AMENDED IN SENATE FEBRUARY 9, 1999

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-1999-2000 FIRST EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

SENATE BILL

No. 1

Introduced by Senator Alpert

January 19, 1999

An act to add Chapter 6.1 (commencing with Section 52050) to Part 28 of the Education Code, relating to school performance, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1, as amended, Alpert. Education accountability.

Existing law requires each school district, charter school, and county office of education to administer to each of its pupils in grades 2 to 11, inclusive, an achievement test designated by the State Board of Education as part of the Standardized Testing and Reporting program.

This bill would establish the Public School Performance Accountability Program that would consist of а state Academic Performance Index. known the API. as an Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools Program, Governor's High Achieving/Improving and a Schools Program.

This bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, with approval of the State Board of Education, by July 1, 1999, to develop the Academic Performance Index (API), consisting of a variety of indicators, to be used to measure performance of schools, especially the academic performance of pupils. The bill would require the

Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop and the State Board of Education to adopt, based on the API, expected annual percentage growth targets for all schools based on the their API baseline score as measured in July 1999 and would prescribe a minimum percentage growth target of 5% annually and authorize the State Board of Education to set differential growth targets based on grade level of instruction and set higher growth targets for the lowest performing schools. Upon adoption of state performance standards by the State Board of Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction would be required to recommend and the State Board of Education would be required to adopt, a statewide API performance target that represents the proficiency level required to meet the state academic content standards. The bill would provide that only comprehensive high schools, middle, and elementary schools with populations of 100 or more pupils may be included in the API ranking, and would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, with the approval of the State Board of Education, to develop an alternative accountability system for schools with fewer than 100 pupils, and for county schools, community schools, and alternative schools by July 1, 2000.

would This bill establish Immediate an Intervention/Underperforming School Schools Program and would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, with the approval of the State Board of Education, by July August 15, 1999, to invite schools that scored below the 50th percentile the Standardized Testing and Reporting program on achievement tests both in the spring of 1998 and in the spring of 1999 to participate in the program. This program would be limited to 200 schools, with no more than 140 elementary schools, 36 middle schools and 24 high schools. This bill would impose a state-mandated local program by providing that if fewer than the number of schools in any grade level category apply, schools that scored below the 50th percentile in those grades may be randomly selected to participate in this program. A school selected to participate on or before August September 1, 1999, would be awarded a planning grant ranging from \$25,000 to \$50,000, based on criteria that would be developed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction and

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approved by the State Board of Education. A school selected after August September 1, 1999, would receive the award if funds appropriated for this purpose in the Budget Act.

This bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to develop and the State Board of Education to approve minimum qualifications for external evaluations, and with the approval of the State Board of Education to establish a list of external evaluators, and would require by September 15 October 1 of the year a school is selected to participate in the program, the governing board of a school district having jurisdiction over a school selected for participation in the Intervention/Underperforming Schools Immediate Program to appoint an external evaluator and a broad-based schoolsite and community team, consisting of a majority of nonschoolsite personnel. The bill would require the selected external evaluator to complete a review of the school by November 1 December 15 of the year a school is selected to participate in the program, that identifies weaknesses that contribute to the school's below-average performance makes and recommendations for improvement. The external evaluator and a broad-based schoolsite would be required to develop an action plan with prescribed components to improve the academic achievement of the pupils enrolled at the school, including percentage growth targets at least as high as the annual growth targets adopted by the State Board of Education, submit the plan to the governing board of the school districts for its approval, and after the plan is approved, but no later than March 1 15 of the year that follows the year a school is selected to participate in the program, and would require the plan to be submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction with a request for funding in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Public Instruction. Approval by the State Board of Education of the request for funding to implement a school's action plan would be conclusively presumed to grant a waiver of all code sections, regulations, or programs identified by the school board as impediments to improving performance by an external evaluator and contained in the school's action plan. A school whose application is approved on or before August 1, 1999, would receive funding, in each fiscal year that it participates

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in the program, in an amount equal to \$150 per pupil enrolled in the school. A school that applies after August 1, 1999, may receive funding if funds are appropriated for this purpose in the Budget Act. These schools would be required to match from its existing sources of funding.

This bill would require the governing board of a school that fails to meet its annual short-term growth target at the end of the first year of participating in the program to hold a public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to ensure that members of the school community are aware of the lack of progress, and to impose more serious consequences, including, but not limited to, allowing pupils to attend another public school in the district and placing the school principal on probation.

