

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 5, 2000  
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 14, 2000  
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JANUARY 5, 2000

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—1999–2000 REGULAR SESSION

**ASSEMBLY BILL**

**No. 994**

**Introduced by Assembly Member Wright  
(Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Strom-Martin)**

February 25, 1999

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An act to amend Sections 739.3 and 2890 of, and to add Section 2890.1 to, the Public Utilities Code, relating to public utilities.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 994, as amended, R. Wright. ~~Rural~~ Telephone rates: telephone bills: rural telephone cooperatives.

~~Under~~

(1) Existing law, until January 1, 2001, requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop, implement, and maintain a program to establish a fair and equitable local rate structure designed to reduce any disparity in rates charged by small independent telephone corporations serving rural and small metropolitan areas, and a program to provide for transfer payments to telephone corporations serving areas where the cost of providing services exceeds rates charged by providers, as determined by the commission.

This bill would extend the operative date of those provisions until January 1, 2005.

(2) Existing law governing the contents of a telephone bill requires persons, corporations, or billing agents that transmit telephone bills to include information concerning the nature of the charges, dispute resolution, and complaint procedures. Until January 1, 2001, this includes a bill for noncommunications-related products and services included in an envelope with a telephone bill. Other existing law, operative January 1, 2001, does not contain the latter provision regarding bills for noncommunications-related goods and services.

This bill would extend the operative date of the operative provision to July 1, 2001, and would correspondingly delay the operative date of that later operative provision to July 1, 2001. The bill would require the commission to open a proceeding to adopt certain consumer protection rules. Since a violation of a rule or order of the commission is a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program by creating new crimes.

The bill would make related legislative findings and declarations.

(3) Under existing law, the ~~Public Utilities Commission~~ commission regulates public utilities, including telephone corporations and other specified entities.

This bill would require the commission, on or before January 1, 2002, to prepare and submit to the Governor and the Legislature a report on the feasibility of establishing rural telephone cooperatives or other alternative service configurations, as defined, to promote rural telephone service in the state, as prescribed.

(4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: ~~no~~ yes.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. *The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:*

(a) *The Legislature has previously stated its intent that telephone consumers only be billed for charges they have authorized and that those charges be clearly identified. The Legislature has also previously identified specific rules regarding the billing company, and the person, corporation, and billing agent for any products or services on a consumer's telephone bill. Those rules focus on issues relating to description of the product, identification of charges, dispute resolution processes, provision of a toll-free contact number, and means for resolving billing disputes and complaint procedures.*

(b) *Until January 1, 2001, only "communications-related" products and services may be charged on a telephone bill, though the Public Utilities Commission is permitted to allow billing telephone companies to include commission-specified "noncommunications" products and services on a separate bill within the telephone bill envelope. On and after January 1, 2001, only charges for products and services authorized by the subscriber may be on the same telephone bill.*

(c) *The Public Utilities Commission initiated Rulemaking 00-02-004 to establish consumer rights and consumer protection rules applicable to all telecommunications utilities. The rulemaking seeks to establish consumer rights regarding disclosure, choice, privacy, public participation, oversight and enforcement, and accurate bills and redress.*

(d) *The Legislature believes that Rulemaking 00-02-004 provides an excellent opportunity for the Public Utilities Commission to establish any additional safeguards that may be needed for telecommunications companies that charge subscriber-authorized noncommunications-related products and services on their telephone bill.*

1 SEC. 2. Section 739.3 of the Public Utilities Code is  
2 amended to read:

3 739.3. (a) The commission shall develop, implement,  
4 and maintain a suitable program to establish a fair and  
5 equitable local rate structure aided by transfer payments  
6 to small independent telephone corporations serving  
7 rural and small metropolitan areas. The purpose of the  
8 program shall be to promote the goals of universal  
9 telephone service and to reduce any disparity in the rates  
10 charged by those companies.

