

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 16, 2015

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 8, 2015

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2015–16 REGULAR SESSION

**ASSEMBLY BILL**

**No. 1517**

---

---

**Introduced by Committee on Banking and Finance (Assembly Members Dababneh (Chair), Travis Allen (Vice Chair), Achadjian, Brown, Chau, Gatto, Kim, Low, Perea, Ridley-Thomas, and Mark Stone)**

March 10, 2015

---

---

An act to amend Section 17511.1 of the Business and Professions Code, to amend Sections 1632.5, 1748.13, 1789.12, 1812.201, and 2923.3 of the Civil Code, to amend Sections 1101.1, 2207, 2510, 3100, 17713.12, 25003, 25018, 25100, 25207, 25243.5, 25247, 25254, 25401, 25604, 25607, 25612.5, 25614, 25702, 29542, 31408, 31503, and 31513 of the Corporations Code, to amend Sections 620, 622, 1070, 2105, 4057, 12104, 17210.2, 17214, 17311, 17320, 17331, 18405, 22105.1, 22159.5, 22160, 22756, 23070, 23071, 23072, 23073, 23074, 23102, 30217, 50140, 50303, 50307.1, and 50316.5 of, to amend the heading of Article 4 (commencing with Section 670) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of, and to repeal Section 1008 of, the Financial Code, to amend Sections 5970, 6254.5, 6254.12, 6254.22, 11840, 53344.1, 53638, and 54956.87 of the Government Code, to amend Sections 1341.10, 1341.11, 1341.12, and 1341.14 of the Health and Safety Code, to amend Sections 1280.7, 12693.35, 14053, and 15036 of the Insurance Code, to amend Section 4600.5 of the Labor Code, to amend Section 11604.5 of the Probate Code, to amend Section 408 of the Revenue and Taxation Code, and to amend Section 22005.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to business.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1517, as amended, Committee on Banking and Finance. Business.

(1) Existing law abolished the Department of Corporations and the Department of Financial Institutions and transferred their responsibilities to the Department of Business Oversight, which is headed by a Commissioner of Business Oversight.

This bill would transfer additional duties from the abolished Department of Corporations and the abolished Department of Financial Institutions to the Department of Business Oversight and the Commissioner of Business Oversight, as specified. This bill would also update cross-references and outdated contact information with respect to the Department of Business Oversight.

(2) Existing law, the Corporate Securities Law of 1968, makes it unlawful for a person, in connection with the offer, sale, or purchase of a security, directly or indirectly, to employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud, make an untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading, or engage in an act, practice, or course of business that operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon another person.

This bill would instead make it unlawful for any person to offer or sell a security in this state, or to buy or offer to buy a security in this state, by means of any written or oral communication that includes an untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which the statements were made, not misleading.

Existing law, the Corporate Securities Law of 1968, requires the offer and sale of securities in the state to be qualified with the Commissioner of Business Oversight, unless exempt. That law exempts specific securities or transactions from qualification, including, among others, any security issued or guaranteed by a public utility holding company, as specified.

This bill would revise this exemption to exempt any security issued or guaranteed by a public utility holding company that is regulated in respect to its rates and charges by the United States or a state, and delete obsolete cross-references.

This bill would also update and delete obsolete cross-references to federal law in the Corporate Securities Law of 1968.

(3) Existing law limits the amount of funds of a bank or trust company that are deposited in any other financial institution, as specified, unless the financial institution has been designated as a depository for the funds of the depositing bank or trust company by a vote of the majority of the directors of the depositing bank or trust company and the financial institution has been approved by the commissioner as a depository for the purposes of these provisions.

This bill would repeal these provisions.

(4) Existing law, the Banking Law, prescribes the conditions pursuant to which a state-chartered bank may engage in the practice of banking. Existing law requires a bank to have authorization to open an office. Existing law defines core and noncore banking business and defines a facility, in this context, as an office in this state at which a bank engages in noncore banking business but not core banking business.

This bill would delete the phrase “in this state” from the definition of a facility, as described above.

(5) Existing law requires an industrial loan company to annually file with the Commissioner of Business Oversight an audit report containing audited financial statements and other relevant information the commissioner may require relating to the company. Existing law further requires an industrial loan company whose certificate has been surrendered or revoked to submit to the commissioner a closing audit report containing audited financial statements, as specified.

This bill would repeal the requirement for the closing audit report.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.  
State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

1 SECTION 1. Section 17511.1 of the Business and Professions  
2 Code is amended to read:  
3 17511.1. As used in this article, “telephonic seller” or “seller”  
4 means a person who, on his or her own behalf or through  
5 salespersons or through the use of an automatic dialing-announcing  
6 device, as defined in Section 2871 of the Public Utilities Code,  
7 causes a telephone solicitation or attempted telephone solicitation  
8 to occur which meets the criteria specified in subdivision (a), (b),  
9 (c), or (d) and who is not exempted by subdivision (e), as follows:  
10 (a) A telephone solicitation or attempted telephone solicitation  
11 wherein the telephonic seller initiates telephonic contact with a

1 prospective purchaser and represents or implies one or more of  
2 the following:

3 (1) That a prospective purchaser who buys one or more items  
4 will also receive additional or other items, whether or not of the  
5 same type as purchased, without further cost. For purposes of this  
6 subdivision, “further cost” does not include actual postage or  
7 common carrier delivery charges, if any.

8 (2) That a prospective purchaser will receive a prize or gift, if  
9 the person also encourages the prospective purchaser to do either  
10 of the following:

11 (A) Purchase or rent any goods or services.

12 (B) Pay any money, including, but not limited to, a delivery or  
13 handling charge.

14 (3) That a prospective purchaser is able to obtain any item or  
15 service at a price which the seller states or implies is below the  
16 regular price of the item or service offered. This paragraph shall  
17 not apply to retailers who, within the previous 12 months, have  
18 sold a majority of their goods or services through in-person sales  
19 at retail stores.

20 (4) That a prospective purchaser who buys office equipment or  
21 supplies will, because of some unusual event or imminent price  
22 increase, be able to buy these items at prices which are below those  
23 that are usually charged or will be charged for the items.

24 (5) That the seller is a person other than the person he or she is.

25 (6) That the items for sale are manufactured or supplied by a  
26 person other than the actual manufacturer or supplier.

27 (7) That the seller is offering to sell the prospective purchaser  
28 any gold, silver, or other metals, including coins, diamonds, rubies,  
29 sapphires, or other stones, coal or other minerals, or any interest  
30 in oil, gas, or mineral fields, wells, or exploration sites, or any  
31 other investment opportunity of any type whatsoever.

32 (8) That the seller is offering to make a loan, or to arrange or  
33 assist in arranging a loan or to assist in providing information  
34 which may lead to the obtaining of a loan, unless no payment of  
35 any kind is made until the loan proceeds are disbursed to the  
36 borrower.

37 (9) That a prospective purchaser will receive a credit card, as  
38 defined in subdivision (a) of Section 1747.02 of the Civil Code,  
39 if the purchaser pays an up front or preapplication fee for the credit  
40 card to the telephonic seller.

1 (b) A solicitation or attempted solicitation which is made by  
2 telephone in response to inquiries generated by unrequested  
3 notifications sent by the seller to persons who have not previously  
4 purchased goods or services from the seller or who have not  
5 previously requested credit from the seller, to a prospective  
6 purchaser wherein the seller represents or implies to the recipient  
7 of the notification that any of the following applies to the recipient:

8 (1) That the recipient has in any manner been specially selected  
9 to receive the notification or the offer contained in the notification.

10 (2) That the recipient will receive a prize or gift if the recipient  
11 calls the seller.

12 (3) That if the recipient buys one or more items from the seller,  
13 the recipient will also receive additional or other items, whether  
14 or not of the same type as purchased, without further cost or at a  
15 cost which the seller states or implies is less than the regular price  
16 of such items.

17 However, this subdivision does not apply to the solicitation of  
18 sales by a catalog seller who periodically issues and delivers  
19 catalogs to potential purchasers by mail or by other means. This  
20 exception only applies if the catalog includes a written description  
21 or illustration and the sales price of each item of merchandise  
22 offered for sale, includes at least 24 full pages of written material  
23 or illustrations, is distributed in more than one state, and has an  
24 annual circulation of not less than 250,000 customers.

25 (c) A solicitation or attempted solicitation which is made by  
26 telephone in response to inquiries generated by advertisements on  
27 behalf of the telephonic seller wherein it is represented or implied  
28 that the seller is offering to sell to the prospective purchaser any  
29 gold, silver, or other metals, including coins, diamonds, rubies,  
30 sapphires, or other stones, coal or other minerals, or any interest  
31 in oil, gas, or mineral fields, wells, or exploration sites, or any  
32 other investment opportunity of any type whatsoever.

33 (d) A solicitation or attempted solicitation which is made by  
34 telephone in response to inquiries generated by advertisements on  
35 behalf of the telephonic seller wherein it is represented or implied  
36 that the seller is offering to make a loan or to arrange or assist in  
37 arranging a loan or to assist in providing information which may  
38 lead to the obtaining of a loan, unless no payment of any kind is  
39 made until the loan proceeds are disbursed to the borrower.

1 (e) For purposes of this article, “telephonic seller” or “seller”  
2 does not include any of the following:

3 (1) A person offering or selling a security qualified under  
4 Section 25110, 25120, or 25130 of the Corporations Code or  
5 exempt from qualification under Chapter 1 (commencing with  
6 Section 25100) of Part 2 of Division 1 of Title 4 of the  
7 Corporations Code. The fact that a notice claiming an exemption  
8 under the Corporate Securities Law of 1968 is filed with the  
9 Department of Business Oversight does not create an exemption  
10 under this paragraph.

11 (2) A person licensed pursuant to Part 1 (commencing with  
12 Section 10000) of Division 4, when the solicited transaction is  
13 governed by that law.

14 (3) A person licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with  
15 Section 7000) of Division 3, when the solicited transaction is  
16 governed by that law.

17 (4) A person licensed or certificated pursuant to Part 2  
18 (commencing with Section 680) of Division 1 of the Insurance  
19 Code, including a person licensed pursuant to Chapter 5  
20 (commencing with Section 1621) thereof, when the solicited  
21 transaction is governed by that law.

22 (5) A person offering or selling a franchise registered pursuant  
23 to Section 31110 of the Corporations Code or exempt from  
24 registration under Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 31100)  
25 of Part 2 of Division 5 of Title 4 of the Corporations Code. The  
26 fact that a notice claiming an exemption under the Franchise  
27 Investment Law is filed with the Department of Business Oversight  
28 does not create an exemption under this paragraph.

29 (6) A person soliciting the sale of a seller assisted marketing  
30 plan, as defined in Title 2.7 (commencing with Section 1812.200)  
31 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code, who has filed with the  
32 Attorney General the documents required by Section 1812.203 of  
33 the Civil Code.

34 (7) A person primarily soliciting the sale of a newspaper of  
35 general circulation, as defined in Article 1 (commencing with  
36 Section 6000) of Chapter 1 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the  
37 Government Code, a magazine, or membership in a book or record  
38 club whose program operates in conformity with the requirements  
39 of Section 1584.5 of the Civil Code.

1 (8) A person soliciting business from prospective purchasers  
2 who have previously purchased from the business enterprise for  
3 which the person is calling.

4 (9) A person soliciting without the intent to complete and who  
5 does not complete the sales presentation during the telephone  
6 solicitation but completes the sales presentation at a later  
7 face-to-face meeting between the solicitor and the prospective  
8 purchaser. However, if a seller, directly following a telephone  
9 solicitation, causes an individual whose primary purpose it is to  
10 go to the prospective purchaser to collect the payment or deliver  
11 any item purchased, this exemption does not apply.

12 (10) Any supervised financial institution or parent, subsidiary,  
13 or subsidiary of parent thereof. As used in this paragraph,  
14 “supervised financial institution” means any commercial bank,  
15 trust company, savings and loan association, credit union, industrial  
16 loan company, personal property broker, consumer finance lender,  
17 commercial finance lender, or insurer, provided that the institution  
18 is subject to supervision by an official or agency of this state or of  
19 the United States.

20 (11) A person soliciting the sale of a preneed funeral  
21 arrangement regulated by Article 9 (commencing with Section  
22 7735) of Chapter 12 of Division 3.

23 (12) A person licensed pursuant to Chapter 19 (commencing  
24 with Section 9600) of Division 3 when acting pursuant to that  
25 licensure.

26 (13) A person soliciting the sale of services provided by a cable  
27 television system licensed or franchised pursuant to Section 53066  
28 of the Government Code or any other authority.

29 (14) A person or an affiliate of a person whose business is  
30 regulated by the Public Utilities Commission.

31 (15) A person soliciting the sale of a commodity pursuant to  
32 Part 2 (commencing with Section 58601) of Division 21 of the  
33 Food and Agricultural Code, if the solicitation neither intends to,  
34 nor actually results in, a sale which costs the purchaser in excess  
35 of one hundred dollars (\$100).

36 (16) An issuer or subsidiary of an issuer that has a security listed  
37 on a national securities exchange or designated as a national market  
38 system security on an interdealer quotation system by the National  
39 Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., if the exchange or  
40 interdealer quotation system has been certified by rule or order of

1 the Commissioner of Corporations under subdivision (o) of Section  
2 25100 of the Corporations Code. A subsidiary of an issuer that  
3 qualifies for exemption under this paragraph is not itself exempt  
4 unless not less than 60 percent of the voting power of its shares is  
5 owned by the qualifying issuer or issuers.

6 (17) A person soliciting exclusively the sale of telephone  
7 answering services to be provided by that person or that person's  
8 employer.

9 (18) A person soliciting a transaction regulated by the  
10 Commodity Futures Trading Commission if the person is registered  
11 or temporarily licensed for this activity with the Commodity  
12 Futures Trading Commission under the Commodity Exchange Act  
13 (7 U.S.C. Sec. 1 et seq.), and the registration or license has not  
14 expired or been suspended or revoked.

15 (19) A person who sells coins or bullion at a price which is not  
16 more than 25 percent more than the price at which the seller is  
17 concurrently buying the same coins or bullion, if: (A) the seller  
18 has had a retail location in California from which he or she has  
19 been selling coins or bullion to the public in person for at least  
20 three years; (B) the telephonic solicitations are not the person's  
21 primary business and sales made telephonically make up less than  
22 20 percent of the person's total retail sales; and (C) the person  
23 claiming an exemption pursuant to this subdivision complies with  
24 Section 17511.3, as applicable, and subdivision (p) of Section  
25 17511.4.

26 (20) A person licensed pursuant to Chapter 14 (commencing  
27 with Section 1800) of Division 1 of the Financial Code to receive  
28 money for transmittal to foreign countries if the license has not  
29 expired or been suspended or revoked.

30 (21) A person licensed as a residential mortgage lender or  
31 servicer pursuant to Division 20 (commencing with Section 50000)  
32 of the Financial Code, when acting under the authority of that  
33 license.

34 (22) A corporation that meets all of the following conditions:

35 (A) It has been exempt from taxation under Section 23701e of  
36 the Revenue and Taxation Code for a minimum of 10 years.

37 (B) It has maintained its principal purpose for a minimum of  
38 10 years.

39 (C) It has been incorporated in the state for a minimum of 25  
40 years.

1 (f) In any civil proceeding alleging a violation of this article,  
2 the burden of proving an exemption or an exception from a  
3 definition is upon the person claiming it, and in any criminal  
4 proceeding alleging a violation of this article, the burden of  
5 producing evidence to support a defense based upon an exemption  
6 or an exception from a definition is upon the person claiming it.

7 (g) Compliance with this article does not satisfy nor substitute  
8 for any requirements for license, registration, or regulation  
9 mandated by other laws.

10 SEC. 2. Section 1632.5 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

11 1632.5. (a) A supervised financial organization that negotiates  
12 primarily in Spanish, Chinese, Tagalog, Vietnamese, or Korean,  
13 whether orally or in writing, in the course of entering into a contract  
14 or agreement for a loan or extension of credit secured by residential  
15 real property, shall deliver to the other party to that contract or  
16 agreement prior to the execution of the contract or agreement the  
17 form described in subdivision (i) for that language.

18 (b) For purposes of this section:

19 (1) “Contract” or “agreement” shall have the same meaning as  
20 defined in subdivision (g) of Section 1632.

21 (2) “Supervised financial organization” means a bank, savings  
22 association, as defined in Section 5102 of the Financial Code,  
23 credit union, or holding company, affiliate, or subsidiary thereof,  
24 or any person subject to Division 7 (commencing with Section  
25 18000), Division 9 (commencing with Section 22000), or Division  
26 20 (commencing with Section 50000) of the Financial Code.

27 (c) (1) With respect to a contract or agreement for a loan or  
28 extension of credit secured by residential real property as described  
29 in subdivision (a), a supervised financial organization that complies  
30 with this section shall be deemed in compliance with Section 1632.

31 (2) A supervised financial organization that complies with  
32 Section 1632, with respect to a contract or agreement for a loan  
33 or extension of credit secured by residential real property as  
34 described in subdivision (a), shall be deemed in compliance with  
35 this section.

36 (d) The supervised financial organization shall provide the form  
37 described in subdivision (i) to the borrower no later than three  
38 business days after receipt of the written application, and if any  
39 of the loan terms summarized materially change after provision  
40 of the translated form but prior to consummation of the loan, the

1 supervised financial organization shall provide an updated version  
2 of the translated form prior to consummation of the loan.

3 (e) (1) This section does not apply to a supervised financial  
4 organization that negotiates primarily in a language other than  
5 English, as described by subdivision (a), if the party with whom  
6 the supervised financial organization is negotiating, negotiates the  
7 terms of the contract through his or her own interpreter.

8 (2) For purposes of this subdivision, “his or her own interpreter”  
9 means a person, not a minor, able to speak fluently and read with  
10 full understanding both the English language and one of the  
11 languages specified in subdivision (a) that is the language in which  
12 the contract was negotiated, who is not employed by, and whose  
13 services are not made available through, the person engaged in the  
14 trade or business.

15 (f) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a translated form may retain  
16 any of the following elements of the executed English language  
17 contract or agreement without translation:

- 18 (1) Names and titles of individuals and other persons.
- 19 (2) Addresses, brand names, trade names, trademarks, or  
20 registered service marks.
- 21 (3) Full or abbreviated designations of the make and model of  
22 goods or services.
- 23 (4) Alphanumeric codes.
- 24 (5) Individual words or expressions having no generally accepted  
25 non-English translation.

26 (g) The terms of the contract or agreement which is executed  
27 in the English language shall determine the rights and obligations  
28 of the parties. However, the translation of the form described in  
29 subdivision (i) and required by subdivision (a) shall be admissible  
30 in evidence only to show that no contract or agreement was entered  
31 into because of a substantial difference in the material terms and  
32 conditions of the contract or agreement and the prior translated  
33 form provided to the borrower.

34 (h) (1) A licensing agency may, by order, after appropriate  
35 notice and opportunity for hearing, levy administrative penalties  
36 against a supervised financial organization that violates any  
37 provision of this section, and the supervised financial organization  
38 may be liable for administrative penalties, up to the amounts of  
39 two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) for the first violation,  
40 five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for the second violation, and ten

1 thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each subsequent violation. Except  
2 for licensing agencies exempt from the provisions of the  
3 Administrative Procedure Act, any hearing shall be held in  
4 accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 5  
5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title  
6 2 of the Government Code), and the licensing agency shall have  
7 all the powers granted under that act.

8 (2) A licensing agency may exercise any and all authority and  
9 powers available to it under any other provisions of law to  
10 administer and enforce this section, including, but not limited to,  
11 investigating and examining the licensed person's books and  
12 records, and charging and collecting the reasonable costs for these  
13 activities. The licensing agency shall not charge a licensed person  
14 twice for the same service. Any civil, criminal, and administrative  
15 authority and remedies available to the licensing agency pursuant  
16 to its licensing law may be sought and employed in any  
17 combination deemed advisable by the licensing agency to enforce  
18 the provisions of this section.

19 (3) Any supervised financial organization that violates any  
20 provision of this section shall be deemed to have violated its  
21 licensing law.

22 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to impair or impede  
23 the Attorney General from bringing an action to enforce this  
24 division.

25 (i) The Department of Business Oversight shall create a form  
26 to be made available in each of the languages set forth in  
27 subdivision (a) for use by a supervised financial organization to  
28 summarize the terms of a mortgage loan pursuant to subdivision  
29 (a). In creating the form, the Department of Business Oversight  
30 may use as guidance the United States Department of Housing and  
31 Urban Development's Good Faith Estimate disclosure form.

32 (j) This section shall not apply to federally chartered banks,  
33 credit unions, savings banks, or thrifts.

34 (k) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (h), this section  
35 shall not be construed to create or enhance any claim, right of  
36 action, or civil liability that did not previously exist under state  
37 law, or limit any claim, right of action, or civil liability that  
38 otherwise exists under state law.

1 (l) An action against a supervised financial organization for a  
2 violation of this section may only be brought by a licensing agency  
3 or by the Attorney General.

4 (m) This section shall become operative beginning on July 1,  
5 2010, or 90 days following the issuance of a form by the  
6 Department of Business Oversight pursuant to subdivision (i),  
7 whichever occurs later.

8 SEC. 3. Section 1748.13 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

9 1748.13. (a) A credit card issuer shall, with each billing  
10 statement provided to a cardholder in this state, provide the  
11 following on the front of the first page of the billing statement in  
12 type no smaller than that required for any other required disclosure,  
13 but in no case in less than 8-point capitalized type:

14 (1) A written statement in the following form: “Minimum  
15 Payment Warning: Making only the minimum payment will  
16 increase the interest you pay and the time it takes to repay your  
17 balance.”

18 (2) Either of the following:

19 (A) A written statement in the form of and containing the  
20 information described in clause (i) or (ii), as applicable, as follows:

21 (i) A written three-line statement, as follows:  
22 “A one thousand dollar (\$1,000) balance will take 17 years and  
23 three months to pay off at a total cost of two thousand five hundred  
24 ninety dollars and thirty-five cents (\$2,590.35).

25 A two thousand five hundred dollar (\$2,500) balance will take 30  
26 years and three months to pay off at a total cost of seven thousand  
27 seven hundred thirty-three dollars and forty-nine cents (\$7,733.49).

28 A five thousand dollar (\$5,000) balance will take 40 years and two  
29 months to pay off at a total cost of sixteen thousand three hundred  
30 five dollars and thirty-four cents (\$16,305.34).

31 This information is based on an annual percentage rate of 17  
32 percent and a minimum payment of 2 percent or ten dollars (\$10),  
33 whichever is greater.”

34 In the alternative, a credit card issuer may provide this  
35 information for the three specified amounts at the annual percentage  
36 rate and required minimum payment which are applicable to the  
37 cardholder’s account. The statement provided shall be immediately  
38 preceded by the statement required by paragraph (1).

1 (ii) Instead of the information required by clause (i), retail credit  
2 card issuers shall provide a written three-line statement to read, as  
3 follows:

4 “A two hundred fifty dollar (\$250) balance will take two years  
5 and eight months to pay off a total cost of three hundred  
6 twenty-five dollars and twenty-four cents (\$325.24).

7 A five hundred dollar (\$500) balance will take four years and five  
8 months to pay off at a total cost of seven hundred nine dollars and  
9 ninety cents (\$709.90).

10 A seven hundred fifty dollar (\$750) balance will take five years  
11 and five months to pay off at a total cost of one thousand  
12 ninety-four dollars and forty-nine cents (\$1,094.49).

13 This information is based on an annual percentage rate of 21  
14 percent and a minimum payment of 5 percent or ten dollars (\$10),  
15 whichever is greater.”

16 In the alternative, a retail credit card issuer may provide this  
17 information for the three specified amounts at the annual percentage  
18 rate and required minimum payment which are applicable to the  
19 cardholder’s account. The statement provided shall be immediately  
20 preceded by the statement required by paragraph (1). A retail credit  
21 card issuer is not required to provide this statement if the  
22 cardholder has a balance of less than five hundred dollars (\$500).

23 (B) A written statement providing individualized information  
24 indicating an estimate of the number of years and months and the  
25 approximate total cost to pay off the entire balance due on an  
26 open-end credit card account if the cardholder were to pay only  
27 the minimum amount due on the open-ended account based upon  
28 the terms of the credit agreement. For purposes of this  
29 subparagraph only, if the account is subject to a variable rate, the  
30 creditor may make disclosures based on the rate for the entire  
31 balance as of the date of the disclosure and indicate that the rate  
32 may vary. In addition, the cardholder shall be provided with  
33 referrals or, in the alternative, with the “800” telephone number  
34 of the National Foundation for Credit Counseling through which  
35 the cardholder can be referred, to credit counseling services in, or  
36 closest to, the cardholder’s county of residence. The credit  
37 counseling service shall be in good standing with the National  
38 Foundation for Credit Counseling or accredited by the Council on  
39 Accreditation for Children and Family Services. The creditor is  
40 required to provide, or continue to provide, the information

1 required by this paragraph only if the cardholder has not paid more  
2 than the minimum payment for six consecutive months, after July  
3 1, 2002.

4 (3) (A) A written statement in the following form: “For an  
5 estimate of the time it would take to repay your balance, making  
6 only minimum payments, and the total amount of those payments,  
7 call this toll-free telephone number: (Insert toll-free telephone  
8 number).” This statement shall be provided immediately following  
9 the statement required by subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2). A  
10 credit card issuer is not required to provide this statement if the  
11 disclosure required by subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) has been  
12 provided.

13 (B) The toll-free telephone number shall be available between  
14 the hours of 8 a.m. and 9 p.m., Pacific standard time, seven days  
15 a week, and shall provide consumers with the opportunity to speak  
16 with a person, rather than a recording, from whom the information  
17 described in subparagraph (A) may be obtained.

18 (C) The Department of Business Oversight shall establish a  
19 detailed table illustrating the approximate number of months that  
20 it would take and the approximate total cost to repay an outstanding  
21 balance if the consumer pays only the required minimum monthly  
22 payments and if no other additional charges or fees are incurred  
23 on the account, such as additional extension of credit, voluntary  
24 credit insurance, late fees, or dishonored check fees by assuming  
25 all of the following:

26 (i) A significant number of different annual percentage rates.

27 (ii) A significant number of different account balances, with  
28 the difference between sequential examples of balances being no  
29 greater than one hundred dollars (\$100).

30 (iii) A significant number of different minimum payment  
31 amounts.

32 (iv) That only minimum monthly payments are made and no  
33 additional charges or fees are incurred on the account, such as  
34 additional extensions of credit, voluntary credit insurance, late  
35 fees, or dishonored check fees.