This bill would provide that after 2 years of participating in the program, a school that meets or exceeds it growth target each year shall receive a monetary award, under the Governor's Performance Award program, a school that has not met its performance goals, but demonstrates significant growth, as determined by the State Board of Education, shall continue to participate in the program for an additional year and to receive funding, and a school that does not meet its performance goals after two years of participating in the program and has failed to show significant growth, as determined by the State Board of Education, would be deemed an educationally deficient school.

This bill would provide that with respect to an educationally deficient school, the Superintendent of Public Instruction would be required to assume all the legal rights, duties, and powers of the governing board, and, in consultation with the State Board of Education and the governing board of the school district, would reassign the principal of that school and would grant broad power to take other enumerated actions.

This bill would establish a High Achieving/Improving Schools Program and would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, commencing in June 2000, and every June thereafter, with approval of the State Board of Education, to rank all public schools based on the API by grade level of instruction provided and including elementary, middle, and high school. The bill would require, commencing in June 2001,

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that the rankings indicate the target annual growth rates and the actual growth rates attained by the schools, would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction to annually publish these rankings on the Internet. This bill would require, commencing in July 2000, and every July thereafter, the governing board of each school district shall hold a hearing to discuss the results of the annual ranking, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

This bill would provide that a school that is eligible to participate in the Governor's Performance Award Program may elect to present a list of code sections, regulations, or programs subject to waiver by the State Board of Education that the school has identified as unnecessary for the continued improvement of pupil performance, and the approval by the board of a school for inclusion in this award program is conclusively presumed to grant a waiver of all code sections, regulations, or programs identified by the school. The bill would also require that a school that demonstrates significant growth be granted maximum flexibility in its expenditure of existing categorical funds to enable the school to continue improvement in pupil performance.

This bill would provide that commencing with the 2000–01 school year, a school that fails to meet the established annual state growth targets may be subject to the Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools program *Program*.

This bill would require the State Board of Education to a Governor's Performance Award program establish to provide monetary awards to schools that meet or exceed API performance growth targets, and would provide that all including schools participating in the Immediate schools. Intervention/Underperforming Schools Program are eligible in the Governor's Performance participate Award to program.

This bill would appropriate \$192,300,000 to the Superintendent of Public Instruction for the purposes of its provisions, of which \$160,000,000 would be appropriated from the General Fund and \$32,300,000 would be appropriated from the Federal Trust Fund.

The funds appropriated from the General Fund by this bill would be applied toward the minimum funding requirements

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for school districts and community college districts imposed by Section 8 of Article XVI of the California Constitution.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement, including the creation of a State Mandates Claims Fund to pay the costs of mandates that do not exceed \$1,000,000 statewide and other procedures for claims whose statewide costs exceed \$1,000,000.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to these statutory provisions.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 6.1 (commencing with Section
2	52050) is added to Part 28 of the Education Code, to read:
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4	Chapter 6.1. Public School Performance
5	ACCOUNTABILITY ACT
6	
7	Article 1. Legislative Findings and Declarations
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9	52050. The Legislature finds and declares all of the
10	following:
11	(a) The enactment of a comprehensive academic
12	accountability system that holds students, teachers,
13	administrators, and school communities accountable for
14	annual, measurable student academic achievement
15	would be beneficial to the educational system in the state.
16	(b) A comprehensive academic accountability system
17	is best accomplished by the development and
18	implementation of a comprehensive school
19	accountability system that includes all of the following:
20	(1) An analytically sound ranking mechanism for all
21	public schools in the state that consists of student results

on state assessments, school attendance rates for students 1 2 and school personnel, and school graduation rates. (2) An immediate, staged intervention system for 200 3 the state that 4 underperforming schools in features 5 additional targeted resources, rewards evaluation. for success, and sanctions for failure. 6 7 (3) A long-term accountability system that requires 8 the Superintendent of Public Instruction to rank all schools based on the ranking mechanism and requires all 9 schools to report the results of their rank to their 10 11 communities, evidence of improvement toward state developed academic achievement targets, rewards 12 for 13 success, and sanctions for failure. 14 15 Article 2. Public School Performance Accountability 16 Program 17 52051. The Public 18 School Performance Accountability Program is hereby established and shall 19 20 consist of the following three component parts: 21 (a) The state Academic Performance Index. to be known as the API. 22 23 (b) The Intervention/Underperforming Immediate 24 Schools Program. High 25 (c) The Governor's Achieving/Improving Schools Program. 26 52052. (a) By July 1, 1999, the Superintendent of 27 28 Public Instruction, with approval of the State Board of develop an Academic 29 Education. shall Performance 30 Index, to be used to measure performance of schools, 31 especially the academic performance of pupils. The index 32 shall consist of a variety of indicators including, but not 33 limited to. the results of the achievement test 34 administered pursuant to Section 60640, attendance rates 35 for pupils and school personnel for elementary, middle 36 schools, and secondary schools, and the graduation rates 37 for pupils in secondary schools. The data collected for the 38 API shall be disaggregated by socio-economic status and 39 ethnic group. Results of the achievement tests shall constitute at least 60 percent of the value of the index. 40

