AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 1, 2016 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 30, 2016 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 22, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 31, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 21, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 12, 2016 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 7, 2016

SENATE BILL

No. 1039

Introduced by Senator Hill

February 12, 2016

An act to amend Sections 1944, 2472, 2499.5, 2733, 2746.51, 2786.5, 2811, 2811.5, 2815, 2815.5, 2816, 2830.7, 2836.3, 2838.2, 4128.2, 4830, 4999, 4999.2, 8516, and 8518 of, to amend, repeal, and add Sections 4400, 7137, and 7153.3 of, to repeal Sections 4999.1, 4999.3, 4999.4, and 4999.6 of, and to repeal and add Sections 2546.9, 2565, 2566, 2566.1, and 4999.5 of, the Business and Professions Code, to amend Section 1348.8 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Section 10279 of the Insurance Code, relating to professions and vocations, and making an appropriation therefor.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1039, as amended, Hill. Professions and vocations.

(1) Existing law requires the Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development to establish the Health Professions Education Foundation to, among other things, solicit and receive funds for the purpose of providing scholarships, as specified.

The bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation that would establish a Dental Corps Scholarship Program, as specified, to increase the supply of dentists serving in medically underserved areas.

(2) Existing law, the Dental Practice Act, requires the Dental Hygiene Committee of California to establish by resolution the amount of the fees that relate to the licensing of a registered dental hygienist, a registered dental hygienist in alternative practice, and a registered dental hygienist in extended functions. Existing law prohibits the biennial renewal fee from exceeding \$160. Existing law requires these fees to be deposited in the State Dental Hygiene Fund and makes these moneys subject to appropriation by the Legislature.

This bill would instead prohibit the biennial renewal fee from exceeding \$500.

(3) The Medical Practice Act creates, within the jurisdiction of the Medical Board of California, the California Board of Podiatric Medicine. Under the act, only a doctor of podiatric medicine who is ankle certified by the California Board of Podiatric Medicine on and after January 1, 1984, may perform certain surgical procedures. Existing law establishes various fees applicable to certificates to practice podiatric medicine, including, but not limited to, an application fee, a duplicate wall certificate fee, a duplicate renewal receipt fee, a letter of good standing fee or a letter for a loan deferment fee, a fee for the issuance of a resident's license, a filing fee to appeal the failure of an oral examination, and a fee for continuing education approval. Existing law also establishes a fee for ankle certification for persons licensed prior to January 1, 1984. Existing law requires these fees to be deposited in the Board of Podiatric Medicine Fund and makes these fees subject to appropriation by the Legislature.

This bill would authorize a doctor of podiatric medicine to perform those surgical procedures regardless of whether he or she has been ankle certified, would delete that ankle certification fee, and would increase the amounts of those other fees.

(4)

(3) Existing law makes the State Board of Optometry responsible for the regulation of nonresident contact lens sellers, registered dispensing opticians, spectacle lens dispensers, and contact lens dispensers. Existing law establishes regulatory fees in this regard, including, but not limited to, an initial registration fee, a renewal fee, and a delinquency fee. Existing law requires these fees to be deposited

in the Dispensing Opticians Fund and makes these fees available, subject to appropriation, to the State Board of Optometry.

This bill would establish a specified minimum and maximum application fee amount for nonresident contact lens sellers, registered dispensing opticians, and spectacle lens dispensers. The bill would also establish increased minimum and maximum amounts for those already established fees. The bill would authorize the State Board of Optometry to periodically revise and fix these fees, as specified.

(5)

(4) The Nursing Practice Act provides for the licensure and regulation of nurse practitioners by the Board of Registered Nursing, which is within the Department of Consumer Affairs, and requires the board to adopt regulations establishing standards for continuing education for licensees, as specified. That act requires providers of continuing education programs approved by the board to make records of continuing education courses given to registered nurses available for board inspection. That act also prescribes various fees to be paid by licensees and applicants for licensure, and requires these fees to be credited to the Board of Registered Nursing Fund, which is a continuously appropriated fund as it pertains to fees collected by the board.

This bill would require that the content of a continuing education course be based on generally accepted scientific principles. The bill would also require the board to audit continuing education providers, at least once every 5 years, to ensure adherence to regulatory requirements, and to withhold or rescind approval from any provider that is in violation of regulatory requirements. The bill would raise specified fees, and would provide for additional fees, to be paid by licensees and applicants for licensure pursuant to that act. By increasing fees deposited into a continuously appropriated fund, this bill would make an appropriation.

(6)

(5) The Pharmacy Law provides for the licensure and regulation of pharmacists by the California State Board of Pharmacy within the Department of Consumer Affairs. That law prescribes various fees to be paid by licensees and applicants for licensure, and requires all fees collected on behalf of the board to be credited to the Pharmacy Board Contingent Fund, which is a continuously appropriated fund as it pertains to fees collected by the board.

This bill would, on and after July 1, 2017, modify specified fees to be paid by licensees and applicants for licensure pursuant to that act.

By increasing fees deposited into a continuously appropriated fund, this bill would make an appropriation.

(7)

(6) The Veterinary Medicine Practice Act provides for the licensure and regulation of veterinarians by the Veterinary Medical Board, which is within the Department of Consumer Affairs. Under the act, it is unlawful and a misdemeanor for any person to practice veterinary medicine in this state unless he or she holds a valid, unexpired, and unrevoked license issued by the board, except under specified circumstances, including when regularly licensed veterinarians in actual consultation from other states or when regularly licensed veterinarians are actually called from other states to attend cases in this state and do not open an office or appoint a place to do business within the state.

This bill would replace those exceptions with an exception for veterinarians holding a current, valid license in good standing in another state or country who provide assistance to a California licensed veterinarian and attend on a specific case, subject to specified conditions. (8)

(7) Existing law requires businesses that employ, or contract or subcontract with, the full-time equivalent of 5 or more persons functioning as health care professionals, as defined, whose primary function is to provide telephone medical advice, that provide telephone medical advice services to a patient at a California address to be registered with the Telephone Medical Advice Services Bureau and further requires telephone medical advice services to comply with the requirements established by the Department of Consumer Affairs, as specified.

This bill would discontinue the requirement that those businesses be registered with the bureau, would instead make the respective healing arts licensing boards responsible for enforcing those requirements and any other laws and regulations affecting those health care professionals licensed in California, and would make conforming and related changes. (9)

(8) The Contractors' State License Law provides for the licensure and regulation of contractors by the Contractors' State License Board within the Department of Consumer Affairs. That law also prescribes various fees to be paid by licensees and applicants for licensure, requires the board to set the fees by regulation, and requires fees and civil penalties received under that law to be deposited in the Contractors'

License Fund, which is a continuously appropriated fund as it pertains to fees collected by the board.

This bill, on and after July 1, 2017, would raise specified fees, would instead authorize the board to set the fees by regulation, and would require the board to establish criteria for the approval of expedited processing of applications, as specified. By increasing fees deposited into a continuously appropriated fund, this bill would make an appropriation.

(10)

(9) Existing law provides for the licensure and regulation of structural pest control operators and registered companies by the Structural Pest Control Board, which is within the Department of Consumer Affairs, and requires a licensee to pay a specified license fee. Existing law makes any violation of those provisions punishable as a misdemeanor. Existing law places certain requirements on a registered company or licensee with regards to wood destroying pests or organisms, including that a registered company or licensee is prohibited from commencing work on a contract until an inspection has been made by a licensed Branch 3 field representative or operator, that the address of each property inspected or upon which work was completed is required to be reported to the board, as specified, and that a written inspection report be prepared and delivered to the person requesting the inspection or his or her agent. Existing law requires the original inspection report to be submitted to the board upon demand. Existing law requires that written report to contain certain information, including a foundation diagram or sketch of the structure or portions of the structure inspected, and requires the report, and any contract entered into, to expressly state if a guarantee for the work is made, and if so, the terms and time period of the guarantee. Existing law establishes the Structural Pest Control Fund, which is a continuously appropriated fund as it pertains to fees collected by the board.

This bill would require the operator who is conducting the inspection prior to the commencement of work to be employed by a registered company, except as specified. The bill would not require the address of an inspection report prepared for use by an attorney for litigation to be reported to the board or assessed a filing fee. The bill would require instead that the written inspection report be prepared and delivered to the person requesting it, the property owner, or the property owner's designated agent, as specified. The bill would allow an inspection report to be a complete, limited, supplemental, or reinspection report, as

defined. The bill would require all inspection reports to be submitted to the board and maintained with field notes, activity forms, and notices of completion until one year after the guarantee expires if the guarantee extends beyond 3 years. The bill would require the inspection report to clearly list the infested or infected wood members or parts of the structure identified in the required diagram or sketch. By placing new requirements on a registered company or licensee, this bill would expand an existing crime and would, therefore, impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law requires a registered company to prepare a notice of work completed to give to the owner of the property when the work is completed.

This bill would make this provision only applicable to work relating to wood destroying pests and organisms.

(11)

(10) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: yes. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to enact future

2 legislation that would establish a Dental Corps Scholarship

3 Program within the Health Professions Education Foundation to 4 increase the supply of dentists serving in medically underserved

areas.

6 SEC. 2. Section 1944 of the Business and Professions Code is7 amended to read:

8 1944. (a) The committee shall establish by resolution the 9 amount of the fees that relate to the licensing of a registered dental 10 hygienist, a registered dental hygienist in alternative practice, and

a registered dental hygienist in extended functions. The fees established by board resolution in effect on June 30, 2009, as they

relate to the licensure of registered dental hygienists, registered

14 dental hygienists in alternative practice, and registered dental

15 hygienists in extended functions, shall remain in effect until

1 modified by the committee. The fees are subject to the following2 limitations:

3 (1) The application fee for an original license and the fee for
4 issuance of an original license shall not exceed two hundred fifty
5 dollars (\$250).

6 (2) The fee for examination for licensure as a registered dental 7 hygienist shall not exceed the actual cost of the examination.

8 (3) The fee for examination for licensure as a registered dental
9 hygienist in extended functions shall not exceed the actual cost of

10 the examination.

(4) The fee for examination for licensure as a registered dentalhygienist in alternative practice shall not exceed the actual cost ofadministering the examination.

14 (5) The biennial renewal fee shall not exceed five hundred

dollars (\$500).
(6) The delinquency fee shall not exceed one-half of the renewal
fee. Any delinquent license may be restored only upon payment

18 of all fees, including the delinquency fee, and compliance with all

19 other applicable requirements of this article.

20 (7) The fee for issuance of a duplicate license to replace one

21 that is lost or destroyed, or in the event of a name change, shall

not exceed twenty-five dollars (\$25) or one-half of the renewalfee, whichever is greater.

(8) The fee for certification of licensure shall not exceed one-halfof the renewal fee.

26 (9) The fee for each curriculum review, feasibility study review,27 and site evaluation for educational programs for dental hygienists

28 who are not accredited by a committee-approved agency shall not 20 aveced two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100)

exceed two thousand one hundred dollars (\$2,100).
(10) The fee for each review or approval of course requirements

for licensure or procedures that require additional training shall not exceed seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750).

(11) The initial application and biennial fee for a provider ofcontinuing education shall not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500).

(12) The amount of fees payable in connection with permitsissued under Section 1962 is as follows:

37 (A) The initial permit fee is an amount equal to the renewal fee

38 for the applicant's license to practice dental hygiene in effect on 39 the last regular renewal date before the date on which the permit

39 the last regular renewal date before the date on which the permit 40 is issued.

1 (B) If the permit will expire less than one year after its issuance,

then the initial permit fee is an amount equal to 50 percent of the
renewal fee in effect on the last regular renewal date before the
date on which the permit is issued.

5 (b) The renewal and delinquency fees shall be fixed by the 6 committee by resolution at not more than the current amount of 7 the renewal fee for a license to practice under this article nor less 8 than five dollars (\$5).

9 (c) Fees fixed by the committee by resolution pursuant to this 10 section shall not be subject to the approval of the Office of 11 Administrative Law.

(d) Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be collected by
the committee and deposited into the State Dental Hygiene Fund,
which is hereby created. All money in this fund shall, upon
appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act, be used
to implement this article.

(e) No fees or charges other than those listed in this section shall
be levied by the committee in connection with the licensure of
registered dental hygienists, registered dental hygienists in
alternative practice, or registered dental hygienists in extended
functions.

- (f) The fee for registration of an extramural dental facility shallnot exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
- (g) The fee for registration of a mobile dental hygiene unit shallnot exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150).
- (h) The biennial renewal fee for a mobile dental hygiene unitshall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

(i) The fee for an additional office permit shall not exceed twohundred fifty dollars (\$250).

- 30 (j) The biennial renewal fee for an additional office as described31 in Section 1926.4 shall not exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
- (k) The initial application and biennial special permit fee is an
 amount equal to the biennial renewal fee specified in paragraph
 (6) of subdivision (a).
- (*l*) The fees in this section shall not exceed an amount sufficient
 to cover the reasonable regulatory cost of carrying out this article.
 SEC. 3. Section 2472 of the Business and Professions Code is

38 amended to read:

39 2472. (a) The certificate to practice podiatric medicine
 40 authorizes the holder to practice podiatric medicine.

