# AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 25, 2000 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 14, 1999

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-1999-2000 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 995

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Wright** (Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Pescetti)

(Principal coauthor: Senator Sher)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Battin, Calderon, Cardenas, Lempert, Maddox, Maldonado, Dickerson, Mazzoni, Papan, Reyes, Strickland, Thomson, Vincent, Wesson, and Zettel)

(Coauthors: Senators Alarcon and Murray)

February 25, 1999

An act to add Section 330.5 to the Public Utilities Code, An act to amend Sections 381 and 383.5 of, and to add Article 15 (commencing with Section 399) to Chapter 2.3 of Part 1 of Division 1 of, the Public Utilities Code, relating to public utilities.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 995, as amended, R. Wright. Electric restructuring: transmission grid public benefit programs.

The Public Utilities Act provides for the restructuring of the electrical industry in this state, including provisions with regard to the reliability and operation of the transmission grid.

This bill would state that it is the policy of this state that, to ensure the continued efficient use and reliable operation of AB 995 -2-

the transmission grid and of any upgrades, enhancements, or additions to the transmission grid, transmission planning, siting, and permitting be conducted in a manner consistent with specified existing law so as to provide open, nondiscriminatory, comparable access to transmission services.

The bill would require the Independent System Operator to coordinate with participating utility transmission owners to implement those policies, consistent with a specified provision of existing law.

(1) Under the Public Utilities Act, the Public Utilities Commission, until December 31, 2001, and in certain instances until March 31, 2002, requires electrical corporations to identify a separate rate component to fund cost-effective energy efficiency and conservation activities, public interest research and development and development of renewable resources technology. This rate component is a nonbypassable element of local distribution and collected on the basis of usage. Existing law requires specified electrical corporations to collect specific amounts to support each of these programs. Existing law also requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and **Development** Commission (Energy Commission) to transfer funds collected for these programs to specified funds. Existing law also provides that funds incentives in-state expended for production for new renewable electricity generation technology facilities limited to facilities that are operational prior to January 1, 2002.

This bill would extend the production incentives for renewable electricity to January 1, 2007, if the Energy Commission makes specified findings. This bill would restate the policy of the state that each electrical corporation operate its electric distribution grid in a safe, reliable, efficient, and cost-effective manner and that electric corporations continue to make prudent investments in their distribution grids. The bill would also require the Public Utilities Commission and the Energy Commission to continue to administer efficiency defined, following programs, as prescribed guidelines.

-3- AB 995

This bill would extend the collection of this nonbypassable system benefit charge to support these programs through January 1, 2012, and would require the funds to be deposited in specified accounts until appropriation. The bill would require named electrical corporations to collect specific dollar amounts for each of the programs beginning on January 1, 2002. The bill would also require the Governor, on or before January 1, 2004, to appoint an independent review panel that, on or before January 1, 2005, would be required to report to the Legislature and the Energy Commission on, among other things, the benefits secured for residential customers. The bill would also require the Energy Commission to report to the Legislature on the renewable energy and research and development and develop and present to the Legislature investment plans. The bill would make related findings and declarations. Because a violation of the act is a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program by expanding an existing crime.

This bill would result in a change in state taxes for the purpose of increasing state revenues within the meaning of Section 3 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution, and thus would require for passage the approval of  $^2/_3$  of the membership of each house of the Legislature.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote:  $\frac{\text{majority}}{\text{majority}} \frac{2}{3}$ . Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program:  $\frac{1}{100}$  yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 330.5 is added to the Public
- 2 SECTION 1. Section 381 of the Public Utilities Code
- 3 is amended to read:
- 4 381. (a) To ensure that the funding for the programs
- 5 described in subdivision (b) and Section 382 are not
- 6 commingled with other revenues, the commission shall

**AB 995** - 4 -

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require each electrical corporation to identify a separate rate component to collect the revenues used to fund these programs. The rate component shall be a nonbypassable 4 element of the local distribution service and collected on the basis of usage. This rate component shall fall within the rate levels identified in subdivision (a) of Section 368.

- (b) The commission shall allocate funds collected pursuant to subdivision (a), and any interest earned on collected funds, to programs which enhance system 10 reliability and provide in-state benefits as follows:
  - (1) Cost-effective energy efficiency and conservation activities.
- (2) Public interest research and development 14 adequately provided by competitive and regulated markets.
- (3) In-state operation and development of existing and new and emerging renewable resource technologies 18 defined as electricity produced from other than a conventional power source within the meaning of Section 20 2805, provided that a power source utilizing more than 25 percent fossil fuel may not be included.
- (c) The Public Utilities Commission shall order the 23 respective electrical corporations to collect and spend these funds, as follows:
- (1) Cost-effective energy efficiency and conservation 26 activities shall be funded at not less than the following 27 levels commencing January 1, 1998, through December 28 31, 2001: for San Diego Gas and Electric Company a level 29 of thirty-two million dollars (\$32,000,000) per year; for 30 Southern California Edison Company a level of ninety million dollars (\$90,000,000) for each of the years 1998, 1999, and 2000; fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) for the year 2001; and for Pacific Gas and Electric Company a 34 level of one hundred six million dollars (\$106,000,000) per vear.
- (2) Research, development, and demonstration 37 programs to advance science or technology that are not adequately provided by competitive regulated and markets shall be funded at not less than the following levels commencing January 1, 1998 through December

\_5\_ AB 995

1 31, 2001: for San Diego Gas and Electric Company a level of four million dollars (\$4,000,000) per year; for Southern California Edison Company a level of twenty-eight million five hundred thousand dollars (\$28,500,000) per year; and for Pacific Gas and Electric Company a level of thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) per year.