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1 (b) Student scores results from the assessment of the 2 applied academic skills matrix test developed pursuant to 3 Section 60604, when available, and a high school exit 4 exam, when available, shall be incorporated into the API.

5 (c) Based on the API, the Superintendent of Public 6 Instruction shall develop and the State Board of 7 shall Education adopt, expected annual percentage growth targets for all schools based on the their API 8 9 baseline score as measured in July 1999. The minimum 10 percentage growth target shall be 5 percent annually. 11 However, the State Board of Education, may set 12 differential growth targets based on grade level of 13 instruction and may set higher growth targets for the 14 lowest performing schools, because they have the greatest room for improvement. 15

16 (d) Upon adoption of state performance standards by 17 the State Board of Education, the Superintendent of 18 Public Instruction shall recommend and the State Board 19 of Education shall adopt, a statewide API performance 20 target that represents the proficiency level required to 21 meet the state academic content standards. When fully 22 developed, schools may either meet the state standard or 23 meet their growth targets to be eligible for the 24 Governor's Performance Award Program as set forth in 25 Section 52057.

26 (e) Beginning in June 2000, the API shall be used for 27 both of the following:

28 (1) Measure the progress of schools selected for
29 participation in the Immediate
30 Intervention/Underperforming Schools Program
31 pursuant to Section 52053.

32 (2) Rank all public schools in the state for the purpose
33 of the High Achieving/Improving Schools Program
34 pursuant to Section 52056.

(f) Only comprehensive high schools, middle, and
elementary schools with populations of 100 or more pupils
may be included in the API ranking.

38 (g) By July 1, 2000, the Superintendent of Public 39 Instruction, with the approval of the State Board of 40 Education, shall develop an alternative accountability

1 system for schools with fewer than 100 pupils, and for 2 county schools, community schools, and alternative 3 schools.

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Article 3. Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools Program

8 52053. (a) The

Immediate

Intervention/Underperforming Schools 9 Program is hereby established. By July August 1999, 15, 10 the 11 Superintendent of Public Instruction, with the approval of the State Board of Education, shall invite schools that 12 13 scored below the 50th percentile on the achievement 14 tests administered pursuant to Section 60640 both in the spring of 1998 and in the spring of 1999 to participate in 15 16 the Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools 17 Program.

18 (b) The total number of schools participating in the 19 program shall be 200. Unless subdivision (d) applies, 20 schools that apply will be selected based on the order in 21 which they apply, within the following grade level 22 categories:

23 (1) No more than 140 elementary schools.

24 (2) No more than 36 middle schools.

25 (3) No more than 24 high schools.

(c) If fewer than the number of schools in any 26 grade level category apply, schools that scored below the 27 50th percentile in those grade level categories that did 28 not apply for the program shall randomly be selected by 29 30 Superintendent of Public Instruction, the with the 31 approval of the State Board of Education, to participate based on their proportional representation in the state 32 33 until the number of schools in each grade level category set forth in subdivision (b) is achieved. 34

35 (d) If more than the requisite number of schools apply 36 for any grade level category, the Superintendent of 37 Public Instruction shall select an array of schools that 38 reflect a broad range of academic performance of schools 39 that scored below the 50th percentile, until the number

1 of schools in each grade level category set forth in 2 subdivision (b) is achieved.

3 (e) A school selected to participate on or before August September 1, 1999, shall be awarded a planning 4 5 grant ranging in amount from twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000). A 6 school selected to participate after August September 1, 7 1999, may receive a planning grant if funds are 8 9 appropriated for this purpose in the Budget Act. The 10 actual dollar amount of the planning grant shall be based 11 on criteria developed by the Superintendent of Public 12 Instruction and approved by the State Board of 13 Education.

14 (f) Schools selected for participation in the program
15 shall be notified by the Superintendent of Public
16 Instruction no later than August September 1.