1 (b) As used in this chapter, "podiatric medicine" means the 2 diagnosis, medical, surgical, mechanical, manipulative, and 3 electrical treatment of the human foot, including the ankle and 4 tendons that insert into the foot and the nonsurgical treatment of 5 the muscles and tendons of the leg governing the functions of the 6 foot.

- (c) A doctor of podiatric medicine shall not administer an
 anesthetic other than local. If an anesthetic other than local is
 required for any procedure, the anesthetic shall be administered
 by another licensed health care practitioner who is authorized to
 administer the required anesthetic within the scope of his or her
- 12 practice.

13 (d) (1) A doctor of podiatric medicine may do the following:

- (A) Perform surgical treatment of the ankle and tendons at the
 level of the ankle pursuant to subdivision (e).
- 16 (B) Perform services under the direct supervision of a physician
- 17 and surgeon, as an assistant at surgery, in surgical procedures that
- are otherwise beyond the scope of practice of a doctor of podiatrie
 medicine.
- 20 (C) Perform a partial amputation of the foot no further proximal
 21 than the Chopart's joint.
- (2) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to permit a
 doctor of podiatric medicine to function as a primary surgeon for
 any procedure beyond his or her scope of practice.
- any procedure beyond his or her scope of practice.
 (e) A doctor of podiatric medicine may perform surgical
- 26 treatment of the ankle and tendons at the level of the ankle only 27 in the following locations:

(1) A licensed general acute care hospital, as defined in Section
 1250 of the Health and Safety Code.

- 30 (2) A licensed surgical clinic, as defined in Section 1204 of the
- 31 Health and Safety Code, if the doctor of podiatric medicine has
- 32 surgical privileges, including the privilege to perform surgery on
- 33 the ankle, in a general acute care hospital described in paragraph
- 34 (1) and meets all the protocols of the surgical clinic.
- 35 (3) An ambulatory surgical center that is certified to participate
- 36 in the Medicare program under Title XVIII (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395
- 37 et seq.) of the federal Social Security Act, if the doctor of podiatrie
- 38 medicine has surgical privileges, including the privilege to perform
- 39 surgery on the ankle, in a general acute care hospital described in
- 40 paragraph (1) and meets all the protocols of the surgical center.

1 (4) A freestanding physical plant housing outpatient services 2 of a licensed general acute care hospital, as defined in Section 3 1250 of the Health and Safety Code, if the doctor of podiatric 4 medicine has surgical privileges, including the privilege to perform 5 surgery on the ankle, in a general acute care hospital described in paragraph (1). For purposes of this section, a "freestanding physical 6 7 plant" means any building that is not physically attached to a 8 building where inpatient services are provided. 9 (5) An outpatient setting accredited pursuant to subdivision (g) 10 of Section 1248.1 of the Health and Safety Code. SEC. 4. Section 2499.5 of the Business and Professions Code 11 12 is amended to read: 13 2499.5. The following fees apply to certificates to practice podiatric medicine. The amount of fees prescribed for doctors of 14 15 podiatric medicine shall be those set forth in this section unless a lower fee is established by the board in accordance with Section 16 17 2499.6. Fees collected pursuant to this section shall be fixed by 18 the board in amounts not to exceed the actual costs of providing 19 the service for which the fee is collected. 20 (a) Each applicant for a certificate to practice podiatric medicine 21 shall pay an application fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) at the 22 time the application is filed. If the applicant qualifies for a 23 certificate, he or she shall pay a fee which shall be fixed by the 24 board at an amount not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) nor 25 less than five dollars (\$5) for the issuance of the certificate. (b) The oral examination fee shall be seven hundred dollars 26 27 (\$700), or the actual cost, whichever is lower, and shall be paid 28 by each applicant. If the applicant's credentials are insufficient or 29 if the applicant does not desire to take the examination, and has 30 so notified the board 30 days prior to the examination date, only 31 the examination fee is returnable to the applicant. The board may 32 charge an examination fee for any subsequent reexamination of 33 the applicant. 34 (c) Each applicant who qualifies for a certificate, as a condition 35 precedent to its issuance, in addition to other fees required by this 36 section, shall pay an initial license fee. The initial license fee shall 37 be eight hundred dollars (\$800). The initial license shall expire the second year after its issuance on the last day of the month of 38 39 birth of the licensee. The board may reduce the initial license fee 40 by up to 50 percent of the amount of the fee for any applicant who

- 1 is enrolled in a postgraduate training program approved by the
- 2 board or who has completed a postgraduate training program
- 3 approved by the board within six months prior to the payment of
- 4 the initial license fee.
- 5 (d) The biennial renewal fee shall be nine hundred dollars
- 6 (\$900). Any licensee enrolled in an approved residency program
- 7 shall be required to pay only 50 percent of the biennial renewal
- 8 fee at the time of his or her first renewal.
- 9 (e) The delinquency fee is one hundred fifty dollars (\$150).
- 10 (f) The duplicate wall certificate fee is one hundred dollars 11 (\$100).
- 12 (g) The duplicate renewal receipt fee is fifty dollars (\$50).
- 13 (h) The endorsement fee is thirty dollars (\$30).
- (i) The letter of good standing fee or for loan deferment is one
 hundred dollars (\$100).
- (j) There shall be a fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) for the
 issuance of a resident's license under Section 2475.
- 18 (k) The filing fee to appeal the failure of an oral examination
- 19 shall be one hundred dollars (\$100).
- 20 (1) The fee for approval of a continuing education course or
- 21 program shall be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
- 22 SEC. 5.
- 23 *SEC. 3.* Section 2546.9 of the Business and Professions Code 24 is repealed.
- 25 SEC. 6.
- 26 *SEC. 4.* Section 2546.9 is added to the Business and Professions 27 Code, to read:
- 28 2546.9. The amount of fees prescribed in connection with the
- registration of nonresident contact lens sellers is that establishedby the following schedule:
- (a) The application fee for a nonresident contact lens seller shall
 be a minimum of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and shall not
- exceed two hundred dollars (\$200).
 (b) The initial registration fee shall be a minimum of two
 hundred dollars (\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred dollars
- 36 (\$300).
- 37 (c) The renewal fee shall be a minimum of two hundred dollars
 38 (\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300).
- (\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred donars (\$500).(d) The delinquency fee shall be a minimum of fifty dollars
- 40 (\$50) and shall not exceed seventy-five dollars (\$75).
- 92

1	(e) The fee for replacement of a lost, stolen, or destroyed
2	registration shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25).
3	(f) The State Board of Optometry may periodically revise and
4	fix by regulation the fees specified in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and
5	(d), and these revised fees shall not exceed the reasonable
6	no evilato mu a sat

6 regulatory cost.
7 (g) The fees collected pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited
8 in the Dispensing Opticians Fund, and shall be available, upon
9 appropriation, to the State Board of Optometry for the purposes

10 of this chapter.

11 SEC. 7.

12 *SEC. 5.* Section 2565 of the Business and Professions Code is 13 repealed.

14 **SEC. 8**.

SEC. 6. Section 2565 is added to the Business and ProfessionsCode, to read:

17 2565. The amount of fees prescribed in connection with the18 registration of dispensing opticians shall be as set forth in this19 section.

(a) The application fee for registration shall be a minimum of
one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and shall not exceed two hundred
dollars (\$200).

(b) The initial registration fee shall be a minimum of two
hundred dollars (\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred dollars
(\$300).

(c) The renewal fee shall be a minimum of two hundred dollars
(\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300).

(d) The delinquency fee shall be a minimum of fifty dollars
(\$50) and shall not exceed seventy-five dollars (\$75).

30 (e) The fee for replacement of a lost, stolen, or destroyed 31 certificate shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25).

32 (f) The State Board of Optometry may periodically revise and

33 fix by regulation the fees specified in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and 24 (d) and there are included free shells not arrived the

34 (d), and these revised fees shall not exceed the reasonable 35 regulatory cost.

36 <u>SEC. 9.</u>

37 *SEC.* 7. Section 2566 of the Business and Professions Code is 38 repealed.

1 <u>SEC. 10.</u>

2 SEC. 8. Section 2566 is added to the Business and Professions
3 Code, to read:

4 2566. The amount of fees prescribed in connection with 5 certificates for contact lens dispensers is as follows:

6 (a) The application fee for a registered contact lens dispenser7 shall be a minimum of one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and shall

8 not exceed two hundred dollars (\$200).

9 (b) The initial registration fee shall be a minimum of two 10 hundred dollars (\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred dollars 11 (\$300).

- 12 (c) The biennial fee for the renewal of certificates shall be a 13 minimum of two hundred dollars (\$200) and shall not exceed three 14 hundred dollars (\$300).
- (d) The delinquency fee shall be a minimum of fifty dollars(\$50) and shall not exceed seventy-five dollars (\$75).

(e) The division may by regulation provide for a refund of aportion of the application fee to applicants who do not meet therequirements for registration.

20 (f) The State Board of Optometry may periodically revise and

21 fix by regulation the fees specified in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and

22 (d), and these revised fees shall not exceed the reasonable 23 regulatory cost.

24 (g) The fee for replacement of a lost, stolen, or destroyed25 certificate is twenty-five dollars (\$25).

26 <u>SEC. 11.</u>

27 *SEC. 9.* Section 2566.1 of the Business and Professions Code 28 is repealed.

29 SEC. 12.

30 *SEC. 10.* Section 2566.1 is added to the Business and 31 Professions Code, to read:

2566.1. The amount of fees prescribed in connection with
 certificates for spectacle lens dispensers shall be as set forth in this
 section:

(a) The application for registration fee shall be a minimum of
one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and shall not exceed two hundred
dollars (\$200).

38 (b) The initial registration fee shall be a minimum of two

39 hundred dollars (\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred dollars

40 (\$300).

1 (c) The renewal fee shall be a minimum of two hundred dollars 2 (\$200) and shall not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300).

3 (d) The delinquency fee shall be a minimum of fifty dollars
4 (\$50) and shall not exceed seventy-five dollars (\$75).

5 (e) The fee for replacement of a lost, stolen, or destroyed 6 certificate is twenty-five dollars (\$25).

7 (f) The State Board of Optometry may periodically revise and

8 fix by regulation the fees specified in subdivisions (a), (b), (c), and

9 (d), and these revised fees shall not exceed the reasonable 10 regulatory cost.

10 regulatory cos

11 <u>SEC. 13.</u>

12 *SEC. 11.* Section 2733 of the Business and Professions Code 13 is amended to read:

2733. (a) (1) (A) Upon approval of an application filed 14 15 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 2732.1, and upon the payment of the fee prescribed by subdivision (k) of Section 2815, 16 17 the board may issue a temporary license to practice professional nursing, and a temporary certificate to practice as a certified public 18 19 health nurse for a period of six months from the date of issuance. 20 (B) Upon approval of an application filed pursuant to 21 subdivision (b) of Section 2732.1, and upon the payment of the 22 fee prescribed by subdivision (d) of Section 2838.2, the board may issue a temporary certificate to practice as a certified clinical nurse 23

24 specialist for a period of six months from the date of issuance.

(C) Upon approval of an application filed pursuant to
subdivision (b) of Section 2732.1, and upon the payment of the
fee prescribed by subdivision (e) of Section 2815.5, the board may
issue a temporary certificate to practice as a certified nurse-midwife
for a period of six months from the date of issuance.

30 (D) Upon approval of an application filed pursuant to 31 subdivision (b) of Section 2732.1, and upon the payment of the 32 fee prescribed by subdivision (d) of Section 2830.7, the board may 33 issue a temporary certificate to practice as a certified nurse

34 anesthetist for a period of six months from the date of issuance.

35 (E) Upon approval of an application filed pursuant to subdivision 36 (b) of Section 2732.1, and upon the payment of the fee prescribed

37 by subdivision (p) of Section 2815, the board may issue a

38 temporary certificate to practice as a certified nurse practitioner

39 for a period of six months from the date of issuance.

1 (2) A temporary license or temporary certificate shall terminate

2 upon notice thereof by certified mail, return receipt requested, if
3 it is issued by mistake or if the application for permanent licensure
4 is denied.

5 (b) Upon written application, the board may reissue a temporary

6 license or temporary certificate to any person who has applied for

7 a regular renewable license pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section

8 2732.1 and who, in the judgment of the board has been excusably

9 delayed in completing his or her application for or the minimum

10 requirements for a regular renewable license, but the board may

11 not reissue a temporary license or temporary certificate more than

12 twice to any one person.