- (3) In-state operation and development of existing and new and emerging renewable resource technologies shall be funded at not less than the following levels on a statewide basis: one hundred nine million five hundred thousand dollars (\$109,500,000) per year for each of the vears 1998, 1999, and 2000, and one hundred thirty-six 12 million five hundred thousand dollars (\$136,500,000) for 14 the year 2001. To accomplish these funding levels over 15 the period described herein the San Diego Gas and 16 Electric Company shall spend twelve million dollars 17 (\$12,000,000) per year, the Southern California Edison 18 Company shall expend no less than forty-nine million five 19 hundred thousand dollars (\$49,500,000) for the years 20 1998, 1999, and 2000, and no less than seventy-six million 21 five hundred thousand dollars (\$76,500,000) for the year 22 2001, and the Pacific Gas and Electric Company shall 23 expend forty-eight no less than million 24 (\$48,000,000) per year through the year 2001. Additional dollars 25 funding not to exceed seventy-five million 26 (\$75,000,000) shall be allocated from moneys collected pursuant to subdivision (d) in order to provide a level of funding totaling five hundred forty million (\$540,000,000).
- 30 (4) Up to fifty million dollars (\$50,000,000) of the 31 amount collected pursuant to subdivision (d) may be 32 used to resolve outstanding issues related to 33 implementation of subdivision (a) of Section 374. Moneys 34 remaining after fully funding the provisions of this 35 paragraph shall be reallocated for purposes of paragraph 36 (3).
  - (5) Up to ninety million dollars (\$90,000,000) of the amount collected pursuant to subdivision (d) may be used to resolve outstanding issues related to contractual arrangements in the Southern California Edison service

**AB 995** -6-

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territory stemming from the Biennial Resource Planning Update auction. Moneys remaining after fully funding 3 the provisions of this paragraph shall be reallocated for purposes of paragraph (3).

- (d) Notwithstanding any other provisions chapter, entities subject to the jurisdiction of the Public Utilities Commission shall extend the period competition transition charge collection up to three months beyond its otherwise applicable termination of 10 December 31, 2001, so as to ensure that the aggregate portion of the research, environmental, and low-income 12 funds allocated to renewable resources shall equal five 13 hundred forty million dollars (\$540,000,000) and that the 14 costs specified in paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of subdivision (c) are collected.
- (e) Each electrical corporation shall allow customers to make voluntary contributions through their utility bill payments as either a fixed amount or a variable amount to support programs established pursuant to paragraph 20 (3) of subdivision (b). Funds collected by electrical corporations for these purposes shall be forwarded in a timely manner to the appropriate fund as specified by the commission.
- (f) The commission shall determine how to utilize 25 funds for purposes of paragraphs (1) and (2) of subdivision (b), provided that only those research and development funds for transmission and distribution functions shall remain with the regulated public utilities under the supervision of the commission. The commission shall provide for the transfer of all research and development funds collected for purposes of paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) other than those for transmission and distribution functions and funds collected for purposes of paragraph (3) of subdivision (b) to the California Energy Resources Conservation and 36 Development Commission pursuant to administration 37 and expenditure criteria to be established by the Legislature.
- 39 <del>(g)</del>The commission's authority to collect pursuant to this section for purposes of paragraph (3) of

**— 7 — AB 995** 

subdivision (b) shall become inoperative on March 31, 2 2002.

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- (g) For purposes of this article, "emerging renewable means a new renewable technology, including, but not limited to, photovoltaic technology, that is determined by the California Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission emerging from research and development and that has significant commercial potential. 10
- 11 SEC. 2. Section 383.5 of the Public Utilities Code is 12 amended to read:
- 383.5. (a) As used in this section, the following terms 14 have the following meaning:
- (1) "In-state renewable electricity 15 generation 16 technology" means biomass, solar thermal, photovoltaic, wind, geothermal, small hydropower of 30 megawatts or 17 18 less, waste tire, digester gas, landfill gas, and municipal 19 solid waste generation technologies, as described in the 20 report, defined in paragraph (2), including any additions 21 or enhancements thereto, that are produced in facilities 22 located in this state and placed in operation after 23 September 26, 1996, or that were operational prior to that 24 date, and that are also certified under Section 292.2904 of 25 Title 18 of the Code of Federal Regulations as a qualifying power production facility either located California, or that began selling electricity to a California electrical corporation prior to September 26, 1996, under a Standard Offer Power Purchase Agreement authorized 30 by the California Public Utilities Commission.
- (2) "Report" means the Policy Report on AB 1890 32 Renewables Funding (March 1997, Publication Number 33 P500-97-002) submitted to the Legislature by the State Resources Conservation and Development 34 Energy 35 Commission.
- 36 (b) (1) Forty-five percent of the money collected 37 pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 38 381, up to two hundred forty-three million dollars 39 (\$243,000,000), shall be used for programs that are 40 designed to improve the competitiveness of existing

AB 995 **—8**—

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electricity in-state renewable generation technology facilities, and to secure for the state the environmental, reliability benefits economic, and that continued operation of those facilities will provide.