36 (D) A creditor that receives a request for information described  
37 in subparagraph (A) from a cardholder through the toll-free  
38 telephone number disclosed under subparagraph (A), or who is  
39 required to provide the information required by subparagraph (B)  
40 of paragraph (2), may satisfy its obligation to disclose an estimate

1 of the time it would take and the approximate total cost to repay  
2 the cardholder's balance by disclosing only the information set  
3 forth in the table described in subparagraph (C). Including the full  
4 chart along with a billing statement does not satisfy the obligation  
5 under this section.

6 (b) For purposes of this section:

7 (1) "Credit card" has the same meaning as in paragraph (2) of  
8 subdivision (a) of Section 1748.12.

9 (2) "Open-end credit card account" means an account in which  
10 consumer credit is granted by a creditor under a plan in which the  
11 creditor reasonably contemplates repeated transactions, the creditor  
12 may impose a finance charge from time to time on an unpaid  
13 balance, and the amount of credit that may be extended to the  
14 consumer during the term of the plan is generally made available  
15 to the extent that any outstanding balance is repaid and up to any  
16 limit set by the creditor.

17 (3) "Retail credit card" means a credit card is issued by or on  
18 behalf of a retailer, or a private label credit card that is limited to  
19 customers of a specific retailer.

20 (c) (1) This section shall not apply in any billing cycle in which  
21 the account agreement requires a minimum payment of at least 10  
22 percent of the outstanding balance.

23 (2) This section shall not apply in any billing cycle in which  
24 finance charges are not imposed.

25 SEC. 4. Section 1789.12 of the Civil Code is amended to read:  
26 1789.12. As used in this title:

27 (a) "Credit services organization" means a person who, with  
28 respect to the extension of credit by others, sells, provides, or  
29 performs, or represents that he or she can or will sell, provide or  
30 perform, any of the following services, in return for the payment  
31 of money or other valuable consideration:

32 (1) Improving a buyer's credit record, history, or rating.

33 (2) Obtaining a loan or other extension of credit for a buyer.

34 (3) Providing advice or assistance to a buyer with regard to  
35 either paragraph (1) or (2).

36 (b) "Credit services organization" does not include any of the  
37 following:

38 (1) Any person holding a license to make loans or extensions  
39 of credit pursuant to the laws of this state or the United States who  
40 is subject to regulation and supervision with respect to the making

1 of those loans or extensions of credit by an official or agency of  
2 this state or the United States and whose business is the making  
3 of those loans or extensions of credit.

4 (2) Any bank, as defined in Section 102 of the Financial Code,  
5 or any savings institution, as specified in subdivision (a) or (b) of  
6 Section 5102 of the Financial Code, whose deposits or accounts  
7 are eligible for insurance by the Federal Deposit Insurance  
8 Corporation.

9 (3) Any person licensed as a prorater by the Department of  
10 Business Oversight when the person is acting within the course  
11 and scope of that license.

12 (4) Any person licensed as a real estate broker performing an  
13 act for which a real estate license is required under the Real Estate  
14 Law (Pt. 1 (commencing with Sec. 10000), Div. 4, B. & P.C.) and  
15 who is acting within the course and scope of that license.

16 (5) Any attorney licensed to practice law in this state, where  
17 the attorney renders services within the course and scope of the  
18 practice of law, unless the attorney is an employee of, or otherwise  
19 directly affiliated with, a credit services organization.

20 (6) Any broker-dealer registered with the Securities and  
21 Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading  
22 Commission where the broker-dealer is acting within the course  
23 and scope of the regulation.

24 (7) Any nonprofit organization described in Section 501(c)(3)  
25 of the Internal Revenue Code that, according to a final ruling or  
26 determination by the Internal Revenue Service, is both of the  
27 following:

28 (A) Exempt from taxation under Section 501(a) of the Internal  
29 Revenue Code.

30 (B) Not a private foundation as defined in Section 509 of the  
31 Internal Revenue Code.

32 An advance ruling or determination of tax-exempt or foundation  
33 status by the Internal Revenue Service does not meet the  
34 requirements of this paragraph.

35 (c) “Buyer” means any natural person who is solicited to  
36 purchase or who purchases the services of a credit services  
37 organization.

38 (d) “Extension of credit” means the right to defer payment of  
39 debt or to incur debt and defer its payment, offered or granted  
40 primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

1 (e) “Consumer credit reporting agency” means a consumer credit  
2 reporting agency subject to the Consumer Credit Reporting  
3 Agencies Act, Title 1.6 (commencing with Section 1785.1).

4 (f) “Person” includes an individual, corporation, partnership,  
5 joint venture, or any business entity.

6 SEC. 5. Section 1812.201 of the Civil Code is amended to  
7 read:

8 1812.201. For the purposes of this title, the following  
9 definitions shall apply:

10 (a) “Seller assisted marketing plan” means any sale or lease or  
11 offer to sell or lease any product, equipment, supplies, or services  
12 that requires a total initial payment exceeding five hundred dollars  
13 (\$500), but requires an initial cash payment of less than fifty  
14 thousand dollars (\$50,000), that will aid a purchaser or will be  
15 used by or on behalf of the purchaser in connection with or  
16 incidental to beginning, maintaining, or operating a business when  
17 the seller assisted marketing plan seller has advertised or in any  
18 other manner solicited the purchase or lease of the seller assisted  
19 marketing plan and done any of the following acts:

20 (1) Represented that the purchaser will earn, is likely to earn,  
21 or can earn an amount in excess of the initial payment paid by the  
22 purchaser for participation in the seller assisted marketing plan.

23 (2) Represented that there is a market for the product, equipment,  
24 supplies, or services, or any product marketed by the user of the  
25 product, equipment, supplies, or services sold or leased or offered  
26 for sale or lease to the purchaser by the seller, or anything, be it  
27 tangible or intangible, made, produced, fabricated, grown, bred,  
28 modified, or developed by the purchaser using, in whole or in part,  
29 the product, supplies, equipment, or services that were sold or  
30 leased or offered for sale or lease to the purchaser by the seller  
31 assisted marketing plan seller.

32 (3) Represented that the seller will buy back or is likely to buy  
33 back any product made, produced, fabricated, grown, or bred by  
34 the purchaser using, in whole or in part, the product, supplies,  
35 equipment, or services that were initially sold or leased or offered  
36 for sale or lease to the purchaser by the seller assisted marketing  
37 plan seller.

38 (b) A “seller assisted marketing plan” shall not include:

39 (1) A security, as defined in the Corporate Securities Law of  
40 1968 (Division 1 (commencing with Section 25000) of Title 4 of

1 the Corporations Code), that has been qualified for sale by the  
2 Department of Business Oversight, or is exempt under Chapter 1  
3 (commencing with Section 25100) of Part 2 of Division 1 of Title  
4 4 of the Corporations Code from the necessity to qualify.

5 (2) A franchise defined by the Franchise Investment Law  
6 (Division 5 (commencing with Section 31000) of Title 4 of the  
7 Corporations Code) that is registered with the Department of  
8 Business Oversight or is exempt under Chapter 1 (commencing  
9 with Section 31100) of Part 2 of Division 5 of Title 4 of the  
10 Corporations Code from the necessity of registering.

11 (3) Any transaction in which either the seller or purchaser or  
12 the lessor or lessee is licensed pursuant to and the transaction is  
13 governed by the Real Estate Law, Division 4 (commencing with  
14 Section 10000) of the Business and Professions Code.

15 (4) A license granted by a general merchandise retailer that  
16 allows the licensee to sell goods, equipment, supplies, products,  
17 or services to the general public under the retailer's trademark,  
18 trade name, or service mark if all of the following criteria are  
19 satisfied:

20 (A) The general merchandise retailer has been doing business  
21 in this state continually for five years prior to the granting of the  
22 license.

23 (B) The general merchandise retailer sells diverse kinds of  
24 goods, equipment, supplies, products, or services.

25 (C) The general merchandise retailer also sells the same goods,  
26 equipment, supplies, products, or services directly to the general  
27 public.

28 (D) During the previous 12 months the general merchandise  
29 retailer's direct sales of the same goods, equipment, supplies,  
30 products, or services to the public account for at least 50 percent  
31 of its yearly sales of these goods, equipment, supplies, products,  
32 or services made under the retailer's trademark, trade name, or  
33 service mark.

34 (5) A newspaper distribution system distributing newspapers  
35 as defined in Section 6362 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

36 (6) A sale or lease to an existing or beginning business enterprise  
37 that also sells or leases equipment, products, supplies, or performs  
38 services that are not supplied by the seller and that the purchaser  
39 does not utilize with the equipment, products, supplies, or services  
40 of the seller, if the equipment, products, supplies, or services not

1 supplied by the seller account for more than 25 percent of the  
2 purchaser's gross sales.

3 (7) The sale in the entirety of an "ongoing business." For  
4 purposes of this paragraph, an "ongoing business" means a business  
5 that for at least six months previous to the sale has been operated  
6 from a particular specific location, has been open for business to  
7 the general public, and has had all equipment and supplies  
8 necessary for operating the business located at that location. The  
9 sale shall be of the entire "ongoing business" and not merely a  
10 portion of the ongoing business.

11 (8) A sale or lease or offer to sell or lease to a purchaser (A)  
12 who has for a period of at least six months previously bought  
13 products, supplies, services, or equipment that were sold under the  
14 same trademark or trade name or that were produced by the seller  
15 and, (B) who has received on resale of the product, supplies,  
16 services, or equipment an amount that is at least equal to the  
17 amount of the initial payment.

18 (9) The renewal or extension of an existing seller assisted  
19 marketing plan contract.

20 (10) A product distributorship that meets each of the following  
21 requirements:

22 (A) The seller sells products to the purchaser for resale by the  
23 purchaser, and it is reasonably contemplated that substantially all  
24 of the purchaser's sales of the product will be at wholesale.

25 (B) The agreement between the parties does not require that the  
26 purchaser pay the seller, or any person associated with the seller,  
27 a fee or any other payment for the right to enter into the agreement,  
28 and does not require the purchaser to buy a minimum or specified  
29 quantity of the products, or to buy products for a minimum or  
30 specified period of time. For purposes of this paragraph, a "person  
31 associated with the seller" means a person, including an individual  
32 or a business entity, controlling, controlled by, or under the same  
33 control as the seller.

34 (C) The seller is a corporation, partnership, limited liability  
35 company, joint venture, or any other business entity.

36 (D) The seller has a net worth of at least ten million dollars  
37 (\$10,000,000) according to audited financial statements of the  
38 seller done during the 18 months preceding the date of the initial  
39 sale of products to the purchaser. Net worth may be determined  
40 on a consolidated basis if the seller is a subsidiary of another

1 business entity that is permitted by generally accepted accounting  
2 standards to prepare financial statements on a consolidated basis  
3 and that business entity absolutely and irrevocably agrees in writing  
4 to guarantee the seller's obligations to the purchaser. The seller's  
5 net worth shall be verified by a certification to the Attorney General  
6 from an independent certified public accountant that the audited  
7 financial statement reflects a net worth of at least ten million dollars  
8 (\$10,000,000). This certification shall be provided within 30 days  
9 following receipt of a written request from the Attorney General.

10 (E) The seller grants the purchaser a license to use a trademark  
11 that is registered under federal law.

12 (F) It is not an agreement or arrangement encouraging a  
13 distributor to recruit others to participate in the program and  
14 compensating the distributor for recruiting others into the program  
15 or for sales made by others recruited into the program.

16 (c) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership,  
17 limited liability company, joint venture, or any business entity.

18 (d) "Seller" means a person who sells or leases or offers to sell  
19 or lease a seller assisted marketing plan and who meets either of  
20 the following conditions:

21 (1) Has sold or leased or represents or implies that the seller  
22 has sold or leased, whether in California or elsewhere, at least five  
23 seller assisted marketing plans within 24 months prior to a  
24 solicitation.

25 (2) Intends or represents or implies that the seller intends to sell  
26 or lease, whether in California or elsewhere, at least five seller  
27 assisted marketing plans within 12 months following a solicitation.

28 For purposes of this title, the seller is the person to whom the  
29 purchaser becomes contractually obligated. A "seller" does not  
30 include a licensed real estate broker or salesman who engages in  
31 the sale or lease of a "business opportunity" as that term is used  
32 in Sections 10000 to 10030, inclusive, of the Business and  
33 Professions Code, or elsewhere in Chapter 1 (commencing with  
34 Section 10000), Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 10050), or  
35 Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 10450) of Part 1 of Division  
36 4 of the Business and Professions Code.

37 (e) "Purchaser" means a person who is solicited to become  
38 obligated or does become obligated on a seller assisted marketing  
39 plan contract.

1 (f) “Equipment” includes machines, all electrical devices, video  
2 or audio devices, molds, display racks, vending machines, coin  
3 operated game machines, machines that dispense products, and  
4 display units of all kinds.

5 (g) “Supplies” includes any and all materials used to produce,  
6 grow, breed, fabricate, modify, develop, or make any product or  
7 item.

8 (h) “Product” includes any tangible chattel, including food or  
9 living animals, that the purchaser intends to:

10 (1) Sell or lease.

11 (2) Use to perform a service.

12 (3) Resell or attempt to resell to the seller assisted marketing  
13 plan seller.

14 (4) Provide or attempt to provide to the seller assisted marketing  
15 plan seller or to any other person whom the seller suggests the  
16 purchaser contact so that the seller assisted marketing plan seller  
17 or that other person may assist, either directly or indirectly, the  
18 purchaser in distributing, selling, leasing, or otherwise disposing  
19 of the product.

20 (i) “Services” includes any assistance, guidance, direction, work,  
21 labor, or services provided by the seller to initiate or maintain or  
22 assist in the initiation or maintenance of a business.

23 (j) “Seller assisted marketing plan contract” or “contract” means  
24 any contract or agreement that obligates a purchaser to a seller.

25 (k) “Initial payment” means the total amount a purchaser is  
26 obligated to pay to the seller under the terms of the seller assisted  
27 marketing plan contract prior to or at the time of delivery of the  
28 equipment, supplies, products, or services or within six months of  
29 the purchaser commencing operation of the seller assisted  
30 marketing plan. If the contract sets forth a specific total sale price  
31 for purchase of the seller assisted marketing plan which total price  
32 is to be paid partially as a downpayment and then in specific  
33 monthly payments, the “initial payment” means the entire total  
34 sale price.

35 (l) “Initial cash payment” or “downpayment” means that portion  
36 of the initial payment that the purchaser is obligated to pay to the  
37 seller prior to or at the time of delivery of equipment, supplies,  
38 products, or services. It does not include any amount financed by  
39 or for which financing is to be obtained by the seller, or financing  
40 that the seller assists in obtaining.

1 (m) “Buy-back” or “secured investment” means any  
2 representation that implies in any manner that the purchaser’s  
3 initial payment is protected from loss. These terms include a  
4 representation or implication of any of the following:

5 (1) That the seller may repurchase either all or part of what it  
6 sold to the purchaser.

7 (2) That the seller may at some future time pay the purchaser  
8 the difference between what has been earned and the initial  
9 payment.

10 (3) That the seller may in the ordinary course buy from the  
11 purchaser items made, produced, fabricated, grown, bred, modified,  
12 or developed by the purchaser using, in whole or in part, the  
13 product, supplies, equipment, or services that were initially sold  
14 or leased to the purchaser by the seller.

15 (4) That the seller or a person to whom the seller will refer the  
16 purchaser may in the ordinary course sell, lease, or distribute the  
17 items the purchaser has for sale or lease.

18 SEC. 6. Section 2923.3 of the Civil Code is amended to read:

19 2923.3. (a) With respect to residential real property containing  
20 no more than four dwelling units, a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary,  
21 or authorized agent shall provide to the mortgagor or trustor a copy  
22 of the recorded notice of default with an attached separate summary  
23 document of the notice of default in English and the languages  
24 described in Section 1632, as set forth in subdivision (c), and a  
25 copy of the recorded notice of sale with an attached separate  
26 summary document of the information required to be contained  
27 in the notice of sale in English and the languages described in  
28 Section 1632, as set forth in subdivision (d). These summaries are  
29 not required to be recorded or published. This subdivision shall  
30 become operative on April 1, 2013, or 90 days following the  
31 issuance of the translations by the Department of Business  
32 Oversight pursuant to subdivision (b), whichever is later.

33 (b) (1) The Department of Business Oversight shall provide a  
34 standard translation of the statement in paragraph (1) of subdivision  
35 (c), and of the summary of the notice of default, as set forth in  
36 paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) in the languages described in  
37 Section 1632.

38 (2) The Department of Business Oversight shall provide a  
39 standard translation of the statement in paragraph (1) of subdivision

1 (d), and of the summary of the notice of sale, as set forth in  
2 paragraph (2) of subdivision (d).

3 (3) The department shall make the translations described in  
4 paragraphs (1) and (2) available without charge on its Internet Web  
5 site. Any mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent who  
6 provides the department’s translations in the manner prescribed  
7 by this section shall be in compliance with this section.

8 (c) (1) The following statement shall appear in the languages  
9 described in Section 1632 at the beginning of the notice of default:

10

11 NOTE: THERE IS A SUMMARY OF THE INFORMATION  
12 IN THIS DOCUMENT ATTACHED.

13

14 (2) The following summary of key information shall be attached  
15 to the copy of the notice of default provided to the mortgagor or  
16 trustor:

17

18

SUMMARY OF KEY INFORMATION

19 The attached notice of default was sent to [name of the trustor],  
20 in relation to [description of the property that secures the mortgage  
21 or deed of trust in default]. This property may be sold to satisfy  
22 your obligation and any other obligation secured by the deed of  
23 trust or mortgage that is in default. [Trustor] has, as described in  
24 the notice of default, breached the mortgage or deed of trust on  
25 the property described above.

26 IMPORTANT NOTICE: IF YOUR PROPERTY IS IN  
27 FORECLOSURE BECAUSE YOU ARE BEHIND IN YOUR  
28 PAYMENTS, IT MAY BE SOLD WITHOUT ANY COURT  
29 ACTION, and you may have the legal right to bring your account  
30 in good standing by paying all of your past due payments plus  
31 permitted costs and expenses within the time permitted by law for  
32 reinstatement of your account, which is normally five business  
33 days prior to the date set for the sale of your property. No sale date  
34 may be set until approximately 90 days from the date the attached  
35 notice of default may be recorded (which date of recordation  
36 appears on the notice).

37 This amount is \_\_\_\_\_ as of \_\_\_ (date) \_\_\_\_\_ and  
38 will increase until your account becomes current.

39 While your property is in foreclosure, you still must pay other  
40 obligations (such as insurance and taxes) required by your note

1 and deed of trust or mortgage. If you fail to make future payments  
 2 on the loan, pay taxes on the property, provide insurance on the  
 3 property, or pay other obligations as required in the note and deed  
 4 of trust or mortgage, the beneficiary or mortgagee may insist that  
 5 you do so in order to reinstate your account in good standing. In  
 6 addition, the beneficiary or mortgagee may require as a condition  
 7 to reinstatement that you provide reliable written evidence that  
 8 you paid all senior liens, property taxes, and hazard insurance  
 9 premiums.

10 Upon your written request, the beneficiary or mortgagee will  
 11 give you a written itemization of the entire amount you must pay.  
 12 You may not have to pay the entire unpaid portion of your account,  
 13 even though full payment was demanded, but you must pay all  
 14 amounts in default at the time payment is made. However, you  
 15 and your beneficiary or mortgagee may mutually agree in writing  
 16 prior to the time the notice of sale is posted (which may not be  
 17 earlier than three months after this notice of default is recorded)  
 18 to, among other things, (1) provide additional time in which to  
 19 cure the default by transfer of the property or otherwise; or (2)  
 20 establish a schedule of payments in order to cure your default; or  
 21 both (1) and (2).

22 Following the expiration of the time period referred to in the  
 23 first paragraph of this notice, unless the obligation being foreclosed  
 24 upon or a separate written agreement between you and your creditor  
 25 permits a longer period, you have only the legal right to stop the  
 26 sale of your property by paying the entire amount demanded by  
 27 your creditor.

28 To find out the amount you must pay, or to arrange for payment  
 29 to stop the foreclosure, or if your property is in foreclosure for any  
 30 other reason, contact:

- 31 \_\_\_\_\_  
 32 (Name of beneficiary or mortgagee)
- 33 \_\_\_\_\_  
 34 (Mailing address)
- 35 \_\_\_\_\_  
 36 (Telephone)

37 If you have any questions, you should contact a lawyer or the  
 38 governmental agency which may have insured your loan.

1 Notwithstanding the fact that your property is in foreclosure,  
2 you may offer your property for sale, provided the sale is concluded  
3 prior to the conclusion of the foreclosure.

4 Remember, YOU MAY LOSE LEGAL RIGHTS IF YOU DO  
5 NOT TAKE PROMPT ACTION.

6 If you would like additional copies of this summary, you may  
7 obtain them by calling [insert telephone number].

8 (d) (1) The following statement shall appear in the languages  
9 described in Section 1632 at the beginning of the notice of sale:

10

11 NOTE: THERE IS A SUMMARY OF THE INFORMATION  
12 IN THIS DOCUMENT ATTACHED.

13

14 (2) The following summary of key information shall be attached  
15 to the copy of the notice of sale provided to the mortgagor or  
16 trustor:

17

18 SUMMARY OF KEY INFORMATION

19 The attached notice of sale was sent to [trustor], in relation to  
20 [description of the property that secures the mortgage or deed of  
21 trust in default].

22 YOU ARE IN DEFAULT UNDER A (Deed of trust or  
23 mortgage) DATED \_\_\_\_\_. UNLESS YOU TAKE ACTION TO  
24 PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY, IT MAY BE SOLD AT A  
25 PUBLIC SALE.

26 IF YOU NEED AN EXPLANATION OF THE NATURE OF  
27 THE PROCEEDING AGAINST YOU, YOU SHOULD  
28 CONTACT A LAWYER.

29 The total amount due in the notice of sale is \_\_\_\_\_.

30 Your property is scheduled to be sold on [insert date and time  
31 of sale] at [insert location of sale].

32 However, the sale date shown on the attached notice of sale may  
33 be postponed one or more times by the mortgagee, beneficiary,  
34 trustee, or a court, pursuant to Section 2924g of the California  
35 Civil Code. The law requires that information about trustee sale  
36 postponements be made available to you and to the public, as a  
37 courtesy to those not present at the sale. If you wish to learn  
38 whether your sale date has been postponed, and, if applicable, the  
39 rescheduled time and date for the sale of this property, you may  
40 call [telephone number for information regarding the trustee's sale]

1 or visit this Internet Web site [Internet Web site address for  
2 information regarding the sale of this property], using the file  
3 number assigned to this case [case file number]. Information about  
4 postponements that are very short in duration or that occur close  
5 in time to the scheduled sale may not immediately be reflected in  
6 the telephone information or on the Internet Web site. The best  
7 way to verify postponement information is to attend the scheduled  
8 sale.

9 If you would like additional copies of this summary, you may  
10 obtain them by calling [insert telephone number].

11 (e) Failure to provide these summaries to the mortgagor or  
12 trustor shall have the same effect as if the notice of default or notice  
13 of sale were incomplete or not provided.

14 (f) This section sets forth a requirement for translation in  
15 languages other than English, and a document complying with the  
16 provisions of this section may be recorded pursuant to subdivision  
17 (b) of Section 27293 of the Government Code. A document that  
18 complies with this section shall not be rejected for recordation on  
19 the ground that some part of the document is in a language other  
20 than English.

21

22 SEC. 7. Section 1101.1 of the Corporations Code is amended  
23 to read:

24 1101.1. Subdivision (c) of Section 1113 and subdivision (b)  
25 of Section 1101 do not apply to any transaction if the  
26 Commissioner of Business Oversight, the Insurance Commissioner  
27 or, the Public Utilities Commission has approved the terms and  
28 conditions of the transaction and the fairness of those terms and  
29 conditions pursuant to Section 25142 or Section 1209, 5750, or  
30 5802 of the Financial Code, Section 838.5 of the Insurance Code,  
31 or Section 822 of the Public Utilities Code.

32 SEC. 8. Section 2207 of the Corporations Code is amended to  
33 read:

34 2207. (a) A corporation is liable for a civil penalty in an  
35 amount not exceeding one million dollars (\$1,000,000) if the  
36 corporation does both of the following:

37 (1) Has actual knowledge that an officer, director, manager, or  
38 agent of the corporation does any of the following:

1 (A) Makes, publishes, or posts, or has made, published, or  
2 posted, either generally or privately to the shareholders or other  
3 persons, either of the following:

4 (i) An oral, written, or electronically transmitted report, exhibit,  
5 notice, or statement of its affairs or pecuniary condition that  
6 contains a material statement or omission that is false and intended  
7 to give the shares of stock in the corporation a materially greater  
8 or a materially less apparent market value than they really possess.

9 (ii) An oral, written, or electronically transmitted report,  
10 prospectus, account, or statement of operations, values, business,  
11 profits, or expenditures, that includes a material false statement or  
12 omission intended to give the shares of stock in the corporation a  
13 materially greater or a materially less apparent market value than  
14 they really possess.

15 (B) Refuses or has refused to make any book entry or post any  
16 notice required by law in the manner required by law.

17 (C) Misstates or conceals or has misstated or concealed from a  
18 regulatory body a material fact in order to deceive a regulatory  
19 body to avoid a statutory or regulatory duty, or to avoid a statutory  
20 or regulatory limit or prohibition.

21 (2) Within 30 days after actual knowledge is acquired of the  
22 actions described in paragraph (1), the corporation knowingly fails  
23 to do both of the following:

24 (A) Notify the Attorney General or appropriate government  
25 agency in writing, unless the corporation has actual knowledge  
26 that the Attorney General or appropriate government agency has  
27 been notified.

28 (B) Notify its shareholders in writing, unless the corporation  
29 has actual knowledge that the shareholders have been notified.

30 (b) The requirement for notification under this section is not  
31 applicable if the action taken or about to be taken by the  
32 corporation, or by an officer, director, manager, or agent of the  
33 corporation under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a), is abated within  
34 the time prescribed for reporting, unless the appropriate  
35 government agency requires disclosure by regulation.

36 (c) If the action reported to the Attorney General pursuant to  
37 this section implicates the government authority of an agency other  
38 than the Attorney General, the Attorney General shall promptly  
39 forward the written notice to that agency.

1 (d) If the Attorney General was not notified pursuant to  
2 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), but the  
3 corporation reasonably and in good faith believed that it had  
4 complied with the notification requirements of this section by  
5 notifying a government agency listed in paragraph (5) of  
6 subdivision (e), no penalties shall apply.

7 (e) For purposes of this section:

8 (1) “Manager” means a person having both of the following:

9 (A) Management authority over a business entity.

10 (B) Significant responsibility for an aspect of a business that  
11 includes actual authority for the financial operations or financial  
12 transactions of the business.