13 SEC. 14.

14 *SEC. 12.* Section 2746.51 of the Business and Professions Code 15 is amended to read:

16 2746.51. (a) Neither this chapter nor any other provision of 17 law shall be construed to prohibit a certified nurse-midwife from 18 furnishing or ordering drugs or devices, including controlled 19 substances classified in Schedule II, III, IV, or V under the 20 California Uniform Controlled Substances Act (Division 10 21 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code), 22 when all of the following apply:

(1) The drugs or devices are furnished or ordered incidentallyto the provision of any of the following:

(A) Family planning services, as defined in Section 14503 ofthe Welfare and Institutions Code.

(B) Routine health care or perinatal care, as defined insubdivision (d) of Section 123485 of the Health and Safety Code.

29 (C) Care rendered, consistent with the certified nurse-midwife's

educational preparation or for which clinical competency has beenestablished and maintained, to persons within a facility specified

32 in subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (i), or (j) of Section 1206 of the

33 Health and Safety Code, a clinic as specified in Section 1204 of

34 the Health and Safety Code, a general acute care hospital as defined

35 in subdivision (a) of Section 1250 of the Health and Safety Code,

36 a licensed birth center as defined in Section 1204.3 of the Health

37 and Safety Code, or a special hospital specified as a maternity

38 hospital in subdivision (f) of Section 1250 of the Health and Safety

39 Code.

13

1 (2) The drugs or devices are furnished or ordered by a certified 2 nurse-midwife in accordance with standardized procedures or 3 protocols. For purposes of this section, standardized procedure 4 means a document, including protocols, developed and approved 5 by the supervising physician and surgeon, the certified nurse-midwife, and the facility administrator or his or her designee. 6 7 The standardized procedure covering the furnishing or ordering 8 of drugs or devices shall specify all of the following:

9 (A) Which certified nurse-midwife may furnish or order drugs 10 or devices.

11 (B) Which drugs or devices may be furnished or ordered and 12 under what circumstances.

(C) The extent of physician and surgeon supervision.

14 (D) The method of periodic review of the certified 15 nurse-midwife's competence, including peer review, and review 16 of the provisions of the standardized procedure.

17 (3) If Schedule II or III controlled substances, as defined in Sections 11055 and 11056 of the Health and Safety Code, are 18 furnished or ordered by a certified nurse-midwife, the controlled 19 substances shall be furnished or ordered in accordance with a 20 21 patient-specific protocol approved by the treating or supervising 22 physician and surgeon. For Schedule II controlled substance protocols, the provision for furnishing the Schedule II controlled 23 substance shall address the diagnosis of the illness, injury, or 24 25 condition for which the Schedule II controlled substance is to be 26 furnished. 27 (4) The furnishing or ordering of drugs or devices by a certified

nurse-midwife occurs under physician and surgeon supervision.
For purposes of this section, no physician and surgeon shall
supervise more than four certified nurse-midwives at one time.
Physician and surgeon supervision shall not be construed to require
the physical presence of the physician, but does include all of the

33 following:

34 (A) Collaboration on the development of the standardized35 procedure or protocol.

36 (B) Approval of the standardized procedure or protocol.

37 (C) Availability by telephonic contact at the time of patient38 examination by the certified nurse-midwife.

39 (b) (1) The furnishing or ordering of drugs or devices by a 40 certified nurse-midwife is conditional on the issuance by the board

1 of a number to the applicant who has successfully completed the 2 requirements of paragraph (2). The number shall be included on 3 all transmittals of orders for drugs or devices by the certified 4 nurse-midwife. The board shall maintain a list of the certified 5 nurse-midwives that it has certified pursuant to this paragraph and 6 the number it has issued to each one. The board shall make the list 7 available to the California State Board of Pharmacy upon its 8 request. Every certified nurse-midwife who is authorized pursuant 9 to this section to furnish or issue a drug order for a controlled 10 substance shall register with the United States Drug Enforcement 11 Administration.

(2) The board has certified in accordance with paragraph (1) 12 13 that the certified nurse-midwife has satisfactorily completed a course in pharmacology covering the drugs or devices to be 14 15 furnished or ordered under this section. The board shall establish 16 the requirements for satisfactory completion of this paragraph. 17 The board may charge the applicant a fee to cover all necessary 18 costs to implement this section, that shall be not less than four 19 hundred dollars (\$400) nor more than one thousand five hundred 20 dollars (\$1,500) for an initial application, nor less than one hundred 21 fifty dollars (\$150) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) 22 for an application for renewal. The board may charge a penalty 23 fee for failure to renew a furnishing number within the prescribed time that shall be not less than seventy-five dollars (\$75) nor more 24 25 than five hundred dollars (\$500).

26 (3) A physician and surgeon may determine the extent of
27 supervision necessary pursuant to this section in the furnishing or
28 ordering of drugs and devices.

(4) A copy of the standardized procedure or protocol relating
to the furnishing or ordering of controlled substances by a certified
nurse-midwife shall be provided upon request to any licensed
pharmacist who is uncertain of the authority of the certified
nurse-midwife to perform these functions.

34 (5) Certified nurse-midwives who are certified by the board and 35 hold an active furnishing number, who are currently authorized 36 through standardized procedures or protocols to furnish Schedule 37 II controlled substances, and who are registered with the United 38 States Drug Enforcement Administration shall provide 39 documentation of continuing education specific to the use of

Schedule II controlled substances in settings other than a hospital
 based on standards developed by the board.

3 (c) Drugs or devices furnished or ordered by a certified 4 nurse-midwife may include Schedule II controlled substances

5 under the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act (Division
6 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety

7 Code) under the following conditions:

8 (1) The drugs and devices are furnished or ordered in accordance 9 with requirements referenced in paragraphs (2) to (4), inclusive, 10 of subdivision (a) and in paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of 11 subdivision (b).

(2) When Schedule II controlled substances, as defined in
Section 11055 of the Health and Safety Code, are furnished or
ordered by a certified nurse-midwife, the controlled substances
shall be furnished or ordered in accordance with a patient-specific
protocol approved by the treating or supervising physician and
surgeon.

(d) Furnishing of drugs or devices by a certified nurse-midwife
means the act of making a pharmaceutical agent or agents available
to the patient in strict accordance with a standardized procedure
or protocol. Use of the term "furnishing" in this section shall
include the following:

(1) The ordering of a drug or device in accordance with thestandardized procedure or protocol.

(2) Transmitting an order of a supervising physician andsurgeon.

27 (e) "Drug order" or "order" for purposes of this section means 28 an order for medication or for a drug or device that is dispensed 29 to or for an ultimate user, issued by a certified nurse-midwife as 30 an individual practitioner, within the meaning of Section 1306.03 31 of Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Notwithstanding 32 any other provision of law, (1) a drug order issued pursuant to this 33 section shall be treated in the same manner as a prescription of the 34 supervising physician; (2) all references to "prescription" in this 35 code and the Health and Safety Code shall include drug orders issued by certified nurse-midwives; and (3) the signature of a 36 37 certified nurse-midwife on a drug order issued in accordance with 38 this section shall be deemed to be the signature of a prescriber for

39 purposes of this code and the Health and Safety Code.

1 <u>SEC. 15.</u>

2 SEC. 13. Section 2786.5 of the Business and Professions Code 3 is amended to read:

4 2786.5. (a) An institution of higher education or a private 5 postsecondary school of nursing approved by the board pursuant 6 to subdivision (b) of Section 2786 shall remit to the board for 7 deposit in the Board of Registered Nursing Fund the following 8 fees, in accordance with the following schedule:

9 (1) The fee for approval of a school of nursing shall be fixed 10 by the board at not less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) nor 11 more than eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000).

12 (2) The fee for continuing approval of a nursing program 13 established after January 1, 2013, shall be fixed by the board at 14 not less than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) nor more than 15 thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000).

16 (3) The processing fee for authorization of a substantive change17 to an approval of a school of nursing shall be fixed by the board

18 at not less than two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) nor

19 more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000).

(b) If the board determines that the annual cost of providing
oversight and review of a school of nursing, as required by this
article, is less than the amount of any fees required to be paid by

23 that institution pursuant to this article, the board may decrease the

24 fees applicable to that institution to an amount that is proportional

25 to the board's costs associated with that institution.

26 SEC. 16.

27 *SEC. 14.* Section 2811 of the Business and Professions Code 28 is amended to read:

29 2811. (a) Each person holding a regular renewable license 30 under this chapter, whether in an active or inactive status, shall 31 apply for a renewal of his or her license and pay the biennial 32 renewal fee required by this chapter each two years on or before the last day of the month following the month in which his or her 33 34 birthday occurs, beginning with the second birthday following the 35 date on which the license was issued, whereupon the board shall 36 renew the license.

(b) Each such license not renewed in accordance with this
section shall expire but may within a period of eight years
thereafter be reinstated upon payment of the fee required by this
chapter and upon submission of such proof of the applicant's

1 qualifications as may be required by the board, except that during

2 such eight-year period no examination shall be required as a

3 condition for the reinstatement of any such expired license which

4 has lapsed solely by reason of nonpayment of the renewal fee.

5 After the expiration of such eight-year period the board may require

6 as a condition of reinstatement that the applicant pass such

7 examination as it deems necessary to determine his present fitness

8 to resume the practice of professional nursing.

9 (c) A license in an inactive status may be restored to an active

10 status if the licensee meets the continuing education standards of

11 Section 2811.5.

12 SEC. 17.

13 SEC. 15. Section 2811.5 of the Business and Professions Code 14 is amended to read:

15 2811.5. (a) Each person renewing his or her license under 16 Section 2811 shall submit proof satisfactory to the board that, 17 during the preceding two-year period, he or she has been informed 18 of the developments in the registered nurse field or in any special 19 area of practice engaged in by the licensee, occurring since the

20 last renewal thereof, either by pursuing a course or courses of

20 ast renewal different, either by pursuing a course of courses of 21 continuing education in the registered nurse field or relevant to

the practice of the licensee, and approved by the board, or by other

23 means deemed equivalent by the board.

(b) For purposes of this section, the board shall, by regulation,
establish standards for continuing education. The standards shall
be established in a manner to ensure that a variety of alternative
forms of continuing education are available to licensees, including,
but not limited to, academic studies, in-service education, institutes,

29 seminars, lectures, conferences, workshops, extension studies, and

30 home study programs. The standards shall take cognizance of 31 specialized areas of practice, and content shall be relevant to the

31 specialized areas of practice, and content shall be relevant to the 32 practice of nursing and shall be related to the scientific knowledge

or technical skills required for the practice of nursing or be related

34 to direct or indirect patient or client care. The continuing education

35 standards established by the board shall not exceed 30 hours of

36 direct participation in a course or courses approved by the board,

37 or its equivalent in the units of measure adopted by the board.

38 (c) The board shall audit continuing education providers at least

39 once every five years to ensure adherence to regulatory

requirements, and shall withhold or rescind approval from any
 provider that is in violation of the regulatory requirements.

3 (d) The board shall encourage continuing education in spousal

4 or partner abuse detection and treatment. In the event the board 5 establishes a requirement for continuing education coursework in

6 spousal or partner abuse detection or treatment, that requirement

shall be met by each licensee within no more than four years from

8 the date the requirement is imposed.

9 (e) In establishing standards for continuing education, the board

10 shall consider including a course in the special care needs of

11 individuals and their families facing end-of-life issues, including,

12 but not limited to, all of the following:

- 13 (1) Pain and symptom management.
- 14 (2) The psycho-social dynamics of death.
- 15 (3) Dying and bereavement.
- 16 (4) Hospice care.

(f) In establishing standards for continuing education, the boardmay include a course on pain management.

19 (g) This section shall not apply to licensees during the first two

20 years immediately following their initial licensure in California21 or any other governmental jurisdiction.

(h) The board may, in accordance with the intent of this section,
 make exceptions from continuing education requirements for
 licensees residing in another state or country, or for reasons of

25 health, military service, or other good cause.

26 SEC. 18.

27 *SEC. 16.* Section 2815 of the Business and Professions Code 28 is amended to read:

29 2815. Subject to the provisions of Section 128.5, the amount 30 of the fees prescribed by this chapter in connection with the 31 issuance of licenses for registered nurses under its provisions is

32 that fixed by the following schedule:

33 (a) (1) The fee to be paid upon the filing by a graduate of an

34 approved school of nursing in this state of an application for a

35 licensure by examination shall be fixed by the board at not less

36 than three hundred dollars (\$300) nor more than one thousand 37 dollars (\$1,000).

38 (2) The fee to be paid upon the filing by a graduate of a school

39 of nursing in another state, district, or territory of the United States

40 of an application for a licensure by examination shall be fixed by

1 the board at not less than three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) nor 2 more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

3 (3) The fee to be paid upon the filing by a graduate of a school 4 of nursing in another country of an application for a licensure by 5 examination shall be fixed by the board at not less than seven 6 hundred fifty dollars (\$750) nor more than one thousand five 7 hundred dollars (\$1,500).

8 (4) The fee to be paid upon the filing of an application for 9 licensure by a repeat examination shall be fixed by the board at 10 not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and not more than 11 one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

(b) The fee to be paid for taking each examination shall be theactual cost to purchase an examination from a vendor approvedby the board.