17 52053.5. (a) The Superintendent of Public shall develop, and the State Board of 18 Instruction 19 Education shall approve, a list of external evaluators. The 20 criteria for placement on the approved list of external 21 evaluators shall be developed by the Superintendent of 22 Public Instruction and approved by the State Board of 23 Education. The list of approved external evaluators may 24 include private sector experts, institutions of higher 25 education, county offices of education, and educational approve, the minimum 26 consortia. qualifications for 27 external evaluators that shall include, but may not be 28 limited to, recent successful professional, managerial or *experience* in improving 29 governing board school 30 achievement, and the ability to assist the school to 31 systematically align curriculum, instruction, and 32 assessment. With the approval of the State Board of 33 Education, the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall 34 establish a list of external evaluators that meet the 35 minimum qualifications. The list of approved external 36 *evaluators* may include private sector experts, education, 37 *institutions* of higher county offices of 38 education, and educational consortia.

39 (b) The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall 40 develop, and the State Board of Education shall approve,

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1 the standards and criteria to be applied by external 2 evaluators in carrying out their duties. The standards and 3 criteria shall include, but are not limited to, the following 4 areas:

5 (1) Governing board policies, responsibilities, and 6 boardmanship.

7 (2) Curriculum management.

8 (3) Fiscal management.

9 (4) Parental and community involvement.

10 (5) Personnel management.

11 (6) Facilities management.

12 52054. (a) By September 15 October 1 of the year 13 that the school is selected to participate, the governing 14 board of a school district having jurisdiction over a school 15 selected for participation in the program shall appoint an 16 external evaluator from the list of external evaluators and 17 shall appoint a broad-based schoolsite and community 18 team, consisting of a majority of nonschoolsite personnel.

19 (b) By November 1 December 15 of the year that the 20 school is selected to participate, the selected external 21 evaluator shall complete a review of the school that 22 identifies weaknesses that contribute to the school's 23 below average performance and makes 24 recommendations for improvement.

(c) By February 1 March 15 of the year that follows the 25 26 year the school is selected to participate, the external evaluator and a broad-based schoolsite and community 27 28 team shall and the schoolsite and community team 29 selected pursuant to subdivision (a) shall develop an action plan to improve the academic achievement of the 30 31 pupils enrolled at the school. The action plan shall include percentage growth targets at least as high as the annual 32 33 growth targets adopted by the State Board of Education 34 pursuant to Section 52052.

35 (d) At a minimum, the action plan shall do all of the 36 following:

37 (1) Review and include the school and district 38 conditions identified in the school accountability report 39 card pursuant to Section 33126.

2 *district toward improvements in pupil achievement.*

3 (3) Identify schoolwide and districtwide strategies to 4 remove these barriers.

5 (4) Examine consider disaggregated and data 6 regarding pupil achievement and other indicators to ensure that all groups and types of pupils make adequate 7 8 progress toward short-term growth targets and long-term 9 performance goals. The disaggregated data to be 10 included and considered by the plan shall, at a minimum, 11 provide information regarding the achievement of 12 English learners, economically disadvantaged pupils, and 13 other groups of pupils.

14 (5) Set short-term academic objectives pursuant to 15 Section 52052 for a two-year period that will allow the 16 school to make adequate progress toward the growth 17 targets established for all participating schools for pupil 18 achievement as measured by all of the following:

19 (A) The achievement test administered pursuant to 20 Section 60640.

21 (B) Graduation rates for grades 7 to 12, inclusive.

22 (*C*) Attendance rates for pupils and school personnel 23 for elementary, middle schools, and secondary schools.

24 (D) Progress towards meeting state and local content 25 and performance standards.

26 (e) The school action plan shall focus on identifying 27 and developing solutions that take into account the 28 underlying causes for low performance by pupils.

29 (f) The team, in the development of the action plan, 30 shall consult with the exclusive representatives of 31 employee organizations, where they exist.

32 (g) Upon its completion, the action plan shall be 33 submitted to the governing board of the school districts 34 for its approval. After the plan is approved, but no later 35 that March 1 March 15 of the year that follows the year the 36 school is selected to participate, the plan shall be 37 submitted to the Superintendent of Public Instruction 38 with a request for funding in the form prescribed by the 39 Superintendent of Public Instruction.