13 (2) “Agent” means a person or entity authorized by the  
14 corporation to make representations to the public about the  
15 corporation’s financial condition and who is acting within the  
16 scope of the agency when the representations are made.

17 (3) “Shareholder” means a person or entity that is a shareholder  
18 of the corporation at the time the disclosure is required pursuant  
19 to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a).

20 (4) “Notify its shareholders” means to give sufficient description  
21 of an action taken or about to be taken that would constitute acts  
22 or omissions as described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a). A  
23 notice or report filed by a corporation with the United States  
24 Securities and Exchange Commission that relates to the facts and  
25 circumstances giving rise to an obligation under paragraph (1) of  
26 subdivision (a) shall satisfy all notice requirements arising under  
27 paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), but shall not be the exclusive  
28 means of satisfying the notice requirements, provided that the  
29 Attorney General or appropriate agency is informed in writing that  
30 the filing has been made together with a copy of the filing or an  
31 electronic link where it is available online without charge.

32 (5) “Appropriate government agency” means an agency on the  
33 following list that has regulatory authority with respect to the  
34 financial operations of a corporation:

35 (A) Department of Business Oversight.

36 (B) Department of Insurance.

37 (C) Department of Managed Health Care.

38 (D) United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

39 (6) “Actual knowledge of the corporation” means the knowledge  
40 an officer or director of a corporation actually possesses or does

1 not consciously avoid possessing, based on an evaluation of  
2 information provided pursuant to the corporation’s disclosure  
3 controls and procedures.

4 (7) “Refuse to make a book entry” means the intentional decision  
5 not to record an accounting transaction when all of the following  
6 conditions are satisfied:

7 (A) The independent auditors required recordation of an  
8 accounting transaction during the course of an audit.

9 (B) The audit committee of the corporation has not approved  
10 the independent auditor’s recommendation.

11 (C) The decision is made for the primary purpose of rendering  
12 the financial statements materially false or misleading.

13 (8) “Refuse to post any notice required by law” means an  
14 intentional decision not to post a notice required by law when all  
15 of the following conditions exist:

16 (A) The decision not to post the notice has not been approved  
17 by the corporation’s audit committee.

18 (B) The decision is intended to give the shares of stock in the  
19 corporation a materially greater or a materially less apparent market  
20 value than they really possess.

21 (9) “Misstate or conceal material facts from a regulatory body”  
22 means an intentional decision not to disclose material facts when  
23 all of the following conditions exist:

24 (A) The decision not to disclose material facts has not been  
25 approved by the corporation’s audit committee.

26 (B) The decision is intended to give the shares of stock in the  
27 corporation a materially greater or a materially less apparent market  
28 value than they really possess.

29 (10) “Material false statement or omission” means an untrue  
30 statement of material fact or an omission to state a material fact  
31 necessary in order to make the statements made under the  
32 circumstances under which they were made not misleading.

33 (11) “Officer” means any person as set forth in Rule 16A-1  
34 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or any  
35 successor regulation thereto, except an officer of a subsidiary  
36 corporation who is not also an officer of the parent corporation.

37 (f) This section only applies to corporations that are issuers, as  
38 defined in Section 2 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C.  
39 Sec. 7201 and following).

1 (g) An action to enforce this section may only be brought by  
2 the Attorney General or a district attorney or city attorney in the  
3 name of the people of the State of California.

4 SEC. 9. Section 2510 of the Corporations Code is amended to  
5 read:

6 2510. “Social purpose corporation subject to the Banking Law”  
7 means any of the following:

8 (a) A social purpose corporation that, with the approval of the  
9 Commissioner of Business Oversight, is incorporated for the  
10 purpose of engaging in, or that is authorized by the Commissioner  
11 of Business Oversight to engage in, the commercial banking  
12 business under the Banking Law (Division 1 (commencing with  
13 Section 99) of the Financial Code).

14 (b) Any social purpose corporation that, with the approval of  
15 the Commissioner of Business Oversight, is incorporated for the  
16 purpose of engaging in, or that is authorized by the Commissioner  
17 of Business Oversight to engage in, the industrial banking business  
18 under the Banking Law (Division 1 (commencing with Section  
19 99) of the Financial Code).

20 (c) Any social purpose corporation, other than a social purpose  
21 corporation described in subdivision (d), that, with the approval  
22 of the Commissioner of Business Oversight, is incorporated for  
23 the purpose of engaging in, or that is authorized by the  
24 Commissioner of Business Oversight to engage in, the trust  
25 business under the Banking Law (Division 1 (commencing with  
26 Section 99) of the Financial Code).

27 (d) Any social purpose corporation that is authorized by the  
28 Commissioner of Business Oversight and the Commissioner of  
29 Insurance to maintain a title insurance department to engage in  
30 title insurance business and a trust department to engage in trust  
31 business.

32 (e) Any social purpose corporation that, with the approval of  
33 the Commissioner of Business Oversight, is incorporated for the  
34 purpose of engaging in, or that is authorized by the Commissioner  
35 of Business Oversight to engage in, business under Article 1  
36 (commencing with Section 3500) of Chapter 19 of Division 1 of  
37 the Financial Code.

38 SEC. 10. Section 3100 of the Corporations Code is amended  
39 to read:

1 3100. (a) A social purpose corporation may sell, lease, convey,  
2 exchange, transfer, or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all  
3 of its assets when the principal terms of the transaction are  
4 approved by the board and are approved by an affirmative vote of  
5 at least two-thirds of the outstanding shares of each class, or a  
6 greater vote if required in the articles, regardless of whether that  
7 class is entitled to vote thereon by the provisions of the articles,  
8 either before or after approval by the board and before the  
9 transaction. A transaction constituting a reorganization shall be  
10 subject to Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 1200) of Division  
11 1 and Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3400) of this division  
12 and shall not be subject to this section, other than subdivision (d).  
13 A transaction constituting a conversion shall be subject to Chapter  
14 11.5 (commencing with Section 1150) of Division 1 and Chapter  
15 9 (commencing with Section 3300) of this division and shall not  
16 be subject to this section.

17 (b) Notwithstanding approval of two-thirds of the outstanding  
18 shares, the board may abandon the proposed transaction without  
19 further action by the shareholders, subject to the contractual rights,  
20 if any, of third parties.

21 (c) The sale, lease, conveyance, exchange, transfer, or other  
22 disposition may be made upon those terms and conditions and for  
23 that consideration as the board may deem in the best interests of  
24 the social purpose corporation. The consideration may be money,  
25 securities, or other property.

26 (d) If the acquiring party in a transaction pursuant to subdivision  
27 (a) or subdivision (g) of Section 2001 is in control of or under  
28 common control with the disposing social purpose corporation,  
29 the principal terms of the sale shall be approved by at least 90  
30 percent of the voting power of the disposing social purpose  
31 corporation unless the disposition is to a domestic or foreign other  
32 business entity or social purpose corporation, the articles of  
33 incorporation of which specify materially the same purposes, in  
34 consideration of the nonredeemable common shares or  
35 nonredeemable equity securities of the acquiring party or its parent.

36 (e) Subdivision (d) shall not apply to a transaction if the  
37 Commissioner of Business Oversight, the Insurance Commissioner,  
38 or the Public Utilities Commission has approved the terms and  
39 conditions of the transaction and the fairness of those terms and  
40 conditions pursuant to Section 25142, Section 1209 of the Financial

1 Code, Section 838.5 of the Insurance Code, or Section 822 of the  
2 Public Utilities Code.

3 SEC. 11. Section 17713.12 of the Corporations Code is  
4 amended to read:

5 17713.12. (a) A limited liability company is liable for a civil  
6 penalty in an amount not exceeding one million dollars  
7 (\$1,000,000) if the limited liability company does both of the  
8 following:

9 (1) Has actual knowledge that a member, officer, manager, or  
10 agent of the limited liability company does any of the following:

11 (A) Makes, publishes, or posts, or has made, published, or  
12 posted, either generally or privately to the shareholders or other  
13 persons, either of the following:

14 (i) An oral, written, or electronically transmitted report, exhibit,  
15 notice, or statement of its affairs or pecuniary condition that  
16 contains a material statement or omission that is false and intended  
17 to give membership shares in the limited liability company a  
18 materially greater or a materially less apparent market value than  
19 they really possess.

20 (ii) An oral, written, or electronically transmitted report,  
21 prospectus, account, or statement of operations, values, business,  
22 profits, or expenditures that includes a material false statement or  
23 omission intended to give membership shares in the limited liability  
24 company a materially greater or a materially less apparent market  
25 value than they really possess.

26 (B) Refuses or has refused to make any book entry or post any  
27 notice required by law in the manner required by law.

28 (C) Misstates or conceals or has misstated or concealed from a  
29 regulatory body a material fact in order to deceive a regulatory  
30 body to avoid a statutory or regulatory duty, or to avoid a statutory  
31 or regulatory limit or prohibition.

32 (2) Within 30 days after actual knowledge is acquired of the  
33 actions described in paragraph (1), the limited liability company  
34 knowingly fails to do both of the following:

35 (A) Notify the Attorney General or appropriate government  
36 agency in writing, unless the limited liability company has actual  
37 knowledge that the Attorney General or appropriate government  
38 agency has been notified.

1 (B) Notify its members and investors in writing, unless the  
2 limited liability company has actual knowledge that the members  
3 and investors have been notified.

4 (b) The requirement for notification under this section is not  
5 applicable if the action taken or about to be taken by the limited  
6 liability company, or by a member, officer, manager, or agent of  
7 the limited liability company under paragraph (1) of subdivision  
8 (a), is abated within the time prescribed for reporting, unless the  
9 appropriate government agency requires disclosure by regulation.

10 (c) If the action reported to the Attorney General pursuant to  
11 this section implicates the government authority of an agency other  
12 than the Attorney General, the Attorney General shall promptly  
13 forward the written notice to that agency.

14 (d) If the Attorney General was not notified pursuant to  
15 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), but the  
16 limited liability company reasonably and in good faith believed  
17 that it had complied with the notification requirements of this  
18 section by notifying a government agency listed in paragraph (5)  
19 of subdivision (e), no penalties shall apply.

20 (e) For purposes of this section:

21 (1) “Manager” means a person defined by subdivision (m) of  
22 Section 17701.01 having both of the following:

23 (A) Management authority over the limited liability company.

24 (B) Significant responsibility for an aspect of the limited liability  
25 company that includes actual authority for the financial operations  
26 or financial transactions of the limited liability company.

27 (2) “Agent” means a person or entity authorized by the limited  
28 liability company to make representations to the public about the  
29 limited liability company’s financial condition and who is acting  
30 within the scope of the agency when the representations are made.

31 (3) “Member” means a person as defined by subdivision (o) of  
32 Section 17701.01 that is a member of the limited liability company  
33 at the time the disclosure is required pursuant to subparagraph (B)  
34 of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a).

35 (4) “Notify its members” means to give sufficient description  
36 of an action taken or about to be taken that would constitute acts  
37 or omissions as described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a). A  
38 notice or report filed by a limited liability company with the United  
39 States Securities and Exchange Commission that relates to the  
40 facts and circumstances giving rise to an obligation under

1 paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) shall satisfy all notice requirements  
2 arising under paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) but shall not be the  
3 exclusive means of satisfying the notice requirements, provided  
4 that the Attorney General or appropriate agency is informed in  
5 writing that the filing has been made together with a copy of the  
6 filing or an electronic link where it is available online without  
7 charge.

8 (5) “Appropriate government agency” means an agency on the  
9 following list that has regulatory authority with respect to the  
10 financial operations of a limited liability company:

11 (A) Department of Business Oversight.

12 (B) Department of Insurance.

13 (C) Department of Managed Health Care.

14 (D) United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

15 (6) “Actual knowledge of the limited liability company” means  
16 the knowledge a member, officer, or manager of a limited liability  
17 company actually possesses or does not consciously avoid  
18 possessing, based on an evaluation of information provided  
19 pursuant to the limited liability company’s disclosure controls and  
20 procedures.

21 (7) “Refuse to make a book entry” means the intentional decision  
22 not to record an accounting transaction when all of the following  
23 conditions are satisfied:

24 (A) The independent auditors required recordation of an  
25 accounting transaction during the course of an audit.

26 (B) The audit committee of the limited liability company has  
27 not approved the independent auditor’s recommendation.

28 (C) The decision is made for the primary purpose of rendering  
29 the financial statements materially false or misleading.

30 (8) “Refuse to post any notice required by law” means an  
31 intentional decision not to post a notice required by law when all  
32 of the following conditions exist:

33 (A) The decision not to post the notice has not been approved  
34 by the limited liability company’s audit committee.

35 (B) The decision is intended to give the membership shares in  
36 the limited liability company a materially greater or a materially  
37 less apparent market value than they really possess.

38 (9) “Misstate or conceal material facts from a regulatory body”  
39 means an intentional decision not to disclose material facts when  
40 all of the following conditions exist:

1 (A) The decision not to disclose material facts has not been  
2 approved by the limited liability company’s audit committee.

3 (B) The decision is intended to give the membership shares in  
4 the limited liability company a materially greater or a materially  
5 less apparent market value than they really possess.

6 (10) “Material false statement or omission” means an untrue  
7 statement of material fact or an omission to state a material fact  
8 necessary in order to make the statements made under the  
9 circumstances under which they were made not misleading.

10 (11) “Officer” means a person appointed pursuant to Section  
11 17703.02, except an officer of a specified subsidiary limited  
12 liability company who is not also an officer of the parent limited  
13 liability company.

14 (f) This section only applies to limited liability companies that  
15 are issuers, as defined in Section 2 of the federal Sarbanes-Oxley  
16 Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 7201 et seq.).

17 (g) An action to enforce this section may only be brought by  
18 the Attorney General or a district attorney or city attorney in the  
19 name of the people of the State of California.

20 SEC. 12. Section 25003 of the Corporations Code is amended  
21 to read:

22 25003. (a) “Agent” means any individual, other than a  
23 broker-dealer or a partner of a licensed broker-dealer, who  
24 represents a broker-dealer or who for compensation represents an  
25 issuer in effecting or attempting to effect purchases or sales of  
26 securities in this state.

27 (b) “Agent” does not include an individual who only represents  
28 an issuer in effecting transactions in securities exempted by  
29 subdivision (a), (b), (e), (f), (g), (j), (k) or (l) of Section 25100 or  
30 in effecting transactions exempted by Section 25102, and does not  
31 include an individual who has no place of business in this state if  
32 he or she effects transactions in this state exclusively with  
33 broker-dealers.

34 (c) “Agent” does not include an associated person of a broker  
35 or dealer effecting transactions described in Section 15(i)(4) of  
36 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, subject to the provisions of  
37 Section 15(i)(3) of that act.

38 (d) An officer or director of a broker-dealer or issuer, or an  
39 individual occupying a similar status or performing similar  
40 functions, is an agent only if he otherwise comes within this

1 definition and receives compensation specifically related to  
2 purchases or sales of securities.

3 SEC. 13. Section 25018 of the Corporations Code is amended  
4 to read:

5 25018. “Securities Act of 1933,” “Securities Exchange Act of  
6 1934,” “Investment Advisers Act of 1940,” and “Investment  
7 Company Act of 1940” mean the federal statutes of those names  
8 as amended before or after the effective date of this law.

9 SEC. 14. Section 25100 of the Corporations Code is amended  
10 to read:

11 25100. The following securities are exempted from Sections  
12 25110, 25120, and 25130:

13 (a) Any security (including a revenue obligation) issued or  
14 guaranteed by the United States, any state, any city, county, city  
15 and county, public district, public authority, public corporation,  
16 public entity, or political subdivision of a state or any agency or  
17 corporate or other instrumentality of any one or more of the  
18 foregoing; or any certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing.

19 (b) Any security issued or guaranteed by Canada, any Canadian  
20 province, any political subdivision or municipality of that province,  
21 or by any other foreign government with which the United States  
22 currently maintains diplomatic relations, if the security is  
23 recognized as a valid obligation by the issuer or guarantor; or any  
24 certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing.

25 (c) Any security issued or guaranteed by and representing an  
26 interest in or a direct obligation of a national bank or a bank or  
27 trust company incorporated under the laws of this state, and any  
28 security issued by a bank to one or more other banks and  
29 representing an interest in an asset of the issuing bank.

30 (d) Any security issued or guaranteed by a federal savings  
31 association or federal savings bank or federal land bank or joint  
32 land bank or national farm loan association or by any savings  
33 association, as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 5102 of the  
34 Financial Code, which is subject to the supervision and regulation  
35 of the Commissioner of Financial Institutions of this state.

36 (e) Any security (other than an interest in all or portions of a  
37 parcel or parcels of real property which are subdivided land or a  
38 subdivision or in a real estate development), the issuance of which  
39 is subject to authorization by the Insurance Commissioner, the

1 Public Utilities Commission, or the Real Estate Commissioner of  
2 this state.

3 (f) Any security consisting of any interest in all or portions of  
4 a parcel or parcels of real property which are subdivided lands or  
5 a subdivision or in a real estate development; provided that the  
6 exemption in this subdivision shall not be applicable to: (1) any  
7 investment contract sold or offered for sale with, or as part of, that  
8 interest, or (2) any person engaged in the business of selling,  
9 distributing, or supplying water for irrigation purposes or domestic  
10 use that is not a public utility except that the exemption is  
11 applicable to any security of a mutual water company (other than  
12 an investment contract as described in paragraph (1)) offered or  
13 sold in connection with subdivided lands pursuant to Chapter 2  
14 (commencing with Section 14310) of Part 7 of Division 3 of Title  
15 1.

16 (g) Any mutual capital certificates or savings accounts, as  
17 defined in the Savings Association Law, issued by a savings  
18 association, as defined by subdivision (a) of Section 5102 of the  
19 Financial Code, and holding a license or certificate of authority  
20 then in force from the Commissioner of Financial Institutions of  
21 this state.

22 (h) Any security issued or guaranteed by any federal credit  
23 union, or by any credit union organized and supervised, or  
24 regulated, under the Credit Union Law.

25 (i) Any security issued or guaranteed by any railroad, other  
26 common carrier, public utility, or public utility holding company  
27 is (1) subject to jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory  
28 Commission under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of  
29 2005 regulated in respect to its rates and charges by the United  
30 States or a state or (2) regulated in respect of the issuance or  
31 guarantee of the security by a governmental authority of the United  
32 States, of any state, of Canada or of any Canadian province; and  
33 the security is subject to registration with or authorization of  
34 issuance by that authority.

35 (j) Any security (except evidences of indebtedness, whether  
36 interest bearing or not) of an issuer (1) organized exclusively for  
37 educational, benevolent, fraternal, religious, charitable, social, or  
38 reformatory purposes and not for pecuniary profit, if no part of the  
39 net earnings of the issuer inures to the benefit of any private  
40 shareholder or individual, or (2) organized as a chamber of

1 commerce or trade or professional association. The fact that  
2 amounts received from memberships or dues or both will or may  
3 be used to construct or otherwise acquire facilities for use by  
4 members of the nonprofit organization does not disqualify the  
5 organization for this exemption. This exemption does not apply  
6 to the securities of any nonprofit organization if any promoter  
7 thereof expects or intends to make a profit directly or indirectly  
8 from any business or activity associated with the organization or  
9 operation of that nonprofit organization or from remuneration  
10 received from that nonprofit organization.

11 (k) Any agreement, commonly known as a “life income  
12 contract,” of an issuer (1) organized exclusively for educational,  
13 benevolent, fraternal, religious, charitable, social, or reformatory  
14 purposes and not for pecuniary profit and (2) which the  
15 commissioner designates by rule or order, with a donor in  
16 consideration of a donation of property to that issuer and providing  
17 for the payment to the donor or persons designated by him or her  
18 of income or specified periodic payments from the donated  
19 property or other property for the life of the donor or those other  
20 persons.

21 (l) Any note, draft, bill of exchange, or banker’s acceptance  
22 which is freely transferable and of prime quality, arises out of a  
23 current transaction or the proceeds of which have been or are to  
24 be used for current transactions, and which evidences an obligation  
25 to pay cash within nine months of the date of issuance, exclusive  
26 of days of grace, or any renewal of that paper which is likewise  
27 limited, or any guarantee of that paper or of that renewal, provided  
28 that the paper is not offered to the public in amounts of less than  
29 twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in the aggregate to any one  
30 purchaser. In addition, the commissioner may, by rule or order,  
31 exempt any issuer of any notes, drafts, bills of exchange or banker’s  
32 acceptances from qualification of those securities when the  
33 commissioner finds that the qualification is not necessary or  
34 appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors.

35 (m) Any security issued by any corporation organized and  
36 existing under the provisions of Chapter 1 (commencing with  
37 Section 54001) of Division 20 of the Food and Agricultural Code.

38 (n) Any beneficial interest in an employees’ pension,  
39 profit-sharing, stock bonus or similar benefit plan which meets the  
40 requirements for qualification under Section 401 of the federal

1 Internal Revenue Code or any statute amendatory thereof or  
2 supplementary thereto. A determination letter from the Internal  
3 Revenue Service stating that an employees' pension, profit-sharing,  
4 stock bonus or similar benefit plan meets those requirements shall  
5 be conclusive evidence that the plan is an employees' pension,  
6 profit-sharing, stock bonus or similar benefit plan within the  
7 meaning of the first sentence of this subdivision until the date the  
8 determination letter is revoked in writing by the Internal Revenue  
9 Service, regardless of whether or not the revocation is retroactive.

10 (o) Any security listed or approved for listing upon notice of  
11 issuance on a national securities exchange, if the exchange has  
12 been certified by rule or order of the commissioner and any warrant  
13 or right to purchase or subscribe to the security. The exemption  
14 afforded by this subdivision does not apply to securities listed or  
15 approved for listing upon notice of issuance on a national securities  
16 exchange, in a rollup transaction unless the rollup transaction is  
17 an eligible rollup transaction as defined in Section 25014.7.

18 That certification of any exchange shall be made by the  
19 commissioner upon the written request of the exchange if the  
20 commissioner finds that the exchange, in acting on applications  
21 for listing of common stock, substantially applies the minimum  
22 standards set forth in either subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph  
23 (1), and, in considering suspension or removal from listing,  
24 substantially applies each of the criteria set forth in paragraph (2).

25 (1) Listing standards:

26 (A) (i) Shareholders' equity of at least four million dollars  
27 (\$4,000,000).

28 (ii) Pretax income of at least seven hundred fifty thousand  
29 dollars (\$750,000) in the issuer's last fiscal year or in two of its  
30 last three fiscal years.

31 (iii) Minimum public distribution of 500,000 shares (exclusive  
32 of the holdings of officers, directors, controlling shareholders, and  
33 other concentrated or family holdings), together with a minimum  
34 of 800 public holders or minimum public distribution of 1,000,000  
35 shares together with a minimum of 400 public holders. The  
36 exchange may also consider the listing of a company's securities  
37 if the company has a minimum of 500,000 shares publicly held, a  
38 minimum of 400 shareholders and daily trading volume in the  
39 issue has been approximately 2,000 shares or more for the six  
40 months preceding the date of application. In evaluating the

1 suitability of an issue for listing under this trading provision, the  
2 exchange shall review the nature and frequency of that activity  
3 and any other factors as it may determine to be relevant in  
4 ascertaining whether the issue is suitable for trading. A security  
5 that trades infrequently shall not be considered for listing under  
6 this paragraph even though average daily volume amounts to 2,000  
7 shares per day or more.

8 Companies whose securities are concentrated in a limited  
9 geographical area, or whose securities are largely held in block by  
10 institutional investors, normally may not be considered eligible  
11 for listing unless the public distribution appreciably exceeds  
12 500,000 shares.

13 (iv) Minimum price of three dollars (\$3) per share for a  
14 reasonable period of time prior to the filing of a listing application;  
15 provided, however, in certain instances an exchange may favorably  
16 consider listing an issue selling for less than three dollars (\$3) per  
17 share after considering all pertinent factors, including market  
18 conditions in general, whether historically the issue has sold above  
19 three dollars (\$3) per share, the applicant's capitalization, and the  
20 number of outstanding and publicly held shares of the issue.

21 (v) An aggregate market value for publicly held shares of at  
22 least three million dollars (\$3,000,000).

23 (B) (i) Shareholders' equity of at least four million dollars  
24 (\$4,000,000).

25 (ii) Minimum public distribution set forth in clause (iii) of  
26 subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1).

27 (iii) Operating history of at least three years.

28 (iv) An aggregate market value for publicly held shares of at  
29 least fifteen million dollars (\$15,000,000).

30 (2) Criteria for consideration of suspension or removal from  
31 listing:

32 (i) If a company that (A) has shareholders' equity of less than  
33 one million dollars (\$1,000,000) has sustained net losses in each  
34 of its two most recent fiscal years, or (B) has net tangible assets  
35 of less than three million dollars (\$3,000,000) and has sustained  
36 net losses in three of its four most recent fiscal years.

37 (ii) If the number of shares publicly held (excluding the holdings  
38 of officers, directors, controlling shareholders and other  
39 concentrated or family holdings) is less than 150,000.

1 (iii) If the total number of shareholders is less than 400 or if the  
2 number of shareholders of lots of 100 shares or more is less than  
3 300.

4 (iv) If the aggregate market value of shares publicly held is less  
5 than seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000).

6 (v) If shares of common stock sell at a price of less than three  
7 dollars (\$3) per share for a substantial period of time and the issuer  
8 shall fail to effectuate a reverse stock split of the shares within a  
9 reasonable period of time after being requested by the exchange  
10 to take that action.

11 A national securities exchange, certified by rule or order of the  
12 commissioner under this subdivision, shall file annual reports when  
13 requested to do so by the commissioner. The annual reports shall  
14 contain, by issuer: the variances granted to an exchange's listing  
15 standards, including variances from corporate governance and  
16 voting rights' standards, for any security of that issuer; the reasons  
17 for the variances; a discussion of the review procedure instituted  
18 by the exchange to determine the effect of the variances on  
19 investors and whether the variances should be continued; and any  
20 other information that the commissioner deems relevant. The  
21 purpose of these reports is to assist the commissioner in  
22 determining whether the quantitative and qualitative requirements  
23 of this subdivision are substantially being met by the exchange in  
24 general or with regard to any particular security.

25 The commissioner after appropriate notice and opportunity for  
26 hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative  
27 Procedure Act, Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of  
28 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, may, in  
29 his or her discretion, by rule or order, decertify any exchange  
30 previously certified that ceases substantially to apply the minimum  
31 standards or criteria as set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2).

32 A rule or order of certification shall conclusively establish that  
33 any security listed or approved for listing upon notice of issuance  
34 on any exchange named in a rule or order of certification, and any  
35 warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to that security, is exempt  
36 under this subdivision until the adoption by the commissioner of  
37 any rule or order decertifying the exchange.