15 (c) (1) The fee to be paid for application by a person who is 16 licensed or registered as a nurse in another state, district, or territory 17 of the United States for licensure by endorsement shall be fixed 18 by the board at not less than three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) nor

19 more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

20 (2) The fee to be paid for application by a person who is licensed

21 or registered as a nurse in another country for licensure by

22 endorsement shall be fixed by the board at not less than seven

hundred fifty dollars (\$750) nor more than one thousand fivehundred dollars (\$1,500).

(d) (1) The biennial fee to be paid upon the filing of an
application for renewal of the license shall be not less than one
hundred eighty dollars (\$180) nor more than seven hundred fifty
dollars (\$750). In addition, an assessment of ten dollars (\$10) shall
be collected and credited to the Registered Nurse Education Fund,
pursuant to Section 2815.1.

(2) The fee to be paid upon the filing of an application for
 reinstatement pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 2811 shall be
 not less than three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) nor more than one

34 thousand dollars (\$1,000).

35 (e) The penalty fee for failure to renew a license within the

36 prescribed time shall be fixed by the board at not more than 50

37 percent of the regular renewal fee, but not less than ninety dollars (0.02)

38 (\$90) nor more than three hundred seventy-five dollars (\$375).

(f) The fee to be paid for approval of a continuing education
provider shall be fixed by the board at not less than five hundred
dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

4 (g) The biennial fee to be paid upon the filing of an application 5 for renewal of provider approval shall be fixed by the board at not 6 less than seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750) nor more than one 7 thousand dollars (\$1,000).

8 (h) The penalty fee for failure to renew provider approval within 9 the prescribed time shall be fixed at not more than 50 percent of 10 the regular renewal fee, but not less than one hundred twenty-five 11 dollars (\$125) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

(i) The penalty for submitting insufficient funds or fictitious
check, draft or order on any bank or depository for payment of
any fee to the board shall be fixed at not less than fifteen dollars
(\$15) nor more than thirty dollars (\$30).

(j) The fee to be paid for an interim permit shall be fixed by the
board at not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than
two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

(k) The fee to be paid for a temporary license shall be fixed by
the board at not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more
than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

(*l*) The fee to be paid for processing endorsement papers to other
states shall be fixed by the board at not less than one hundred
dollars (\$100) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200).

(m) The fee to be paid for a certified copy of a school transcript
shall be fixed by the board at not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor
more than one hundred dollars (\$100).

(n) (1) The fee to be paid for a duplicate pocket license shall
be fixed by the board at not less than fifty dollars (\$50) nor more
than seventy-five dollars (\$75).

(2) The fee to be paid for a duplicate wall certificate shall be
fixed by the board at not less than sixty dollars (\$60) nor more
than one hundred dollars (\$100).

34 (o) (1) The fee to be paid by a registered nurse for an evaluation

of his or her qualifications to use the title "nurse practitioner" shall
be fixed by the board at not less than five hundred dollars (\$500)

37 nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500).

38 (2) The fee to be paid by a registered nurse for a temporary 39 certificate to practice as a nurse practitioner shall be fixed by the

1	board at not less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor more
2	than five hundred dollars (\$500).

3 (3) The fee to be paid upon the filing of an application for 4 renewal of a certificate to practice as a nurse practitioner shall be

5 not less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor more than one6 thousand dollars (\$1,000).

7 (4) The penalty fee for failure to renew a certificate to practice
8 as a nurse practitioner within the prescribed time shall be not less
9 than seventy-five dollars (\$75) nor more than five hundred dollars
10 (\$500).

(p) The fee to be paid by a registered nurse for listing as a
"psychiatric mental health nurse" shall be fixed by the board at
not less than three hundred fifty dollars (\$350) nor more than seven
hundred fifty dollars (\$750).

15 (q) The fee to be paid for duplicate National Council Licensure

16 Examination for registered nurses (NCLEX-RN) examination 17 results shall be not less than sixty dollars (\$60) nor more than one

18 hundred dollars (\$100).

(r) The fee to be paid for a letter certifying a license shall benot less than twenty dollars (\$20) nor more than thirty dollars(\$30).

No further fee shall be required for a license or a renewal thereofother than as prescribed by this chapter.

24 <u>SEC. 19.</u>

25 SEC. 17. Section 2815.5 of the Business and Professions Code 26 is amended to read:

27 2815.5. The amount of the fees prescribed by this chapter in28 connection with the issuance of certificates as nurse-midwives is29 that fixed by the following schedule:

30 (a) The fee to be paid upon the filing of an application for a

31 certificate shall be fixed by the board at not less than five hundred

32 dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars 33 (\$1,500).

34 (b) The biennial fee to be paid upon the application for a renewal

of a certificate shall be fixed by the board at not less than one
hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor more than one thousand dollars
(\$1,000).

38 (c) The penalty fee for failure to renew a certificate within the

39 prescribed time shall be 50 percent of the renewal fee in effect on

the date of the renewal of the license, but not less than seventy-five
dollars (\$75) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

3 (d) The fee to be paid upon the filing of an application for the 4 nurse-midwife equivalency examination shall be fixed by the board 5 at not less than one hundred dollars (\$100) nor more than two 6 hundred dollars (\$200).

(e) The fee to be paid for a temporary certificate shall be fixed
by the board at not less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor

9 more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

10 SEC. 20.

11 *SEC. 18.* Section 2816 of the Business and Professions Code 12 is amended to read:

13 2816. The nonrefundable fee to be paid by a registered nurse 14 for an evaluation of his or her qualifications to use the title "public 15 health nurse" shall be equal to the fees set out in subdivision (o) of Section 2815. The fee to be paid upon the application for 16 17 renewal of the certificate to practice as a public health nurse shall 18 be fixed by the board at not less than one hundred twenty-five 19 dollars (\$125) and not more than five hundred dollars (\$500). All fees payable under this section shall be collected by and paid to 20 21 the Registered Nursing Fund. It is the intention of the Legislature 22 that the costs of carrying out the purposes of this article shall be

23 covered by the revenue collected pursuant to this section.

24 <u>SEC. 21.</u>

25 *SEC. 19.* Section 2830.7 of the Business and Professions Code 26 is amended to read:

27 2830.7. The amount of the fees prescribed by this chapter in28 connection with the issuance of certificates as nurse anesthetists29 is that fixed by the following schedule:

30 (a) The fee to be paid upon the filing of an application for a

31 certificate shall be fixed by the board at not less than five hundred

dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars(\$1,500).

34 (b) The biennial fee to be paid upon the application for a renewal
35 of a certificate shall be fixed by the board at not less than one
36 hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor more than one thousand dollars

hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor more than one thousand dollars(\$1,000).

38 (c) The penalty fee for failure to renew a certificate within the

39 prescribed time shall be 50 percent of the renewal fee in effect on

the date of the renewal of the license, but not less than seventy-fivedollars (\$75) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

3 (d) The fee to be paid for a temporary certificate shall be fixed

4 by the board at not less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor 5 more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

6 <u>SEC. 22.</u>

7 *SEC. 20.* Section 2836.3 of the Business and Professions Code 8 is amended to read:

2836.3. (a) The furnishing of drugs or devices by nurse 9 practitioners is conditional on issuance by the board of a number 10 to the nurse applicant who has successfully completed the 11 requirements of subdivision (g) of Section 2836.1. The number 12 13 shall be included on all transmittals of orders for drugs or devices 14 by the nurse practitioner. The board shall make the list of numbers 15 issued available to the Board of Pharmacy. The board may charge the applicant a fee to cover all necessary costs to implement this 16 17 section, that shall be not less than four hundred dollars (\$400) nor more than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for an initial 18 19 application, nor less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) nor more 20 than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for an application for renewal. 21 The board may charge a penalty fee for failure to renew a

furnishing number within the prescribed time that shall be not less
 than seventy-five dollars (\$75) nor more than five hundred dollars

24 (\$500).

(b) The number shall be renewable at the time of the applicant'sregistered nurse license renewal.

(c) The board may revoke, suspend, or deny issuance of the
 numbers for incompetence or gross negligence in the performance
 of functions specified in Sections 2826 1 and 2826 2

29 of functions specified in Sections 2836.1 and 2836.2.

30 SEC. 23.

SEC. 21. Section 2838.2 of the Business and Professions Codeis amended to read:

33 2838.2. (a) A clinical nurse specialist is a registered nurse with

advanced education, who participates in expert clinical practice,
education, research, consultation, and clinical leadership as the
major components of his or her role.

(b) The board may establish categories of clinical nurse
specialists and the standards required to be met for nurses to hold
themselves out as clinical nurse specialists in each category. The
standards shall take into account the types of advanced levels of

1 nursing practice that are or may be performed and the clinical and

2 didactic education, experience, or both needed to practice safety3 at those levels. In setting the standards, the board shall consult

3 at those levels. In setting the standards, the board shall consult 4 with clinical nurse specialists, physicians and surgeons appointed

4 with clinical nurse specialists, physicians and surgeons appointed

5 by the Medical Board *of California* with expertise with clinical 6 nurse specialists, and health care organizations that utilize clinical

7 nurse specialists.

8 (c) A registered nurse who meets one of the following 9 requirements may apply to become a clinical nurse specialist:

10 (1) Possession of a master's degree in a clinical field of nursing.

11 (2) Possession of a master's degree in a clinical field related to 12 nursing with coursework in the components referred to in

13 subdivision (a).

14 (3) On or before July 1, 1998, meets the following requirements:

15 (A) Current licensure as a registered nurse.

16 (B) Performs the role of a clinical nurse specialist as described 17 in subdivision (a).

18 (C) Meets any other criteria established by the board.

19 (d) (1) A nonrefundable fee of not less than five hundred dollars

20 (\$500), but not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars
21 (\$1,500) shall be paid by a registered nurse applying to be a clinical
22 nurse specialist for the evaluation of his or her qualifications to
23 use the title "clinical nurse specialist."

(2) The fee to be paid for a temporary certificate to practice as
a clinical nurse specialist shall be not less than thirty dollars (\$30)
nor more than fifty dollars (\$50).

(3) A biennial renewal fee shall be paid upon submission of an
application to renew the clinical nurse specialist certificate and
shall be established by the board at no less than one hundred fifty
dollars (\$150) and no more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

(4) The penalty fee for failure to renew a certificate within the
prescribed time shall be 50 percent of the renewal fee in effect on
the date of the renewal of the license, but not less than seventy-five
dollars (\$75) nor more than five hundred dollars (\$500).

(5) The fees authorized by this subdivision shall not exceed the
amount necessary to cover the costs to the board to administer this
section.

38 SEC. 24.

39 *SEC. 22.* Section 4128.2 of the Business and Professions Code 40 is amended to read:

4128.2. (a) In addition to the pharmacy license requirement
described in Section 4110, a centralized hospital packaging
pharmacy shall obtain a specialty license from the board prior to
engaging in the functions described in Section 4128.

5 (b) An applicant seeking a specialty license pursuant to this 6 article shall apply to the board on forms established by the board.

7 (c) Before issuing the specialty license, the board shall inspect
8 the pharmacy and ensure that the pharmacy is in compliance with
9 this article and regulations established by the board.

10 (d) A license to perform the functions described in Section 4128

11 may only be issued to a pharmacy that is licensed by the board as12 a hospital pharmacy.

(e) A license issued pursuant to this article shall be renewedannually and is not transferrable.

(f) An applicant seeking renewal of a specialty license shallapply to the board on forms established by the board.

(g) A license to perform the functions described in Section 4128
shall not be renewed until the pharmacy has been inspected by the
heard and found to be in compliance with this article and

19 board and found to be in compliance with this article and20 regulations established by the board.

(h) Until July 1, 2017, the fee for issuance or annual renewalof a centralized hospital packaging pharmacy license shall be six

hundred dollars (\$600) and may be increased by the board to eight

24 hundred dollars (\$800).

25 SEC. 25.

26 *SEC. 23.* Section 4400 of the Business and Professions Code 27 is amended to read:

4400. The amount of fees and penalties prescribed by this
chapter, except as otherwise provided, is that fixed by the board
according to the following schedule:

(a) The fee for a nongovernmental pharmacy license shall be
four hundred dollars (\$400) and may be increased to five hundred
twenty dollars (\$520). The fee for the issuance of a temporary
nongovernmental pharmacy permit shall be two hundred fifty
dollars (\$250) and may be increased to three hundred twenty-five
dollars (\$325).

(b) The fee for a nongovernmental pharmacy license annualrenewal shall be two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and may be

39 increased to three hundred twenty-five dollars (\$325).

(c) The fee for the pharmacist application and examination shall
 be two hundred dollars (\$200) and may be increased to two
 hundred sixty dollars (\$260).

4 (d) The fee for regrading an examination shall be ninety dollars

5 (\$90) and may be increased to one hundred fifteen dollars (\$115).
6 If an error in grading is found and the applicant passes the

7 examination, the regrading fee shall be refunded.