- (2) Any funds used to support in-state renewable electricity generation technology facilities pursuant to 6 this subdivision shall be expended in accordance with the provisions of the report, subject to all of the following requirements:
- (A) Funding for existing renewable electricity 11 generation technologies shall be grouped into three 12 technology tiers, as follows:
- (i) Twenty-five percent of the money, up to one 14 hundred thirty-five million dollars (\$135,000,000), shall be 15 used to fund first tier technologies, including biomass, 16 solar thermal, and whole waste tire technologies.
- (ii) Thirteen percent of the money, up to seventy 18 million two hundred thousand dollars (\$70,200,000) shall be used to fund second tier wind technologies.
- (iii) Seven percent of the money, up to thirty-seven 21 million eight hundred thousand dollars (\$37,800,000), shall be used to fund third tier technologies, including geothermal, small hydropower, digester gas, landfill gas, and municipal solid waste technologies.
- (B) The State Energy Resources Conservation and 26 Development Commission shall establish a cents per 27 kilowatt hour production incentive, not to exceed the 28 payment caps per kilowatthour established in the report 29 representing the difference between target prices and 30 the market clearing price for electricity, if sufficient 31 funds are available. If there are insufficient funds in any 32 payment period to pay either the difference between the 33 target and market price or the payment caps, production 34 incentives shall be based on the amount determined by 35 dividing available funds by eligible generation. 36 target price for Tier 1 technologies shall not be based on 37 less than four cents (\$0.04) per kilowatthour. The market 38 clearing price for electricity shall be the energy prices paid to nonutility power generators as provided in 40 Section 390.

\_ 9 \_\_ **AB 995** 

(C) Funding for each type of existing in-state renewable electricity generation technology shall reduced each year during the period from January 1, 1998, to January 1, 2002, to encourage the development of 5 increasingly competitive technologies.

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- (D) Facilities that are eligible to receive funding pursuant to this section shall be certified in accordance with the requirements set forth in the report and may not receive payments for any electricity produced that has 10 any of the following characteristics:
- (i) Is sold under a fixed energy price payment under 12 a long-term contract with an existing in-state electrical corporation.
- (ii) Derives from utility-owned facility that is 15 receiving, eligible to receive, recovery or is 16 above-market facility costs through a competitive transition charge.
- (iii) Is used onsite, sold to customers in a manner that 19 excludes competitive transition charge payments, or is otherwise excluded from competitive transition charge payments.
- (c) (1) Thirty percent of the money, up to (\$162,000,000), 23 hundred sixty-two million dollars collected pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 381, shall be used for programs designed to foster the development of new in-state renewable electricity generation technology facilities, and to secure for the state the environmental, economic, and reliability benefits that continued operation of those facilities will provide. Funds to further the purposes of this subdivision may be committed for multiple years.
  - (2) Any funds used for new in-state renewable electricity generation technology facilities pursuant to this subdivision shall be expended in accordance with the report, subject to all of the following requirements:
  - (A) Funds shall be allocated for proposed projects based on a competitive solicitation process whereby production incentives, not to exceed one and one-half cents (\$.015) per kilowatthour, are awarded to the lowest bidders, provided that not more than 25 percent of the

**AB 995 — 10 —** 

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funds allocated pursuant to paragraph (1) may be awarded to a single project.

- (B) Funds expended for production incentives shall be paid over a five-year period commencing on the date 5 that a project begins electricity production, provided that 6 the project shall be operational prior to January 1, 2002, unless the State Energy Resources Conservation and 8 Development Commission finds that the project will not 9 be operational prior to January 1, 2002, due to 10 circumstances beyond the control of the developer. Upon 11 making this finding, theState Energy 12 Conservation and Development Commission shall pay 13 production incentives over a five-year period, 14 commencing on the date of operation, provided that the 15 date that a project begins electricity production may not 16 extend beyond January 1, 2007.
- (C) The amount of funds expended shall be increased 18 for each successive year during the period from January 1, 1998, to January 1, 2002, as fewer projects are expected 20 to be funded during the first few years after funding becomes available.
- (D) Facilities that are eligible to receive payments 23 from the New Renewable Resources Account created 24 pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 25 445 of the Public Utilities Code shall be certified as specified in the report and may not receive payments for any electricity produced that has any of the following characteristics:
- (i) Is sold under an existing long-term contract with an 30 existing in-state electrical corporation if the contract includes fixed energy or capacity payments.
  - (ii) Is used onsite and is sold to customers in a manner that excludes competitive transition charge payments, or is otherwise excluded from competitive transition charge payments.
- (iii) Is produced by a facility that is owned by 36 37 customer-owned electricity generating systems.
- (E) Eligibility to compete for funds or to receive funds 38 shall not be contingent upon the location or nature of the power purchaser.

**— 11 — AB 995** 

(3) Repowered wind projects shall be eligible for funding under this subdivision if the new investment is at least 80 percent of the value of the repowered facility.

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- (d) (1) Ten percent of the money collected pursuant 5 to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 381, up to fifty-four million dollars (\$54,000,000), shall be used for a multiyear, consumer-based program foster development of emerging renewable technologies in distributed generation applications. Funds to further the purposes of this subdivision may be committed multiple years.
- (2) Any funds for emerging technologies used 13 pursuant to this subdivision shall be expended in accordance with all of the following requirements:
- (A) Funding for emerging technologies shall 16 provided through a competitive, market-based process that shall be in place for a period of not less than four years, and shall be structured so as to allow eligible emerging technology manufacturers and suppliers anticipate and plan for increased sale and installation volumes over the life of the program.
- (B) The program shall provide monetary rebates, 23 buydowns, equivalent incentives, subject or subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (d), to 25 purchasers, lessees, lessors, or sellers of eligible electricity 26 generating systems. Incentives shall benefit the end-use 27 consumer of renewable generation by directly and 28 exclusively reducing the cost of the eligible system, or the 29 cost of electricity produced by the eligible system. 30 Incentives shall be issued on the basis of the rated 31 electrical capacity of the system measured in watts. The 32 amount of the per-watt incentive shall decline over the term of the program, with a corresponding increase in the 34 amount of total electrical capacity eligible for 35 incentive, thereby encouraging the manufacturers 36 suppliers of eligible systems to reduce system costs. Incentives shall be limited to a maximum percentage of the system price, as defined by the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, and the maximum incentive percentage shall decline

**AB 995 — 12 —** 

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1 over the term of the program, as shall the per-watt incentive, in amounts to be determined by the State Conservation Energy Resources and Development Commission.