11 (b) For purposes of this section, small independent  
12 telephone corporations means those independent  
13 telephone corporations serving rural areas, as  
14 determined by the commission.

15 (c) The commission shall develop, implement, and  
16 maintain a suitable, competitively neutral, and  
17 broadbased program to establish a fair and equitable local  
18 rate support structure aided by transfer payments to  
19 telephone corporations serving areas where the cost of  
20 providing services exceeds rates charged by providers, as  
21 determined by the commission. The commission shall  
22 develop and implement the program on or before  
23 October 1, 1996. The purpose of the program shall be to  
24 promote the goals of universal telephone service and to  
25 reduce any disparity in the rates charged by those  
26 companies. The commission shall structure the program  
27 required by this subdivision so that the amount of each  
28 transfer payment reasonably equals the value of the  
29 benefits of universal service to the transferor entity and  
30 its subscribers. Except as otherwise explicitly provided,  
31 this subdivision does not limit the manner in which the  
32 commission collects and disburses funds, and does not  
33 limit the manner in which it may include or exclude the  
34 revenue of transferring entities in structuring the  
35 program.

36 (d) Not later than December 15, 1996, the commission  
37 shall report to the Governor, the Joint Legislative Budget  
38 Committee, and the fiscal committees of the Senate and  
39 the Assembly regarding the results of the commission's  
40 universal telephone service proceeding and

1 recommended program. The Legislature may, at its  
2 discretion, assess whether any identified problems in the  
3 universal telephone service program are issues that  
4 warrant modifications to this chapter during the 1997–98  
5 Regular Session.

6 (e) Not later than December 1, 1999, the commission  
7 shall prepare a report to the Governor, the Joint  
8 Legislative Budget Committee, and the fiscal committees  
9 of the Senate and the Assembly regarding the status of the  
10 universal telephone service fund and program. The  
11 report shall consider all of the following:

12 (1) The effectiveness of the universal service funding  
13 mechanism in establishing equitable and  
14 nondiscriminatory contributions by all  
15 telecommunications providers to support the  
16 preservation and advancement of universal service.

17 (2) The extent to which the current universal  
18 telephone service program provides the continued  
19 availability of current telecommunications and  
20 information services on a competitively neutral basis,  
21 while providing adequate flexibility for provision of new  
22 services and network capabilities as technology advances.

23 (3) The success of the universal telephone service  
24 program in ensuring universal access, in rural and high  
25 cost areas, to services that are reasonably comparable,  
26 both in content and cost, to those services provided in  
27 urban areas.

28 (f) The commission shall investigate subsidy  
29 reduction, or elimination of subsidies in service areas with  
30 demonstrated competition, and report on service area  
31 auctions for high cost areas as part of the commission's  
32 universal telephone service program report required in  
33 accordance with subdivision (e).

34 (g) Not later than February 1, 2000, the Legislative  
35 Analyst shall conduct a review of the state's universal  
36 telephone service program, including subsequent  
37 modifications as appropriate, and report to the Governor  
38 and the Legislature as part of the Legislative Analyst's  
39 analysis of the Budget Bill to be issued in February 2000.

1 In evaluating the program, the Legislative Analyst shall  
2 consider all of the following:

3 (1) The findings of the report required by subdivision  
4 (e).

5 (2) An assessment of whether any identified problems  
6 are issues that affect the continued implementation of  
7 this chapter or issues that warrant revisions of statutes or  
8 regulations.

9 (h) This section shall remain in effect until January 1,  
10 ~~2004~~ 2005, and as of that date is repealed, unless a later  
11 enacted statute, which becomes effective on or before  
12 January 1, ~~2004~~ 2005, deletes or extends that date.

