is requested 40 by the bar deemed necessary for the purpose of compiling

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the statistics. For purposes of this section, "small law firm" means a firm, partnership, association, corporation, or limited liability partnership that includes 10 or fewer 4 attorneys.

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- (b) On or before December 31, 2000, the State Bar shall issue a written report to the Senate Committee on Judiciary and the Assembly Committee on Judiciary on procedures used in the disciplinary process to ensure that resources of the State Bar are used fairly and equitably in 10 the investigation and prosecution of complaints against attorneys. In particular, the report shall focus on whether disciplinary proceedings are brought in disproportionate 12 13 numbers against attorneys practicing as solo practitioners 14 or in small law firms or partnerships, as compared to proceedings brought against attorneys practicing in large 16 law firms. The report shall also describe any procedures 17 place or under consideration to correct 18 institutional bias. After issuing the report, the State Bar shall continue to compile and maintain statistics pursuant to subdivision (a), and shall make those statistics available to the public upon request.
- (c) Procedures used in the disciplinary process shall 23 ensure that resources of the State Bar are used fairly and and prosecution equitably in the investigation **Disciplinary** complaints against all attorneys. 26 proceedings shall not be brought in disproportionate numbers against attorneys practicing as solo practitioners or in small law firms or partnerships, as compared to proceedings brought against attorneys practicing in large law firms, unless the number of complaints against solo practitioners, or attorneys practicing in small law firms or partnerships, is commensurate with the higher number of disciplinary proceedings.
- (d) The report of the State Bar prepared pursuant to 34 35 this section shall not be used as a defense or mitigating 36 factor in any disciplinary proceeding against an attorney.
- SEC. 6. Section 6140 is added to the Business and 37 Professions Code, to read:

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6140. (a) The board shall fix the annual membership fee for active members at a sum not exceeding three hundred eighteen dollars (\$318).

- (b) The annual membership fee for active members is 5 payable on or before the first day of February of each 6 year. If the board finds it appropriate and feasible, it may 7 provide by rule for payment of fees on an installment 8 basis with interest, by credit card, or other means, and 9 may charge members choosing any alternative method of 10 payment an additional fee to defray costs incurred by that election.
- (c) This section shall remain in effect only until 13 January 1, 2001, and as of that date is repealed, unless a 14 later enacted statute, that is enacted before January 1, 2001. deletes or extends that date.
 - SEC. 7. Section 6140.05 is added to the Business and Professions Code, to read:
- 6140.05. (a) The invoice provided to members for 19 payment of the annual membership fee shall provide 20 each member the option of deducting four dollars (\$4) 21 from the annual fee if the member elects not to support 22 lobbying and related activities by the State Bar outside of 23 the parameters established by the United States Supreme 24 Court in Keller v. State Bar of California (1990) 496 U.S. 25 *1*.
- (b) For the support or defense of lobbying and related 27 activities by the State Bar outside of the parameters of 28 Keller v. State Bar of California, the Board of Governors 29 of the State Bar shall not expend a sum exceeding the 30 following: the product of the number of members paying 31 their annual dues who did not elect the optional deduction multiplied by four dollars (\$4).
- 33 (c) As used in this section "lobbying and related 34 activities by the State Bar" includes the consideration of 35 measures by the Board of Governors of the State Bar that 36 are deemed outside the parameters established in Keller v. State Bar, the purview determination, lobbying and the 38 preparation for lobbying of the measures, and any litigation in support or defense of that lobbying.

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determination of these costs shall include, but not be limited to, overhead and administrative costs.

- SEC. 8. Section 6141.1 of the Business and Professions Code is amended to read:
- 6141.1. (a) The payment by any member of the annual membership fee, any portion thereof, or any penalty thereon, may be waived by the board as it may provide by rule. The board may require submission of recent federal and state income tax returns and other 10 proof of financial condition as to those members seeking waiver of all or a portion of their fee or penalties on the ground of financial hardship.
 - (b) The board shall adopt rules providing that:

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- (1) An active member who can demonstrate annual 15 income from all sources of less than forty thousand dollars 16 (\$40,000) shall presumptively qualify for a waiver of 25 percent of the annual membership fee.
- (2) An active member who can demonstrate annual 19 income from all sources of less than twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) shall presumptively qualify for a waiver of 50 percent of the annual membership fee.
- SEC. 9. Section 6145 of the Business and Professions 23 Code is amended to read:
- 6145. (a) A comprehensive independent financial 25 audit of all State Bar operations shall be conducted, prior 26 to authorization of dues collection for the budget cycle commencing January 1, 2001. The audit results and 28 recommendations shall be submitted to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and the Committees on Judiciary 30 of the Senate and the Assembly no later than June 30, 2001.
- (b) The board annually shall prepare a statement showing the total amount of all receipts and expenditures 34 of the State Bar for the twelve months preceding. The 35 statement shall be promptly certified under oath by the 36 president and treasurer, and a copy of the financial audit shall be submitted within 120 days of the close of the fiscal 38 year to the board, to the Chief Justice of the Supreme 39 Court, and to the Committees on Judiciary of the Senate 40 and the Assembly.

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SEC. 10. The Legislature finds and declares that it is in the public interest to continue the mandatory continuing legal education requirements for attorneys licensed to practice law. The Legislature further finds 5 and declares that officers and elected officials of the State 6 of California, and their full-time employees, undergo 7 ongoing continuing legal education in their review of the 8 implementation of current statutes and regulations, 9 including any court interpretation of a statute or 10 regulation, and in their consideration and analysis of 11 proposed changes in those statutes and regulations, 12 thereby warranting their exemption from 13 requirements of Section 6070 of the Business 14 Professions Code. The Legislature also finds and declares 15 that full-time law professors at accredited law schools also 16 undergo ongoing continuing legal education in their 17 review of the statutes and regulations of this state, 18 including any court interpretation of a statute or 19 regulation, thereby warranting their exemption from the 20 requirements of Section 6070 of the Business and 21 Professions Code.