8 (e) The fee for a pharmacist license and biennial renewal shall 9 be one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and may be increased to one 10 hundred ninety-five dollars (\$195).

11 (f) The fee for a nongovernmental wholesaler or third-party 12 logistics provider license and annual renewal shall be seven 13 hundred eighty dollars (\$780) and may be decreased to no less than six hundred dollars (\$600). The application fee for any 14 15 additional location after licensure of the first 20 locations shall be 16 three hundred dollars (\$300) and may be decreased to no less than 17 two hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225). A temporary license fee 18 shall be seven hundred fifteen dollars (\$715) and may be decreased 19 to no less than five hundred fifty dollars (\$550).

(g) The fee for a hypodermic license and renewal shall be one
hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) and may be increased to one
hundred sixty-five dollars (\$165).

(h) (1) The fee for application, investigation, and issuance of
a license as a designated representative pursuant to Section 4053,
or as a designated representative-3PL pursuant to Section 4053.1,

shall be three hundred thirty dollars (\$330) and may be decreased

27 to no less than two hundred fifty-five dollars (\$255).

(2) The fee for the annual renewal of a license as a designated
representative or designated representative-3PL shall be one
hundred ninety-five dollars (\$195) and may be decreased to no
less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150).

(i) (1) The fee for the application, investigation, and issuance
of a license as a designated representative for a veterinary
food-animal drug retailer pursuant to Section 4053 shall be three
hundred thirty dollars (\$330) and may be decreased to no less than
two hundred fifty-five dollars (\$255).

(2) The fee for the annual renewal of a license as a designated
representative for a veterinary food-animal drug retailer shall be
one hundred ninety-five dollars (\$195) and may be decreased to
no less than one hundred fifty dollars (\$150).

1 (j) (1) The application fee for a nonresident wholesaler or 2 third-party logistics provider license issued pursuant to Section

4161 shall be seven hundred eighty dollars (\$780) and may be
decreased to no less than six hundred dollars (\$600).

5 (2) For nonresident wholesalers or third-party logistics providers that have 21 or more facilities operating nationwide the application 6 7 fees for the first 20 locations shall be seven hundred eighty dollars 8 (\$780) and may be decreased to no less than six hundred dollars 9 (\$600). The application fee for any additional location after licensure of the first 20 locations shall be three hundred dollars 10 (\$300) and may be decreased to no less than two hundred 11 twenty-five dollars (\$225). A temporary license fee shall be seven 12

hundred fifteen dollars (\$715) and may be decreased to no lessthan five hundred fifty dollars (\$550).

(3) The annual renewal fee for a nonresident wholesaler license
or third-party logistics provider license issued pursuant to Section
4161 shall be seven hundred eighty dollars (\$780) and may be

18 decreased to no less than six hundred dollars (\$600).

(k) The fee for evaluation of continuing education courses for
accreditation shall be set by the board at an amount not to exceed
forty dollars (\$40) per course hour.

(*l*) The fee for an intern pharmacist license shall be ninety dollars
(\$90) and may be increased to one hundred fifteen dollars (\$115).

The fee for transfer of intern hours or verification of licensure to another state shall be twenty-five dollars (\$25) and may be increased to thirty dollars (\$30).

(m) The board may waive or refund the additional fee for the
issuance of a license where the license is issued less than 45 days
before the next regular renewal date.

30 (n) The fee for the reissuance of any license, or renewal thereof,

31 that has been lost or destroyed or reissued due to a name change

shall be thirty-five dollars (\$35) and may be increased to forty-fivedollars (\$45).

(o) The fee for the reissuance of any license, or renewal thereof,
that must be reissued because of a change in the information, shall
be one hundred dollars (\$100) and may be increased to one hundred

37 thirty dollars (\$130).

38 (p) It is the intent of the Legislature that, in setting fees pursuant

39 to this section, the board shall seek to maintain a reserve in the

Pharmacy Board Contingent Fund equal to approximately one
 year's operating expenditures.

3 (q) The fee for any applicant for a nongovernmental clinic 4 license shall be four hundred dollars (\$400) and may be increased

5 to five hundred twenty dollars (\$520) for each license. The annual

6 fee for renewal of the license shall be two hundred fifty dollars

7 (\$250) and may be increased to three hundred twenty-five dollars

8 (\$325) for each license.

9 (r) The fee for the issuance of a pharmacy technician license

shall be eighty dollars (\$80) and may be increased to one hundredfive dollars (\$105). The fee for renewal of a pharmacy technician

five dollars (\$105). The fee for renewal of a pharmacy technician license shall be one hundred dollars (\$100) and may be increased

13 to one hundred thirty dollars (\$130).

14 (s) The fee for a veterinary food-animal drug retailer license

15 shall be four hundred five dollars (\$405) and may be increased to

16 four hundred twenty-five dollars (\$425). The annual renewal fee

17 for a veterinary food-animal drug retailer license shall be two

18 hundred fifty dollars (\$250) and may be increased to three hundred

19 twenty-five dollars (\$325).

(t) The fee for issuance of a retired license pursuant to Section
4200.5 shall be thirty-five dollars (\$35) and may be increased to
forty-five dollars (\$45).

23 (u) The fee for issuance or renewal of a nongovernmental sterile

24 compounding pharmacy license shall be six hundred dollars (\$600)

and may be increased to seven hundred eighty dollars (\$780). The

26 fee for a temporary license shall be five hundred fifty dollars (\$550)

and may be increased to seven hundred fifteen dollars (\$715).

28 (v) The fee for the issuance or renewal of a nonresident sterile 29 compounding pharmacy license shall be seven hundred eighty 30 dollars (\$780). In addition to paying that application fee, the 31 nonresident sterile compounding pharmacy shall deposit, when 32 submitting the application, a reasonable amount, as determined by 33 the board, necessary to cover the board's estimated cost of 34 performing the inspection required by Section 4127.2. If the 35 required deposit is not submitted with the application, the 36 application shall be deemed to be incomplete. If the actual cost of 37 the inspection exceeds the amount deposited, the board shall 38 provide to the applicant a written invoice for the remaining amount 39 and shall not take action on the application until the full amount 40 has been paid to the board. If the amount deposited exceeds the

- amount of actual and necessary costs incurred, the board shall
 remit the difference to the applicant.
- 3 (w) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2017, and 4 as of January 1, 2018, is repealed.
- 5 <u>SEC. 26.</u>

6 *SEC. 24.* Section 4400 is added to the Business and Professions 7 Code, to read:

8 4400. The amount of fees and penalties prescribed by this 9 chapter, except as otherwise provided, is that fixed by the board 10 according to the following schedule:

(a) The fee for a nongovernmental pharmacy license shall be
five hundred twenty dollars (\$520) and may be increased to five
hundred seventy dollars (\$570). The fee for the issuance of a
temporary nongovernmental pharmacy permit shall be two hundred
fifty dollars (\$250) and may be increased to three hundred
twenty-five dollars (\$325).

(b) The fee for a nongovernmental pharmacy license annual
renewal shall be six hundred sixty-five dollars (\$665) and may be
increased to nine hundred thirty dollars (\$930).

(c) The fee for the pharmacist application and examination shall
be two hundred sixty dollars (\$260) and may be increased to two
hundred eighty-five dollars (\$285).

23 (d) The fee for regrading an examination shall be ninety dollars

24 (\$90) and may be increased to one hundred fifteen dollars (\$115).

25 If an error in grading is found and the applicant passes the26 examination, the regrading fee shall be refunded.

(e) The fee for a pharmacist license shall be one hundred
ninety-five dollars (\$195) and may be increased to two hundred
fifteen dollars (\$215). The fee for a pharmacist biennial renewal
shall be three hundred sixty dollars (\$360) and may be increased
to five hundred five dollars (\$505).

32 (f) The fee for a nongovernmental wholesaler or third-party logistics provider license and annual renewal shall be seven 33 34 hundred eighty dollars (\$780) and may be increased to eight 35 hundred twenty dollars (\$820). The application fee for any additional location after licensure of the first 20 locations shall be 36 37 three hundred dollars (\$300) and may be decreased to no less than 38 two hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225). A temporary license fee 39 shall be seven hundred fifteen dollars (\$715) and may be decreased 40 to no less than five hundred fifty dollars (\$550).

1 (g) The fee for a hypodermic license shall be one hundred 2 seventy dollars (\$170) and may be increased to two hundred forty 3 dollars (\$240). The fee for a hypodermic license renewal shall be 4 two hundred dollars (\$200) and may be increased to two hundred 5 eighty dollars (\$280).

6 (h) (1) The fee for application, investigation, and issuance of
7 a license as a designated representative pursuant to Section 4053,
8 or as a designated representative-3PL pursuant to Section 4053.1,
9 shall be one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and may be increased to

10 two hundred ten dollars (\$210).

11 (2) The fee for the annual renewal of a license as a designated 12 representative or designated representative-3PL shall be two 13 hundred fifteen dollars (\$215) and may be increased to three 14 hundred dollars (\$300).

(i) (1) The fee for the application, investigation, and issuance
of a license as a designated representative for a veterinary
food-animal drug retailer pursuant to Section 4053 shall be one
hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and may be increased to two hundred
ten dollars (\$210).

20 (2) The fee for the annual renewal of a license as a designated 21 representative for a veterinary food-animal drug retailer shall be 22 two hundred fifteen dollars (\$215) and may be increased to three 23 hundred dollars (\$300).

(j) (1) The application fee for a nonresident wholesaler or
third-party logistics provider license issued pursuant to Section
4161 shall be seven hundred eighty dollars (\$780) and may be
increased to eight hundred twenty dollars (\$820).

28 (2) For nonresident wholesalers or third-party logistics providers that have 21 or more facilities operating nationwide the application 29 30 fees for the first 20 locations shall be seven hundred eighty dollars 31 (\$780) and may be increased to eight hundred twenty dollars 32 (\$820). The application fee for any additional location after licensure of the first 20 locations shall be three hundred dollars 33 34 (\$300) and may be decreased to no less than two hundred 35 twenty-five dollars (\$225). A temporary license fee shall be seven 36 hundred fifteen dollars (\$715) and may be decreased to no less 37 than five hundred fifty dollars (\$550).

38 (3) The annual renewal fee for a nonresident wholesaler license

39 or third-party logistics provider license issued pursuant to Section

1 4161 shall be seven hundred eighty dollars (\$780) and may be 2 increased to eight hundred twenty dollars (\$820).

3 (k) The fee for evaluation of continuing education courses for

4 accreditation shall be set by the board at an amount not to exceed5 forty dollars (\$40) per course hour.

6 (*l*) The fee for an intern pharmacist license shall be one hundred

7 sixty-five dollars (\$165) and may be increased to two hundred

8 thirty dollars (\$230). The fee for transfer of intern hours or

9 verification of licensure to another state shall be twenty-five dollars10 (\$25) and may be increased to thirty dollars (\$30).

(m) The board may waive or refund the additional fee for the
issuance of a license where the license is issued less than 45 days
before the next regular renewal date.

14 (n) The fee for the reissuance of any license, or renewal thereof,

that has been lost or destroyed or reissued due to a name changeshall be thirty-five dollars (\$35) and may be increased to forty-fivedollars (\$45).

(o) The fee for the reissuance of any license, or renewal thereof,
that must be reissued because of a change in the information, shall
be one hundred dollars (\$100) and may be increased to one hundred
thirty dollars (\$130).

(p) It is the intent of the Legislature that, in setting fees pursuant
to this section, the board shall seek to maintain a reserve in the
Pharmacy Board Contingent Fund equal to approximately one
year's operating expenditures.

(q) The fee for any applicant for a nongovernmental clinic
license shall be five hundred twenty dollars (\$520) for each license
and may be increased to five hundred seventy dollars (\$570). The
annual fee for renewal of the license shall be three hundred
twenty-five dollars (\$325) for each license and may be increased
to three hundred sixty dollars (\$360).

(r) The fee for the issuance of a pharmacy technician license
shall be one hundred forty dollars (\$140) and may be increased to
one hundred ninety-five dollars (\$195). The fee for renewal of a
pharmacy technician license shall be one hundred forty dollars
(\$140) and may be increased to one hundred ninety-five dollars
(\$140) and may be increased to one hundred ninety-five dollars
(\$140).

38 (s) The fee for a veterinary food-animal drug retailer license 39 shall be four hundred thirty-five dollars (\$435) and may be

40 increased to six hundred ten dollars (\$610). The annual renewal

fee for a veterinary food-animal drug retailer license shall be three
 hundred thirty dollars (\$330) and may be increased to four hundred

3 sixty dollars (\$460).

4 (t) The fee for issuance of a retired license pursuant to Section

5 4200.5 shall be thirty-five dollars (\$35) and may be increased to 6 forty-five dollars (\$45).