40 (e) By May 1

(h) By May 15 of the year that follows the year the 1 2 school is selected to participate, the State Board of 3 Education shall review and recommend approval or disapproval for all requests for funding, based on the 4 5 recommendations of the Superintendent of Public 6 Instruction. Approval by the State Board of Education of the request for funding to implement a school's action 7 plan shall be conclusively presumed to grant a waiver, 8 pursuant to Section 44670.7, of all code sections, 9 10 regulations, or programs identified by the governing 11 board of the school district as impediments to improving performance by an external evaluator and contained in 12 13 a school's action plan.

14 52054.5. A school whose application is approved on or 15 before August 1, 1999, shall receive a grant for 16 implementing the program, in each fiscal year that it participates in the program, in an amount equal to one 17 18 hundred fifty dollars (\$150) per pupil enrolled in the school. A school that applies after August 1, 1999, may 19 20 receive a grant for implementing the program if funds are appropriated for this purpose in the Budget Act. As 21 22 a condition of receiving this funding, a participating school or the school district having jurisdiction over that 23 24 school shall match the amount of state funding from its 25 existing sources of funding. To help meet this matching 26 requirement, a participating school and the governing 27 board of the school district having jurisdiction over that 28 shall receive maximum flexibility school in the expenditure of their existing categorical funds and shall 29 target all necessary funds to their academic improvement 30 31 plan.

32 52055. The governing board of a school that fails to 33 meet its annual short-term growth target at the end of the first year of participating in the program shall hold a 34 35 public hearing at a regularly scheduled meeting to ensure 36 that members of the school community are aware of the lack of progress. The governing board of the school 37 district shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, 38 39 impose more serious consequences, including, but not limited to, allowing pupils to attend another public school 40

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SB 1

1 in the district and placing the school principal on 2 probation.

3 52055.5. (a) After two years of participating in the 4 program, a school that meets or exceeds its growth target 5 each year shall receive a monetary award, under the 6 Governor's Performance Award Program, as set forth in 7 Section 52057. Funds received from this program shall be 8 used at the school's discretion.

9 (b) After two years of participating in the program, a 10 school that has not met its performance goals, but 11 demonstrates significant growth, as determined by the 12 State Board of Education, shall continue to participate in 13 the program for an additional year and to receive funding 14 in the amount specified in Section 52054.5.

(c) A school that does not meet its performance goals 15 16 after two years of participating in the program and has failed to show significant growth, as determined by the 17 Education. shall 18 State Board of be deemed an educationally deficient school. Notwithstanding 19 any 20 other provision of law, the Superintendent of Public 21 Instruction shall assume all the legal rights, duties, and 22 powers of the governing board with respect to that The Superintendent of Public Instruction, in 23 school. consultation with the State Board of Education and the 24 governing board of the school district, shall reassign the 25 principal of that school. In addition to reassigning the 26 27 principal, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, in 28 consultation with the State Board of Education, shall, notwithstanding any other provision of law, do at least 29 30 one of the following:

31 (1) Revise attendance options for pupils to allow them 32 to attend any public school.

33 (2) Allow parents to apply directly to the State Board 34 of Education for the establishment of a charter school and 35 allow parents to establish the charter school at the 36 existing schoolsite.

37 (3) Under the supervision of the Superintendent of 38 Public Instruction, assign the management of the school 39 to a college, university, county office of education, or 40 other appropriate educational institution. However, the

Superintendent of Public Instruction may not assume the 1 2 management of the school. 3 (4) Reassign other certificated employees of the 4 school. 5 (5) Renegotiate collective a new bargaining agreement at the expiration of the existing collective 6 7 bargaining agreement. 8 (6) Reorganize the school. 9 (7) Close the school. 10 11 Article 4. High Achieving/Improving Schools 12 Program 13 14 52056. (a) The High Achieving/Improving School 15 Program is hereby established. Commencing in June 2000, and every June thereafter, the Superintendent of 16 17 Public Instruction, with approval of the State Board of 18 Education, shall rank all public schools based on the 19 Academic Performance Index established pursuant to 20 Section 52052. The schools shall be ranked by grade level 21 of instruction provided and shall include three categories: 22 elementary, middle, and high school. Commencing in 23 June 2001, the rankings shall indicate the target annual 24 growth rates and the actual growth rates attained by the 25 schools. The Superintendent of Public Instruction shall annually publish these rankings on the Internet. 26 27 (b) Commencing in July 2000, and every July 28 thereafter, all schools shall report their ranking, including a description of the components of the ranking, in their 29 30 annual school accountability report card pursuant to 31 Sections 33126 and 35256. 32 (c) Commencing in July 2000. and every Julv 33 thereafter, the governing board of each school district shall hold a hearing to discuss the results of the annual 34 35 ranking. 52056.5. Commencing with the 2000-01 fiscal year, a 36 school that fails to meet annual state growth targets 37 established pursuant to Section 52052 may, as determined 38 by the Superintendent of Public Instruction with the 39 approval of the State Board of Education, be subject to 40 1 98

SB 1

1 the Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools 2 Program pursuant to subdivisions (e) and (f) of Section 3 52053, and Sections 52053.5, 52054, 52054.5, 52055, and 4 52055.5.