(C) Eligible distributed emerging technologies 6 photovoltaic, solar thermal electric, fuel cell technologies that utilize renewable fuels, and wind turbines of not more than ten kilowatts rated electrical capacity per customer site, provided that the technologies meet the emerging technology eligibility criteria contained in the 10 report prepared by State Energy Resources Conservation 12 Development Commission. and Eligible electricity generating systems are intended primarily to offset part 13 14 or all of the consumer's own electrical energy demand, and shall not be owned by electrical corporations or 16 publicly owned utilities, be located at a customer site that 17 is not receiving distribution service from existing in-state 18 electrical corporations. Not less than 60 percent of the 19 available incentive funds shall be reserved for systems of 20 10 kilowatts rated electrical capacity or smaller, and not 21 less than 15 percent of the funds shall be reserved for systems of 100 kilowatts rated electrical capacity or 23 smaller. eligible electricity All generating 24 components shall be new and unused, and shall not have 25 been previously placed in service in any other location or 26 for any other application. Systems and their fuel resource shall be located on the premises of the end-use consumer of the electricity produced, and all eligible electricity generating systems shall be connected to the utility grid 30 in California.

Resources Conservation and (D) The State Energy 32 Development Commission shall also determine, in collaboration with industry and consumer interests, if a 34 program provision limiting the amount of funds available 35 for any single project is warranted, and determine how 36 federal, state, or other funds or incentives not related to this section that are already available, or that may become 38 available for eligible electricity generating systems, may impact the availability of funds allocated under this section, if at all. The emerging renewable technologies

**—13** — **AB 995** 

program shall be implemented not later than March 31, 1998, and incentives shall be available for eligible 3 electricity generating systems that are placed in service after January 1, 1998, in accordance with the program provisions developed by the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission. However, projects placed in service after January 1, 1998, and prior to September 1, 1998, shall not be subject to limits, if any, that may be determined by the commission, pursuant to 10 this subparagraph. 11

(e) Fifteen percent of the money collected pursuant 12 to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 381, up to eighty-one million dollars (\$81,000,000), shall be used for 14 programs designed to provide customer credits for 15 purchases of renewable energy produced by certified 16 energy providers, to disseminate information regarding 17 renewable energy technologies, to promote purchases of 18 renewable energy, to help develop a consumer market 19 for renewable energy, and to help develop a consumer 20 market for renewable energy technologies, as provided 21 in the report, subject to the following requirements:

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- (1) (A) Fourteen percent of the money, 23 seventy-five million hundred six thousand dollars 24 (\$75,600,000), shall be expended to provide customer 25 credits for purchases of renewable energy produced by 26 certified energy providers. Customer credits shall be 27 awarded to California retail customers located in the service territory of an investor-owned utility that is subject to Section 381 who purchase qualifying renewable 30 electric power through transactions traceable to specific generation sources by any auditable contract trail or equivalent that provides commercial verification that the electricity source claimed has been sold not more than 34 once to a retail customer. Credits may be given without 35 regard to whether the power supplier is also receiving 36 funds under any other subdivision of this section.
- (B) Credits awarded pursuant to this paragraph may 38 be paid directly to energy marketers, aggregators, or generators if those persons or entities account for the credits on the recipient customer's utility bills. Credits

**AB 995 — 14 —** 

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shall not exceed one and one-half cents (\$.015) per kilowatthour. Credits awarded to members combined class of customers, other than residential and commercial customers, shall not exceed thousand dollars (\$1,000) per customer in 1998 and 1999. Thereafter. the State Energy Resources Conservation Commission shall Development determine January 10 of each year the average customer incentive rebate level paid over the preceding calendar year. In the 10 event that the payments have remained at the one and 11 one-half cents (\$.015) per kilowatthour cap over the calendar year, thousand 12 preceding the one 13 (\$1,000) per customer cap shall be removed for that 14 calendar year, except that in no event shall more than 15 fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000) of the total customer 16 incentive funds be awarded to members of the combined class of customers other than residential and small 17 18 commercial customers. 19

- (C) Funding for credits pursuant to this paragraph 20 shall be increased for each successive year during the 21 period from January 1, 1998, to January 1, 2002, to 22 encourage the increasing use of those credits.
- (D) The State Energy Resources Conservation and 24 Development Commission shall develop interim criteria and procedures for the certification of energy providers and for the identification of energy purchasers who are eligible to receive funds pursuant to this paragraph 28 through a process consistent with this paragraph. Such criteria and procedures shall apply only to funding 30 eligibility and shall not extend to other renewable marketing claims.
- (2) One percent of the money, up to five million four 33 hundred thousand dollars (\$5,400,000), shall be expended renewable and to 34 to promote energy disseminate information on renewable energy technologies. 36 including emerging renewable technologies, and to help develop a consumer market for renewable energy and for small-scale emerging renewable energy technologies.
- (f) (1) The State Energy Resources Conservation and 39 40 Development Commission shall adopt guidelines

**— 15 — AB 995** 

governing the funding programs authorized under this section, at a publicly noticed meeting offering all 3 interested parties opportunity to comment. an Substantive changes to the guidelines shall not be 5 adopted without at least 10 days' written notice to the public. The public notice of meetings required by this paragraph shall not be less than 30 days. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any guidelines adopted 9 pursuant to this section shall be deemed to satisfy the 10 requirements of Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340) of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code. 12

(2) The State Energy Resources Conservation 13 Development Commission shall, in collaboration with 14 eligible emerging technology industry stakeholders and 15 consumer interests, complete the emerging technology 16 program design, as outlined in subdivision (d), 17 implement its provisions.