7 (u) The fee for issuance of a nongovernmental sterile 8 compounding pharmacy license shall be one thousand six hundred 9 forty-five dollars (\$1,645) and may be increased to two thousand 10 three hundred five dollars (\$2,305). The fee for a temporary license 11 shall be five hundred fifty dollars (\$550) and may be increased to 12 seven hundred fifteen dollars (\$715). The annual renewal fee of 13 the license shall be one thousand three hundred twenty-five dollars 14 (\$1,325) and may be increased to one thousand eight hundred 15 fifty-five dollars (\$1,855).

16 (v) The fee for the issuance of a nonresident sterile compounding 17 pharmacy license shall be two thousand three hundred eighty 18 dollars (\$2,380) and may be increased to three thousand three 19 hundred thirty-five dollars (\$3,335). The annual renewal of the license shall be two thousand two hundred seventy dollars (\$2,270) 20 21 and may be increased to three thousand one hundred eighty dollars 22 (\$3,180). In addition to paying that application fee, the nonresident 23 sterile compounding pharmacy shall deposit, when submitting the 24 application, a reasonable amount, as determined by the board, 25 necessary to cover the board's estimated cost of performing the 26 inspection required by Section 4127.2. If the required deposit is 27 not submitted with the application, the application shall be deemed 28 to be incomplete. If the actual cost of the inspection exceeds the 29 amount deposited, the board shall provide to the applicant a written 30 invoice for the remaining amount and shall not take action on the 31 application until the full amount has been paid to the board. If the 32 amount deposited exceeds the amount of actual and necessary 33 costs incurred, the board shall remit the difference to the applicant. 34 (w) The fee for the issuance of a centralized hospital packaging 35 license shall be eight hundred twenty dollars (\$820) and may be 36 increased to one thousand one hundred fifty dollars (\$1,150). The 37 annual renewal of the license shall be eight hundred five dollars 38 (\$805) and may be increased to one thousand one hundred 39 twenty-five dollars (\$1,125).

40 (x) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2017.

1 <u>SEC. 27.</u>

2 SEC. 25. Section 4830 of the Business and Professions Code 3 is amended to read:

4 4830. (a) This chapter does not apply to:

5 (1) Veterinarians while serving in any armed branch of the 6 military service of the United States or the United States 7 Department of Agriculture while actually engaged and employed 8 in their official capacity.

9 (2) Veterinarians holding a current, valid license in good standing in another state or country who provide assistance to a 10 California licensed veterinarian and attend on a specific case. The 11 12 California licensed veterinarian shall maintain a valid 13 veterinarian-client-patient relationship. The veterinarian providing 14 the assistance shall not establish a veterinarian-client-patient 15 relationship with the client by attending the case or at a future time and shall not practice veterinary medicine, open an office, appoint 16 17 a place to meet patients, communicate with clients who reside 18 within the limits of this state, give orders, or have ultimate authority 19 over the care or primary diagnosis of a patient that is located within 20 this state. 21 (3) Veterinarians called into the state by a law enforcement 22 agency or animal control agency pursuant to subdivision (b). (4) Veterinarians employed by the University of California 23

while engaged in the performance of duties in connection with the 24 25 College of Agriculture, the Agricultural Experiment Station, the 26 School of Veterinary Medicine, or the agricultural extension work 27 of the university or employed by the Western University of Health Sciences while engaged in the performance of duties in connection 28 29 with the College of Veterinary Medicine or the agricultural 30 extension work of the university. 31 (5) Students in the School of Veterinary Medicine of the

University of California or the College of Veterinary Medicine of the Western University of Health Sciences who participate in diagnosis and treatment as part of their educational experience, including those in off-campus educational programs under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian in good standing, as defined in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 4848, appointed by the University of California, Davis, or the Western

39 University of Health Sciences.

1 (6) A veterinarian who is employed by the Meat and Poultry 2 Inspection Branch of the California Department of Food and 3 Agriculture while actually engaged and employed in his or her 4 official capacity. A person exempt under this paragraph shall not 5 otherwise engage in the practice of veterinary medicine unless he 6 or she is issued a license by the board.

(7) Unlicensed personnel employed by the Department of Food 7 8 and Agriculture or the United States Department of Agriculture 9 when in the course of their duties they are directed by a veterinarian 10 supervisor to conduct an examination, obtain biological specimens, 11 apply biological tests, or administer medications or biological 12 products as part of government disease or condition monitoring, 13 investigation, control, or eradication activities.

14 (b) (1) For purposes of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a), a 15 regularly licensed veterinarian in good standing who is called from 16 another state by a law enforcement agency or animal control 17 agency, as defined in Section 31606 of the Food and Agricultural 18 Code, to attend to cases that are a part of an investigation of an 19 alleged violation of federal or state animal fighting or animal 20 cruelty laws within a single geographic location shall be exempt 21 from the licensing requirements of this chapter if the law 22 enforcement agency or animal control agency determines that it 23 is necessary to call the veterinarian in order for the agency or 24 officer to conduct the investigation in a timely, efficient, and 25 effective manner. In determining whether it is necessary to call a 26 veterinarian from another state, consideration shall be given to the 27 availability of veterinarians in this state to attend to these cases. 28 An agency, department, or officer that calls a veterinarian pursuant 29 to this subdivision shall notify the board of the investigation.

30 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a 31 regularly licensed veterinarian in good standing who is called from 32 another state to attend to cases that are a part of an investigation 33 described in paragraph (1) may provide veterinary medical care 34 for animals that are affected by the investigation with a temporary shelter facility, and the temporary shelter facility shall be exempt 35 36 from the registration requirement of Section 4853 if all of the 37

following conditions are met:

38 (A) The temporary shelter facility is established only for the 39 purpose of the investigation.

1 (B) The temporary shelter facility provides veterinary medical 2 care, shelter, food, and water only to animals that are affected by 3 the investigation. 4

(C) The temporary shelter facility complies with Section 4854.

5 (D) The temporary shelter facility exists for not more than 60 days, unless the law enforcement agency or animal control agency 6 7 determines that a longer period of time is necessary to complete 8 the investigation.

9 (E) Within 30 calendar days upon completion of the provision of veterinary health care services at a temporary shelter facility 10 established pursuant to this section, the veterinarian called from 11 12 another state by a law enforcement agency or animal control agency 13 to attend to a case shall file a report with the board. The report shall contain the date, place, type, and general description of the 14 15 care provided, along with a listing of the veterinary health care practitioners who participated in providing that care. 16

17 (c) For purposes of paragraph (3) of subdivision (a), the board 18 may inspect temporary facilities established pursuant to this 19 section.

20 SEC. 28.

21 SEC. 26. Section 4999 of the Business and Professions Code 22 is amended to read:

4999. "Telephone medical advice service" means any business 23 24 entity that employs, or contracts or subcontracts, directly or 25 indirectly, with, the full-time equivalent of five or more persons functioning as health care professionals, whose primary function 26 27 is to provide telephone medical advice, that provides telephone 28 medical advice services to a patient at a California address. 29 "Telephone medical advice service" does not include a medical 30 group that operates in multiple locations in California if no more 31 than five full-time equivalent persons at any one location perform 32 telephone medical advice services and those persons limit the 33 telephone medical advice services to patients being treated at that 34 location.

35 SEC. 29.

SEC. 27. Section 4999.1 of the Business and Professions Code 36

37 is repealed.

SEC. 30. 38

39 SEC. 28. Section 4999.2 of the Business and Professions Code

40 is amended to read:

4999.2. A telephone medical advice service shall be responsible
 for complying with the following requirements:

3 (a) (1) Ensuring that all health care professionals who provide 4 medical advice services are appropriately licensed, certified, or 5 registered as a physician and surgeon pursuant to Chapter 5 6 (commencing with Section 2000) or the Osteopathic Initiative Act, 7 as a dentist, dental hygienist, dental hygienist in alternative 8 practice, or dental hygienist in extended functions pursuant to 9 Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 1600), as an occupational 10 therapist pursuant to Chapter 5.6 (commencing with Section 2570), 11 as a registered nurse pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with 12 Section 2700), as a psychologist pursuant to Chapter 6.6 13 (commencing with Section 2900), as a naturopathic doctor pursuant 14 to Chapter 8.2 (commencing with Section 3610), as a marriage 15 and family therapist pursuant to Chapter 13 (commencing with 16 Section 4980), as a licensed clinical social worker pursuant to 17 Chapter 14 (commencing with Section 4991), as a licensed 18 professional clinical counselor pursuant to Chapter 16 19 (commencing with Section 4999.10), as an optometrist pursuant 20 to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000), or as a chiropractor 21 pursuant to the Chiropractic Initiative Act, and operating consistent 22 with the laws governing their respective scopes of practice in the 23 state within which they provide telephone medical advice services, 24 except as provided in subdivision (b).

(2) Ensuring that all health care professionals who provide
telephone medical advice services from an out-of-state location,
as identified in paragraph (1), are licensed, registered, or certified
in the state within which they are providing the telephone medical
advice services and are operating consistent with the laws
governing their respective scopes of practice.

(b) Ensuring that the telephone medical advice provided isconsistent with good professional practice.

(c) Maintaining records of telephone medical advice services,
 including records of complaints, provided to patients in California
 for a period of at least five years.

36 (d) Ensuring that no staff member uses a title or designation 37 when speaking to an enrollee, subscriber, or consumer that may 38 cause a reasonable person to believe that the staff member is a

39 licensed, certified, or registered health care professional described

- 1 in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a), unless the staff member is a
- 2 licensed, certified, or registered professional.
- 3 (e) Complying with all directions and requests for information4 made by the department.
- 5 (f) Notifying the department within 30 days of any change of
- 6 name, physical location, mailing address, or telephone number of
- 7 any business, owner, partner, corporate officer, or agent for service
- 8 of process in California, together with copies of all resolutions or
- 9 other written communications that substantiate these changes.
- 10 SEC. 31.
- 11 SEC. 29. Section 4999.3 of the Business and Professions Code
- 12 is repealed.
- 13 SEC. 32.
- 14 SEC. 30. Section 4999.4 of the Business and Professions Code
- 15 is repealed.
- 16 SEC. 33.

- 18 is repealed.
- 19 <u>SEC. 34.</u>
- 20 *SEC. 32.* Section 4999.5 is added to the Business and 21 Professions Code, to read:
- 4999.5. The respective healing arts licensing boards shall be responsible for enforcing this chapter and any other laws and
- regulations affecting California licensed health care professionals
- 25 providing telephone medical advice services.
- 26 SEC. 35.
- 27 SEC. 33. Section 4999.6 of the Business and Professions Code 28 is repealed.
- 29 SEC. 36.
- 30 *SEC. 34.* Section 7137 of the Business and Professions Code 31 is amended to read:
- 32 7137. The board shall set fees by regulation. These fees shall33 not exceed the following schedule:
- 34 (a) The application fee for an original license in a single35 classification shall not be more than three hundred dollars (\$300).
- 36 The application fee for each additional classification applied for 37 in connection with an original license shall not be more than
- 38 seventy-five dollars (\$75).
- 39 The application fee for each additional classification pursuant
- 40 to Section 7059 shall not be more than seventy-five dollars (\$75).
 - 92

¹⁷ SEC. 31. Section 4999.5 of the Business and Professions Code

1 The application fee to replace a responsible managing officer,

2 responsible managing manager, responsible managing member,
3 or responsible managing employee pursuant to Section 7068.2
4 shall not be more than seventy-five dollars (\$75).

5 (b) The fee for rescheduling an examination for an applicant

6 who has applied for an original license, additional classification,

7 a change of responsible managing officer, responsible managing

8 manager, responsible managing member, or responsible managing
9 employee, or for an asbestos certification or hazardous substance

9 employee, or for an asbestos certification or hazardous substance10 removal certification, shall not be more than sixty dollars (\$60).

11 (c) The fee for scheduling or rescheduling an examination for

a licensee who is required to take the examination as a condition of probation shall not be more than sixty dollars (\$60).

14 (d) The initial license fee for an active or inactive license shall 15 not be more than one hundred eighty dollars (\$180).

(e) The renewal fee for an active license shall not be more thanthree hundred sixty dollars (\$360).

18 The renewal fee for an inactive license shall not be more than19 one hundred eighty dollars (\$180).

20 (f) The delinquency fee is an amount equal to 50 percent of the 21 renewal fee, if the license is renewed after its expiration.

(g) The registration fee for a home improvement salespersonshall not be more than seventy-five dollars (\$75).

(h) The renewal fee for a home improvement salespersonregistration shall not be more than seventy-five dollars (\$75).

26 (i) The application fee for an asbestos certification examination27 shall not be more than seventy-five dollars (\$75).

(j) The application fee for a hazardous substance removal or
 remedial action certification examination shall not be more than
 seventy-five dollars (\$75).

(k) In addition to any other fees charged to C-10 and C-7
 contractors, the board may charge a fee not to exceed twenty dollars

33 (\$20), which shall be used by the board to enforce provisions of34 the Labor Code related to electrician certification.

35 (*l*) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2017, and 36 as of January 1, 2018, is repealed.