38 (p) A promissory note secured by a lien on real property, which  
39 is neither one of a series of notes of equal priority secured by

1 interests in the same real property nor a note in which beneficial  
2 interests are sold to more than one person or entity.

3 (q) Any unincorporated interindemnity or reciprocal or  
4 interinsurance contract, that qualifies under the provisions of  
5 Section 1280.7 of the Insurance Code, between members of a  
6 cooperative corporation, organized and operating under Part 2  
7 (commencing with Section 12200) of Division 3 of Title 1, and  
8 whose members consist only of physicians and surgeons licensed  
9 in California, which contracts indemnify solely in respect to  
10 medical malpractice claims against the members, and which do  
11 not collect in advance of loss any moneys other than contributions  
12 by each member to a collective reserve trust fund or for necessary  
13 expenses of administration.

14 (1) Whenever it appears to the commissioner that any person  
15 has engaged or is about to engage in any act or practice constituting  
16 a violation of any provision of Section 1280.7 of the Insurance  
17 Code, the commissioner may, in the commissioner's discretion,  
18 bring an action in the name of the people of the State of California  
19 in the superior court to enjoin the acts or practices or to enforce  
20 compliance with Section 1280.7 of the Insurance Code. Upon a  
21 proper showing a permanent or preliminary injunction, a restraining  
22 order, or a writ of mandate shall be granted and a receiver or  
23 conservator may be appointed for the defendant or the defendant's  
24 assets.

25 (2) The commissioner may, in the commissioner's discretion,  
26 (A) make public or private investigations within or outside of this  
27 state as the commissioner deems necessary to determine whether  
28 any person has violated or is about to violate any provision of  
29 Section 1280.7 of the Insurance Code or to aid in the enforcement  
30 of Section 1280.7, and (B) publish information concerning the  
31 violation of Section 1280.7.

32 (3) For the purpose of any investigation or proceeding under  
33 this section, the commissioner or any officer designated by the  
34 commissioner may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena  
35 witnesses, compel their attendance, take evidence, and require the  
36 production of any books, papers, correspondence, memoranda,  
37 agreements, or other documents or records which the commissioner  
38 deems relevant or material to the inquiry.

39 (4) In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena  
40 issued to, any person, the superior court, upon application by the

1 commissioner, may issue to the person an order requiring the  
2 person to appear before the commissioner, or the officer designated  
3 by the commissioner, to produce documentary evidence, if so  
4 ordered, or to give evidence touching the matter under investigation  
5 or in question. Failure to obey the order of the court may be  
6 punished by the court as a contempt.

7 (5) No person is excused from attending or testifying or from  
8 producing any document or record before the commissioner or in  
9 obedience to the subpoena of the commissioner or any officer  
10 designated by the commissioner, or in any proceeding instituted  
11 by the commissioner, on the ground that the testimony or evidence  
12 (documentary or otherwise), required of the person may tend to  
13 incriminate the person or subject the person to a penalty or  
14 forfeiture, but no individual may be prosecuted or subjected to any  
15 penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter,  
16 or thing concerning which the person is compelled, after validly  
17 claiming the privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or  
18 produce evidence (documentary or otherwise), except that the  
19 individual testifying is not exempt from prosecution and  
20 punishment for perjury or contempt committed in testifying.

21 (6) The cost of any review, examination, audit, or investigation  
22 made by the commissioner under Section 1280.7 of the Insurance  
23 Code shall be paid to the commissioner by the person subject to  
24 the review, examination, audit, or investigation, and the  
25 commissioner may maintain an action for the recovery of these  
26 costs in any court of competent jurisdiction. In determining the  
27 cost, the commissioner may use the actual amount of the salary or  
28 other compensation paid to the persons making the review,  
29 examination, audit, or investigation plus the actual amount of  
30 expenses including overhead reasonably incurred in the  
31 performance of the work.

32 The recoverable cost of each review, examination, audit, or  
33 investigation made by the commissioner under Section 1280.7 of  
34 the Insurance Code shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars  
35 (\$25,000), except that costs exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars  
36 (\$25,000) shall be recoverable if the costs are necessary to prevent  
37 a violation of any provision of Section 1280.7 of the Insurance  
38 Code.

39 (r) Any shares or memberships issued by any corporation  
40 organized and existing pursuant to the provisions of Part 2

1 (commencing with Section 12200) of Division 3 of Title 1,  
2 provided the aggregate investment of any shareholder or member  
3 in shares or memberships sold pursuant to this subdivision does  
4 not exceed three hundred dollars (\$300). This exemption does not  
5 apply to the shares or memberships of that corporation if any  
6 promoter thereof expects or intends to make a profit directly or  
7 indirectly from any business or activity associated with the  
8 corporation or the operation of the corporation or from  
9 remuneration, other than reasonable salary, received from the  
10 corporation. This exemption does not apply to nonvoting shares  
11 or memberships of that corporation issued to any person who does  
12 not possess, and who will not acquire in connection with the  
13 issuance of nonvoting shares or memberships, voting power  
14 (Section 12253) in the corporation. This exemption also does not  
15 apply to shares or memberships issued by a nonprofit cooperative  
16 corporation organized to facilitate the creation of an unincorporated  
17 interindemnity arrangement that provides indemnification for  
18 medical malpractice to its physician and surgeon members as set  
19 forth in subdivision (q).

20 (s) Any security consisting of or representing an interest in a  
21 pool of mortgage loans that meets each of the following  
22 requirements:

23 (1) The pool consists of whole mortgage loans or participation  
24 interests in those loans, which loans were originated or acquired  
25 in the ordinary course of business by a national bank or federal  
26 savings association or federal savings bank having its principal  
27 office in this state, by a bank incorporated under the laws of this  
28 state or by a savings association as defined in subdivision (a) of  
29 Section 5102 of the Financial Code and which is subject to the  
30 supervision and regulation of the Commissioner of Financial  
31 Institutions, and each of which at the time of transfer to the pool  
32 is an authorized investment for the originating or acquiring  
33 institution.

34 (2) The pool of mortgage loans is held in trust by a trustee which  
35 is a financial institution specified in paragraph (1) as trustee or  
36 otherwise.

37 (3) The loans are serviced by a financial institution specified in  
38 paragraph (1).

1 (4) The security is not offered in amounts of less than  
2 twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in the aggregate to any one  
3 purchaser.

4 (5) The security is offered pursuant to a registration under the  
5 Securities Act of 1933, or pursuant to an exemption under  
6 Regulation A under that act, or in the opinion of counsel for the  
7 issuer, is offered pursuant to an exemption under Section 4(2) of  
8 that act.

9 (t) (1) Any security issued or guaranteed by and representing  
10 an interest in or a direct obligation of an industrial loan company  
11 incorporated under the laws of the state and authorized by the  
12 Commissioner of Financial Institutions to engage in industrial loan  
13 business.

14 (2) Any investment certificate in or issued by any industrial  
15 loan company that is organized under the laws of a state of the  
16 United States other than this state, that is insured by the Federal  
17 Deposit Insurance Corporation, and that maintains a branch office  
18 in this state.

19 SEC. 15. Section 25207 of the Corporations Code is amended  
20 to read:

21 25207. A financial institution that undertakes activities with  
22 respect to an investment company pursuant to the provisions of  
23 Section 1514, 6524, 14652.5, or 18022.5 of the Financial Code  
24 shall not be subject to Section 25210 or 25230 in connection with  
25 such activities but shall be subject to Sections 25218, 25234,  
26 25235, and 25237 and to subdivisions (a), (b), and (d) of Section  
27 25216, and such rules thereunder as the commissioner may specify  
28 by rule. Nothing in this section shall affect the status of such a  
29 financial institution as a broker-dealer or investment adviser, or  
30 the employees of such persons, when engaged in the activities  
31 authorized by the provisions of the Financial Code specified above.

32 SEC. 16. Section 25243.5 of the Corporations Code is amended  
33 to read:

34 25243.5. (a) A broker-dealer or investment adviser, or an agent  
35 or representative thereof, shall not use a senior-specific  
36 certification, credential, or professional designation in connection  
37 with the offer, sale, or purchase of securities, or the provision of  
38 advice as to the value of or the advisability of investing in,  
39 purchasing, or selling securities, either directly or indirectly or  
40 through publications or writings or by issuing or promulgating

1 analyses or reports relating to securities, that indicates or implies  
2 that the broker-dealer, investment adviser, or an agent or  
3 representative thereof, has special certification or training in  
4 advising or servicing senior citizens or retirees, in such a way as  
5 to mislead any person.

6 (b) The prohibited use of these certifications, credentials, or  
7 professional designations includes, but is not limited to, the  
8 following:

9 (1) The use of a certification, credential, or professional  
10 designation by a person who has not actually earned or is otherwise  
11 ineligible to use the certification, credential, or designation.

12 (2) The use of a nonexistent or self-conferred certification,  
13 credential, or professional designation.

14 (3) The use of a certification, credential, or professional  
15 designation that indicates or implies a level of occupational  
16 qualifications obtained through education, training, or experience  
17 that the person using the certification, credential, or professional  
18 designation does not have.

19 (4) The use of a certification, credential, or professional  
20 designation that was obtained from a designating, credentialing,  
21 or certifying organization where any of the following apply:

22 (A) The organization is primarily engaged in the business of  
23 instruction in sales marketing.

24 (B) The organization does not have reasonable standards or  
25 procedures for assuring the competency of individuals to whom  
26 it grants a certification, credential, or professional designation.

27 (C) The organization does not have reasonable standards or  
28 procedures for monitoring and disciplining individuals with a  
29 certification, credential, or professional designation for improper  
30 or unethical conduct.

31 (D) The organization does not have reasonable continuing  
32 education requirements for individuals with a certification,  
33 credential, or professional designation in order to maintain the  
34 certificate, credential, or professional designation.

35 (c) There is a rebuttable presumption that a designating,  
36 credentialing, or certifying organization is not disqualified solely  
37 for the purposes of paragraph (4) of subdivision (b) when the  
38 organization has been accredited by the American National  
39 Standards Institute, the National Commission for Certifying  
40 Agencies, or an organization that is on the United States

1 Department of Education’s list entitled “Accrediting Agencies  
2 Recognized for Title IV Purposes” and the certification, credential,  
3 or professional designation issued therefrom does not primarily  
4 apply to sales and/or marketing.

5 (d) In determining whether a combination of words, or an  
6 acronym standing for a combination of words, constitutes a  
7 certification, credential, or professional designation indicating or  
8 implying that a person has special certification or training in  
9 advising or serving senior citizens or retirees, factors to be  
10 considered shall include both of the following:

11 (1) Use of one or more word such as “senior,” “retirement,”  
12 “elder,” or like words combined with one or more words such as  
13 “certified,” “registered,” “chartered,” “adviser,” “specialist,”  
14 “consultant,” “planner,” or like words, in the name of the  
15 certification, credential, or professional designation or credential.

16 (2) The manner in which those words are combined.

17 (e) This section shall not apply to the use of a job title by a  
18 person within an organization that is licensed or registered by the  
19 Department of Business Oversight or a federal financial services  
20 regulatory agency, when that job title indicates seniority or standing  
21 within the organization, or specifies a person’s area of  
22 specialization within the organization. For the purposes of this  
23 subdivision, federal financial services regulatory agency includes,  
24 but is not limited to, an agency that regulates brokers or dealers,  
25 investment advisers, or investment companies as described under  
26 the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 809-1 et  
27 seq.).

28 (f) (1) This section shall not apply to a broker or agent who is  
29 licensed by the Department of Insurance and is in compliance with  
30 the requirements of Section 787.1 of the Insurance Code.

31 (2) This subdivision shall be operative only if Assembly Bill  
32 2150 of the 2007–08 Regular Session is chaptered and becomes  
33 effective and that bill adds Section 787.1 to the Insurance Code.

34 (g) This section shall become operative on July 1, 2009.

35 SEC. 17. Section 25247 of the Corporations Code is amended  
36 to read:

37 25247. (a) Upon written or oral request, the commissioner  
38 shall make available to any person the information specified in  
39 Section 6254.12 of the Government Code and made available  
40 through the Public Disclosure Program of the Financial Industry

1 Regulatory Authority with respect to any broker-dealer or agent  
2 licensed or regulated under this part. The commissioner shall also  
3 make available the current license status and the year of issuance  
4 of the license of a broker-dealer. Any information disclosed  
5 pursuant to this subdivision shall constitute a public record.  
6 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, the commissioner  
7 may disclose either orally or in writing that information pursuant  
8 to this subdivision. There shall be no liability on the part of and  
9 no cause of action of any nature shall arise against the State of  
10 California, the Department of Business Oversight, the  
11 Commissioner of Business Oversight, or any officer, agent, or  
12 employee of the state or of the Department of Business Oversight  
13 for the release of any false or unauthorized information, unless the  
14 release of that information was done with knowledge and malice.

15 (b) Any broker-dealer or agent licensed or regulated under this  
16 part shall upon request deliver a written notice to any client when  
17 a new account is opened stating that information about the license  
18 status or disciplinary record of a broker-dealer or an agent may be  
19 obtained from the Department of Corporations, or from any other  
20 source that provides substantially similar information.

21 (c) The notice provided under subdivision (b) shall contain the  
22 office location or telephone number where the information may  
23 be obtained.

24 (d) A broker-dealer or agent shall be exempt from providing  
25 the notice required under subdivision (b) if a person who does not  
26 have a financial relationship with the broker-dealer or agent,  
27 requests only general operational information such as the nature  
28 of the broker-dealer's or agent's business, office location, hours  
29 of operation, basic services, and fees, but does not solicit advice  
30 regarding investments or other services offered.

31 (e) Upon written or oral request, the commissioner shall make  
32 available to any person the disciplinary records maintained on the  
33 Investment Adviser Registration Depository and made available  
34 through the Investment Advisor Public Disclosure Web site with  
35 respect to any investment adviser, investment adviser  
36 representative, or associated person of an investment adviser  
37 licensed or regulated under this part. The commissioner shall also  
38 make available the current license status and the year of issuance  
39 of the license of an investment adviser. Any information disclosed  
40 pursuant to this subdivision shall constitute a public record.

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the commissioner  
2 may disclose that information either orally or in writing pursuant  
3 to this subdivision. There shall be no liability on the part of and  
4 no cause of action of any nature shall arise against the State of  
5 California, the Department of Business Oversight, the  
6 Commissioner of Business Oversight, or any officer, agent, or  
7 employee of the state or of the Department of Business Oversight  
8 for the release of any false or unauthorized information, unless the  
9 release of that information was done with knowledge and malice.

10 (f) Section 461 of the Business and Professions Code shall not  
11 be applicable to the Department of Corporations when using a  
12 national, uniform application adopted or approved for use by the  
13 Securities and Exchange Commission, the North American  
14 Securities Administrators Association, or the Financial Industry  
15 Regulatory Authority that is required for participation in the Central  
16 Registration Depository or the Investment Adviser Registration  
17 Depository.

18 (g) This section shall not require the disclosure of criminal  
19 history record information maintained by the Federal Bureau of  
20 Investigation pursuant to Section 534 of Title 28 of the United  
21 States Code, and the rules thereunder, or information not otherwise  
22 subject to disclosure under the Information Practices Act of 1977.

23 SEC. 18. Section 25254 of the Corporations Code is amended  
24 to read:

25 25254. (a) If the commissioner determines it is in the public  
26 interest, the commissioner may include in any administrative action  
27 brought under this part a claim for ancillary relief, including, but  
28 not limited to, a claim for restitution or disgorgement or damages  
29 on behalf of the persons injured by the act or practice constituting  
30 the subject matter of the action, and the administrative law judge  
31 shall have jurisdiction to award additional relief.

32 (b) In an administrative action brought under this part, the  
33 commissioner is entitled to recover costs, which in the discretion  
34 of the administrative law judge may include an amount representing  
35 reasonable attorney's fees and investigative expenses for the  
36 services rendered, for deposit into the State Corporations Fund for  
37 the use of the Department of Business Oversight.

38 (c) After the exhaustion of the review procedures provided in  
39 accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure  
40 Act, Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of

1 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, the commissioner  
2 may apply to the appropriate superior court for a judgment in the  
3 amount of the administrative penalty and costs awarded in a final  
4 decision and order compelling the respondent, or the named or  
5 cited person, to comply with the final decision of the commissioner  
6 brought under this division. The application shall include a certified  
7 copy of the final decision of the commission and shall constitute  
8 a sufficient showing to warrant the issuance of the judgment and  
9 order from superior court.

10 SEC. 19. Section 25401 of the Corporations Code is amended  
11 to read:

12 25401. It is unlawful for any person to offer or sell a security  
13 in this state, or to buy or offer to buy a security in this state, by  
14 means of any written or oral communication that includes an untrue  
15 statement of a material fact or omits to state a material fact  
16 necessary to make the statements made, in the light of the  
17 circumstances under which the statements were made, not  
18 misleading.

19 SEC. 20. Section 25604 of the Corporations Code is amended  
20 to read:

21 25604. The administration and enforcement of, and the  
22 education of the public relative to, the laws and programs of the  
23 Department of Business Oversight shall be supported from the  
24 State Corporations Fund. Funds appropriated from the State  
25 Corporations Fund and made available for expenditure for any law  
26 or program of the department may come from fees collected from  
27 the following:

28 (a) Section 25608, except for fees collected pursuant to  
29 subdivisions (o) to (r), inclusive, of Section 25608.

30 (b) Section 25608.1.

31 SEC. 21. Section 25607 of the Corporations Code is amended  
32 to read:

33 25607. (a) Neither the commissioner nor any of the  
34 commissioner’s assistants, clerks, or deputies shall be interested  
35 as a director, officer, shareholder, member (other than a member  
36 of an organization formed for religious purposes), partner, agent,  
37 or employee of any person who, during the period of the official’s  
38 or employee’s association with the Department of Business  
39 Oversight, (1) was licensed or applied for license as a broker-dealer

1 or investment adviser under this division, or (2) applied for or  
2 secured the qualification of the sale of securities under this division.

3 (b) Nothing contained in subdivision (a) shall prohibit the  
4 holding or purchasing of any securities by any assistant, clerk, or  
5 deputy in accordance with rules as the commissioner shall adopt  
6 for the purpose of protecting the public interest and avoiding  
7 conflicts of interest.

8 (c) Nothing contained in subdivision (a) shall prohibit the  
9 holding or purchasing of any securities by the commissioner if any  
10 of the following criteria is met:

11 (1) The securities held or purchased by the commissioner are  
12 exempt from the qualification requirements of Sections 25110,  
13 25120, and 25130 by virtue of Section 25100, provided that the  
14 holding or purchasing of those securities is in accordance with  
15 rules adopted for the purpose of protecting the public interest and  
16 avoiding conflicts of interest.

17 (2) The securities held or purchased by the commissioner are  
18 not subject to Sections 25110, 25120, and 25130 by virtue of  
19 Section 25100.1, provided that the holding or purchasing of those  
20 securities is in accordance with rules adopted for the purpose of  
21 protecting the public interest and avoiding conflicts of interest.

22 (3) The holding or purchasing of any securities by the  
23 commissioner meets each of the following requirements:

24 (A) The securities are held or purchased through a management  
25 account or trust administered by a bank or trust company authorized  
26 to do business in this state, and the bank or trust company has sole  
27 investment discretion regarding the holding, purchase, and sale of  
28 securities.

29 (B) The commissioner did not, directly or indirectly, advise,  
30 counsel, command, or suggest the holding, purchase, or sale of  
31 any security or furnish any information relating to the security to  
32 the bank or trust company.

33 (C) The account or trust does not at any time have more than  
34 10 percent of its total assets invested in the securities of any one  
35 issuer or hold more than 5 percent of the outstanding shares or  
36 units of any class of securities of any one issuer.

37 (D) The commissioner shall report to the Attorney General not  
38 less often than quarterly all holdings, purchases, and sales of  
39 securities by him or her as authorized in paragraph (3), which

1 reports shall be retained by the Attorney General as public  
2 documents.

3 SEC. 22. Section 25612.5 of the Corporations Code is amended  
4 to read:

5 25612.5. (a) To encourage uniform interpretation and  
6 administration of this law and the Franchise Investment Law  
7 (Division 5 (commencing with Section 31000)) and effective  
8 securities and franchise regulation and enforcement, the  
9 commissioner may cooperate with the securities agencies or  
10 administrators of one or more states, Canadian provinces or  
11 territories, or other countries, the Securities and Exchange  
12 Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, the  
13 Securities Investor Protection Corporation, any self-regulatory  
14 organization, any national or international organization or securities  
15 officials or agencies, and any governmental law enforcement or  
16 regulatory agency.

17 (b) The cooperation authorized by subdivision (a) includes, but  
18 is not limited to, the following actions:

19 (1) Prescribing rules and forms with a view to achieving  
20 maximum uniformity in the form and content of registration  
21 statements, applications, and reports wherever practicable.

22 (2) Participating in a nationwide central depository for  
23 qualification or registration of securities under this law and for  
24 documents or records required or allowed to be maintained under  
25 this law.

26 (3) Participating in the Central Registration Depository, or any  
27 successor or alternative nationwide or regional depository, for the  
28 registering, certifying, or licensing of broker-dealers or agents, or  
29 both.

30 (4) Participating in the Investment Adviser Registration  
31 Depository, or any successor or alternative nationwide or regional  
32 depository, for the registering, certifying, or licensing of investment  
33 advisers or investment adviser representatives, or both.

34 (5) Cooperating in any regulatory activity necessary in the  
35 administration of the Uniting and Strengthening America by  
36 Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct  
37 Terrorism Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-56; USA Patriot Act),  
38 consistent with state law.

39 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any application  
40 for qualification, amendment to the application or related securities

1 qualification or registration document or notice under Sections  
2 25100.1, 25101.1, 25102, 25102.1, 25110, 25120, 25130, and  
3 25230.1 or record otherwise required to be signed that is filed in  
4 this state as an electronic record pursuant to a nationwide central  
5 depository for qualification or registration of securities, or any  
6 electronic record filed through the Central Registration Depository  
7 or the Investment Adviser Registration Depository, shall be deemed  
8 to be a valid original document upon reproduction to paper form  
9 by the Department of Business Oversight.

10 (d) For purposes of this section, “electronic record” has the  
11 same meaning as in subdivision (g) of Section 1633.2 of the Civil  
12 Code.

13 SEC. 23. Section 25614 of the Corporations Code is amended  
14 to read:

15 25614. All rules of the commissioner (other than those relating  
16 solely to the internal administration of the Department of Business  
17 Oversight) shall be made, amended, or rescinded in accordance  
18 with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter  
19 4 (commencing with Section 11370) of Part 1 of Division 3 of  
20 Title 2 of the Government Code. Rules may be adopted prior to  
21 the effective date of this law to become effective upon its effective  
22 date.

23 SEC. 24. Section 25702 of the Corporations Code is amended  
24 to read:

25 25702. Whenever a person is entitled under this law to a hearing  
26 in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure  
27 Act, Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of  
28 Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, a formal hearing  
29 before the Department of Business Oversight may be substituted  
30 with the consent of such person and of the commissioner for such  
31 hearing before an independent hearing officer; and in that case  
32 after such hearing before the Department of Business Oversight  
33 such person shall not be entitled to any further administrative  
34 remedy.

35 SEC. 25. Section 29542 of the Corporations Code is amended  
36 to read:

37 29542. (a) If, in the opinion of the commissioner, any person  
38 is engaging in any activity in violation of any provision of this  
39 law, or rule or order under this law, the commissioner may order  
40 the person to desist and refrain from the activity unless and until

1 the activity will not be in violation of any provision of this law or  
 2 any rule or order under this law.

3 (b) If after an order has been made under subdivision (a), a  
 4 request for hearing is filed in writing within 30 days of the date of  
 5 service of the order by the person to whom the order was directed,  
 6 a hearing shall be held in accordance with the Administrative  
 7 Procedure Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of  
 8 Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), and the  
 9 commissioner shall have all of the powers granted under the  
 10 Administrative Procedure Act. Unless the hearing is commenced  
 11 within 15 business days after the request is filed (or the person  
 12 affected consents to a later date), the order is rescinded.

13 If that person fails to file a written request for a hearing within  
 14 30 days from the date of service of the order, the order shall be  
 15 deemed a final order of the commissioner and shall not be subject  
 16 to review by any court or agency, notwithstanding Section 29563.

17 SEC. 26. Section 31408 of the Corporations Code is amended  
 18 to read:

19 31408. (a) If the commissioner determines it is in the public  
 20 interest, the commissioner may include in any administrative action  
 21 brought under this division, including a stop order, a claim for  
 22 ancillary relief, including, but not limited to, a claim for rescission,  
 23 restitution or disgorgement or damages on behalf of the persons  
 24 injured by the act or practice constituting the subject matter of the  
 25 action, and the administrative law judge shall have jurisdiction to  
 26 award additional relief. The person affected may be required to  
 27 attend remedial education, as directed by the commissioner.

28 (b) In an administrative action brought under this part the  
 29 commissioner is entitled to recover costs, which in the discretion  
 30 of the administrative law judge may include any amount  
 31 representing reasonable attorney’s fees and investigative expenses  
 32 for the services rendered, for deposit into the State Corporations  
 33 Fund for the use of the Department of Business Oversight.

34 SEC. 27. Section 31503 of the Corporations Code is amended  
 35 to read:

36 31503. All rules of the commissioner, other than those relating  
 37 solely to the internal administration of the Department of Business  
 38 Oversight, shall be made, ~~amended~~ *amended*, or rescinded in  
 39 accordance with the provisions of Chapter 4.5 (commencing with

1 Section 11371) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government  
2 Code.

3 SEC. 28. Section 31513 of the Corporations Code is amended  
4 to read:

5 31513. Whenever a person is entitled under this law to a hearing  
6 in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 5 (commencing with  
7 Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government  
8 Code, a formal hearing before the Department of Business  
9 Oversight may be substituted with the consent of such person and  
10 of the commissioner for such hearing before an independent hearing  
11 officer; and in that case after such hearing before the Department  
12 of Business Oversight such person shall not be entitled to any  
13 further administrative remedy.

14 SEC. 29. Section 620 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

15 620. If the licensee whose property and business has been taken  
16 pursuant to Section 592 is insured by a Federal Insurance Agency,  
17 the commissioner may tender to the appropriate Federal Insurance  
18 Agency an appointment as conservator, liquidator, or receiver of  
19 the licensee. The commissioner shall determine whether the  
20 licensee whose property and business has been taken shall be  
21 liquidated or conserved. If the Federal Insurance Agency accepts  
22 the appointment, the Federal Insurance Agency shall have, in  
23 addition to any powers conferred by applicable federal law, the  
24 powers conferred on the commissioner pursuant to this chapter.