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- (3) Awards made pursuant to this section are grants, to appeal to the State Energy Resources 19 subject 20 Conservation and Development Commission upon a showing that factors other than those described in the 21 guidelines adopted by the State Energy Resources 23 Conservation and Development Commission 24 applied in making the awards and payments. Any actions 25 taken by an applicant to apply for, or become or remain 26 eligible and certified to receive, payments or awards, 27 including satisfying conditions specified by the State 28 Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, shall not constitute the rendering of goods, 30 services, or a direct benefit to the State Energy Resources 31 Conservation and Development Commission.
- (g) The State Energy Resources Conservation and 33 Development Commission shall report to the Legislature 34 on or before May 31, 2000, and on or before May 31 of 35 every second year thereafter, regarding the results of the 36 mechanisms funded pursuant to this section. Reports prepared pursuant to this section shall include a description of the allocation of funds among existing, new 38 and emerging technologies; the allocation of funds among programs, including consumer-side incentives; and the

**AB 995 — 16 —** 

for the reallocation of money among need technologies. The reports shall also address the allocation of funds from interest on the accounts described in this section, money in the accounts described in subdivision 5 (e) of Section 381, and money included in the accounts 6 pursuant to Section 385. Notwithstanding paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) of Section 383 or subdivisions (b), (c), (d), and (e) of Section 383.5, money may be reallocated without further legislative action among existing, new, 10 and emerging technologies and consumer-side programs in a manner consistent with the report. 12

SEC. 3. Article 15 (commencing with Section 399) is 13 added to Chapter 2.3 of Part 1 of Division 1 of the Public *Utilities Code, to read:* 

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### Article 15. Reliable Electric Service Investments Act

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- 399. (a) This article shall be known, and may be cited, as the Reliable Electric Service Investments Act.
- (b) The Legislature finds and declares that safe, reliable electric service is of utmost importance to the citizens of this state, and its economy.
- (c) The Legislature further finds and declares that in 24 order to ensure that the citizens of this state continue to 25 receive safe, reliable, affordable, and environmentally sustainable electric service, it is essential that prudent investments continue to be made in all of the following areas:
  - (1) To protect the integrity of the electric distribution
  - (2) To ensure an adequately sized and trained utility workforce.
  - (3) To cost-effective efficiency ensure energy improvements.
- 35 (4) To achieve a sustainable supply of renewable 36 energy.
- (5) To advance public interest research, development 37 38 and demonstration programs not adequately provided by competitive and regulated markets.

**— 17 — AB 995** 

(d) It is the intent of the Legislature to reaffirm, 2 without requiring revision, California's doctrine, reflected in regulatory and judicial decisions, regarding corporations' reasonable 4 electrical opportunity 5 recover costs and investments associated with their electric distribution grid and the reasonable opportunity to attract capital for investment on reasonable terms.

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- (e) The Legislature further finds and declares all of the following:
- (1) Acting under applicable constitutional statutory authorities, the Public Utilities Commission and 12 the boards of local publicly owned electric utilities have 13 included in regulated electricity prices, investments that 14 are essential to maintaining system reliability, reducing 15 California electricity users' bills. and mitigating 16 environmental costs of California users' electricity consumption.
- 18 (2) Among the most important of these "system 19 benefits" investments categories are energy efficiency, 20 renewable and interest energy, public research, 21 development and demonstration (RD&D).
- (3) Energy efficiency investments funded from 23 California's usage-based charges electricity on24 distribution help improve systemwide reliability bv25 reducing demand intimes and areas of system 26 congestion, and at the same time reduce all California 27 electricity investments users' costs. These 28 significantly reduce environmental costs associated with 29 California's electricity consumption, including, but not 30 limited to, degradation of the state's air, water, and land resources.
- (4) California's in-state renewable energy resources 33 help alleviate supply deficits that could threaten electric 34 system reliability, reduce environmental costs associated 35 with California's electricity consumption, and increase 36 the diversity of the electricity system's fuel mix, reducing electricity users' exposure to fossil-fuel price volatility.
- 38 (5) California's public-interest research, development 39 and demonstration (RD&D)investments enhance 40 private and regulated sector investment in electricity

**AB 995 — 18 —** 

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system technologies, and are designed specifically to help ensure sustained improvement in the economic 3 environmental performance of the distribution, 4 transmission, and generation and end-use systems that 5 serve California electricity users.

- (6) California has established a long tradition of recovering system benefits investments through usage-based electricity charges, which is reflected in at 9 least two decades of electricity price regulation by the 10 commission, the boards of local publicly owned electric utilities, and the mandate of the Legislature in Chapter 12 854 of the Statutes of 1996 (Assembly Bill 1890 of the 1995-96 Regular Session of the Legislature) and Chapter 14 905 of the Statutes of 1997 (Senate Bill 90 of the 1995-96 15 Regular Session of the Legislature).
- (7) Unless the Legislature acts to extend the mandate 16 of Chapter 854 of the Statutes of 1996 for minimum levels 17 of usage based system benefits charges, California electricity users are at substantial risk of higher economic and environmental costs and degraded reliability.
  - 399.1. (a) As used in this article, the term "Energy Commission" means the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission.
  - (b) As used in this article, the term "local publicly owned electric utility" has the same meaning as set forth in subdivision (d) of Section 9604.
  - 399.2. (a) (1) It is the policy of this state, and the intent of the Legislature, to reaffirm that each electrical corporation shall continue to operate its distribution grid in its service territory and shall do so in a safe, reliable, efficient, and cost-effective manner.
- 32 (2) In furtherance of this policy, it is the intent of the 33 *Legislature* that each electrical corporation 34 continue to be responsible for operating its own electric distribution grid including, but not limited to, owning, 36 controlling, operating, managing, maintaining, planning, engineering, designing, and constructing its own electric 37 distribution grid, emergency response and restoration, 38

**— 19 — AB 995** 

service inquiries relating to the operation of its electric distribution grid, subject to the commission's authority.