37 <u>SEC. 37.</u>

38 SEC. 35. Section 7137 is added to the Business and Professions

39 Code, to read:

1 7137. The board may set fees by regulation. These fees shall 2 be set according to the following schedule:

3 (a) (1) The application fee for an original license in a single 4 classification shall be three hundred thirty dollars (\$330) and may 5 be increased to not more than three hundred seventy-five dollars

6 (\$375).

7 (2) The application fee for each additional classification applied 8 for in connection with an original license shall not be more than 9 eighty-five dollars (\$85).

(3) The application fee for each additional classification pursuant 10

to Section 7059 shall be one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and may 11

12 be increased to not more than one hundred seventy-five dollars 13 (\$175).

14 (4) The application fee to replace a responsible managing officer, 15 responsible managing manager, responsible managing member, or responsible managing employee pursuant to Section 7068.2 16 17 shall be one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) and may be increased to 18 not more than one hundred seventy-five dollars (\$175).

19 (5) The application fee to add personnel, other than a qualifying individual, to an existing license shall be one hundred dollars 20 21 (\$100) and may be increased to not more than one hundred fifteen

22 dollars (\$115).

(b) The fee for rescheduling an examination for an applicant 23 who has applied for an original license, additional classification, 24

25 a change of responsible managing officer, responsible managing 26 manager, responsible managing member, or responsible managing

employee, or for an asbestos certification or hazardous substance 27

28 removal certification, shall not be more than seventy dollars (\$70).

29 (c) The fee for scheduling or rescheduling an examination for 30 a licensee who is required to take the examination as a condition 31 of probation shall not be more than seventy dollars (\$70).

32

(d) The initial license fee for an active or inactive license shall be two hundred dollars (\$200) and may be increased to not more 33

34 than two hundred twenty-five dollars (\$225).

35 (e) (1) The renewal fee for an active license shall be four 36 hundred dollars (\$400) and may be increased to not more than four 37 hundred fifty dollars (\$450).

38 (2) The renewal fee for an inactive license shall be two hundred

39 dollars (\$200) and may be increased to not more than two hundred

40 twenty-five dollars (\$225).

1 (f) The delinquency fee is an amount equal to 50 percent of the 2 renewal fee, if the license is renewed after its expiration.

3 (g) The registration fee for a home improvement salesperson 4 shall be eighty-three dollars (\$83) and may be increased to not 5 more than ninety-five dollars (\$95).

6 (h) The renewal fee for a home improvement salesperson 7 registration shall be eighty-three dollars (\$83) and may be increased 8 to not more than ninety-five dollars (\$95).

9 (i) The application fee for an asbestos certification examination 10 shall be eighty-three dollars (\$83) and may be increased to not 11 more than ninety-five dollars (\$95).

12 (j) The application fee for a hazardous substance removal or 13 remedial action certification examination shall be eighty-three dollars (\$83) and may be increased to not more than ninety-five 14 15 dollars (\$95).

16 (k) In addition to any other fees charged to C-10 and C-7 17 contractors, the board may charge a fee not to exceed twenty dollars 18 (\$20), which shall be used by the board to enforce provisions of 19 the Labor Code related to electrician certification.

20 (1) The board shall, by regulation, establish criteria for the 21 approval of expedited processing of applications. Approved 22 expedited processing of applications for licensure or registration, 23 as required by other provisions of law, shall not be subject to this 24 subdivision. 25

(m) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2017.

26 SEC. 38.

27 SEC. 36. Section 7153.3 of the Business and Professions Code 28 is amended to read:

29 7153.3. (a) To renew a home improvement salesperson 30 registration, which has not expired, the registrant shall before the 31 time at which the registration would otherwise expire, apply for 32 renewal on a form prescribed by the registrar and pay a renewal fee prescribed by this chapter. Renewal of an unexpired registration 33 34 shall continue the registration in effect for the two-year period 35 following the expiration date of the registration, when it shall 36 expire if it is not again renewed.

(b) An application for renewal of registration is delinquent if 37 38 the application is not postmarked or received via electronic 39 transmission as authorized by Section 7156.6 by the date on which 40 the registration would otherwise expire. A registration may,

1 however, still be renewed at any time within three years after its

2 expiration upon the filing of an application for renewal on a form

3 prescribed by the registrar and the payment of the renewal fee

4 prescribed by this chapter and a delinquent renewal penalty in the

5 amount of twenty-five dollars (\$25). If a registration is not renewed

6 within three years, the person shall make a new application for 7

7 registration pursuant to Section 7153.1.

8 (c) The registrar may refuse to renew a registration for failure 9 by the registrant to complete the application for renewal of 10 registration. If a registrant fails to return the application rejected for insufficiency or incompleteness within 90 days from the 11 original date of rejection, the application and fee shall be deemed 12 13 abandoned. Any application abandoned may not be reinstated. 14 However, the person may file a new application for registration 15 pursuant to Section 7153.1.

The registrar may review and accept the petition of a person who
disputes the abandonment of his or her renewal application upon
a showing of good cause. This petition shall be received within 90
days of the date the application for renewal is deemed abandoned.
(d) This section shall become inoperative on July 1, 2017, and

as of January 1, 2018, is repealed.

22 SEC. 39.

23 SEC. 37. Section 7153.3 is added to the Business and 24 Professions Code, to read:

25 7153.3. (a) To renew a home improvement salesperson 26 registration, which has not expired, the registrant shall before the 27 time at which the registration would otherwise expire, apply for 28 renewal on a form prescribed by the registrar and pay a renewal 29 fee prescribed by this chapter. Renewal of an unexpired registration 30 shall continue the registration in effect for the two-year period 31 following the expiration date of the registration, when it shall 32 expire if it is not again renewed.

(b) An application for renewal of registration is delinquent if 33 34 the application is not postmarked or received via electronic 35 transmission as authorized by Section 7156.6 by the date on which 36 the registration would otherwise expire. A registration may, 37 however, still be renewed at any time within three years after its 38 expiration upon the filing of an application for renewal on a form 39 prescribed by the registrar and the payment of the renewal fee 40 prescribed by this chapter and a delinquent renewal penalty equal

to 50 percent of the renewal fee. If a registration is not renewed
within three years, the person shall make a new application for
registration pursuant to Section 7153.1.

4 (c) (1) The registrar may refuse to renew a registration for 5 failure by the registrant to complete the application for renewal of 6 registration. If a registrant fails to return the application rejected 7 for insufficiency or incompleteness within 90 days from the 8 original date of rejection, the application and fee shall be deemed 9 abandoned. Any application abandoned may not be reinstated. 10 However, the person may file a new application for registration 11 pursuant to Section 7153.1.

12 (2) The registrar may review and accept the petition of a person 13 who disputes the abandonment of his or her renewal application 14 upon a showing of good cause. This petition shall be received 15 within 90 days of the date the application for renewal is deemed 16 abandoned.

17 (d) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2017.

18 SEC. 40.

19 *SEC. 38.* Section 8516 of the Business and Professions Code 20 is amended to read:

8516. (a) This section, and Section 8519, apply only to wooddestroying pests or organisms.

23 (b) A registered company or licensee shall not commence work 24 on a contract, or sign, issue, or deliver any documents expressing 25 an opinion or statement relating to the absence or presence of wood 26 destroying pests or organisms until an inspection has been made 27 by a licensed Branch 3 field representative or operator employed 28 by a registered company, except as provided in Section 8519.5. 29 The address of each property inspected or upon which work is 30 completed shall be reported on a form prescribed by the board and 31 shall be filed with the board no later than 10 business days after 32 the commencement of an inspection or upon completed work. 33 Every property inspected pursuant to this subdivision or Section 34 8518 shall be assessed a filing fee pursuant to Section 8674.

35 Failure of a registered company to report and file with the board

36 the address of any property inspected or work completed pursuant

37 to Section 8518 or this section is grounds for disciplinary action

and shall subject the registered company to a fine of not more than

39 two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500). The address of an 40 inspection report prepared for use by an attorney for litigation

- 1 purposes shall not be required to be reported to the board and shall
- 2 not be assessed a filing fee.
- 3 A written inspection report conforming to this section and a form
- 4 approved by the board shall be prepared and delivered to the person
- 5 requesting the inspection and the property owner, or to the property
- 6 owner's designated agent, within 10 business days from the start
- 7 of the inspection, except that an inspection report prepared for use
- 8 by an attorney for litigation purposes is not required to be reported
- 9 to the board or the property owner. An inspection report may be 10 a complete, limited, supplemental, or reinspection report, as defined
- a complete, limited, supplemental, or reinspection report, as defined
 by Section 1993 of Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations.
- 12 The report shall be delivered before work is commenced on any
- property. The registered company shall retain for three years all
- 14 inspection reports, field notes, and activity forms.
- 15 Reports shall be made available for inspection and reproduction
- 16 to the executive officer of the board or his or her duly authorized
- 17 representative during business hours. All inspection reports or
- 18 copies thereof shall be submitted to the board upon demand within
- 19 two business days. The following shall be set forth in the report:
- (1) The start date of the inspection and the name of the licensedfield representative or operator making the inspection.
- (2) The name and address of the person or firm ordering thereport.
- (3) The name and address of the property owner and any personwho is a party in interest.
- 26 (4) The address or location of the property.
- 27 (5) A general description of the building or premises inspected.
- 28 (6) A foundation diagram or sketch of the structure or structures
- or portions of the structure or structures inspected, including theapproximate location of any infested or infected areas evident, and
- 31 the parts of the structure where conditions that would ordinarily
- 32 subject those parts to attack by wood destroying pests or organisms
- 33 exist. Reporting of the infested or infected wood members, or parts
- 34 of the structure identified, shall be listed in the inspection report
- 35 to clearly identify them, as is typical in standard construction 36 components, including, but not limited to, siding, studs, rafters,
- 37 floor joists, fascia, subfloor, sheathing, and trim boards.
- 38 (7) Information regarding the substructure, foundation walls39 and footings, porches, patios and steps, air vents, abutments, attic
- 40 spaces, roof framing that includes the eaves, rafters, fascias,
 - 92

1 exposed timbers, exposed sheathing, ceiling joists, and attic walls,

2 or other parts subject to attack by wood destroying pests or

3 organisms. Conditions usually deemed likely to lead to infestation

4 or infection, such as earth-wood contacts, excessive cellulose

5 debris, faulty grade levels, excessive moisture conditions, evidence

6 of roof leaks, and insufficient ventilation are to be reported.

7 (8) One of the following statements, as appropriate, printed in8 bold type:

9 (A) The exterior surface of the roof was not inspected. If you 10 want the water tightness of the roof determined, you should contact 11 a roofing contractor who is licensed by the Contractors' State

12 License Board.

13 (B) The exterior surface of the roof was inspected to determine 14 whether or not wood destroying pests or organisms are present.

15 (9) Indication or description of any areas that are inaccessible 16 or not inspected with recommendation for further inspection if 17 practicable. If, after the report has been made in compliance with 18 this section, authority is given later to open inaccessible areas, a 19 supplemental report on conditions in these areas shall be made.

20 (10) Recommendations for corrective measures.

(11) Information regarding the pesticide or pesticides to be used
for their control or prevention as set forth in subdivision (a) of
Section 8538.

(12) The inspection report shall clearly disclose that if requested
by the person ordering the original report, a reinspection of the
structure will be performed if an estimate or bid for making repairs
was given with the original inspection report, or thereafter.

An estimate or bid shall be given separately allocating the costs to perform each and every recommendation for corrective measures as specified in subdivision (c) with the original inspection report

31 if the person who ordered the original inspection report so requests,

and if the registered company is regularly in the business ofperforming each corrective measure.

If no estimate or bid was given with the original inspection report, or thereafter, then the registered company shall not be

36 required to perform a reinspection.

37 A reinspection shall be an inspection of those items previously

38 listed on an original report to determine if the recommendations

39 have been completed. Each reinspection shall be reported on an

1 original inspection report form and shall be labeled "Reinspection."

2 Each reinspection shall also identify the original report by date.

After four months from an original inspection, all inspectionsshall be original inspections and not reinspections.

5 Any reinspection shall be performed for not more than the price 6 of the registered company's original inspection price and shall be 7 completed within 10 business days after a reinspection has been 8 ordered.

9 (13) The inspection report shall contain the following statement, 10 printed in boldface type:

11

12 "NOTICE: Reports on this structure prepared by various 13 registered companies should list the same findings (i.e. termite 14 infestations, termite damage, fungus damage, etc.). However, 15 recommendations to correct these findings may vary from company 16 to company. You have a right to seek a second opinion from 17 another company."

18

26

(c) At the time a report is ordered, the registered company or
licensee shall inform the person or entity ordering the report, that
a separate report is available pursuant to this subdivision. If a
separate report is requested at the time the inspection report is
ordered, the registered company or licensee shall separately identify
on the report each recommendation for corrective measures as
follows:

(1) The infestation or infection that is evident.

(2) The conditions that are present that are deemed likely tolead to infestation or infection.

