AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 8, 1999
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 25, 1999
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 26, 1999
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 15, 1999
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 8, 1999

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—1999-2000 REGULAR SESSION

## **ASSEMBLY BILL**

No. 1421

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Wright**

February 26, 1999

An act to amend Section 331 of, to add Sections 328.1 and 328.2 to, and to repeal and add Sections 328 and 365.5 of, the An act to amend Section 365.5 of, to add Sections 328.1, 328.2, and 374.5 to, and to repeal and add Section 328 of, the Public Utilities Code, relating to public utilities.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1421, as amended, R. Wright. Gas and electric service.

(1) Existing law permits the Public Utilities Commission to investigate the restructuring of natural gas services, as specified, but prohibits the commission, prior to January 1, 2000, from enacting any gas industry restructuring decisions and from enforcing any natural gas restructuring decisions for core customers as considered in Rulemaking 98-01-011 enacted after July 1, 1998, but prior to August 25, 1998.

This bill would repeal that provision, and, instead, would require the commission to require each gas corporation to

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provide bundled basic gas service, as defined, to all core customers in its service territory unless the customer chooses or contracts to have natural gas purchased and supplied by another entity. The bill would specify that a public utility gas corporation shall continue to be the exclusive provider of revenue cycle services, as defined, in its service territory, except as specified, and would require the commission to require the distribution rate to continue to include after-meter services, as defined. The bill would make related legislative findings and declarations.

(2) Existing law relating to electrical restructuring states that nothing in those provisions prevents the commission from exercising its authority to investigate a process for the certification and regulation of the rates, charges, terms, and conditions of default service, and if the commission determines that a process for the certification and regulation of default service is in the public interest, existing law requires the commission to submit its findings and recommendations to the Legislature for approval.

This bill would repeal that provision, and, instead, require the commission to require each electrical corporation to provide bundled basic electric service, as defined, to all eustomers in its service territory unless the eustomer makes a positive declaration in accordance with specified existing law to receive electric power through a direct transaction with another electric service provider. The bill would authorize an electric power supplier, if a customer makes a positive declaration to receive electric power through a direct transaction with an electric power supplier, to also provide metering, billing, and collection service for that customer, but if a positive declaration is not made, would require metering, billing, and collection service to be provided by the existing public utility electrical corporation state that nothing in the electrical restructuring provisions of existing law prevents the commission from considering additional or unbundling of electric distribution services and would require the commission to report its findings and recommendations on that subject to the Legislature, as specified.

The bill would require electrical corporations serving certain agricultural customers to conduct research to

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determine the typical simultaneous peak load of those customers and report the results of the research to the customers and the commission not later than a specified date. The bill would require the commission to consider the results of the research when setting future electric distribution rates for those customers.

- (3) Because a violation by a public utility of a requirement of the commission is a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program by creating new crimes.
- (4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 328 of the Public Utilities Code 2 is repealed.
- 3 SEC. 2. Section 328 is added to the Public Utilities 4 Code, to read:
- 5 328. The Legislature finds and declares both of the 6 following:
- 7 (a) In order to ensure that all core customers of a gas 8 corporation continue to receive safe basic gas service in 9 a competitive market, each existing gas corporation should continue to provide this essential service.
- 11 (b) No customer should have to pay separate fees for 12 utilizing services that protect public or customer safety.
- 13 SEC. 3. Section 328.1 is added to the Public Utilities 14 Code, to read:
- 15 328.1. As used in this section *chapter*, the following 16 terms have the following meanings:
- 17 (a) "Basic gas service" includes transmission, storage 18 for reliability of service, and distribution of natural gas,
- 19 purchasing natural gas on behalf of a customer, revenue
- 20 cycle services, and after-meter services.

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cycle services" (b) "Revenue metering means services, billing the customer, collection, and related customer services.

- (c) "After-meter services" includes, but is not limited 5 to, leak investigation, inspecting customer piping and monoxide appliances, carbon investigation, relighting, and high bill investigation.
- (d) "Metering services" includes, but is not limited to, gas meter installation, meter maintenance, meter testing, 10 collecting and processing consumption data, and all related services associated with the meter.
- SEC. 4. Section 328.2 is added to the Public Utilities 12 13 Code, to read:
- 14 328.2. The commission shall require each 15 corporation to provide bundled basic gas service to all 16 core customers in its service territory unless the customer chooses or contracts to have natural gas purchased and 17 18 supplied by another entity. A public utility gas 19 corporation shall continue to be the exclusive provider of 20 revenue cycle services to all customers in its service 21 territory, except that an entity purchasing and supplying 22 natural gas under the commission's existing 23 aggregation program may perform billing and collection 24 services for its customers under the same terms as 25 currently authorized by the commission, and except that 26 a supplier of natural gas to noncore customers may 27 perform billing and collection for natural gas supply for 28 its customers. The gas corporation shall continue to 29 calculate its charges for services provided by that 30 corporation. If the commission establishes credits to be 31 provided by the gas corporation to core aggregation or 32 noncore customers who obtain billing or collection 33 services from entities other than the gas corporation, the 34 credit shall be equal to the billing and collection services 35 costs actually avoided by the gas corporation. The 36 commission shall require the distribution rate to continue 37 to include after-meter services.
- SEC. 5. Section 331 of the Public Utilities Code is 38 39 amended to read:

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331. The definitions set forth in this section shall govern the construction of this chapter.