25 SEC. 30. Section 622 of the Financial Code is amended to read:

26 622. If the Federal Insurance Agency accepts the appointment  
27 in accordance with Section 620, the rights of customers and other  
28 creditors of the insured licensee shall be determined in accordance  
29 with the applicable provisions of the laws of this state.

30 SEC. 31. The heading of Article 4 (commencing with Section  
31 670) of Chapter 7 of Division 1 of the Financial Code is amended  
32 to read:

33

34 Article 4. Liquidation of an Uninsured Licensee

35

36 SEC. 32. Section 1008 of the Financial Code is repealed.

37 SEC. 33. Section 1070 of the Financial Code is amended to  
38 read:

39 1070. For purposes of this chapter, the following definitions  
40 apply:

1 (a) “Automated teller machine” means any electronic  
2 information processing device used by a financial institution and  
3 its customers for the primary purpose of executing transactions  
4 solely between the financial institution and its customers, if the  
5 transactions are not incidental to sales between the customer and  
6 a business entity other than a financial institution.

7 (b) “Branch office” means any office at which core banking  
8 business is conducted other than an automated teller machine, a  
9 device used to facilitate check guarantee or check authorization,  
10 or a remote service facility as defined in subsection (d) of Section  
11 345.12 of Title 12 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

12 (c) “Core banking business” means the business of receiving  
13 deposits, paying checks, making loans, and other activities that  
14 the commissioner may specify by order or regulation. “Core  
15 banking business,” when used to describe the trust business,  
16 includes receiving fiduciary assets and administering fiduciary  
17 accounts.

18 (d) “Facility,” means an office at which a bank engages in  
19 noncore banking business but at which it does not engage in core  
20 banking business.

21 (e) “Head office” means the office designated by the bank as  
22 its headquarters.

23 (f) “Noncore banking business” means all activities permissible  
24 for banks, except core banking business, and except those activities  
25 prohibited by law or determined by the commissioner by regulation  
26 or order not to be noncore banking business.

27 (g) “Office” means the head office, any branch office, and any  
28 facility office of a bank.

29 (h) “Redesignate offices” means (1) the relocation by a bank of  
30 its head office to the site of a branch or facility office in this state  
31 and the concurrent establishment by the bank of an office at the  
32 former site of the head office, or (2) the relocation by a bank of a  
33 branch office to the site of a facility office and the concurrent  
34 establishment by the bank of a branch or facility office at the  
35 former site of the branch office.

36 SEC. 34. Section 2105 of the Financial Code is amended to  
37 read:

38 2105. (a) Each licensee or agent shall prominently post on the  
39 premises of each branch office that conducts money transmission  
40 a notice stating that:

1 “If you have complaints with respect to any aspect of the money  
2 transmission activities conducted at this location, you may contact the  
3 California Department of Business Oversight at its toll-free telephone  
4 number, 1-866-275-2677, by email at [consumer.services@dbo.ca.gov](mailto:consumer.services@dbo.ca.gov), or  
5 by mail at the Department of Business Oversight, Consumer Services,  
6 1515 K Street, Suite 200, Sacramento, CA 95814.”  
7

8 (b) The commissioner may by order or regulation modify the  
9 content of the notice required by this section. This notice shall be  
10 printed in English and in the same language principally used by  
11 the licensee or any agent of the licensee to advertise, solicit, or  
12 negotiate either orally or in writing, with respect to money  
13 transmission at that branch office. The information required in this  
14 notice shall be clear, legible, and in letters not less than one-half  
15 inch in height. The notice shall be posted in a conspicuous location  
16 in the unobstructed view of the public within the premises. The  
17 licensee shall provide to each of its agents the notice required by  
18 this section. In those locations operated by an agent, the agent, and  
19 not the licensee, shall be responsible for the failure to properly  
20 post the required notice.

21 (c) In the event that a licensee or agent conducts money  
22 transmission activity via an Internet Web site or a mobile  
23 application that is not in a branch office, the commissioner may  
24 authorize an alternative form of the notice required in subdivision  
25 (a).

26 SEC. 35. Section 4057 of the Financial Code is amended to  
27 read:

28 4057. (a) An entity that negligently discloses or shares  
29 nonpublic personal information in violation of this division shall  
30 be liable, irrespective of the amount of damages suffered by the  
31 consumer as a result of that violation, for a civil penalty not to  
32 exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per violation.  
33 However, if the disclosure or sharing results in the release of  
34 nonpublic personal information of more than one individual, the  
35 total civil penalty awarded pursuant to this subdivision shall not  
36 exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000).

37 (b) An entity that knowingly and willfully obtains, discloses,  
38 shares, or uses nonpublic personal information in violation of this  
39 division shall be liable for a civil penalty not to exceed two  
40 thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per individual violation,

1 irrespective of the amount of damages suffered by the consumer  
2 as a result of that violation.

3 (c) In determining the penalty to be assessed pursuant to a  
4 violation of this division, the court shall take into account the  
5 following factors:

6 (1) The total assets and net worth of the violating entity.

7 (2) The nature and seriousness of the violation.

8 (3) The persistence of the violation, including any attempts to  
9 correct the situation leading to the violation.

10 (4) The length of time over which the violation occurred.

11 (5) The number of times the entity has violated this division.

12 (6) The harm caused to consumers by the violation.

13 (7) The level of proceeds derived from the violation.

14 (8) The impact of possible penalties on the overall fiscal  
15 solvency of the violating entity.

16 (d) In the event a violation of this division results in the identity  
17 theft of a consumer, as defined by Section 530.5 of the Penal Code,  
18 the civil penalties set forth in this section shall be doubled.

19 (e) The civil penalties provided for in this section shall be  
20 exclusively assessed and recovered in a civil action brought in the  
21 name of the people of the State of California in any court of  
22 competent jurisdiction by any of the following:

23 (1) The Attorney General.

24 (2) The functional regulator with jurisdiction over regulation  
25 of the financial institution as follows:

26 (A) In the case of banks, savings associations, credit unions,  
27 commercial lending companies, and bank holding companies, by  
28 the Department of Business Oversight, Division of Financial  
29 Institutions or the appropriate federal authority; (B) in the case of  
30 any person engaged in the business of insurance, by the Department  
31 of Insurance; (C) in the case of any investment broker or dealer,  
32 investment company, investment advisor, residential mortgage  
33 lender or finance lender, by the Department of Business Oversight,  
34 Division of Corporations; and (D) in the case of a financial  
35 institution not subject to the jurisdiction of any functional regulator  
36 listed under subparagraphs (A) to (C), inclusive, above, by the  
37 Attorney General.

38 SEC. 36. Section 12104 of the Financial Code is amended to  
39 read:

1 12104. A nonprofit community service organization that meets  
2 all of the following criteria shall be exempt from any requirements  
3 imposed on proraters pursuant to this division:

4 (a) The nonprofit community service organization incorporates  
5 in this state or any other state as a nonprofit corporation and  
6 operates pursuant to either the Nonprofit Public Benefit  
7 Corporation Law, Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110) of  
8 Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code or the Nonprofit  
9 Mutual Benefit Corporation Law, Part 3 (commencing with Section  
10 7110) of Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code.

11 (b) The nonprofit community service organization limits its  
12 membership to retailers, lenders in the consumer credit field,  
13 educators, attorneys, social service organizations, employer and  
14 employee organizations, and related groups that serve educational,  
15 benevolent, fraternal, religious, charitable, social, or reformatory  
16 purposes.

17 (c) The nonprofit community service organization has as its  
18 principal functions the following:

19 (1) Consumer credit education.

20 (2) Counseling on consumer credit problems and family budgets.

21 (3) Arranging or administering debt management plans. “Debt  
22 management plan” means a method of paying debtor’s obligations  
23 in installments on a monthly basis.

24 (4) Arranging or administering debt settlement plans. “Debt  
25 settlement plans” means a method of paying debtor’s obligations  
26 in a negotiated amount to each creditor on a one-time basis.

27 (d) The nonprofit community service organization receives from  
28 a debtor no more than the following maximum amounts to offset  
29 the organization’s actual and necessary expenses for the services  
30 described in subdivision (c): a one-time sum not to exceed fifty  
31 dollars (\$50) for education and counseling combined in connection  
32 with debt management or debt settlement services; and for debt  
33 management plans, a sum not to exceed 8 percent of the money  
34 disbursed monthly, or thirty-five dollars (\$35) per month,  
35 whichever is less, and for debt settlement plans a sum not to exceed  
36 15 percent of the amount of the debt forgiven for negotiated debt  
37 settlement plans. Nonprofit community service organizations shall  
38 not require any upfront payments or deposits on debt settlement  
39 plans and may only require payment of fees once the debt has been  
40 successfully settled. For purposes of this subdivision, a household

1 shall be considered one debtor. The fees allowed pursuant to this  
2 subdivision shall be the only fees that may be charged by a  
3 nonprofit community service organization for any services related  
4 to a debt management plan or a debt settlement plan.

5 (e) The nonprofit community service organization maintains  
6 and keeps current and accurate books, records, and accounts  
7 relating to its business in accordance with generally accepted  
8 accounting principles, and stores them in a readily accessible place  
9 for a period of no less than five years from the end of the fiscal  
10 year in which any transactions occurred.

11 (f) The nonprofit community service organization deposits any  
12 money received from a debtor for the services described in  
13 subdivision (c) in a noninterest-bearing trust account in a federally  
14 insured state or federal bank, savings bank, savings and loan  
15 association, or credit union, which account is maintained  
16 specifically for purposes of administering a debt management plan  
17 or debt settlement plan. The nonprofit community service  
18 organization shall provide the commissioner the following prior  
19 to engaging in business in this state and claiming this exemption:

20 (1) A written notice with the name, address, and telephone  
21 number of the bank, savings bank, savings and loan association,  
22 or credit union where the trust account is maintained, and the name  
23 of the account and the account number. The account information  
24 required in this paragraph shall be kept confidential pursuant to  
25 the laws governing disclosure of public records, including the  
26 California Public Records Act, Chapter 3.5 (commencing with  
27 Section 6250) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code,  
28 and the rules adopted thereunder.

29 (2) An irrevocable written consent providing that upon the  
30 commissioner taking possession of the property and business of  
31 the nonprofit community service organization, all books, records,  
32 property and business, including trust accounts and any other  
33 accounts holding debtors' funds, shall be immediately turned over  
34 to the commissioner or receiver appointed pursuant to this division.  
35 The consent shall be signed by the nonprofit community service  
36 organization and the bank, savings bank, savings and loan  
37 association, or credit union where the trust account is maintained.  
38 The consent shall be binding upon the nonprofit community service  
39 organization and the bank, savings bank, savings and loan  
40 association, or credit union, and any objection to it must be raised

1 pursuant to the laws of the State of California and only in the forum  
2 in which the proceeding to take possession or appointment of the  
3 receiver has been filed. The nonprofit community service  
4 organization and the bank, savings bank, savings and loan  
5 association, or credit union shall further consent to the jurisdiction  
6 of the commissioner for the purpose of any investigation or  
7 proceeding under Sections 12105 and 12106 or any other provision  
8 of this division. The consent required by this paragraph shall  
9 include the name, title, and signature of an official of the bank,  
10 savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union holding  
11 the authority to consent on behalf of that institution, and the name,  
12 title, and signature of the chief executive officer or president of  
13 the nonprofit community service organization.

14 (g) The nonprofit community service organization maintains at  
15 all times a surety bond in the amount of twenty-five thousand  
16 dollars (\$25,000), issued by an insurer licensed in this state. The  
17 bond shall be conditioned upon the obligor faithfully conforming  
18 to and abiding by the provisions of Section 12104 of the Financial  
19 Code, honestly and faithfully applying all funds received, honestly  
20 and faithfully performing all obligations and undertakings required  
21 under this section, and paying to the state and to any person all  
22 money that becomes due and owing to the state or to any person  
23 owed by the obligor of the bond.

24 (h) The nonprofit community service organization reports all  
25 of the following to the debtor at least once every three months, or  
26 upon the debtor's request, for any debt management plan or debt  
27 settlement plan:

- 28 (1) Total amount received from the debtor.
- 29 (2) Total amount paid to each creditor.
- 30 (3) Total amount any creditor has agreed to accept as payment  
31 in full on any debt owed by the debtor.
- 32 (4) Any amount paid to the organization by the debtor.
- 33 (5) Any amount held in reserve.

34 (i) The nonprofit community service organization submits to  
35 the commissioner, at the organization's expense, an audit report  
36 containing audited financial statements covering the calendar year  
37 or, if the organization has an established fiscal year, then for that  
38 fiscal year, within 120 days after the close of the calendar or fiscal  
39 year.

1 (j) The nonprofit community service organization submits with  
2 the annual financial statements required under subdivision (i) a  
3 declaration that conforms to Section 2015.5 of the Code of Civil  
4 Procedure, is executed by an official authorized by the board of  
5 the organization, and that states that the organization complies  
6 with this section. The annual financial statements shall also include  
7 a separate written statement that identifies the name, address,  
8 contact person, and telephone number of the organization.

9 (k) The nonprofit community service organization maintains  
10 accreditation by an independent accrediting organization, including  
11 either the Council on Accreditation or the International Standards  
12 Organization, with sector certification.

13 (l) The nonprofit community service organization does not  
14 engage in any act or practice in violation of Section 17200 or 17500  
15 of the Business and Professions Code.

16 (m) The nonprofit community service organization inserts the  
17 following statement, in not less than 10-point type, in its debt  
18 management plan and debt settlement plan agreements:  
19 “Complaints related to this agreement may be directed to the  
20 California Department of Business Oversight. This nonprofit  
21 community service organization has adopted best practices for  
22 debt management plans and debt settlement plans, and a copy will  
23 be provided upon request.”

24 (n) The nonprofit community service organization adopts and  
25 implements on a continuous basis policies or procedures of best  
26 practices that are designed to prevent improper debt management  
27 or debt settlement practices and prevent theft and misappropriation  
28 of funds. Failure to do the following shall constitute improper debt  
29 management or debt settlement practices, as applicable:

30 (1) Obtain counselor certification conducted by a nationally  
31 recognized third-party certification program that certifies that all  
32 of the agency’s counselors receive proper training and are qualified  
33 to provide financial assistance prior to performing counseling  
34 services in this state.

35 (2) Disburse funds no later than 15 days after receipt of valid  
36 funds, or by a scheduled disbursement date, whichever is the  
37 greater amount of time.

38 (3) Transmit funds utilizing electronic payment processing when  
39 available.

1 (4) Implement an inception date policy, which shall include an  
2 agreement that a consumer's first disbursement pursuant to a debt  
3 management plan shall be received within 90 days of agreeing to  
4 the debt management plan service. The debt management plan  
5 shall include all items described in subdivision (h) and shall be  
6 provided to the consumer at the inception date of the plan. A  
7 description of best practices of the agency and of the consumer  
8 complaint resources shall be issued no later than the first payment  
9 date.

10 (5) Respond to and research any complaint initiated by a  
11 consumer within five business days of receipt of the complaint.

12 (6) Prohibit a policy requiring debt management plan consumers  
13 from being required to utilize additional ancillary services.

14 (7) Provide consumer access to debt management plan services  
15 regardless of the consumer's ability to pay fees related to the debt  
16 management plan, lack of creditor participation, or the amount of  
17 the consumer's outstanding debt.

18 (8) Implement policies that specifically prohibit credit  
19 counselors from receiving financial incentives or additional  
20 compensation based on the outcome of the counseling process.

21 (9) Prohibit the practice of paying referral fees to consumers or  
22 other third parties who refer new clients to the agency.

23 (10) Disclose in all written contracts with consumers the portion  
24 of funding for the agency that is provided by creditors.

25 (11) Disclose in all written contracts for debt management plans  
26 or debt settlement plans that these plans are not suitable for all  
27 consumers and that consumers may request information on other  
28 options, including, but not limited to, bankruptcy.

29 (12) Fully disclose all services to be provided by the agency  
30 and any initial and ongoing fees to be charged by the agency for  
31 services, including, but not limited to, contributions to the agency.

32 (13) Prohibit the agency or any affiliate of the agency from  
33 purchasing debt from a consumer.

34 (14) Prohibit the agency from offering loans to consumers  
35 involving the charging of interest.

36 (15) Prominently disclose in written contracts with consumers  
37 of any financial arrangement between the agency and any lender  
38 or any provider of financial services if the agency receives any  
39 form of compensation for referring consumers to that lender or  
40 provider of financial services.

1 (16) Provide professional liability insurance coverage.

2 (17) Provide the debtor a written individualized evaluation of  
3 his or her financial status and an initial debt management plan for  
4 the debtor's debts with specific recommendations regarding actions  
5 the debtor should take.

6 (18) Provide the debtor enrolling in a debt management plan a  
7 written reliable estimate of the length of time it will take to  
8 complete the plan and identifies the total debt owed to each creditor  
9 included in the plan, the proposed payment to each creditor, and  
10 any fees that would be charged for administering the plan. The  
11 estimate shall be provided prior to receipt of the debtor's first  
12 deposit.

13 (o) The nonprofit community service organization provides a  
14 copy of the best practices described in subdivision (n) to its debtor,  
15 upon request.

16 (p) The nonprofit community service organization resolves in  
17 a prompt and reasonable manner complaints from debtors relating  
18 to the organization's debt management plans or debt settlement  
19 plans.

20 (q) The nonprofit community service organization provides  
21 written notice to the commissioner within 30 days of dissolution  
22 or termination of engaging in the activities of a prorater, as defined  
23 in Section 12002.1.

24 (r) This section shall become inoperative upon the enactment  
25 of a statute requiring the licensure and regulation of nonprofit  
26 community service organizations providing consumer credit  
27 counseling.

28 SEC. 37. Section 17210.2 of the Financial Code is amended  
29 to read:

30 17210.2. (a) No escrow agent shall disseminate, or cause or  
31 permit to be disseminated, in any manner whatsoever, any  
32 statement or representation which is false, misleading, or deceptive,  
33 or which omits to state material information, or which refers to  
34 the supervision of that agent by the State of California or any  
35 department or official thereof.

36 (b) A licensed escrow agent, in referring to the corporation's  
37 licensure under this law in any written or printed communication  
38 or any communication by means of recorded telephone messages  
39 or spoken on radio, television, or similar communications media,  
40 shall include the following statement: "This escrow company holds

1 California Department Business Oversight Escrow License No.  
2 \_\_\_\_\_.”

3 (c) The commissioner may order any person to desist from any  
4 conduct which the commissioner finds to be a violation of this  
5 section.

6 SEC. 38. Section 17214 of the Financial Code is amended to  
7 read:

8 17214. (a) There is established in the Department of Business  
9 Oversight an Escrow Law Advisory Committee consisting of 11  
10 members. The members shall consist of the commissioner or his  
11 or her designee; the chairman of the board and the immediate past  
12 chairman of the board for the Escrow Agents’ Fidelity Corporation;  
13 the current chairman of the board and the immediate past chairman  
14 of the board for the Escrow Institute of California; a person selected  
15 by the commissioner to represent a different type of business  
16 ownership under this division; a person selected by the  
17 commissioner to represent a different type of business  
18 specialization; a person selected by the commissioner to represent  
19 small businesses operating pursuant to this division; a person  
20 selected by the commissioner to represent medium-sized businesses  
21 operating pursuant to this division; an attorney at law experienced  
22 in escrow matters selected by the commissioner; and a certified  
23 public accountant experienced in the escrow business selected by  
24 the commissioner.

25 Except for the members from the Escrow Agents’ Fidelity  
26 Corporation and the Escrow Institute of California, members  
27 appointed by the commissioner shall serve for a term of two years.

28 The committee shall meet at least quarterly. The commissioner  
29 or his or her designee shall chair the committee. All members shall  
30 serve without compensation or reimbursement for expenses.

31 Where the chairman of the board or the immediate past chairman  
32 of the board of the Escrow Agents’ Fidelity Corporation is the  
33 same person, or is unable to serve on the advisory committee, then  
34 the commissioner, after consultation with the board of directors  
35 of the Escrow Agents’ Fidelity Corporation, shall choose a member  
36 of the board of directors to serve on the committee. Where the  
37 president or past president of the Escrow Institute of California is  
38 the same person, or is unable to serve on the advisory committee,  
39 then the commissioner, after consultation with the board of

1 directors of the Escrow Institute of California, shall choose a  
2 member of the board of directors to serve on the committee.

3 (b) The purpose of the committee is to assist the commissioner  
4 in the implementation of the commissioner's duties under this  
5 chapter.

6 SEC. 39. Section 17311 of the Financial Code is amended to  
7 read:

8 17311. (a) Persons licensed pursuant to this division shall  
9 maintain a corporation under the Nonprofit Mutual Benefit  
10 Corporation Law (Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110) of  
11 Division 2 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code) operating under  
12 the name Escrow Agents' Fidelity Corporation.

13 (b) The State of California, the Department of Business  
14 Oversight, or any officer, agent, or employee of either shall not  
15 be liable in any way for the conduct of Fidelity Corporation, its  
16 directors, officers, agents, employees, or members.

17 SEC. 40. Section 17320 of the Financial Code is amended to  
18 read:

19 17320. Fidelity Corporation shall establish and maintain the  
20 following funds for payment of claims and for payment of costs  
21 of administration: the membership fund, the operations fund, and  
22 the fidelity fund.

23 (a) An applicant or a licensee shall, at the time an application  
24 is filed for a license, pay to Fidelity Corporation a membership  
25 fee of three thousand dollars (\$3,000) for each location for which  
26 a license is applied. If the application is denied, withdrawn, or  
27 abandoned, Fidelity Corporation may retain two hundred dollars  
28 (\$200) from the membership fee to cover costs of administration.

29 (1) The membership fund shall be reserved for payment of  
30 claims which exceed the fidelity fund balance and for payment of  
31 extraordinary operational costs.

32 (2) Any member who, on the effective date of this section, has  
33 an account balance which exceeds the three thousand dollars  
34 (\$3,000) membership fee times the number of its licensed locations  
35 shall be credited in a special reserve account for the excess amount.  
36 This balance shall be credited against future assessments made  
37 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 17321 in an amount not  
38 exceeding four hundred dollars (\$400) per licensed location per  
39 year. Any member whose account balance is less than three  
40 thousand dollars (\$3,000) times the number of its licensed locations

1 shall, on or before December 1, 1988, pay to Fidelity Corporation  
2 an amount sufficient to allow the member's account to be  
3 maintained at three thousand dollars (\$3,000) times the number  
4 of licensed locations. Fidelity Corporation shall provide each  
5 member with an accounting of the amounts being reserved for the  
6 members' membership account and amounts being held as a special  
7 reserve.

8 (3) The membership fee, less any unpaid assessments and related  
9 costs, shall be refunded to the member in accordance with Fidelity  
10 Corporation's bylaws not less than 30 months and no more than  
11 36 months after the effective date of surrender of a license.

12 (4) Any member who does not engage in any escrow transactions  
13 pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 17312 may terminate its  
14 membership in Fidelity Corporation by written notice to Fidelity  
15 Corporation and the Department of Business Oversight, as provided  
16 in the Fidelity Corporation's bylaws and rules and regulations.  
17 The membership fee, less any unpaid assessments and related  
18 costs, shall be refunded to the member in accordance with Fidelity  
19 Corporation's bylaws not less than 30 months and no more than  
20 36 months after the effective date of the member's written request  
21 to terminate its membership in Fidelity Corporation. Before a  
22 licensee resumes those escrow transactions, it shall first be required  
23 to become a member of Fidelity Corporation, as provided in this  
24 subdivision.

25 (b) Fidelity Corporation shall prepare, prior to its fiscal year  
26 end, an estimated annual operational budget projecting the costs  
27 of operations and administration for the succeeding fiscal year,  
28 excluding the amount paid for claims and premiums paid for excess  
29 coverage bonding. The amount of the assessment shall be 150  
30 percent of the budgetary projection. In succeeding years, the  
31 assessment shall be adjusted by adding the prior year's deficit or  
32 deducting unused surplus from the prior year.

33 (c) Fidelity Corporation shall establish a fidelity fund for the  
34 payment of claims and for the payment of the premium for the  
35 fidelity bond or insurance policy, if any. All claims shall be paid  
36 from the fidelity fund, provided that, to the extent that the fidelity  
37 fund balance is not sufficient to pay claims, the claim shall be paid  
38 from the membership fund by charging each member's membership  
39 account a pro rata share of the excess.

1 (d) All interest earned on the membership fund and the  
2 operations fund shall be credited to the fidelity fund.

3 SEC. 41. Section 17331 of the Financial Code is amended to  
4 read:

5 17331. (a) An applicant applying for licensure as an escrow  
6 agent under this division is required to apply for a Fidelity  
7 Corporation Certificate, prepared and issued by Fidelity  
8 Corporation, for each proposed shareholder, officer, director,  
9 trustee, manager, or employee who is to be directly or indirectly  
10 compensated by the escrow agent, prior to licensure of the escrow  
11 agent by the commissioner.

12 (b) A shareholder, officer, director, trustee, manager, or  
13 employee of an escrow agent, directly or indirectly compensated  
14 by an escrow agent within this state, is required to complete and  
15 execute a Fidelity Corporation Certificate application, prepared  
16 and issued by Fidelity Corporation, as a condition of his or her  
17 employment or entitlement to compensation, before the person  
18 may continue the regular discharge of his or her duties, or have  
19 access to moneys or negotiable securities belonging to or in the  
20 possession of the escrow agent, or draw checks upon the escrow  
21 agent or the trust funds of the escrow agent.

22 (c) Fidelity Corporation Certificates may also be known as  
23 Escrow Agent's Fidelity Corporation Certificates or EAFC  
24 Certificates. The certificate at all times remains the property of  
25 Fidelity Corporation, and is not transferable by either a member  
26 or employee. The certificate is not a warranty or guarantee by  
27 Fidelity Corporation of the integrity, veracity, or competence of  
28 the person.

29 (d) An application for a Fidelity Corporation Certificate shall  
30 be in writing and in the form prescribed by Fidelity Corporation.  
31 The application may include (1) a fee not to exceed fifty dollars  
32 (\$50), (2) two passport-size photographs, and (3) a set of fingerprint  
33 images and related information using the process established by  
34 the Department of Justice for requesting state summary criminal  
35 history information, plus the fee charged by the Department of  
36 Justice for processing noncriminal applicant fingerprint images  
37 and related information, in a manner established by the Department  
38 of Justice pursuant to subdivision (l). The Department of Justice  
39 shall honor the Fidelity Corporation report request form and issue  
40 a report to Fidelity Corporation, notwithstanding any other

1 provision of law or regulation to the contrary. Fidelity Corporation  
2 is also entitled to submit a set of fingerprint images and related  
3 information in the Department of Justice specified noncriminal  
4 applicant fingerprint format for the purpose of requesting and  
5 obtaining a report from the Department of Justice, for the officers  
6 and employees of Fidelity Corporation. A member shall cause the  
7 filing of applications for all existing employees as required by this  
8 section within 30 days of written notice by Fidelity Corporation  
9 to the member.