- (b) In order to ensure the continued efficient use, and cost effective, safe, and reliable operation of the electric corporation each electrical distribution grid, continue to operate its electric distribution grid in its service territory consistent with Section 330.
- (c) In carrying out the purposes of this section, each electrical corporation shall continue to make reasonable distribution grid. electric 10 investments in its electrical corporation shall continue to have a reasonable opportunity to fully recover from all customers of the electrical corporation, in a manner determined by the 14 commission pursuant to this code, all of the following:
- (1) Reasonable investments in its electric distribution 16 *grid*.
- 17 (2) A reasonable return on the investments in its 18 electric distribution grid.
  - (3) Reasonable costs to operate its electric distribution grid.
- (d) For purposes of this section, the term "electric 22 distribution grid" means those facilities owned or 23 operated by an electrical corporation that are not under 24 the control of the Independent System Operator and that 25 are used to transmit, deliver, or furnish electricity for light, heat, or power.
  - (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter or to affect any of the following:
    - (1) Section 216, 218, or 2827.

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- (2) The authority of the commission to establish and standards tariff conditions and the interconnection of customer-owned facilities the electric distribution grid.
- ratemaking (3) The authority of the commission 35 under the this code.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter 37 or affect any authority or lack of authority of the commission regarding the ownership and operation of new electric generation used in whole, or in part, for the

**AB 995 — 20 —** 

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1 purpose of maintaining or enhancing the reliability of the electric distribution grid.

- (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 4 preclude any of California's local publicly owned electric 5 utilities from exercising its authority to operate its electric 6 distribution grid as provided under relevant state law.
  - (h) Nothing in this section diminishes or expands any existing authority of a local governmental entity.
- (i) The commission shall require every 10 corporation operating an electric distribution grid to inform all customers who request residential service 12 connections via telephone of the availability of the 13 California Alternative Rates for Energy (CARE) 14 program and how they may qualify for and obtain these 15 services and shall accept applications for the CARE 16 program according to procedures specified by 17 commission. Electrical corporations shall recover the 18 reasonable costs of implementing this subdivision.
- *399.4.* (a) (1) In order to that prudent ensure 20 investments in energy efficiency continue to be made produce cost-effective 21 that energy savings, 22 customer demand, and contribute to the safe and reliable 23 operation of the electric distribution grid, it is the policy 24 of this state and the intent of the Legislature that the 25 commission shall continue to administer cost-effective efficiency programs authorized pursuant 27 existing statutory authority.
- (2) As used in this section, the term "energy 29 efficiency" includes, but is not limited to, cost-effective 30 activities to achieve peak load reduction that improve end-use efficiency, lower customers' bills, and reduce system needs.
- 33 (b) The commission, in evaluating energy efficiency 34 investments under its existing statutory authorities, shall also ensure both of the following:
- (1) That local and regional interests, multifamily 36 37 dwellings, and energy service industry capabilities are 38 incorporated into program portfolio design and that local governments, community-based organizations, 40 energy efficiency service providers are encouraged to

**— 21 — AB 995** 

in1 participate program implementation where appropriate.

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- (2) That no energy efficiency funds are used to purchase provide incentives for the of new energy-efficient refrigerators.
- 399.6. (a) In order to optimize public investment and 6 ensure that themost cost-effective and efficient 8 investments inrenewable resources are vigorously Energy Commission 9 pursued, theshall create 10 investment plan as set forth in paragraphs (1) to (3), 11 inclusive, to govern the allocation of funds provided The Energy Commission's 12 pursuant to this article. 13 long-term goal shall be a fully competitive 14 self-sustaining California renewable energy supply. The 15 investment plan shall be in accordance with all of the 16 *following:*
- (1) The investment plan's objective shall be18 increase, in the near term, the quantity of California's generated in-state renewable electricity bvenergy 20 resources, while protecting system reliability, fostering the 21 resource diversity. and obtaining greatest environmental benefits for California residents.
- (2) An additional objective of the plan shall be to 24 identify and support emerging renewable energy 25 technologies that have the greatest near-term 26 commercial promise and that merit targeted assistance.
- (3) The investment plan shall contain specific 28 numerical targets, reflecting the projected impact of the 29 plan, for both of the following:
- (A) Increased quantity of California electrical 31 generation produced from emerging technologies and 32 from overall renewable resources.
- (B) Increased supply renewable of generation 34 available from facilities other than those selling to 35 investor-owned utilities under contracts entered into 36 prior to 1996 under the Public Utilities Regulatory 37 Policies Act of 1978 (P.L. 95-617).
- (b) The Energy Commission shall, on an annual basis, 38 39 evaluate progress on meeting the targets set forth in 40 subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (3)

**AB 995** 

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subdivision (a), or any substitute provisions adopted by the Legislature upon review of the investment plan, and assess the impact of the investment plan on reducing the cost to Californians of renewable energy generation.