13 *SEC. 3. Section 2890 of the Public Utilities Code, as*  
14 *amended by Section 65.5 of Chapter 1005 of the Statutes*  
15 *of 1999, is amended to read:*

16 2890. (a) A telephone bill may only contain charges  
17 for communications-related ~~goods~~ *products* and services,  
18 including, but not limited to, wired and wireless  
19 communications service, Internet access, video service,  
20 information service, telephone equipment that is  
21 connected to a telecommunications network, and cable  
22 set top boxes. The commission may permit a billing  
23 telephone company to include in the same envelope with  
24 a subscriber's telephone bill, a separate bill for  
25 noncommunications-related ~~goods~~ *products* and services.  
26 The commission may also specify the kinds of  
27 noncommunications-related ~~goods~~ *products* and services  
28 that may be billed in this manner.

29 (b) A telephone bill, and a bill for  
30 noncommunications-related ~~goods~~ *products* and services  
31 that is included in the same envelope as a telephone bill,  
32 may only contain charges for products or services, the  
33 purchase of which the subscriber has authorized.

34 (c) When a person or corporation obtains a written  
35 order for a product or service, the written order shall be  
36 a separate document from any solicitation material. The  
37 sole purpose of the document is to explain the nature and  
38 extent of the transaction. Written orders and written  
39 solicitation materials shall be unambiguous, legible, and  
40 in a minimum 10-point type. Written or oral solicitation

1 materials used to obtain an order for a product or service  
2 shall be in the same language as the written order.  
3 Written orders may not be used as entry forms for  
4 sweepstakes, contests, or any other program that offers  
5 prizes or gifts.

6 (d) The commission may only permit a subscriber's  
7 local telephone service to be disconnected for  
8 nonpayment of charges relating to the subscriber's basic  
9 local exchange telephone service, long distance  
10 telephone service within a local access and transport area  
11 (intraLATA), long distance telephone service between  
12 local access and transport areas (interLATA), and  
13 international telephone service.

14 (e) (1) A billing telephone company shall clearly  
15 identify, and use a separate billing section for, each  
16 person, corporation, or billing agent that generates a  
17 charge on a subscriber's telephone bill. A billing  
18 telephone company may not bill for a person,  
19 corporation, or billing agent, unless that person,  
20 corporation or billing agent complies with paragraph (2).

21 (2) Any person, corporation, or billing agent that  
22 charges subscribers for products or services on a  
23 telephone bill, or on a bill for noncommunications-related  
24 ~~goods~~ *products* and services that is included in the same  
25 envelope as a telephone bill, shall do all of the following:

26 (A) Include, or cause to be included, in the bill the  
27 amount being charged for each product or service,  
28 including any taxes or surcharges, and a clear and concise  
29 description of the service, product, or other offering for  
30 which a charge has been imposed.

31 (B) Include, or cause to be included, for each entity  
32 that charges for a product or service, information with  
33 regard to how to resolve any dispute about that charge,  
34 including the name of the party responsible for  
35 generating the charge, a toll-free telephone number of  
36 the entity responsible for resolving disputes regarding  
37 the charge, and a description of the manner in which a  
38 dispute regarding the charge may be addressed. Each  
39 telephone bill shall include the appropriate telephone

1 numbers of the commissions that a customer may use to  
2 register a complaint.

3 (C) Establish, maintain, and staff a toll-free telephone  
4 number to respond to questions or disputes about its  
5 charges and to provide the appropriate addresses to  
6 which written questions or complaints may be sent. The  
7 person, corporation, or billing agent that generates a  
8 charge may also contract with a third party, including,  
9 but not limited to, the billing telephone corporation, to  
10 provide that service on behalf of the person, corporation  
11 or billing agent.

12 (D) Provide a means for expeditiously resolving  
13 subscriber disputes over charges for a product or service,  
14 the purchase of which was not authorized by the  
15 subscriber. In the case of a dispute, there is a rebuttable  
16 presumption that an unverified charge for a product or  
17 service was not authorized by the subscriber and that the  
18 subscriber is not responsible for that charge. With regard  
19 to direct dialed telecommunications services, evidence  
20 that a call was dialed is prima facie evidence of  
21 authorization. If recurring charges arise from the use of  
22 those subscriber-initiated *products or* services, the  
23 recurring charges are subject to this section.