10 (e) The application form shall include a provision for binding  
11 arbitration to allow for arbitration of any appeal or dispute as to a  
12 decision by Fidelity Corporation concerning the certificate, as  
13 follows:

14 A DISPUTE AS TO WHETHER THE DENIAL OF THIS  
15 CERTIFICATE APPLICATION OR ANY SUBSEQUENT  
16 SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION OF THE CERTIFICATE IS  
17 UNNECESSARY OR UNAUTHORIZED OR WAS  
18 IMPROPERLY, NEGLIGENTLY, OR UNLAWFULLY  
19 RENDERED, MAY BE DETERMINED BY SUBMISSION TO  
20 ARBITRATION AS PROVIDED BY CALIFORNIA LAW, AND  
21 NOT BY A LAWSUIT OR RESORT TO COURT PROCESS  
22 EXCEPT AS CALIFORNIA LAW PROVIDES FOR JUDICIAL  
23 REVIEW OF ARBITRATION PROCEEDINGS OR EXCEPT  
24 AS PROVIDED BY SECTION 17331.3 OF THE FINANCIAL  
25 CODE. THE APPLICANT MAY, SUBJECT TO AGREEMENT,  
26 SUBMIT ANY ISSUE ARISING FROM A DECISION BY  
27 FIDELITY CORPORATION TO DENY THIS CERTIFICATE  
28 APPLICATION OR TO SUSPEND OR REVOKE THE  
29 CERTIFICATE TO BE DECIDED BY BINDING NEUTRAL  
30 ARBITRATION. UPON AN AGREEMENT TO SUBMIT TO  
31 BINDING NEUTRAL ARBITRATION, THE APPLICANT HAS  
32 NO RIGHT TO HAVE ANY DISPUTE CONCERNING THIS  
33 CERTIFICATE APPLICATION LITIGATED IN A COURT OR  
34 JURY TRIAL NOR ANY JUDICIAL RIGHTS TO DISCOVERY  
35 AND APPEAL, EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY PROVIDED IN  
36 THE ESCROW LAW. ARBITRATION MAY BE COMPELLED  
37 AS PROVIDED BY LAW.

38 (f) There is no liability on the part of and no cause of action of  
39 any nature may arise against Fidelity Corporation or its members,  
40 directors, officers, employees, or agents, the State of California,

1 the Department of Business Oversight, or any officer, agent, or  
2 employee of the state or the Department of Business Oversight for  
3 statements made by Fidelity Corporation in reports or  
4 recommendations made pursuant to this division, or for reports or  
5 recommendations made pursuant to this division to Fidelity  
6 Corporation by its members, directors, officers, ~~employee,~~  
7 *employees*, or agents, the State of California, the Department of  
8 Business Oversight, or any officer, agent, or employee of the state  
9 or the Department of Business Oversight, unless the information  
10 provided is false and the party making the statement or providing  
11 the false information does so with knowledge and malice. Reports  
12 or recommendations made pursuant to this section, or Section  
13 17331.1, 17331.2, or 17331.3, are not public documents.

14 (g) There is no liability on the part of and no cause of action of  
15 any nature may arise against Fidelity Corporation or its members,  
16 directors, officers, employees, or agents, the State of California,  
17 the Department of Business Oversight, or an officer, agent, or  
18 employee of the state or the Department of Business Oversight for  
19 the release of any information furnished to Fidelity Corporation  
20 pursuant to this section unless the information released is false and  
21 the party, including Fidelity Corporation, its members, directors,  
22 officers, employees, or agents, the state, the Department of  
23 Business Oversight, or any officer, agent, or employee of the state  
24 or the Department of Business Oversight, who releases the false  
25 information does so with knowledge and malice.

26 (h) There is no liability on the part of and no cause of action of  
27 any nature may arise against Fidelity Corporation or its directors,  
28 officers, employees, or agents, for any decision to deny an  
29 application for a certificate or to suspend or revoke the certificate  
30 of any person or for the timing of any decision or the timing of  
31 any notice to persons or members thereof, or for any failure to  
32 deny an application under subdivision (a) of Section 17331.2. This  
33 subdivision does not apply to acts performed in bad faith or with  
34 malice.

35 (i) Fidelity Corporation, any member of Fidelity Corporation,  
36 an agent of Fidelity Corporation or of its members, or any person  
37 who uses any information obtained under this section for any  
38 purpose not authorized by this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor.

39 (j) Section 17331, 17331.1, or 17331.2 does not constitute a  
40 restriction or limitation upon the obligation of Fidelity Corporation

1 to indemnify members against loss, as provided in Sections 17310  
2 and 17314. The failure to obtain a certificate, the denial of an  
3 application for a certificate, or the suspension, cancellation, or  
4 revocation of a certificate does not limit the obligation of Fidelity  
5 Corporation to indemnify a member against loss.

6 (k) Notwithstanding Section 11105 of the Penal Code, Fidelity  
7 Corporation is entitled to receive state summary criminal history  
8 information and subsequent arrest notification from the Department  
9 of Justice as a result of fingerprint images and related information  
10 submitted to the Department of Justice by the Department of  
11 Business Oversight, pursuant to subdivision (g) of Section 17209,  
12 Section 17212.1, and subdivision (d) of Section 17414.1, by or on  
13 behalf of escrow agents, shareholders, officers, directors, trustees,  
14 managers, or employees of an escrow agent, directly or indirectly  
15 compensated by an escrow agent. The Department of Justice and  
16 Fidelity Corporation shall enter into an agreement to implement  
17 this subdivision. The Department of Business Oversight shall  
18 forward to Fidelity Corporation, weekly, a list of names of  
19 individual fingerprints submitted to the Department of Justice.

20 (l) (1) The fingerprint images and related information required  
21 pursuant to subdivision (d) shall be submitted by the Department  
22 of Business Oversight to the Department of Justice, in a manner  
23 established by the Department of Justice, for the purposes of  
24 obtaining information as to the existence and content of a record  
25 of state or federal convictions, state or federal arrests, and  
26 information as to the existence of and content of a record of state  
27 or federal arrests for which the Department of Justice establishes  
28 that the person is free on bail or on his or her own recognizance  
29 pending trial or appeal.

30 (2) Upon receipt, the Department of Justice shall forward to the  
31 Federal Bureau of Investigation requests for federal summary  
32 criminal history information received pursuant to this section. The  
33 Department of Justice shall review the information returned from  
34 the Federal Bureau of Investigation and compile and disseminate  
35 a response to the Department of Business Oversight and a fitness  
36 determination to Fidelity Corporation pursuant to subdivision (p)  
37 of Section 11105 of the Penal Code.

38 (3) The Department of Justice shall charge a fee sufficient to  
39 cover the costs of processing the requests pursuant to this  
40 subdivision.

1 SEC. 42. Section 18405 of the Financial Code is amended to  
2 read:

3 18405. (a) On or before the 15th day of March of every year,  
4 each industrial loan company shall file with the commissioner an  
5 audit report containing audited financial statements together with  
6 such other relevant information as the commissioner may require  
7 relating to the company and to each place of business of the  
8 company. The audited financial statements shall include a balance  
9 sheet of the company prepared as of the last day of the preceding  
10 calendar year and statements of income and of surplus for such  
11 calendar year.

12 (b) The reports and financial statements referred to in  
13 subdivision (a) shall be prepared in accordance with generally  
14 accepted accounting principles and shall be accompanied by a  
15 report, certificate, or opinion of an independent certified public  
16 accountant or independent public accountant, and shall contain  
17 such relevant information as the commissioner may require. The  
18 audits shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted  
19 auditing standards and the rules and regulations of the  
20 commissioner.

21 (c) For good cause and upon written request, the commissioner  
22 may extend the time for compliance with subdivision (a).

23 (d) If the report, certificate, or opinion of the independent  
24 accountant referred to in subdivision (b) hereof is in any way  
25 qualified, the commissioner may require the company to take such  
26 action as he deems appropriate to permit an independent accountant  
27 to remove such qualification from the report, certificate, or opinion.

28 (e) The commissioner may reject any financial statement, report,  
29 certificate, or opinion filed pursuant to this section by notifying  
30 the company required to make such filing of its rejection and the  
31 cause thereof. Within 30 days after the receipt of such notice, the  
32 company shall correct such deficiency, and the failure so to do  
33 shall be deemed a violation of this division. The commissioner  
34 shall retain a copy of all filings so rejected.

35 SEC. 43. Section 22105.1 of the Financial Code is amended  
36 to read:

37 22105.1. (a) An applicant for a mortgage loan originator  
38 license shall apply by submitting the uniform form prescribed for  
39 such purpose by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and  
40 Registry. The commissioner may require the submission of

1 additional information or supporting documentation to the  
2 department.

3 (b) Section 461 of the Business and Professions Code shall not  
4 be applicable to the Department of Business Oversight when using  
5 a national uniform application adopted or approved for use by the  
6 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry in connection  
7 with the SAFE Act.

8 (c) In connection with an application for a license as a mortgage  
9 loan originator, the applicant shall, at a minimum, furnish to the  
10 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry information  
11 concerning the applicant's identity, including the following:

12 (1) Fingerprint images and related information, for purposes of  
13 performing a federal, or both a state and federal, criminal history  
14 background check.

15 (2) Personal history and experience in a form prescribed by the  
16 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, including  
17 the submission of authorization for the Nationwide Mortgage  
18 Licensing System and Registry and the commissioner to obtain  
19 both of the following:

20 (A) An independent credit report obtained from a consumer  
21 reporting agency.

22 (B) Information related to any administrative, civil, or criminal  
23 findings by any governmental jurisdiction.

24 (d) The commissioner may ask the Nationwide Mortgage  
25 Licensing System and Registry to obtain state criminal history  
26 background check information on applicants described in  
27 subdivision (a) using the procedures set forth in subdivisions (e)  
28 and (f).

29 (e) If the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry  
30 electronically submits fingerprint images and related information,  
31 as required by the Department of Justice, for an applicant for a  
32 mortgage loan originator license, for the purposes of obtaining  
33 information as to the existence and content of a record of state  
34 convictions and state arrests and to the existence and content of a  
35 record of state arrests for which the Department of Justice  
36 establishes that the person is free on bail or on his or her  
37 recognizance pending trial or appeal, the Department of Justice  
38 shall provide an electronic response to the Nationwide Mortgage  
39 Licensing System and Registry pursuant to paragraph (1) of

1 subdivision (p) of Section 11105 of the Penal Code, and shall  
2 provide the same electronic response to the commissioner.

3 (f) The Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry  
4 may request from the Department of Justice subsequent arrest  
5 notification service, as provided pursuant to Section 11105.2 of  
6 the Penal Code, for persons described in subdivision (a). The  
7 Department of Justice shall provide the same electronic response  
8 to the commissioner.

9 (g) The Department of Justice shall charge a fee sufficient to  
10 cover the cost of processing the requests described in this section.

11 SEC. 44. Section 22159.5 of the Financial Code is amended  
12 to read:

13 22159.5. (a) The commissioner may, as he or she deems  
14 necessary, require licensees to provide reports concerning their  
15 residential mortgage loan servicing activities, including, but not  
16 limited to, information similar to that collected in connection with  
17 the Mortgage Servicers Survey, first published by the Department  
18 of Business Oversight in December 2007. The commissioner is  
19 additionally authorized to seek and accept information provided  
20 on a voluntary basis by residential mortgage loan servicers not  
21 subject to the commissioner’s jurisdiction. The commissioner shall  
22 post only aggregated survey results on the department’s Internet  
23 Web site, and shall note the number of loan servicers submitting  
24 data included in the aggregated totals and the estimated percentage  
25 of outstanding mortgage loans to Californians that are serviced by  
26 these loan servicers, to the extent information on the number of  
27 outstanding loans is available from a reliable source. Nothing in  
28 this section is intended to reduce or change the commissioner’s  
29 authority to request and demand reports under Sections 22150 and  
30 22159.

31 (b) For purposes of this section, “mortgage loan servicing  
32 activity” means receiving more than three installment payments  
33 of principal, interest, or other amounts placed in escrow, pursuant  
34 to the terms of a mortgage loan, and performing services relating  
35 to that receipt or the enforcement of its receipt, on behalf of the  
36 holder of the note evidencing that loan.

37 SEC. 45. Section 22160 of the Financial Code is amended to  
38 read:

39 22160. The commissioner shall make and file annually with  
40 the Department of Business Oversight as a public record a

1 composite of the annual reports and any comments on the reports  
2 that he or she deems to be in the public interest.

3 SEC. 46. Section 22756 of the Financial Code is amended to  
4 read:

5 22756. Notwithstanding any other law, any application for  
6 licensure, amendment to the application or registration document  
7 or notice filed under any of the laws administered by the  
8 Department of Business Oversight, or record otherwise required  
9 to be filed in this state as an electronic record pursuant to a  
10 nationwide central depository for information regarding licensees,  
11 including mortgage loan originators, or any electronic record filed  
12 through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry,  
13 shall be deemed to be a valid original document upon reproduction  
14 to paper form by the Department of Business Oversight.

15 SEC. 47. Section 23070 of the Financial Code is amended to  
16 read:

17 23070. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that it is in the  
18 public interest for the administration and enforcement of this  
19 division to be undertaken by the Department of Business Oversight.

20 (b) It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to transfer the  
21 existing responsibilities relating to administration and enforcement  
22 of check cashers that engage in activities subject to this division  
23 from the Department of Justice to the Department of Business  
24 Oversight.

25 SEC. 48. Section 23071 of the Financial Code is amended to  
26 read:

27 23071. The Commissioner of Business Oversight and the  
28 Department of Business Oversight shall succeed to, and are vested  
29 with, all duties, powers, purposes, responsibilities, and jurisdiction  
30 of the Department of Justice as they relate to check cashers who  
31 engage in the activities subject to this division.

32 SEC. 49. Section 23072 of the Financial Code is amended to  
33 read:

34 23072. The Department of Business Oversight may use the  
35 unexpended balance of funds available for use in connection with  
36 the performance of duties of the Department of Justice to which  
37 the Department of Business Oversight succeeds pursuant to Section  
38 23071.

39 SEC. 50. Section 23073 of the Financial Code is amended to  
40 read:

1 23073. All officers and employees of the Department of Justice  
2 who, on the operative date of this division, are performing any  
3 duty, power, purpose, responsibility, or jurisdiction to which the  
4 Department of Business Oversight succeeds, and who are serving  
5 in the civil service, other than as temporary employees or persons  
6 in positions exempted from civil service, shall be transferred to  
7 the Department of Business Oversight. The status, position, and  
8 rights of those persons shall not be affected by the transfer and  
9 shall be retained by those persons as officers and employees of  
10 the Department of Business Oversight, pursuant to Part 2  
11 (commencing with Section 18500) of Division 5 of Title 2 of the  
12 Government Code.

13 SEC. 51. Section 23074 of the Financial Code is amended to  
14 read:

15 23074. The Department of Business Oversight shall have  
16 possession and control of all records, criminal history information,  
17 papers, equipment, supplies, moneys, funds, appropriations,  
18 licenses, permits, contracts, claims, judgments, land, and other  
19 property, real or personal, connected with the administration of,  
20 or held for the benefit or use of, the Department of Justice for the  
21 performance of the functions transferred to the Department of  
22 Business Oversight pursuant to Section 23071.

23 SEC. 52. Section 23102 of the Financial Code is amended to  
24 read:

25 23102. The deferred deposits made pursuant to a permit issued  
26 under Section 1789.37 of the Civil Code prior to December 31,  
27 2004, shall be subject to and enforced to the extent valid under  
28 Sections 1789.30 to 1789.37, inclusive, of the Civil Code, as if  
29 those sections were not repealed. Any regulation, order, or other  
30 action adopted, prescribed, taken, or performed by the Department  
31 of Justice or by an officer of that department in connection with  
32 deferred deposit transactions made prior to December 31, 2004,  
33 shall continue to apply to those transactions. No suit, action, or  
34 other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the Department  
35 of Justice or any other officer of the state in relation to deferred  
36 deposit transactions made prior to December 31, 2004, shall abate  
37 by reason of the transfer of authority concerning deferred deposit  
38 transactions to the Department of Business Oversight pursuant to  
39 Section 23071.

1 SEC. 53. Section 30217 of the Financial Code is amended to  
2 read:

3 30217. The commissioner may from time to time make, amend,  
4 and rescind such rules, forms, and orders as are necessary to carry  
5 out the provisions of this law, including rules defining any terms,  
6 whether or not used in this law, insofar as the definitions are not  
7 inconsistent with the provisions of this law. For the purposes of  
8 rules and forms, the commissioner may classify persons and matters  
9 within his jurisdiction and may prescribe different requirements  
10 for different classes. The commissioner may in his discretion waive  
11 any requirement of any rule or form in situations where in his  
12 opinion such requirement is not necessary in the public interest or  
13 for the protection of investors. All rules of the commissioner other  
14 than those relating solely to the internal administration of the  
15 Department of Business Oversight shall be made, amended, or  
16 rescinded in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 4.5  
17 (commencing with Section 11371) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title  
18 2 of the Government Code.

19 SEC. 54. Section 50140 of the Financial Code is amended to  
20 read:

21 50140. (a) An applicant for a license as a mortgage loan  
22 originator shall apply by submitting the uniform form prescribed  
23 for that purpose by the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System  
24 and Registry. The commissioner may require the submission of  
25 additional information or supporting documentation to the  
26 department.

27 (b) Section 461 of the Business and Professions Code shall not  
28 be applicable to the Department of Business Oversight when using  
29 a national uniform application adopted or approved for use by the  
30 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry in connection  
31 with the SAFE Act.

32 (c) The commissioner shall, by rule, establish the timelines,  
33 fees, and assessments applicable to applicants for original mortgage  
34 loan originator licenses, license renewals, and license changes  
35 under this division.

36 (d) The commissioner may, by rule, require mortgage loan  
37 originator licensees to pay assessments through the Nationwide  
38 Mortgage Licensing System and Registry.

39 (e) In connection with an application for a license as a mortgage  
40 loan originator, the applicant shall, at a minimum, furnish to the

1 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry information  
2 concerning the applicant's identity, including the following:

3 (1) Fingerprint images and related information, for purposes of  
4 performing a federal, or both a state and federal, criminal history  
5 background check.

6 (2) Personal history and experience in a form prescribed by the  
7 Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry, including  
8 the submission of authorization for the Nationwide Mortgage  
9 Licensing System and Registry and the commissioner to obtain  
10 both of the following:

11 (A) An independent credit report obtained from a consumer  
12 reporting agency.

13 (B) Information related to any administrative, civil, or criminal  
14 findings by any governmental jurisdiction.

15 (f) The commissioner may ask the Nationwide Mortgage  
16 Licensing System and Registry to obtain state criminal history  
17 background check information on applicants described in  
18 subdivision (a) using the procedures set forth in subdivisions (g)  
19 and (h).

20 (g) If the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry  
21 electronically submits fingerprint images and related information,  
22 as required by the Department of Justice, for an applicant for a  
23 mortgage loan originator license, for the purposes of obtaining  
24 information as to the existence and content of a record of state  
25 convictions and state arrests and to the existence and content of a  
26 record of state arrests for which the Department of Justice  
27 establishes that the person is free on bail or on his or her  
28 recognizance pending trial or appeal, the Department of Justice  
29 shall provide an electronic response to the Nationwide Mortgage  
30 Licensing System and Registry pursuant to paragraph (1) of  
31 subdivision (p) of Section 11105 of the Penal Code, and shall  
32 provide the same electronic response to the commissioner.

33 (h) The Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry  
34 may request from the Department of Justice subsequent arrest  
35 notification service, as provided pursuant to Section 11105.2 of  
36 the Penal Code, for persons described in subdivision (a). The  
37 Department of Justice shall provide the same electronic response  
38 to the commissioner.

39 (i) The Department of Justice shall charge a fee sufficient to  
40 cover the cost of processing the requests described in this section.

1 SEC. 55. Section 50303 of the Financial Code is amended to  
2 read:

3 50303. Neither the commissioner nor any employee of the  
4 Department of Business Oversight shall be precluded from  
5 obtaining a residential mortgage loan from a lender licensed under  
6 this division, subject to the rules that may be adopted hereunder  
7 or pursuant to other proper authority.

8 SEC. 56. Section 50307.1 of the Financial Code is amended  
9 to read:

10 50307.1. The commissioner may, as he or she deems necessary,  
11 require licensees to provide reports concerning their residential  
12 mortgage loan servicing activities, including, but not limited to,  
13 information similar to that collected in connection with the  
14 Mortgage Servicers Survey, first published by the Department of  
15 Business Oversight in December 2007. The commissioner is  
16 additionally authorized to seek and accept information provided  
17 on a voluntary basis by residential mortgage loan servicers not  
18 subject to the commissioner's jurisdiction. The commissioner shall  
19 post only aggregated survey results on the department's Internet  
20 Web site, and shall note the number of loan servicers submitting  
21 data included in the aggregated totals and the estimated percentage  
22 of outstanding mortgage loans to Californians that are serviced by  
23 these loan servicers, to the extent information on the number of  
24 outstanding loans is available from a reliable source. Nothing in  
25 this section is intended to reduce or change the commissioner's  
26 authority to request and demand reports under Section 50307.

27 SEC. 57. Section 50316.5 of the Financial Code is amended  
28 to read:

29 50316.5. Notwithstanding any other law, any application for  
30 licensure, amendment to the application or registration document  
31 or notice filed under any of the laws administered by the  
32 Department of Business Oversight, or record otherwise required  
33 to be filed in this state as an electronic record pursuant to a  
34 nationwide central depository for information regarding licensees,  
35 including mortgage loan originators, or any electronic record filed  
36 through the Nationwide Mortgage Licensing System and Registry,  
37 shall be deemed to be a valid original document upon reproduction  
38 to paper form by the Department of Business Oversight.

39 SEC. 58. Section 5970 of the Government Code is amended  
40 to read:

1 5970. As used in this chapter, the following phrases have the  
 2 following meanings:

3 (a) “Person” means any broker, dealer, municipal securities  
 4 dealer, investment advisor, or investment firm.

5 (b) “Regulatory agency” means the Department of Business  
 6 Oversight, the securities administrators or other similar regulatory  
 7 authority in any other state, the Securities and Exchange  
 8 Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, the  
 9 Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, the Commodity Futures  
 10 Trading Commission, or any other self-regulatory organization.

11 (c) “State or local government” means the state, any department,  
 12 agency, board, commission, or authority of the state, or any city,  
 13 city and county, county, public district, public corporation,  
 14 authority, agency, board, commission, or other public entity.

15 SEC. 59. Section 6254.5 of the Government Code is amended  
 16 to read:

17 6254.5. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, whenever  
 18 a state or local agency discloses a public record which is otherwise  
 19 exempt from this chapter, to any member of the public, this  
 20 disclosure shall constitute a waiver of the exemptions specified in  
 21 Section 6254, 6254.7, or other similar provisions of law. For  
 22 purposes of this section, “agency” includes a member, agent,  
 23 officer, or employee of the agency acting within the scope of his  
 24 or her membership, agency, office, or employment.

25 This section, however, shall not apply to disclosures:

26 (a) Made pursuant to the Information Practices Act (commencing  
 27 with Section 1798 of the Civil Code) or discovery proceedings.

28 (b) Made through other legal proceedings or as otherwise  
 29 required by law.

30 (c) Within the scope of disclosure of a statute which limits  
 31 disclosure of specified writings to certain purposes.

32 (d) Not required by law, and prohibited by formal action of an  
 33 elected legislative body of the local agency which retains the  
 34 writings.

35 (e) Made to any governmental agency which agrees to treat the  
 36 disclosed material as confidential. Only persons authorized in  
 37 writing by the person in charge of the agency shall be permitted  
 38 to obtain the information. Any information obtained by the agency  
 39 shall only be used for purposes which are consistent with existing  
 40 law.

1 (f) Of records relating to a financial institution or an affiliate  
2 thereof, if the disclosures are made to the financial institution or  
3 affiliate by a state agency responsible for the regulation or  
4 supervision of the financial institution or affiliate.

5 (g) Of records relating to any person that is subject to the  
6 jurisdiction of the Department of Business Oversight, if the  
7 disclosures are made to the person that is the subject of the records  
8 for the purpose of corrective action by that person, or if a  
9 corporation, to an officer, director, or other key personnel of the  
10 corporation for the purpose of corrective action, or to any other  
11 person to the extent necessary to obtain information from that  
12 person for the purpose of an investigation by the Department of  
13 Business Oversight.

14 (h) Made by the Commissioner of Business Oversight under  
15 Section 450, 452, 8009, or 18396 of the Financial Code.

16 (i) Of records relating to any person that is subject to the  
17 jurisdiction of the Department of Managed Health Care, if the  
18 disclosures are made to the person that is the subject of the records  
19 for the purpose of corrective action by that person, or if a  
20 corporation, to an officer, director, or other key personnel of the  
21 corporation for the purpose of corrective action, or to any other  
22 person to the extent necessary to obtain information from that  
23 person for the purpose of an investigation by the Department of  
24 Managed Health Care.

25 SEC. 60. Section 6254.12 of the Government Code is amended  
26 to read:

27 6254.12. Any information reported to the North American  
28 Securities Administrators Association/National Association of  
29 Securities Dealers' Central Registration Depository and compiled  
30 as disciplinary records which are made available to the Department  
31 of Business Oversight through a computer system, shall constitute  
32 a public record. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the  
33 Department of Business Oversight may disclose that information  
34 and the current license status and the year of issuance of the license  
35 of a broker-dealer upon written or oral request pursuant to Section  
36 25247 of the Corporations Code.

37 SEC. 61. Section 6254.22 of the Government Code is amended  
38 to read:

39 6254.22. Nothing in this chapter or any other provision of law  
40 shall require the disclosure of records of a health plan that is

1 licensed pursuant to the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan  
2 Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of  
3 Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code) and that is governed by  
4 a county board of supervisors, whether paper records, records  
5 maintained in the management information system, or records in  
6 any other form, that relate to provider rate or payment  
7 determinations, allocation or distribution methodologies for  
8 provider payments, formulae or calculations for these payments,  
9 and contract negotiations with providers of health care for  
10 alternative rates for a period of three years after the contract is  
11 fully executed. The transmission of the records, or the information  
12 contained therein in an alternative form, to the board of supervisors  
13 shall not constitute a waiver of exemption from disclosure, and  
14 the records and information once transmitted to the board of  
15 supervisors shall be subject to this same exemption. The provisions  
16 of this section shall not prevent access to any records by the Joint  
17 Legislative Audit Committee in the exercise of its powers pursuant  
18 to Article 1 (commencing with Section 10500) of Chapter 4 of  
19 Part 2 of Division 2 of Title 2. The provisions of this section also  
20 shall not prevent access to any records by the Department of  
21 Business Oversight in the exercise of its powers pursuant to Article  
22 1 (commencing with Section 1340) of Chapter 2.2 of Division 2  
23 of the Health and Safety Code.