- (c) In preparing these investment plans, the Energy 6 Commission shall recommend allocations among all of the following:
- (1) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B),production incentives renewable for new 10 including repowered or refurbished renewable energy.
- (B) Allocations may not be made for renewable 12 energy that is generated by a project that remains under a power purchase contract with an electrical corporation 14 originally entered into prior to September 24, 1996, 15 whether amended or restated thereafter.
- (C) Notwithstanding subparagraph (B), production incentives incremental repowered for orrefurbished 18 renewable energy from existing projects under a power corporation 19 purchase contract with an electrical 20 originally entered into prior to September 24, 1996, 21 whether amended or restated thereafter, may be allowed 22 in any month, if all of the following occur:
- (i) The project's power purchase contract provides 24 that all energy delivered and sold under the contract is paid at a price that does not exceed commission approved short-run avoided cost of energy.
- (ii) The power purchase contract is amended 28 provide that the kilowatt hour used to determine the 29 capacity payment in any time-of-delivery period in any 30 month under the contract shall be no greater than the 31 five-year average of the kilowatt hour delivered for the corresponding time-of-delivery period and month, in the years 1995 to 1999, inclusive.
- 34 (iii) The production incentive is payable only with 35 respect to the kilowatt hour delivered in a particular 36 month that exceeds the corresponding five-year average calculated pursuant to clause (ii). 37
- (2) Rebates, buydowns, or equivalent incentives for 38 39 emerging renewable technologies.

**— 23 — AB 995** 

1 (3) Customer credits for renewables not under 2 contract with a utility.

(4) Customer education.

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- reducing fuel (5) Incentives for costs confirmed to the satisfaction of the Energy Commission at solid fuel biomass energy facilities in order to provide demonstrable environmental and public benefits. including but not limited to, air quality.
- (6) Solar thermal generating resources that enhance 10 the environmental value or reliability of the electricity system and that require financial assistance to remain economically viable, as determined by the Energy 13 Commission. The Energy Commission may require 14 financial disclosure from applicants for purposes of this 15 paragraph.
  - (7) Specified fuel cell technologies, if the Energy Commission makes all of the following findings:
  - (A) The specified technologies have similar or better air pollutant characteristics than renewable technologies in the investment plan.
  - (*B*) *The* specified technologies require assistance to become commercially viable by reference to wholesale generation prices.
- (C) The specified technologies could contribute 25 significantly to the infrastructure development or other innovation required to meet the long-term objective of a self-sustaining, competitive supply of renewable energy.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision 29 moneys collected for renewable energy pursuant to this 30 article shall be transferred to the Renewable Resource 31 Trust Fund of the Energy Commission, to be held until action by Legislature. 32 *further* theThe33 Commission shall prepare and submit to the Legislature, 34 on or before March 31, 2001, an initial investment plan for 35 these moneys, addressing the application of moneys 36 collected between January 1, 2002, and January 1, 2007. initial investment plan shall also include an 38 evaluation of and report to the Legislature regarding the appropriateness and structure of a mandatory state

40 purchase of renewable energy. On or before March 31,

AB 995 — 24 —

1 2006, the Energy Commission shall prepare an 2 investment plan proposing the application of moneys

3 collected between January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2012.

4 No moneys may be expended in the years covered by 5 these plans without further legislative action.

399.7. (a) In order to that prudent 6 research. investments indevelopment and demonstration of energy efficient technologies continue 9 to produce substantial economic, environmental, public 10 health, and reliability benefits, it is the policy of this state and the intent of the Legislature that funds made available, upon appropriation, for energy related public 12 13 interest research, development and demonstration 14 programs shall be used to advance science or technology 15 that are not adequately provided by competitive and

16 regulated markets. 17 (b) Notwithstanding other provision any ofpublic-interest 18 moneys collected for research. 19 development and demonstration pursuant to this section 20 shall be transferred to the Public Interest Research, 21 Development, and Demonstration Fund of the Energy 22 Commission to be held until further action by the 23 Legislature. The Energy Commission shall prepare and 24 submit to the Legislature, on or before March 1, 2001, an 25 initial investment plan for these moneys, addressing the 26 application of moneys collected between January 1, 2002, 27 and January 1, 2007. The initial investment plan shall 28 address the recommendations of the PIER Independent 29 Review Panel Report, dated March 2000, to either 30 transform the RD&D program within the Energy 31 Commission, or to administer it through, 32 cooperation with, an external organization. The initial 33 investment plan shall include criteria that will be used to 34 determine that a project provides public benefits to provided 35 California that are not adequately 36 competitive and regulated markets. On or before March the Energy Commission shall prepare an 37 31, 2006, 38 investment plan addressing the application of moneys collected between January 1, 2007, and January 1, 2012.

**— 25 — AB 995** 

1 No moneys may be expended in the years covered by these plans without further legislative action.

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- 399.8. (a) In order to ensure that the citizens of this 4 state continue to receive safe, reliable, affordable, and environmentally sustainable electric service, it is the policy of this state and the intent of the Legislature that prudent investments in energy efficiency, renewable energy, and research, development and demonstration shall continue to be made.
- (b) (1) Every customer of an electrical corporation, shall pay a nonbypassable systems benefit authorized pursuant to this article. The systems benefit charge shall fund energy efficiency, renewable energy, 14 and research, development and demonstration.
- publicly owned (2) Local electric utilities shall 16 continue to collect and administer system benefits charges pursuant to Section 385.
- (c) (1) The commission shall require each electrical 19 corporation to identify a separate rate component to 20 collect revenues to fund energy efficiency, renewable energy, and research, development and demonstration 22 programs authorized pursuant to this section beginning 23 January 1, 2002, through January 1, 2012. The rate 24 component shall be a nonbypassable element of the local 25 distribution service and collected on the basis of usage.
- (2) This rate component may not exceed, for any tariff 27 schedule, the level of the rate component that was used 28 to recover funds authorized pursuant to Section 381 on January 1, 2000. If the amounts specified in paragraph (1) 30 of subdivision (d) are not recovered fully in any year, the 31 commission shall reset the rate component to restore the 32 unrecovered balance, provided that the rate component 33 may not exceed, for any tariff schedule, the level of the component that was used to recover funds 34 rate 35 authorized pursuant to Section 381 on January 1, 2000. 36 Pending restoration, any annual shortfalls shall be allocated pro rata among the three funding categories in proportions established in paragraph (1) the*subdivision (d).*