5 52057. (a) The State Board of Education shall 6 establish a Governor's Performance Award Program to 7 provide monetary awards to schools that meet or exceed 8 API performance growth targets established pursuant to 9 Section 52052.

(b) All schools, including schools participating in the 10 11 Immediate Intervention/Underperforming Schools 12 Program are eligible to participate in the Governor's 13 Performance Award Program. The manner and form in 14 which the awards are given shall be established by the 15 Superintendent of Public Instruction and approved by 16 the State Board of Education. These awards shall be made 17 available on either a per pupil or per school basis, not to 18 exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) per pupil 19 enrolled and subject to funds appropriated in the annual 20 Budget Act. А school that continues to show 21 improvement in successive years is eligible to receive 22 annual bonuses.

23 (c) A school that is eligible to participate in the 24 Governor's Performance Award Program may elect to 25 present a list of code sections, regulations, or programs 26 subject to waiver pursuant to Section 44670.7 that the 27 school has identified as unnecessary for the continued 28 improvement of pupil performance at the school. 29 Approval by the State Board of Education of a school for 30 inclusion in the Governor's Performance Award Program 31 shall be conclusively presumed to grant a waiver of all 32 code sections, regulations, or programs identified by the 33 school as unnecessary for the continued improvement of 34 *pupil performance*.

35 (d) A school that demonstrates significant growth shall 36 be granted maximum flexibility in its expenditure of 37 existing categorical funds to enable the school to continue 38 improvement in pupil performance.

SEC. 2. (a) The sum of one hundred ninety-two
 million three hundred thousand dollars (\$192,300,000) is
 hereby appropriated according to the following schedule:

(1) Ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) from the General 4 5 Fund to the Superintendent of Public Instruction for allocation to school districts for purposes of providing 6 funding for planning and grants for implementing the 7 Intervention/Underperforming 8 Immediate Schools 9 Program as set forth in Article 3 (commencing with 10 Section 52053) of Chapter 6.1 of Part 28 of the Education 11 Code.

12 (2) Thirty-two million three hundred thousand dollars 13 (\$32,300,000) from the Federal Trust Fund to the 14 Superintendent of Public Instruction for allocation to 15 school districts for purposes of providing funding for 16 planning and grants for implementing the Immediate 17 Intervention/Underperforming Schools Program as set 18 forth in Article 3 (commencing with Section 52053) of 19 Chapter 6.1 of Part 28 of the Education Code.

(3) One hundred fifty million dollars (\$150,000,000)
from the General Fund to the Superintendent of Public
Instruction for allocation to school districts that meet or
exceed performance growth targets established by the
board pursuant to the High Achieving/Improving School
Program as set forth in Article 4 (commencing with
Section 52056) of Chapter 6.1 of Part 28 of the Education
Code.

28 (b) For the purposes of making the computations 29 required by Section 8 of Article XVI of the California 30 Constitution, the appropriation made by paragraphs (1) and (3) shall be deemed to be "General Fund revenues 31 districts," defined 32 appropriated as for school in subdivision (c) of Section 41202 of the Education Code, 33 34 for the 1999–2000 fiscal year, and included within the 35 "total allocations to school districts and community 36 college districts from General Fund proceeds of taxes appropriated pursuant to Article XIII B," as defined in 37 subdivision (e) of Section 41202 of the Education Code, 38 for the 1999–2000 fiscal year. 39

Section 1 SEC. 3. Notwithstanding 17610 of the Government Code, if the Commission on State Mandates 2 3 determines that this act contains costs mandated by the reimbursement to local 4 agencies and school state, 5 districts for those costs shall be made pursuant to Part 7 6 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code. If the statewide cost of the 7 claim for reimbursement does not exceed one million 8 dollars (\$1,000,000), reimbursement shall be made from 9 10 the State Mandates Claims Fund. 17580 of the Government Notwithstanding Section

11 Notwithstanding Section 17580 of the Government 12 Code, unless otherwise specified, the provisions of this act 13 shall become operative on the same date that the act 14 takes effect pursuant to the California Constitution.

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