24 (f) If an entity responsible for generating a charge on  
25 a telephone bill, or on a bill for  
26 noncommunications-related ~~goods~~ *products* and services  
27 that is included in the same envelope as a telephone bill,  
28 receives a complaint from a subscriber that the subscriber  
29 did not authorize the purchase of the product or service  
30 associated with that charge, the entity, not later than 30  
31 days from the date on which the complaint is received,  
32 shall verify the subscriber's authorization of that charge  
33 or undertake to resolve the billing dispute to the  
34 subscriber's satisfaction.

35 (g) For purposes of this section, "billing agent" is the  
36 clearinghouse or billing aggregator.

37 ~~(h) This section shall remain in effect only until~~  
38 ~~January 1, 2001, and as of that date is repealed, unless a~~  
39 ~~later enacted statute that is enacted before January 1,~~  
40 ~~2001, deletes or extends that date. This section shall~~



1 *become inoperative on July 1, 2001, and, as of January 1,*  
2 *2002, is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that*  
3 *becomes operative on or before January 1, 2002, deletes*  
4 *or extends the dates on which it becomes inoperative and*  
5 *is repealed.*

6 *SEC. 4. Section 2890 of the Public Utilities Code, as*  
7 *amended by Section 65.7 of Chapter 1005 of the Statutes*  
8 *of 1999, amended to read:*

9 2890. (a) A telephone bill may only contain charges  
10 for products or services, the purchase of which the  
11 subscriber has authorized.

12 (b) When a person or corporation obtains a written  
13 order for a product or service, the written order shall be  
14 a separate document from any solicitation material. The  
15 sole purpose of the document is to explain the nature and  
16 extent of the transaction. Written orders and written  
17 solicitation materials shall be unambiguous, legible, and  
18 in a minimum 10-point type. Written or oral solicitation  
19 materials used to obtain an order for a product or service  
20 shall be in the same language as the written order.  
21 Written orders may not be used as entry forms for  
22 sweepstakes, contests, or any other program that offers  
23 prizes or gifts.

24 (c) The commission may only permit a subscriber's  
25 local telephone service to be disconnected for  
26 nonpayment of charges relating to the subscriber's basic  
27 local exchange telephone service, long distance  
28 telephone service within a local access and transport area  
29 (intraLATA), long distance telephone service between  
30 local access and transport areas (interLATA), and  
31 international telephone service.

32 (d) (1) A billing telephone company shall clearly  
33 identify, and use a separate billing section for, each  
34 person, corporation, or billing agent that generates a  
35 charge on a subscriber's telephone bill. A billing  
36 telephone company may not bill for a person,  
37 corporation, or billing agent, unless that person,  
38 corporation or billing agent complies with paragraph (2).

1 (2) Any person, corporation, or billing agent that  
2 charges subscribers for products or services on a  
3 telephone bill shall do all of the following:

4 (A) Include, or cause to be included, in the telephone  
5 bill the amount being charged for each product or  
6 service, including any taxes or surcharges, and a clear and  
7 concise description of the service, product, or other  
8 offering for which a charge has been imposed.

9 (B) Include, or cause to be included, for each entity  
10 that charges for a product or service, information with  
11 regard to how to resolve any dispute about that charge,  
12 including the name of the party responsible for  
13 generating the charge and a toll-free telephone number  
14 or other no cost means of contacting the entity  
15 responsible for resolving disputes regarding the charge  
16 and a description of the manner in which a dispute  
17 regarding the charge may be addressed. Each telephone  
18 bill shall include the appropriate telephone number of  
19 the commission that a subscriber may use to register a  
20 complaint.