- (a) "Aggregator" means any marketer, broker, public agency, city, county, or special district, that combines the loads of multiple end-use customers in facilitating the sale and purchase of electric energy, transmission, and other services on behalf of these customers.
- (b) "Basic electric service" includes transmission and distribution of electric power, purchasing electric power on behalf of a customer, revenue cycle services such as metering customer usage, billing the customer, and customer services.
- (c) "Broker" means an entity that arranges the sale and purchase of electric energy, transmission, and other services between buyers and sellers, but does not take title to any of the power sold.
- (d) "Direct transaction" means a contract between any one or more electric generators, marketers, or brokers of electric power and one or more retail eustomers providing for the purchase and sale of electric power or any ancillary services.
- (e) "Fire wall" means the line of demarcation separating residential and small commercial customers from all other customers as described in subdivision (e) of Section 367.
- (f) "Marketer" means any entity that buys electric energy, transmission, and other services from traditional utilities and other suppliers, and then resells those services at wholesale or to an end-use customer.
- (g) "Microcogeneration facility" means a cogeneration facility of less than one megawatt.
- (h) "Restructuring trusts" means the two tax-exempt public benefit trusts established by Decision D. 96-08-038 of the Public Utilities Commission to provide for design and development of the hardware and software systems for the Power Exchange and the Independent System Operator, respectively, and that may undertake other activities, as needed, as ordered by the commission.

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(i) "Small commercial customer" means a customer 2 that has a maximum peak demand of less than 20 3 kilowatts.

SEC. 6. Section 365.5 of the Public Utilities Code is 4 5 repealed.

SEC. 7. Section 365.5 is added to the Public Utilities Code. to read:

365.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that in order to ensure that all customers of an electrical corporation continue to receive basic electric service in a competitive market, and to protect good California jobs, each electrical corporation should continue to provide this essential service utilizing employees of the corporation.

(b) The commission shall require each electrical 16 corporation to provide bundled basic electric service to all customers in its service territory unless the customer makes a positive declaration in accordance with Section 366 to receive electric power through a direct transaction 20 with another electric service provider. If a customer makes a positive declaration to receive electric power through a direct transaction with an electric power supplier, the electric power supplier may also provide 24 metering, billing, and collection service for that 25 eustomer. If a positive declaration is not made, metering, billing, and collection service shall be provided by the existing public utility electrical corporation.

SEC. 8.

SEC. 5. Section 365.5 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:

365.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that in regulating electric distribution services, it is important to protect consumers, particularly low-income 34 fixed-income consumers, preserve electric system safety 35 and reliability, conserve energy, encourage renewable 36 energy generation, and protect good California jobs. Therefore, commission 37 if theinvestigates further 38 unbundling of electric distribution services, it should evaluate carefully the consequences of that further 40 unbundling, unbundling including revenue cycle **—7—** AB 1421

services, and report back to the Legislature before taking that action.

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- (b) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent prevents the commission from exercising its authority to investigate do all of the following:
- (1) Investigate process for certification regulation of the rates, charges, terms, and conditions of default service.
- (2) Consider additional or modified unbundling of 10 electric distribution services. H
- If the commission determines that a process for 12 certification regulation and of default service additional or modified unbundling of electric distribution 14 services, including, but not limited to, departing from the 15 level of revenue cycle services unbundling and the 16 costing methodology ordered by the commission in 17 Decisions 97-05-039 and 98-09-070, is in the public interest, commission shall submit its findings 19 recommendations to the Legislature for approval.
- (c) Notwithstanding Section 7550.5 21 Government Code, not later than September 1, 2000, the 22 commission shall submit to the Legislature a report 23 regarding the development of retail competition in the electric industry.
- SEC. 6. Section 374.5 is added to the Public Utilities 26 Code, to read:
- 374.5. Any electrical corporation serving agricultural 28 customers that have multiple electric meters shall 29 conduct research based on a statistically valid sample of 30 those customers and meters to determine the typical 31 simultaneous peak load of those customers. The results of 32 the research shall be reported to the customers and the commission not later than July 1, 2001. The commission 34 shall consider the research results in setting future electric distribution rates for those customers.
- SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act 36 37 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 38 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred 40 because this act creates a new crime or infraction,

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- 1 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 2 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 3 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 4 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article 5 XIII B of the California Constitution.