24 SEC. 62. Section 11840 of the Government Code is amended  
25 to read:

26 11840. The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

27 (a) The current regulatory responsibility for medical services  
28 is spread among many governmental entities including all of the  
29 following:

- 30 (1) The Medical Board of California.
- 31 (2) The Department of Business Oversight.
- 32 (3) The State Department of Health Services.

33 (b) This overlapping jurisdiction has resulted in multiple and  
34 duplicative audits of many physician offices, additional expense  
35 and hiring of additional staff to respond to duplicate requests for  
36 medical records, and the review of confidential medical records  
37 by a growing number of governmental entities.

38 (c) In the interest of reducing the number of separate times  
39 various public and private agencies review confidential medical  
40 records, streamlining the regulatory process, and reducing the

1 redundant reviews of the offices of physicians, it is the intent of  
2 the Legislature to coordinate, to the extent feasible, as many of  
3 these regulatory functions as possible.

4 (d) In addition to government audits of physician offices,  
5 numerous private entities also conduct reviews of physician offices.

6 (e) It is in the public interest to achieve ultimately a uniform  
7 system of private and public auditing of physician offices and,  
8 thus, streamline the process as much as possible.

9 SEC. 63. Section 53344.1 of the Government Code is amended  
10 to read:

11 53344.1. (a) The legislative body may provide in the resolution  
12 of intention or the resolution of consideration, and in documents  
13 setting forth the rights of the debtholders that it shall reserve to  
14 itself, the right and authority to allow any interested owner of  
15 property within the district, subject to the provisions of this section  
16 and to those conditions as it may impose, and any applicable  
17 prepayment penalties as prescribed in the bond indenture or  
18 comparable instrument or document, to tender to the district  
19 treasurer in full payment or part payment of any installment of the  
20 special taxes or the interest or penalties thereon which may be due  
21 or delinquent, but for which a bill has been received, any bond or  
22 other obligation secured thereby, the bond or other obligation to  
23 be taken at par and credit to be given for the accrued interest shown  
24 thereby computed to the date of tender. The district treasurer shall  
25 thereupon cancel the bond debt and shall cause proper credit  
26 therefor to be entered on the records of the district and in the office  
27 of the auditor and tax collector. If the legislative body agrees to  
28 allow bond tenders pursuant to this section or to Section 53356.8,  
29 the legislative body may, at its discretion, agree to distribute or  
30 direct its trustee or other agent to distribute by any means an offer  
31 to purchase bonds or other related inquiry to the holders of the  
32 bonds of the district, at the expense of the person requesting the  
33 mailing. Neither the legislative body, nor any of its officers, agents,  
34 or trustees shall be liable in any way for that distribution.

35 (b) The provisions of this subdivision apply to any tender of  
36 bonds pursuant to this section by an owner of property within the  
37 district who is delinquent in paying special taxes levied by this  
38 district when due. Bonds may be tendered pursuant to this  
39 subdivision only after all of the following conditions have been  
40 satisfied:

1 (1) The delinquent lot or parcel has been offered for sale as a  
2 result of a foreclosure judgment and the minimum price required  
3 to be paid for the lot or parcel was not received.

4 (2) The bonds to be tendered to the district were obtained by  
5 the property owner only after their prior owner was presented with  
6 a tender offer or solicitation as defined in this subdivision.

7 (A) For purposes of this subdivision, a “tender offer” or  
8 “solicitation” is a solicitation by any person or that person’s agent  
9 by offering circular, memoranda, tender, or solicitation, or any  
10 other document or written, oral, or electronic communication for  
11 the purchase of the bonds from their then current owner. A person  
12 includes a natural person, corporation, company, partnership,  
13 limited liability company, limited liability partnership, association,  
14 or any other entity and a “tendering party” includes any person  
15 making a tender offer for bonds.

16 (B) Any tender offer or solicitation shall include all material  
17 information as required under federal and state securities laws and  
18 shall also include the following information, to the extent  
19 applicable:

- 20 (i) The name of the tendering party.
- 21 (ii) An individual who can be contacted to provide further  
22 information with respect to the tender.
- 23 (iii) The current holdings of bonds of the district by the tendering  
24 party and its affiliates.
- 25 (iv) The total face amount of the bonds being solicited.
- 26 (v) The price or method of determining the price per one  
27 thousand dollars (\$1,000) in bonds being offered by the tendering  
28 party.
- 29 (vi) Whether the tendering party or any person affiliated with  
30 or related to the tendering party, or any employee, agent, or  
31 representative of the tendering party, is a property owner within  
32 the district that issued the bonds.
- 33 (vii) Whether the present intentions of the tendering party are  
34 to use the bonds for payment of special taxes or the purchase of  
35 property at a foreclosure sale pursuant to this section or Section  
36 53356.8. This statement of present intentions shall not be construed  
37 to be binding on the tendering party.
- 38 (viii) The status of the bond redemption fund, construction fund,  
39 reserve fund, and any other funds of the district, and the special  
40 tax delinquency rate of the district, all of which data shall be the

1 most recent available from the district and, in any event, shall  
2 apply to the state of the funds after the most recent payment of  
3 principal and interest on the bonds. The district shall provide the  
4 necessary data to the property owner within 10 days of receiving  
5 a written request and may charge a reasonable fee not to exceed  
6 its actual costs of providing the data. The district shall  
7 simultaneously release the same information to the general public.  
8 The property shall also provide the percentage of the delinquency  
9 attributable to the tendering party or any person affiliated with or  
10 related to the tendering party, or any employee, agent, or  
11 representative of the tendering party, for each of the three most  
12 recent fiscal years.

13 (ix) If the tendering party owns or leases property in the district  
14 that issued the bonds, the development plans for that property and  
15 an update on the current status of development of that property  
16 and of any zoning, planning, or other permits or approvals needed  
17 for development of the property to proceed.

18 (x) Any other material information available to the tendering  
19 party and not generally available to the public that would  
20 significantly affect the market value of the bonds of the district.

21 (C) The tendering party shall notify the legislative body of his  
22 or her intent to make a tender offer or solicitation at least  
23 simultaneously with making any offer or solicitation.

24 (D) The tendering party shall provide a copy of the solicitation  
25 to the Department of Business Oversight prior to five working  
26 days after notifying the legislative body pursuant to subparagraph  
27 (C).

28 (3) The tendering property owner provides the legislative body  
29 with a negative assurance from counsel representing the property  
30 owner that no misleading or other information has come to the  
31 opining party's attention after reasonable investigation, that would  
32 lead the party providing the negative assurance to believe that the  
33 tender was in violation of federal or state securities laws.

34 (4) The tendering property owner delivers to the legislative body  
35 of the district that issued the bonds subject to the tender, a  
36 certificate to the effect that the tender information is accurate in  
37 all material respects and does not omit to state a material fact  
38 necessary in order to make the statements included in the tender  
39 information not misleading, except that the certificate need not  
40 provide any assurances as to the accuracy of the information as to

1 the bond fund balances and tax payment information provided by  
2 the district.

3 (c) The provisions of this subdivision apply to any tender of  
4 bonds pursuant to this section by any owner of property within the  
5 district who is not delinquent in paying special taxes on any  
6 property within the district. A person subject to this subdivision  
7 shall be deemed to be a person whose relationship to the issuer  
8 may give him or her access, directly or indirectly, to material  
9 information about the issuer not generally available to the public,  
10 and the provisions of Section 25402 of the Corporations Code  
11 apply to any purchase or sale of securities by that person in  
12 connection with the tender transaction. For purposes of this  
13 subdivision, the “issuer” includes the district, the local agency that  
14 created the district, and any owner of property within the district.  
15 At any time prior to tendering bonds to the district pursuant to this  
16 section, any person subject to this subdivision shall deliver to the  
17 legislative body of the district a certificate that he or she has  
18 complied with this subdivision and applicable federal and state  
19 securities laws.

20 SEC. 64. Section 53638 of the Government Code is amended  
21 to read:

22 53638. (a) The deposit shall not exceed the shareholder’s  
23 equity of any depository bank. For the purposes of this subdivision,  
24 shareholder’s equity shall be determined in accordance with Section  
25 463 of the Financial Code, but shall be deemed to include capital  
26 notes and debentures.

27 (b) The deposit shall not exceed the total of the net worth of  
28 any depository savings association or federal association, except  
29 that deposits not exceeding a total of five hundred thousand dollars  
30 (\$500,000) may be made to a savings association or federal  
31 association without regard to the net worth of that depository, if  
32 such deposits are insured or secured as required by law.

33 (c) The deposit to the share accounts of any regularly chartered  
34 credit union shall not exceed the total of the unimpaired capital  
35 and surplus of the credit union, as defined by rule of the  
36 Commissioner of Financial Institutions, except that the deposit to  
37 any credit union share account in an amount not exceeding five  
38 hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) may be made if the share  
39 accounts of that credit union are insured or guaranteed pursuant

1 to Section 14858 of the Financial Code or are secured as required  
2 by law.

3 (d) The deposit in investment certificates of a federally insured  
4 industrial loan company shall not exceed the total of the unimpaired  
5 capital and surplus of the insured industrial loan company.

6 SEC. 65. Section 54956.87 of the Government Code is amended  
7 to read:

8 54956.87. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this  
9 chapter, the records of a health plan that is licensed pursuant to  
10 the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter  
11 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health  
12 and Safety Code) and that is governed by a county board of  
13 supervisors, whether paper records, records maintained in the  
14 management information system, or records in any other form,  
15 that relate to provider rate or payment determinations, allocation  
16 or distribution methodologies for provider payments, formulas or  
17 calculations for these payments, and contract negotiations with  
18 providers of health care for alternative rates are exempt from  
19 disclosure for a period of three years after the contract is fully  
20 executed. The transmission of the records, or the information  
21 contained therein in an alternative form, to the board of supervisors  
22 shall not constitute a waiver of exemption from disclosure, and  
23 the records and information once transmitted to the board of  
24 supervisors shall be subject to this same exemption.

25 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the governing  
26 board of a health plan that is licensed pursuant to the Knox-Keene  
27 Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 (Chapter 2.2 (commencing  
28 with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code)  
29 and that is governed by a county board of supervisors may order  
30 that a meeting held solely for the purpose of discussion or taking  
31 action on health plan trade secrets, as defined in subdivision (f),  
32 shall be held in closed session. The requirements of making a  
33 public report of action taken in closed session, and the vote or  
34 abstention of every member present, may be limited to a brief  
35 general description without the information constituting the trade  
36 secret.

37 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the governing  
38 board of a health plan may meet in closed session to consider and  
39 take action on matters pertaining to contracts and contract  
40 negotiations by the health plan with providers of health care

1 services concerning all matters related to rates of payment. The  
2 governing board may delete the portion or portions containing  
3 trade secrets from any documents that were finally approved in  
4 the closed session held pursuant to subdivision (b) that are provided  
5 to persons who have made the timely or standing request.

6 (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing the  
7 governing board from meeting in closed session as otherwise  
8 provided by law.

9 (e) The provisions of this section shall not prevent access to any  
10 records by the Joint Legislative Audit Committee in the exercise  
11 of its powers pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section  
12 10500) of Chapter 4 of Part 2 of Division 2 of Title 2. The  
13 provisions of this section also shall not prevent access to any  
14 records by the Department of Business Oversight in the exercise  
15 of its powers pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section  
16 1340) of Chapter 2.2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

17 (f) For purposes of this section, “health plan trade secret” means  
18 a trade secret, as defined in subdivision (d) of Section 3426.1 of  
19 the Civil Code, that also meets both of the following criteria:

20 (1) The secrecy of the information is necessary for the health  
21 plan to initiate a new service, program, marketing strategy, business  
22 plan, or technology, or to add a benefit or product.

23 (2) Premature disclosure of the trade secret would create a  
24 substantial probability of depriving the health plan of a substantial  
25 economic benefit or opportunity.

26 ~~SEC. 66. Section 1341.10 of the Health and Safety Code is~~  
27 ~~amended to read:~~

28 ~~1341.10. The department may use the unexpended balance of~~  
29 ~~funds available for use in connection with the performance of the~~  
30 ~~functions of the Department of Business Oversight to which the~~  
31 ~~department succeeds pursuant to Section 1341.9.~~

32 ~~SEC. 67. Section 1341.11 of the Health and Safety Code is~~  
33 ~~amended to read:~~

34 ~~1341.11. All officers and employees of the Department of~~  
35 ~~Business Oversight who, on the operative date of this section, are~~  
36 ~~performing any duty, power, purpose, responsibility, or jurisdiction~~  
37 ~~to which the department succeeds, who are serving in the state~~  
38 ~~civil service, other than as temporary employees, and engaged in~~  
39 ~~the performance of a function vested by the department by Section~~  
40 ~~1341.9, shall be transferred to the department. The status, positions,~~

1 and rights of those persons shall not be affected by the transfer  
2 and shall be retained by those persons as officers and employees  
3 of the department, pursuant to the State Civil Service Act (Part 2  
4 (commencing with Section 18500) of Division 5 of Title 2 of the  
5 Government Code), except as to positions exempted from civil  
6 service.

7 SEC. 68. Section 1341.12 of the Health and Safety Code is  
8 amended to read:

9 1341.12. The department shall have possession and control of  
10 all records, papers, offices, equipment, supplies, moneys, funds,  
11 appropriations, licenses, permits, agreements, contracts, claims,  
12 judgments, land, and other property, real or personal, connected  
13 with the administration of, or held for the benefit or use of, the  
14 Department of Business Oversight for the performance of the  
15 functions transferred to the department by Section 1341.9.

16 SEC. 69. Section 1341.14 of the Health and Safety Code is  
17 amended to read:

18 1341.14. (a) Any regulation, order, or other action, adopted,  
19 prescribed, taken, or performed by the Department of Business  
20 Oversight or by an officer of the Department of Business Oversight  
21 in the administration of a program or the performance of a duty,  
22 responsibility, or authorization transferred to the department by  
23 Section 1341.9 shall remain in effect and shall be deemed to be a  
24 regulation, order, or action of the department.

25 (b) No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced  
26 by or against the Department of Business Oversight or any other  
27 officer of the state, in relation to the administration of any program  
28 or the discharge of any duty, responsibility, or authorization  
29 transferred to the department by Section 1341.9 shall abate by  
30 reason of the transfer of the program, duty, responsibility, or  
31 authorization.

32 SEC. 70.

33 SEC. 66. Section 1280.7 of the Insurance Code is amended to  
34 read:

35 1280.7. (a) This chapter and the other provisions of this code,  
36 except as set forth in this paragraph, shall not apply to or affect  
37 unincorporated interindemnity or reciprocal or interinsurance  
38 contracts between members of a cooperative corporation, organized  
39 and operating under Part 2 (commencing with Section 12200) of  
40 Division 3 of Title 1 of the Corporations Code, whose members

1 consist solely of physicians and surgeons licensed in California,  
2 which contracts indemnify solely in respect to medical malpractice  
3 claims against those members, and which do not collect in advance  
4 of loss any moneys other than contributions by each member to a  
5 collective reserve trust fund or for necessary expenses of  
6 administration. However, interindemnity, reciprocal, or  
7 interinsurance contracts with respect to the following types of  
8 claims, in addition to medical malpractice claims, may be entered  
9 into in conjunction with contracts with respect to medical  
10 malpractice claims if the reserve trust fund is at least twenty million  
11 dollars (\$20,000,000):

12 (1) Bodily injury or property damage arising out of the conduct  
13 and of the operations of the member's professional practice  
14 occurring on the member's premises.

15 (2) Officers', directors', and administrators' liability, to the  
16 extent that the member's professional practice is operated as a  
17 professional corporation or group.

18 (3) Nonowned automobile coverage.

19 The provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 330) of  
20 Part 1 of Division 1 shall apply to unincorporated interindemnity  
21 or reciprocal or interinsurance contracts. Those unincorporated  
22 interindemnity or reciprocal or interinsurance contracts shall  
23 comply with all of the following requirements:

24 ~~(a)~~

25 (b) Each participating member shall enter into and, concurrently  
26 therewith, receive an executed copy of a trust agreement, which  
27 shall govern the collection and disposition of all funds of the  
28 interindemnity arrangement.

29 The trust agreement shall, at a minimum, contain provision for  
30 all the following matters:

31 (1) An initial trust corpus of not less than ten million dollars  
32 (\$10,000,000), which corpus shall be a trust fund to secure  
33 enforcement of the interindemnity arrangement. The average  
34 contribution to the initial trust corpus shall be not less than twenty  
35 thousand dollars (\$20,000) per member participating in the  
36 interindemnity arrangement. The average contribution to the trust  
37 fund shall continue at all times to be not less than twenty thousand  
38 dollars (\$20,000) per participating member unless the  
39 interindemnity arrangement is qualified to admit members under  
40 the terms of subdivision (k). No such interindemnity arrangement

1 shall become operative until the requisite minimum reserve trust  
2 fund has been established by contributions from not fewer than  
3 500 participating members.

4 (2) The reserve trust fund created by the trust agreement shall  
5 be administered by a board of trustees of three or more members,  
6 all of whom shall be physicians and surgeons licensed in California,  
7 participating members in the interindemnity arrangement, and  
8 elected biennially or more frequently by at least a majority of all  
9 members participating in the interindemnity arrangement.

10 (3) The members of the board of trustees are fiduciaries and the  
11 board shall be the custodian of all funds of the interindemnity  
12 arrangement, and all those funds shall be deposited in the bank or  
13 banks and savings and loan associations in California as the board  
14 may designate. Each account shall require two or more signatories  
15 for withdrawal of funds in excess of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).  
16 The authorized signatories shall be appointed by the board and, as  
17 to any withdrawal in excess of one hundred thousand dollars  
18 (\$100,000), at least one of the two or more authorized signatories  
19 shall be a physician and surgeon licensed in California and a  
20 participating member in the interindemnity arrangement. Each  
21 signatory on those accounts shall maintain, at all times while  
22 empowered to draw on those funds, for the benefit of the  
23 interindemnity arrangement, a bond against loss suffered through  
24 embezzlement, mysterious disappearance, holdup or burglary, or  
25 other loss issued by a bonding company licensed to do business  
26 in California in a penal sum of not less than one hundred thousand  
27 dollars (\$100,000).

28 (4) All funds held in trust that are in excess of current financial  
29 needs shall be invested and reinvested from time to time, under  
30 the direction of the board of trustees, in eligible securities, as  
31 defined in Section 16430 of the Government Code, in portfolios  
32 of eligible securities, in exchange traded financial futures contracts  
33 or exchange traded options contracts to hedge investment in those  
34 eligible securities, or in certificates of deposits or time deposits  
35 issued by banks and savings and loan associations in California  
36 duly insured by instrumentalities of the United States government.

37 Pursuant to the authority contained in Section 1 of Article XV  
38 of the California Constitution, the restrictions upon rates of interest  
39 contained in Section 1 of Article XV of the California Constitution  
40 shall not apply to any obligations of, loans made by, or

1 forbearances of, any trust established by a cooperative corporation  
2 providing indemnity pursuant to this section.

3 (5) The income earned on the corpus of the trust fund shall be  
4 the source for the payment of the claims, costs, judgments,  
5 settlements, and costs of administration contemplated by the  
6 interindemnity arrangement, and to the extent the income is  
7 insufficient for those purposes, the board of trustees shall have the  
8 power and authority to assess participating members for all  
9 amounts necessary to meet the obligations of the interindemnity  
10 arrangement in accordance with the terms thereof. If necessary in  
11 the best interests of the interindemnity arrangement, the board of  
12 trustees may make assessments to increase the corpus of the trust  
13 fund in accordance with the terms of the interindemnity  
14 arrangement. Any assessment levied against a member shall be  
15 the personal obligation of the member. Any person who obtains a  
16 final judgment of recovery for medical malpractice or other liability  
17 authorized by this section against a member of the interindemnity  
18 arrangement shall have, in addition to any other remedy, the right  
19 to assert directly all rights to indemnification that the judgment  
20 debtor has under the interindemnity arrangement. The final  
21 judgment shall be a lien on the reserve trust fund to secure payment  
22 of the judgment, limited to the extent of the judgment debtor's  
23 rights to indemnification.

24 Any change in the assessment agreement between the  
25 interindemnity arrangement and its membership shall be submitted  
26 to the entire membership for ratification. If the ratification process  
27 is to be performed by a mail ballot, a ballot shall be sent to each  
28 member by first-class mail, postage prepaid. Within 45 days after  
29 the posted date on the mail ballot, each member who decides to  
30 vote on the assessment change shall return his or her ballot to the  
31 interindemnity arrangement for the tallying of the ballots. An  
32 affirmative vote of 75 percent of those voting shall be required to  
33 effectuate any change in the assessment agreement.

34 If a change in the assessment agreement is to be submitted to  
35 members at a properly called meeting, the membership shall be  
36 notified of the meeting and the proposed assessment change by  
37 first-class mail, postage prepaid, posted at least 45 days prior to  
38 the meeting. Seventy-five percent of those present in person or by  
39 proxy at the meeting shall be required to effectuate any change in  
40 the assessment agreement.

1 (6) Each participating member shall be covered by the  
2 interindemnity arrangement for not less than one million dollars  
3 (\$1,000,000) for each occurrence of professional negligence or  
4 other liability authorized by this section, with the terms and  
5 conditions of the coverage to be specified in the trust agreement,  
6 except that the interindemnity arrangement may provide  
7 participating members with an aggregate limit for all payments on  
8 behalf of the member and may provide participating members with  
9 less than one million dollars (\$1,000,000) of coverage for each  
10 occurrence of professional negligence or other liability authorized  
11 by this section if the interindemnity arrangement obtains for the  
12 benefit of the members reinsurance of excess limits coverage in  
13 an amount that when added to the coverage provided by the  
14 interindemnity arrangement would equal not less than one million  
15 dollars (\$1,000,000) for each occurrence of professional negligence  
16 or other liability authorized by this section.

17 Any change in the coverage provided by the trust agreement  
18 between the interindemnity arrangement and its membership shall  
19 be submitted to the entire membership for ratification. If the  
20 ratification process is to be performed by a mail ballot, a ballot  
21 shall be sent to each member by first-class mail, postage prepaid.  
22 Within 45 days after the posted date on the mail ballot, each  
23 member who decides to vote on the coverage change shall return  
24 his or her ballot to the interindemnity arrangement for the tallying  
25 of the ballot. An affirmative vote of 75 percent of those voting  
26 shall be required to effectuate any change in the coverage provided  
27 by the trust agreement, except that at least 50 percent of the entire  
28 membership must agree to any change.

29 If any change is to be submitted to members at a properly called  
30 meeting, the membership shall be notified of the meeting and the  
31 proposed coverage change by first-class mail, postage prepaid,  
32 posted at least 45 days prior to the meeting. An affirmative vote  
33 of 75 percent of the membership present at the meeting, in person  
34 or by proxy, shall be required to effectuate any change, except that  
35 at least 50 percent of the entire membership must agree to any  
36 change.

37 (7) Withdrawal of all, or any portion of, the corpus of the reserve  
38 trust fund shall be upon the written authorization signed by at least  
39 two-thirds of the members of the board of trustees.

1 (8) The board of trustees shall cause both of the following to  
2 be furnished to each member participating in the interindemnity  
3 arrangement, and to be filed with the Commissioner of Business  
4 Oversight:

5 (A) Within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, a statement  
6 of the assets and liabilities of the interindemnity arrangement as  
7 of the end of that year, a statement of the revenue and expenditures  
8 of the interindemnity arrangement, and a statement of the changes  
9 in corpus of the reserve trust for that year, in each case  
10 accompanied by a certificate signed by a firm of independent  
11 certified public accountants selected by the board of trustees  
12 indicating that the firm has conducted an audit of those statements  
13 in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and  
14 indicating the results of the audit.

15 (B) Within 45 days after the end of each of the first three  
16 quarterly periods of each fiscal year, a statement of the assets and  
17 liabilities of the interindemnity arrangement as of the end of the  
18 quarterly period, a statement of the revenue and expenditures of  
19 the interindemnity arrangement, and a statement of the changes in  
20 corpus of the reserve trust for the period, in each case accompanied  
21 by a certificate signed by a majority of the members of the board  
22 of trustees to the effect that the statements were prepared from the  
23 official books and records of the interindemnity arrangement.

24 (C) In addition to the statements required to be filed pursuant  
25 to this paragraph, the board of trustees shall annually file with the  
26 Commissioner of Business Oversight an authorization for  
27 disclosure to the commissioner of all financial records pertaining  
28 to the interindemnity arrangement. For the purpose of this  
29 subparagraph, the authorization for disclosure shall also include  
30 the financial records of any association, partnership, or corporation  
31 that has management or control of the funds or the operation of  
32 the interindemnity arrangement.

33 (9) The trust agreement shall also provide for all the following:

34 (A) In the event a participating member who is in full  
35 compliance with the trust agreement, including the payment of all  
36 outstanding dues and assessments, dies, the initial contribution  
37 made by the decedent shall be returned to the member's estate or  
38 designated beneficiary; the indemnity coverage shall continue for  
39 the benefit of the decedent's estate in respect of occurrences during  
40 the time the decedent was a participating member; and neither the

1 person receiving the repayment of the initial contribution nor the  
2 decedent's estate shall be responsible for any assessments levied  
3 following the death of the member.

4 (B) A participating member who is then in full compliance with  
5 the trust agreement and who has reached the age of 65 years and  
6 who has retired completely from the practice of medicine may  
7 elect to retire from the interindemnity arrangement, in which case  
8 the member shall not be responsible for assessments levied  
9 following the date notice of retirement is given to the trust.  
10 Following that retirement, the indemnity coverage shall continue  
11 for the benefit of the member in respect of occurrences prior to  
12 the time the member retired from the interindemnity arrangement.  
13 That retired member's initial contribution shall be repaid 10 years  
14 from the date the notice of retirement is received by the trust, or  
15 an earlier date as specified in the trust agreement. The board of  
16 trustees may reduce the age for retirement to not less than 55 years  
17 subject to all other requirements in this paragraph and any  
18 additional requirements deemed necessary by the board.

19 (C) During any period in which a participating member, who  
20 is then in full compliance with the trust agreement, has, in the  
21 judgment of the board of trustees, become unable to perform any  
22 and every duty of his or her regular professional occupation, the  
23 participating member may request disability status in accordance  
24 with the terms of the interindemnity arrangement. During any  
25 period of disability status, the member shall not be responsible for  
26 assessments levied during the period and, if so provided in the  
27 interindemnity arrangement, all indemnity coverage, both as to  
28 defense and payment of claims, shall terminate as to occurrences  
29 arising out of the actions of the participating member during the  
30 period of disability status.