If a registered company or licensee fails to inform as required by this subdivision and a dispute arises, or if any other dispute arises as to whether this subdivision has been complied with, a separate report shall be provided within 24 hours of the request but, in no event, later than the next business day, and at no additional cost.

(d) When a corrective condition is identified, either as paragraph
(1) or (2) of subdivision (c), and the property owner or the property
owner's designated agent chooses not to correct those conditions,
the registered company or licensee shall not be liable for damages
resulting from a failure to correct those conditions or subject to
any disciplinary action by the board. Nothing in this subdivision,

1 however, shall relieve a registered company or a licensee of any

2 liability resulting from negligence, fraud, dishonest dealing, other

3 violations pursuant to this chapter, or contractual obligations
4 between the registered company or licensee and the responsible
5 parties.

6 (e) The inspection report form prescribed by the board shall 7 separately identify the infestation or infection that is evident and 8 the conditions that are present that are deemed likely to lead to 9 infestation or infection. If a separate form is requested, the form 10 shall explain the infestation or infection that is evident and the 11 conditions that are present that are deemed likely to lead to 12 infestation or infection and the difference between those conditions. 13 In no event, however, shall conditions deemed likely to lead to 14 infestation or infection be characterized as actual "defects" or as 15 actual "active" infestations or infections or in need of correction 16 as a precondition to issuing a certification pursuant to Section 17 8519.

18 (f) The report and any contract entered into shall also state 19 specifically when any guarantee for the work is made, and if so, 20 the specific terms of the guarantee and the period of time for which 21 the guarantee shall be in effect. If a guarantee extends beyond three 22 years, the registered company shall maintain all original inspection 23 reports, field notes, activity forms, and notices of completion for 24 the duration of the guarantee period and for one year after the 25 guarantee expires. 26 (g) For purposes of this section, "control service agreement"

27 means an agreement, including extended warranties, to have a 28 licensee conduct over a period of time regular inspections and 29 other activities related to the control or eradication of wood 30 destroying pests and organisms. Under a control service agreement 31 a registered company shall refer to the original report and contract 32 in a manner as to identify them clearly, and the report shall be 33 assumed to be a true report of conditions as originally issued, 34 except it may be modified after a control service inspection. A 35 registered company is not required to issue a report as outlined in 36 paragraphs (1) to (11), inclusive, of subdivision (b) after each 37 control service inspection. If after control service inspection, no 38 modification of the original report is made in writing, then it will 39 be assumed that conditions are as originally reported. A control 40 service contract shall state specifically the particular wood

1 destroying pests or organisms and the portions of the buildings or2 structures covered by the contract.

3 (h) A registered company or licensee may enter into and 4 maintain a control service agreement provided the following 5 requirements are met:

6 (1) The control service agreement shall be in writing, signed by 7 both parties, and shall specifically include the following:

8 (A) The wood destroying pests and organisms covered by the 9 control service agreement.

10 (B) Any wood destroying pest or organism that is not covered 11 must be specifically listed.

12 (C) The type and manner of treatment to be used to correct the 13 infestations or infections.

(D) The structures or buildings, or portions thereof, covered by
the agreement, including a statement specifying whether the
coverage for purposes of periodic inspections is limited or full.
Any exclusions from those described in the original report must
be specifically listed.

19 (E) A reference to the original inspection report.

20 (F) The frequency of the inspections to be provided, the fee to

21 be charged for each renewal, and the duration of the agreement.

22 (G) Whether the fee includes structural repairs.

(H) If the services provided are guaranteed, and, if so, the termsof the guarantee.

(I) A statement that all corrections of infestations or infections
covered by the control service agreement shall be completed within
six months of discovery, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by
both parties.

(2) The original inspection report, the control service agreement,
 and completion report shall be maintained for three years after the
 cancellation of the control service agreement.

32 (3) Inspections made pursuant to a control service agreement
33 shall be conducted by a Branch 3 licensee. Section 8506.1 does
34 not modify this provision.

(4) A full inspection of the property covered by the control
service agreement shall be conducted and a report filed pursuant
to subdivision (b) at least once every three years from the date that
the agreement was entered into, unless the consumer cancels the
contract within three years from the date the agreement was entered

40 into.

(5) Under a control service agreement, a written report shall be
required for the correction of any infestation or infection unless
all of the following conditions are met:

4 (A) The infestation or infection has been previously reported.

5 (B) The infestation or infection is covered by the control service 6 agreement.

7 (C) There is no additional charge for correcting the infestation 8 or infection.

9 (D) Correction of the infestation or infection takes place within 10 45 days of its discovery.

11 (E) Correction of the infestation or infection does not include 12 fumigation.

(6) All notice requirements pursuant to Section 8538 shall apply
to all pesticide treatments conducted under control service
agreements.

16 (i) All work recommended by a registered company, where an 17 estimate or bid for making repairs was given with the original 18 inspection report, or thereafter, shall be recorded on this report or 19 a separate work agreement and shall specify a price for each 20 recommendation. This information shall be provided to the person 21 requesting the inspection, and shall be retained by the registered

22 company with the inspection report copy for three years.

23 <u>SEC. 41.</u>

24 *SEC. 39.* Section 8518 of the Business and Professions Code 25 is amended to read:

8518. (a) When a registered company completes work under a contract, it shall prepare, on a form prescribed by the board, a notice of work completed and not completed, and shall furnish that notice to the owner of the property or the owner's agent within business days after completing the work. The notice shall include a statement of the cost of the completed work and estimated cost of work not completed.

(b) The address of each property inspected or upon which work
was completed shall be reported on a form prescribed by the board
and shall be filed with the board no later than 10 business days
after completed work.

37 (c) A filing fee shall be assessed pursuant to Section 8674 for38 every property upon which work is completed.

39 (d) Failure of a registered company to report and file with the40 board the address of any property upon which work was completed

1 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 8516 or this section is

2 grounds for disciplinary action and shall subject the registered
3 company to a fine of not more than two thousand five hundred
4 dollars (\$2,500).

5 (e) The registered company shall retain for three years all 6 original notices of work completed, work not completed, and 7 activity forms.

8 (f) Notices of work completed and not completed shall be made 9 available for inspection and reproduction to the executive officer 10 of the board or his or her duly authorized representative during 11 business hours. Original notices of work completed or not 12 completed or copies thereof shall be submitted to the board upon 13 request within two business days.

14 (g) This section shall only apply to work relating to wood 15 destroying pests or organisms.

16 <u>SEC. 42.</u>

17 *SEC. 40.* Section 1348.8 of the Health and Safety Code is 18 amended to read:

19 1348.8. (a) A health care service plan that provides, operates,
20 or contracts for telephone medical advice services to its enrollees
21 and subscribers shall do all of the following:

(1) Ensure that the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical
advice service complies with the requirements of Chapter 15
(commencing with Section 4999) of Division 2 of the Business
and Professions Code.

(2) Ensure that the staff providing telephone medical advice
services for the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical advice
service are licensed as follows:

(A) For full service health care service plans, the staff hold a
valid California license as a registered nurse or a valid license in
the state within which they provide telephone medical advice
services as a physician and surgeon or physician assistant, and are
operating in compliance with the laws governing their respective

34 scopes of practice.

(B) (i) For specialized health care service plans providing,
operating, or contracting with a telephone medical advice service
in California, the staff shall be appropriately licensed, registered,
or certified as a dentist pursuant to Chapter 4 (commencing with
Section 1600) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code,
as a dental hygienist pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with

Section 1740) of Chapter 4 of Division 2 of the Business and 1 2 Professions Code, as a physician and surgeon pursuant to Chapter 3 5 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business 4 and Professions Code or the Osteopathic Initiative Act, as a 5 registered nurse pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 6 2700) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, as a 7 psychologist pursuant to Chapter 6.6 (commencing with Section 8 2900) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, as an 9 optometrist pursuant to Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 3000) 10 of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, as a marriage 11 and family therapist pursuant to Chapter 13 (commencing with 12 Section 4980) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, 13 as a licensed clinical social worker pursuant to Chapter 14 14 (commencing with Section 4991) of Division 2 of the Business 15 and Professions Code, as a professional clinical counselor pursuant 16 to Chapter 16 (commencing with Section 4999.10) of Division 2 17 of the Business and Professions Code, or as a chiropractor pursuant 18 to the Chiropractic Initiative Act, and operating in compliance 19 with the laws governing their respective scopes of practice. 20 (ii) For specialized health care service plans providing, 21 operating, or contracting with an out-of-state telephone medical

22 advice service, the staff shall be health care professionals, as 23 identified in clause (i), who are licensed, registered, or certified 24 in the state within which they are providing the telephone medical 25 advice services and are operating in compliance with the laws 26 governing their respective scopes of practice. All registered nurses 27 providing telephone medical advice services to both in-state and 28 out-of-state business entities registered pursuant to this chapter 29 shall be licensed pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with Section

30 2700) of Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code.

(3) Ensure that every full service health care service plan
provides for a physician and surgeon who is available on an on-call
basis at all times the service is advertised to be available to
enrollees and subscribers.

(4) Ensure that staff members handling enrollee or subscriber
calls, who are not licensed, certified, or registered as required by
paragraph (2), do not provide telephone medical advice. Those
staff members may ask questions on behalf of a staff member who
is licensed, certified, or registered as required by paragraph (2),
in order to help ascertain the condition of an enrollee or subscriber

1 so that the enrollee or subscriber can be referred to licensed staff.

2 However, under no circumstances shall those staff members use

3 the answers to those questions in an attempt to assess, evaluate,

4 advise, or make any decision regarding the condition of an enrollee

5 or subscriber or determine when an enrollee or subscriber needs

6 to be seen by a licensed medical professional.

(5) Ensure that no staff member uses a title or designation when
speaking to an enrollee or subscriber that may cause a reasonable
person to believe that the staff member is a licensed, certified, or
registered professional described in Section 4999.2 of the Business
and Professions Code unless the staff member is a licensed,

12 certified, or registered professional.

(6) Ensure that the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical
advice service designates an agent for service of process in
California and files this designation with the director.

16 (7) Require that the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical 17 advice service makes and maintains records for a period of five 18 years after the telephone medical advice services are provided, 19 including, but not limited to, oral or written transcripts of all 20 medical advice conversations with the health care service plan's

21 enrollees or subscribers in California and copies of all complaints.

22 If the records of telephone medical advice services are kept out of

state, the health care service plan shall, upon the request of the
director, provide the records to the director within 10 days of the
request.

(8) Ensure that the telephone medical advice services areprovided consistent with good professional practice.

(b) The director shall forward to the Department of Consumer
Affairs, within 30 days of the end of each calendar quarter, data
regarding complaints filed with the department concerning
telephone medical advice services.

32 (c) For purposes of this section, "telephone medical advice" 33 means a telephonic communication between a patient and a health 34 care professional in which the health care professional's primary 35 function is to provide to the patient a telephonic response to the patient's questions regarding his or her or a family member's 36 37 medical care or treatment. "Telephone medical advice" includes 38 assessment, evaluation, or advice provided to patients or their 39 family members.

1 <u>SEC. 43.</u>

2 *SEC. 41.* Section 10279 of the Insurance Code is amended to 3 read:

4 10279. (a) Every disability insurer that provides group or
5 individual policies of disability, or both, that provides, operates,
6 or contracts for, telephone medical advice services to its insureds
7 shall do all of the following:

8 (1) Ensure that the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical 9 advice service complies with the requirements of Chapter 15 10 (commencing with Section 4999) of Division 2 of the Business 11 and Professions Code.

(2) Ensure that the staff providing telephone medical advice
services for the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical advice
service hold a valid California license as a registered nurse or a
valid license in the state within which they provide telephone
medical advice services as a physician and surgeon or physician
assistant and are operating consistent with the laws governing their
respective scopes of practice.

(3) Ensure that a physician and surgeon is available on an on-callbasis at all times the service is advertised to be available toenrollees and subscribers.

(4) Ensure that the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical
advice service designates an agent for service of process in
California and files this designation with the commissioner.

25 (5) Require that the in-state or out-of-state telephone medical 26 advice service makes and maintains records for a period of five 27 years after the telephone medical advice services are provided, 28 including, but not limited to, oral or written transcripts of all 29 medical advice conversations with the disability insurer's insureds 30 in California and copies of all complaints. If the records of 31 telephone medical advice services are kept out of state, the insurer 32 shall, upon the request of the director, provide the records to the 33 director within 10 days of the request.

34 (6) Ensure that the telephone medical advice services are35 provided consistent with good professional practice.

36 (b) The commissioner shall forward to the Department of 37 Consumer Affairs, within 30 days of the end of each calendar 38 quarter, data regarding complaints filed with the department

39 concerning telephone medical advice services.

- 1 <u>SEC. 44.</u>
- 2 SEC. 42. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to
- 3 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because
- 4 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school
- 5 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or
- 6 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty
- 7 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of
- 8 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within
- 9 the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California
- 10 Constitution.

0