**AB 995 — 26 —** 

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(d) The commission shall order San Diego Gas and Electric Company, Southern California Edison Company, and Pacific Gas and Electric Company to collect these funds commencing on January 1, 2002, as 5 follows:

- 6 (1) Two hundred twenty-eight million dollars (\$228,000,000) per year in total for energy efficiency and conservation activities, one hundred thirty-five million dollars (\$135,000,000) in total per year for renewable and sixty-two million five hundred thousand 10 energy. dollars (\$62,500,000) in total per year for research, 12 development and demonstration. The funds for energy 13 efficiency and conservation activities shall continue to be 14 allocated in proportions established for the year 2000 as set forth in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 15 16 *381*.
- (2) The amounts shall be adjusted annually at a rate 18 equal to the lesser of the annual growth in electric commodity sales or inflation, as defined by the gross domestic product deflator.
- (e) The commission and the Energy Commission shall 22 retain and continue their oversight responsibilities as set 23 forth in Sections 381, 383, 383.5, and 445, and Chapter 7.1 with Section 24 (commencing 25620) ofthe25 Resources Code.
- (f) (1) On or before January 1, 2004, the Governor 26 27 shall appoint an independent review panel including, but 28 not limited to, members with expertise on the energy service needs of large and small electricity consumers, 30 system reliability issues, and energy-related public policy. 31 On or before January 1, 2005, the panel shall prepare and submit to the Legislature and the Energy Commission a report evaluating theenergy efficiency, renewable 33 and research, development and demonstration 34 energy, 35 programs funded under this section. Reasonable costs 36 associated with the review in each of the three program 37 categories, including technical assistance, may the relevant program 38 charged to category under 39 procedures to be developed by the commission for 40 energy efficiency and by the Energy Commission for

**— 27 — AB 995** 

renewable energy and research development and 2 demonstration.

(2) The report shall also assess all of the following:

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- (A) Whether ongoing programs are consistent with 4 5 the statutory goals.
  - (B) If established targets for increased renewable generation are likely to be achieved.
  - (C) What changes should be made to result in a more efficient use of public resources.
- (3) The shall also report compare Commission's programs with efforts undertaken by other states and assess, as an alternative, the relative costs and 13 benefits of adopting a tradeable minimum renewable 14 energy requirement in California. The evaluation shall 15 include recommendations intended to optimize 16 renewable resource development at the least cost.
- (4) For energy efficiency programs, the report shall 18 include an evaluation of all of the following:
- (A) The benefits secured residential net for 20 customers, taking into account both public and private costs, including improvements in that customer group's ability to avoid or reduce consumption of relatively costly peak electricity.
- (B) Whether the programs provide a balance of 25 benefits to all sectors that contribute to the funding.
  - competition (C) The extent to which inmarkets including, but not limited to, load participation in ancillary services markets, and improvements in technology affect the continuing need for such programs.
  - (D) The status and growth of the private, competitive energy services industry that provides energy efficiency services and other energy products to customers.
- commercial (*E*) *The* availability any new 34 technologies that reduce electricity demands during *high-priced periods.*
- 36 (F) Customers' willingness and ability reduce 37 consumption oradopt energy efficiency measures without program support. 38
- (G) The extent to which the programs have delivered 39 40 cost-effective energy efficiency not adequately provided

**AB 995 — 28 —** 

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by markets and as a result have reduced energy demand and consumption.

- (H) The relative cost-effectiveness of program expenditures compared to other current or potential 5 expenditures to enhance system reliability.
  - (5) The report shall include specific recommendations aimed at assisting the Legislature in determining whether to change or eliminate the collection of the system benefits charge on or after January 1, 2007.
- (6) The panel may update and revise the report as 10 11 needed.
- (g) Promptly after receiving the panel's report, the 13 Energy Commission shall convene a proceeding to 14 address implementation of the panel's energy efficiency 15 recommendations.
- 399.9. (a) No part of this article shall be construed to 17 alter or affect the low-income funding provisions set forth 18 in Section 382. Programs provided to low-income 19 electricity customers, including but not limited to, 20 targeted energy efficiency services and the California 21 Alternative Rates for Energy Program shall continue to 22 be funded as set forth in Section 382.
- 23 (b) Nothing in this article shall be construed to affect jurisdiction of the 24 *the* commission over electric 25 distribution service.
- SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act 26 27 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California 28 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred 29 by a local agency or school district will be incurred 30 because this act creates a new crime or infraction, 31 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty 32 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 33 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition 34 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article 35 XIII B of the California Constitution.
- 36 Utilities Code, to read:
- 330.5. (a) It is the policy of this state to ensure the 38 continued efficient use and reliable operation of the transmission grid and of any upgrades, enhancements, or additions to the transmission grid, that transmission

**— 29 —** AB 995

1 planning, siting, and permitting be conducted in a
2 manner consistent with this division so as to provide open,
3 nondiscriminatory, comparable access to transmission
4 services.
5 (b) The Independent System Operator shall coordinate with participating utility transmission owners
7 to implement this section, consistent with Section 345.