21 (C) Establish, maintain, and staff a toll-free telephone  
22 number to respond to questions or disputes about its  
23 charges and to provide the appropriate addresses to  
24 which written questions or complaints may be sent. The  
25 person, corporation, or billing agent that generates a  
26 charge may also contract with a third party, including,  
27 but not limited to, the billing telephone corporation, to  
28 provide that service on behalf of the person, corporation  
29 or billing agent.

30 (D) Provide a means for expeditiously resolving  
31 subscriber disputes over charges for a product or service,  
32 the purchase of which was not authorized by the  
33 subscriber. In the case of a dispute, there is a rebuttable  
34 presumption that an unverified charge for a product or  
35 service was not authorized by the subscriber and that the  
36 subscriber is not responsible for that charge. With regard  
37 to direct dialed telecommunications services, evidence  
38 that a call was dialed is prima facie evidence of  
39 authorization. If recurring charges arise from the use of



1 those subscriber-initiated services, the recurring charges  
2 are subject to this section.

3 (e) If an entity responsible for generating a charge on  
4 a telephone bill receives a complaint from a subscriber  
5 that the subscriber did not authorize the purchase of the  
6 product or service associated with that charge, the entity,  
7 not later than 30 days from the date on which the  
8 complaint is received, shall verify the subscriber's  
9 authorization of that charge or undertake to resolve the  
10 billing dispute to the subscriber's satisfaction.

11 (f) For purposes of this section, "billing agent" is the  
12 clearinghouse or billing aggregator.

13 (g) This section shall become operative on ~~January~~  
14 *July 1, 2001.*

15 *SEC. 5. Section 2890.1 is added to the Public Utilities*  
16 *Code, to read:*

17 *2890.1. (a) The commission shall, on or before July 1,*  
18 *2001, adopt any additional rules it determines to be*  
19 *necessary to implement the billing safeguards of Section*  
20 *2890, as of January 1, 2001, for the inclusion of*  
21 *noncommunications-related products and services in*  
22 *telephone bills.*

23 *SEC. 6. (a) On or before January 1, 2002, the Public*  
24 *Utilities Commission shall prepare and submit to the*  
25 *Governor and the Legislature a report on the feasibility*  
26 *of establishing rural telephone cooperatives or other*  
27 *alternative service ~~configuration~~ configurations, or both,*  
28 *to promote rural telephone service in the state. The*  
29 *commission shall include in the report all of the following:*

30 ~~(a)~~

31 *(1) Costs to California ratepayers,*  
32 *telecommunications carriers, and cooperative members*  
33 *of all feasible alternatives to rural telephone service.*

34 ~~(b)~~

35 *(2) Sources of support for grants, loans, or federal*  
36 *program moneys and how these sources are currently*  
37 *funded.*

38 ~~(c)—~~

39 *(3) The implications for ratepayers of, and investors in,*  
40 *public utilities, if rural telephone cooperatives, or other*

1 alternative service configurations, are permitted to  
2 expand the scope of their activities beyond a role as  
3 providers of last resort for unserved rural communities.

4 (4) The number of communities or areas of the state  
5 that contain over 20 families that are not served by  
6 traditional telephone service.

7 (5) Recommendations concerning appropriate  
8 legislation.

9 (b) The term “alternative service configurations”  
10 includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:

11 (1) Combining federal sources of funding with local  
12 subsidies for construction of telecommunications  
13 infrastructure.

14 (2) Designing new sources of state funding similar to  
15 existing state high-cost funds pursuant to paragraphs (1)  
16 and (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 270 of the Public  
17 Utilities Code.

18 (3) Other options being considered by other states or  
19 the federal government to extend telephone service to  
20 unserved areas.

21 SEC. 7. No reimbursement is required by this act  
22 pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California  
23 Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred  
24 by a local agency or school district will be incurred  
25 because this act creates a new crime or infraction,  
26 eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty  
27 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section  
28 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition  
29 of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article  
30 XIII B of the California Constitution.