31 (D) In the event a participating member fails to pay any  
32 assessment when due, the board of trustees may terminate that  
33 person's membership status if the failure to pay is not cured within  
34 30 days from the date the assessment was due. Upon that  
35 termination the former participating member shall not be entitled  
36 to the return of all or any part of his or her initial contribution, and  
37 the indemnity coverage shall thereupon terminate as to all claims  
38 then pending against that person and in respect to all occurrences  
39 prior to the date of that termination of membership. However, in  
40 the event the interindemnity arrangement is then providing legal

1 defense services to that person, the interindemnity arrangement  
2 shall continue to provide those services for a period of 10 days  
3 following that termination.

4 (E) In the event a participating member fails to comply with  
5 any provision of the trust agreement (other than a failure to pay  
6 assessments when due), the board of trustees may terminate that  
7 person's membership status if the failure to comply is not cured  
8 within 60 days from the date the person is notified of the failure,  
9 provided that before that membership status may be terminated  
10 the person shall be given the right to call for a hearing before the  
11 board of trustees (to be held before the expiration of the 60-day  
12 period), at which hearing the person shall be given the opportunity  
13 to demonstrate to the board of trustees that no failure to comply  
14 has occurred or, if it has occurred, that it has been cured. Upon  
15 that termination, the former participating member shall not be  
16 entitled to the return of all or any part of his or her initial  
17 contribution, and the indemnity coverage shall thereupon terminate  
18 as to all claims then pending against the person and in respect to  
19 all occurrences prior to the date of the termination of membership.  
20 However, in the event the interindemnity arrangement is then  
21 providing legal defense services to that person, the interindemnity  
22 arrangement shall continue to provide those services for a period  
23 of 10 days following the termination.

24 (F) A participating member who is then in full compliance with  
25 the trust agreement may elect voluntarily to terminate his or her  
26 membership in the interindemnity arrangement. Upon that  
27 voluntary termination, that person may further elect to cease being  
28 responsible for future assessments, or to continue to pay those  
29 assessments until the time as the person's initial contribution is  
30 repaid. In the event the person elects to cease being responsible  
31 for future assessments, the indemnity coverage shall thereupon  
32 terminate and the person shall either be responsible for his or her  
33 own exposure for acts committed while a participating member in  
34 the interindemnity arrangement, or he or she may request the  
35 interindemnity arrangement to purchase or provide, at the cost of  
36 the person, coverage for that exposure. The initial contribution of  
37 the person shall be repaid on the 10th anniversary of the date the  
38 contribution was made. In the event the person elects to continue  
39 to be responsible for assessments, the indemnity coverage shall  
40 continue in respect of occurrences prior to the date of the voluntary

1 termination, and the initial contribution of the person shall be  
2 repaid at the time as the board of trustees is satisfied that (i) there  
3 are no claims pending against the person in respect of occurrences  
4 during the time the person was a participating member, and (ii)  
5 the statute of limitations has run on all claims that might be asserted  
6 against that person in respect of occurrences during that time. In  
7 no event shall that repayment be made earlier than the 10th  
8 anniversary of the date the contribution was made.

9 Any person whose membership in an interindemnity arrangement  
10 is involuntarily terminated for failure to pay assessments or who  
11 voluntarily terminates that membership and elects to be responsible  
12 for his or her own exposure for acts committed while a participating  
13 member, shall not be eligible to become a member of any other  
14 interindemnity arrangement for a period of five years after the  
15 termination unless, on the effective date of the act which amended  
16 this section during the 1985–86 Regular Session, the person had  
17 on file with the Department of Business Oversight a copy of a  
18 subscription agreement signifying the person’s agreement to  
19 transfer membership or had paid a minimum of ten thousand dollars  
20 (\$10,000) to another interindemnity arrangement that was granted  
21 a permit to organize prior to January 1, 1985.

22 (G) The board of trustees shall have the right to terminate the  
23 membership of a participating member if the board of trustees  
24 determines that the termination is in the best interests of the  
25 interindemnity arrangement even though that person has complied  
26 with all of the provisions of the trust agreement. A termination  
27 may be effected only if at least two-thirds of the members of the  
28 board of trustees indicate in writing their decision to terminate. If  
29 the board of trustees proposes to terminate a member, the member  
30 shall have the right to call a special meeting of all participating  
31 members in accordance with the rules established by the board of  
32 trustees for the purpose of voting on whether or not the member  
33 shall be terminated. The member shall not be terminated if at least  
34 two-thirds of the participating members present, in person or by  
35 proxy, indicate that the member should not be terminated. In the  
36 event a member is terminated, the person shall elect either: (i) to  
37 request the return of his or her initial contribution, in which case  
38 the contribution shall be repaid and the indemnity coverage shall  
39 thereupon terminate as to all claims then pending against the person  
40 and in respect to all occurrences prior to the date of the termination

1 of membership. However, in the event the interindemnity  
2 arrangement is then providing legal defense services to the person,  
3 the interindemnity arrangement shall continue to provide those  
4 services for a period of 30 days to enable the person to assume his  
5 or her own defense; or (ii) to release all rights to the return of the  
6 initial contribution, in which case the indemnity coverage shall  
7 continue for the benefit of the member in respect of occurrences  
8 during the time the person was a participating member and the  
9 person shall have no responsibility for assessments levied following  
10 that termination. The interindemnity arrangement may provide  
11 that if a member is terminated and fails to make the election set  
12 forth herein within 45 days of the date of notification of termination  
13 of membership, the participating member shall be deemed to have  
14 elected to release all rights to a return of his or her initial  
15 contribution, in which case indemnity coverage shall apply for the  
16 benefit of the member with respect to occurrences occurring prior  
17 to the termination.

18 (10) Each member participating in the interindemnity  
19 arrangement shall have the right of access to, and the inspection  
20 of, the books and records of the interindemnity arrangement, which  
21 rights shall be similar to the corporate shareholders pursuant to  
22 Section 3003 of the Corporations Code, or, commencing January  
23 1, 1977, Sections 1600 to 1605, inclusive, of the Corporations  
24 Code.

25 (11) There shall be a meeting of all members participating in  
26 the interindemnity arrangement, at least annually, after not less  
27 than 10 days' written notice has been given, at a location  
28 reasonably convenient to the participating members and on a date  
29 that is within a reasonable period of time following the distribution  
30 of the annual financial statements.

31 (12) Notwithstanding Sections 12453 and 12703 of the  
32 Corporations Code, on any matter to be voted upon by the  
33 membership at either a regular or special meeting, a member shall  
34 have the right to vote in person or by written proxy filed with the  
35 corporate secretary prior to the meeting. No proxy shall be made  
36 irrevocable, nor be valid beyond the earliest of the following dates:

- 37 (A) The date of expiration set forth in the proxy.
- 38 (B) The date of termination of membership.
- 39 (C) Eleven months from the date of execution of the proxy.

1 (D) Such time as may be specified in the bylaws, not to exceed  
2 11 months.

3 (13) The interindemnity arrangement, and the reserve trust fund  
4 incident thereto, shall be subject to termination at any time by the  
5 vote or written consent of not less than three-fourths of the  
6 participating members.

7 ~~(b)~~

8 (c) The board of trustees shall cause to be recorded with the  
9 office of the county recorder of the county of the principal place  
10 of business of the interindemnity arrangement within 90 days  
11 following the end of each fiscal year, a written statement, executed  
12 by a majority of the board of trustees under penalty of perjury,  
13 reciting that each member participating in the interindemnity  
14 arrangement was mailed a copy of the annual financial statement  
15 and quarterly audit certificates by first-class mail, postage prepaid,  
16 required pursuant to paragraph (8) of subdivision (a).

17 ~~(e)~~

18 (d) Each person solicited to become a participating member in  
19 an interindemnity arrangement shall receive in writing, at least 48  
20 hours prior to the execution by the prospective participating  
21 member of the trust agreement, and at least 48 hours prior to the  
22 payment by the prospective participating member of any  
23 consideration in connection with the interindemnity arrangement,  
24 the following information:

25 (1) A copy of the articles of incorporation and bylaws of the  
26 cooperative corporation and a copy of the form of trust agreement  
27 to be executed by the prospective participating member.

28 (2) A disclosure statement regarding the interindemnity  
29 arrangement. The disclosure statement shall contain on the first  
30 or cover page a legend in boldface type reading substantially as  
31 follows:

32 "THE INTERINDEMNITY ARRANGEMENT  
33 CONTEMPLATED HEREIN PROVIDES THAT  
34 PARTICIPATING MEMBERS HAVE UNLIMITED PERSONAL  
35 LIABILITY FOR ASSESSMENTS THAT MAY BE LEVIED  
36 TO PAY FOR THE PROFESSIONAL NEGLIGENCE OR  
37 OTHER LIABILITY AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION. NO  
38 ASSURANCES CAN BE GIVEN REGARDING THE AMOUNT  
39 OR FREQUENCY OF ASSESSMENTS WHICH MAY BE  
40 LEVIED, OR THAT ALL PARTICIPATING MEMBERS WILL

1 MAKE TIMELY PAYMENT OF THEIR ASSESSMENTS TO  
2 COVER THE PROFESSIONAL NEGLIGENCE OR OTHER  
3 LIABILITY AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION.”

4 (3) The disclosure statement shall further contain all of the  
5 following information:

6 (A) The amount, nature, and terms and conditions of the  
7 professional negligence or other liability relating to a member’s  
8 professional practice coverage available under the interindemnity  
9 arrangement.

10 (B) The amount of the initial contribution required of each  
11 participating member and a statement of the minimum number of  
12 members and aggregate contributions required for the  
13 interindemnity arrangement to commence.

14 (C) The names, addresses, and professional experience of each  
15 member of the board of trustees.

16 (D) The requirements for admission as a participating member.

17 (E) A statement of the services to be provided under the  
18 interindemnity arrangement to each participating member.

19 (F) A statement regarding the obligation of each member to pay  
20 assessments and the consequences for failure to do so.

21 (G) A statement of the rights and obligations of a participating  
22 member in the event the member dies, retires, becomes disabled,  
23 or terminates participation for any reason, or the interindemnity  
24 arrangement terminates for any reason.

25 (H) A statement regarding the services to be provided, indicating  
26 whether these services will be delegated to others pursuant to a  
27 contractual arrangement. For those services delegated to others  
28 pursuant to a contractual arrangement, a statement fully disclosing  
29 and itemizing all consideration received directly or indirectly under  
30 the arrangement, and indicating what the consideration is for, and  
31 how, when, and to whom the consideration will be paid.

32 (I) A statement of the voting rights of the members and the  
33 circumstances under which participation of a member may be  
34 terminated and under which the interindemnity arrangement may  
35 be terminated.

36 (J) If any statement of estimated or projected financial  
37 information for the interindemnity arrangement is used, a statement  
38 of the estimation or projection and a summary of the data and  
39 assumptions upon which it is based.

1 (4) A list with the names and addresses of current participating  
2 members of the interindemnity arrangement.

3 ~~(d)~~

4 (e) No officer, director, trustee, employee, or member of the  
5 interindemnity arrangement or the cooperative corporation shall  
6 receive, or be entitled to receive, any payment, bonus, salary,  
7 income, compensation, or other benefit whatsoever, either from  
8 the reserve trust fund or the income therefrom or from any other  
9 funds of the interindemnity arrangement or the members thereof  
10 based on the number of participating members, or the amount of  
11 the reserve trust fund or other funds of the interindemnity  
12 arrangement.

13 ~~(e)~~

14 (f) A peer review committee or committees shall be established  
15 by the trust agreement to review the qualifications of any physician  
16 and surgeon to participate or continue to participate in the  
17 interindemnity arrangement, and to review the quality of medical  
18 services rendered by any participating member, as well as the  
19 validity of medical malpractice claims made against participating  
20 members. Any physician and surgeon, prior to becoming a  
21 participating member of the interindemnity arrangement, shall be  
22 reviewed and approved by a majority of the members of the peer  
23 review committee. No peer review committee, or any of its  
24 members, shall be liable for any action taken by the committee in  
25 reviewing the qualifications of a physician and surgeon to  
26 participate or continue to participate, or the quality of medical  
27 services rendered, or the validity of a medical malpractice claim,  
28 unless it is alleged and proved that the action was taken with actual  
29 malice.

30 ~~(f)~~

31 (g) The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of  
32 competition and deceptive acts or practices with respect to  
33 cooperative corporations or interindemnity arrangements provided  
34 for in this section:

35 (1) Making any false or misleading statement as to, or issuing,  
36 circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or circulated, any  
37 estimate, illustration, circular, or statement misrepresenting the  
38 terms of any interindemnity arrangement or the benefits or  
39 advantages promised thereby, or making any misleading  
40 representation or any misrepresentation as to the financial condition

1 of the interindemnity arrangement, or making any  
2 misrepresentation to any participating member for the purpose of  
3 inducing or tending to induce the member to lapse, forfeit, or  
4 surrender his or her rights to indemnification under the  
5 interindemnity arrangement. It shall be a false or misleading  
6 statement to state or represent that a cooperative corporation or  
7 interindemnity arrangement is or constitutes “insurance” or an  
8 “insurance company” or an “insurance policy.”

9 (2) Making or disseminating or causing to be made or  
10 disseminated before the public in this state, in any newspaper or  
11 other publication, or any advertising device, or by public outcry  
12 or proclamation, or in any other manner or means whatsoever, any  
13 statement containing any assertion, representation, or statement  
14 with respect to those cooperative corporations or interindemnity  
15 arrangements, or with respect to any person in the conduct of those  
16 cooperative corporations or interindemnity arrangements, which  
17 is untrue, deceptive, or misleading, and which is known, or which  
18 by the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue,  
19 deceptive, or misleading. It shall be a false or misleading statement  
20 to state or represent that a cooperative corporation or  
21 interindemnity arrangement is or constitutes “insurance” or an  
22 “insurance company” or an “insurance policy.”

23 (3) Entering into any agreement to commit, or by any concerted  
24 action committing, any act of boycott, coercion, or intimidation  
25 resulting in or tending to result in an unreasonable restraint of, or  
26 monopoly in, those cooperative corporations or interindemnity  
27 arrangements.

28 (4) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or  
29 making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to  
30 any person, or placing before the public, or causing directly or  
31 indirectly, to be made, published, disseminated, circulated, or  
32 delivered to any person, or placed before the public any false  
33 statement of financial condition of a cooperative corporation or  
34 interindemnity arrangement with intent to deceive.

35 (5) Making any false entry in any book, report, or statement of  
36 a cooperative corporation or interindemnity arrangement with  
37 intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed to  
38 examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any public  
39 official to whom a cooperative corporation or interindemnity  
40 arrangement is required by law to report, or who has authority by

1 law to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or, with  
2 like intent, willfully omitting to make a true entry of any material  
3 fact pertaining to a cooperative corporation or interindemnity  
4 arrangement in any book, report, or statement of a cooperative  
5 corporation or interindemnity arrangement.

6 (6) Making or disseminating, or causing to be made or  
7 disseminated, before the public in this state, in any newspaper or  
8 other publication, or any other advertising device, or by public  
9 outcry or proclamation, or in any other manner or means  
10 whatsoever, whether directly or by implication, any statement that  
11 a cooperative corporation or interindemnity arrangement is a  
12 member of the California Insurance Guarantee Association, or  
13 insured against insolvency as defined in Section 119.5. This  
14 paragraph shall not be interpreted to prohibit any activity of the  
15 California Insurance Guarantee Association or of the commissioner  
16 authorized, directly or by implication, by Article 14.2 (commencing  
17 with Section 1063) of Chapter 1.

18 (7) Knowingly committing or performing with a frequency as  
19 to indicate a general business practice any of the following unfair  
20 claims settlement practices:

21 (A) Misrepresenting to claimants pertinent facts or provisions  
22 relating to any coverage at issue.

23 (B) Failing to acknowledge and act promptly upon  
24 communications with respect to claims arising under those  
25 interindemnity arrangements.

26 (C) Failing to adopt and implement reasonable standards for  
27 the prompt investigation and processing of claims arising under  
28 those interindemnity arrangements.

29 (D) Failing to affirm or deny coverage of claims within a  
30 reasonable time after proof of claim requirements have been  
31 completed and submitted by the participating member.

32 (E) Not attempting in good faith to effectuate prompt, fair, and  
33 equitable settlements of claims in which liability has become  
34 reasonably clear.

35 (F) Compelling participating members to institute litigation to  
36 recover amounts due under an interindemnity arrangement by  
37 offering substantially less than the amounts ultimately recovered  
38 in actions brought by those participating members when those  
39 participating members have made claims under those

1 interindemnity arrangements for amounts reasonably similar to  
2 the amounts ultimately recovered.

3 (G) Attempting to settle a claim by a participating member for  
4 less than the amount to which a reasonable person would have  
5 believed he or she was entitled by reference to written or printed  
6 advertising material accompanying or made part of an application  
7 for membership in an interindemnity arrangement.

8 (H) Attempting to settle claims on the basis of an interindemnity  
9 arrangement that was altered without notice to the participating  
10 member.

11 (I) Failing, after payment of a claim, to inform participating  
12 members, upon request by them, of the coverage under which  
13 payment has been made.

14 (J) Making known to claimants a practice of the cooperative  
15 corporation or interindemnity arrangement of appealing from  
16 arbitration awards in favor of claimants for the purpose of  
17 compelling them to accept settlements or compromises less than  
18 the amount awarded in arbitration.

19 (K) Delaying the investigation or payment of claims by requiring  
20 a claimant, or his or her physician, to submit a preliminary claim  
21 report, and then requiring the subsequent submission of formal  
22 proof of loss forms, both of which submissions contain  
23 substantially the same information.

24 (L) Failing to settle claims promptly, where liability has become  
25 apparent, under one portion of an interindemnity arrangement in  
26 order to influence settlements under other portions of the  
27 interindemnity arrangement.

28 (M) Failing to provide promptly a reasonable explanation of  
29 the basis relied on in the interindemnity arrangement, in relation  
30 to the facts of applicable law, for the denial of a claim or for the  
31 offer of a compromise settlement.

32 (N) Directly advising a claimant not to obtain the services of  
33 an attorney.

34 (O) Misleading a claimant as to the applicable statute of  
35 limitations.

36 ~~(g)~~

37 (h) Notwithstanding any contrary provisions of Part 2  
38 (commencing with Section 12200) of Division 3 of Title 1 of the  
39 Corporations Code, it shall not be necessary to hold a meeting of  
40 members of the cooperative corporation for the purpose of electing

1 directors if the bylaws provide the election may be held by  
2 first-class mail balloting. First-class mail balloting may also be  
3 used in conjunction with a meeting at which directors are to be  
4 elected and all mail ballots shall count toward establishing a  
5 quorum for the meeting for the limited purpose of the issues set  
6 forth in the mail ballot. Directors shall be elected as follows:

7 (1) The candidates receiving the highest number of votes, up to  
8 the number of directors to be elected, by a specified date at least  
9 45 days but not later than 60 days after the ballots are first mailed,  
10 postage prepaid, to the members (or the date of a meeting of  
11 members held in conjunction therewith) shall be elected.

12 (2) In the event that no candidate receives a majority of the  
13 votes cast for a vacant office, a runoff election shall be held  
14 between the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes  
15 cast. The runoff election shall be held at least 45 days but not more  
16 than 60 days after the ballots for the election are mailed, postage  
17 prepaid. In the event that there is more than one office for which  
18 no candidate receives a majority of the votes cast, the candidates  
19 for the runoff shall be twice the number of vacant offices, and shall  
20 be those persons who received the highest number of votes therefor.

21 Those first-class mail ballots shall be kept on file for a period  
22 of three months after all vacant board positions have been filled,  
23 and shall be subject to inspection at any reasonable time by any  
24 members of the cooperative corporation.

25 ~~(h)~~

26 (i) No officer, director, trustee, or member of the interindemnity  
27 arrangement or the cooperative corporation, or any entity in which  
28 that person has a material financial interest, shall enter into or  
29 renew any transaction or contract with the trust unless the material  
30 facts as to the transaction or contract and as to the interest of the  
31 person are fully disclosed to the participating members, and the  
32 transaction or contract is approved by an affirmative vote of at  
33 least 75 percent of the membership present at a meeting, in person  
34 or by proxy. If any transaction or contract is to be submitted to  
35 members at a properly called meeting, the membership shall be  
36 notified of the meeting and of the transaction or contract by  
37 first-class mail, postage prepaid, at least 45 days prior to the  
38 meeting.

39 ~~(i)~~

1 (j) Services provided to the trust pursuant to a delegated  
 2 contractual arrangement shall be embodied in a written contract.  
 3 Each written contract shall provide for reasonable consideration  
 4 to the parties. In addition, each written contract shall be disclosed  
 5 annually to participating members in a disclosure report containing  
 6 the information described in subparagraph (H) of paragraph (3) of  
 7 subdivision (c). The disclosure report shall be sent to participating  
 8 members by first-class mail, postage prepaid, and shall be mailed  
 9 separately from any statements, records, or other documents. The  
 10 disclosure requirements of this subdivision shall apply to all  
 11 existing and future written contracts.

12 (j)  
 13 (k) Upon request of the Commissioner of Business Oversight,  
 14 an interindemnity arrangement shall immediately forward to the  
 15 commissioner a current list of participating members, including  
 16 the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of those members.

17 (k)  
 18 (l) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, whenever the  
 19 membership of a cooperative organization, organized pursuant to  
 20 Part 2 (commencing with Section 12200) of Division 3 of Title 1  
 21 of the Corporations Code and consisting solely of physicians and  
 22 surgeons licensed in this state amounts to 2,000 or more members  
 23 and the trust fund is at least forty million dollars (\$40,000,000),  
 24 which is available to the public for malpractice claims or other  
 25 claims authorized by this section, the cooperative is authorized to  
 26 admit members without a contribution to that trust fund if  
 27 assessments are charged to each of those members within the first  
 28 50 months in an amount equal to the amount of the contribution  
 29 to the reserve fund that would otherwise be required.

30 ~~SEC. 71.~~  
 31 SEC. 67. Section 12693.35 of the Insurance Code is amended  
 32 to read:

33 12693.35. Participating health, dental, and vision plans shall  
 34 have, but need not be limited to, all of the following operating  
 35 characteristics satisfactory to the board in consultation with the  
 36 plan's licensing or regulatory oversight agency:

37 (a) Strong financial condition, including the ability to assume  
 38 the risk of providing and paying for covered services. A  
 39 participating plan may utilize reinsurance, provider risk sharing,  
 40 and other appropriate mechanisms to share a portion of the risk.

1 (b) Adequate administrative management.

2 (c) A satisfactory grievance procedure.

3 (d) Participating plans that contract with or employ health care  
4 providers shall have mechanisms to accomplish all of the following,  
5 in a manner satisfactory to the board:

6 (1) Review the quality of care covered.

7 (2) Review the appropriateness of care covered.

8 (3) Provide accessible health care services.

9 (e) (1) Before the effective date of the contract, the participating  
10 health plan shall have devised a system for identifying in a simple  
11 and clear fashion both in its own records and in the medical records  
12 of subscribers the fact that the services provided are provided under  
13 the program.

14 (2) Throughout the duration of the contract, the plan shall use  
15 the system described in paragraph (1).

16 (f) Plans licensed by the Department of Business Oversight shall  
17 be deemed to meet the requirements of subdivisions (a) to (d),  
18 inclusive, of this section.

19 ~~SEC. 72.~~

20 *SEC. 68.* Section 14053 of the Insurance Code is amended to  
21 read:

22 14053. In lieu of the surety bond required by this article there  
23 may be deposited with the State of California the sum of two  
24 thousand dollars (\$2,000) in cash, or evidence of deposit of the  
25 sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in banks authorized to do  
26 business in this state and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance  
27 Corporation, or investment certificates or share accounts in the  
28 amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) issued by a savings  
29 association doing business in this state and insured by the Federal  
30 Deposit Insurance Corporation, or evidence of a certificate of funds  
31 or share account of the sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) in a  
32 credit union, as defined in Section 14000 of the Financial Code,  
33 whose share deposits are guaranteed by the National Credit Union  
34 Administration or guaranteed by any other agency approved by  
35 the Department of Business Oversight.

36 ~~SEC. 73.~~

37 *SEC. 69.* Section 15036 of the Insurance Code is amended to  
38 read:

39 15036. In lieu of the surety bond required by this chapter there  
40 may be deposited with the State of California the sum of twenty

1 thousand dollars (\$20,000) in cash, or evidence of deposit of the  
2 sum of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) in banks authorized to  
3 do business in this state and insured by the Federal Deposit  
4 Insurance Corporation, or investment certificates or share accounts  
5 in the amount of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) issued by a  
6 savings association doing business in this state and insured by the  
7 Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or evidence of a certificate  
8 of funds or share account of the sum of twenty thousand dollars  
9 (\$20,000) in a credit union as defined in Section 14000 of the  
10 Financial Code whose share deposits are guaranteed by the  
11 National Credit Union Administration or guaranteed by any other  
12 agency approved by the Department of Business Oversight.

13 ~~SEC. 74.~~

14 *SEC. 70.* Section 4600.5 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

15 4600.5. (a) Any health care service plan licensed pursuant to  
16 the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act, a disability insurer  
17 licensed by the Department of Insurance, or any entity, including,  
18 but not limited to, workers' compensation insurers and third-party  
19 administrators authorized by the administrative director under  
20 subdivision (e), may make written application to the administrative  
21 director to become certified as a health care organization to provide  
22 health care to injured employees for injuries and diseases  
23 compensable under this article.

24 (b) Each application for certification shall be accompanied by  
25 a reasonable fee prescribed by the administrative director, sufficient  
26 to cover the actual cost of processing the application. A certificate  
27 is valid for the period that the director may prescribe unless sooner  
28 revoked or suspended.

29 (c) If the health care organization is a health care service plan  
30 licensed pursuant to the Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan  
31 Act, and has provided the Managed Care Unit of the Division of  
32 Workers' Compensation with the necessary documentation to  
33 comply with this subdivision, that organization shall be deemed  
34 to be a health care organization able to provide health care pursuant  
35 to Section 4600.3, without further application duplicating the  
36 documentation already filed with the Department of Managed  
37 Health Care. These plans shall be required to remain in good  
38 standing with the Department of Managed Health Care, and shall  
39 meet the following additional requirements:

1 (1) Proposes to provide all medical and health care services that  
2 may be required by this article.

3 (2) Provides a program involving cooperative efforts by the  
4 employees, the employer, and the health plan to promote workplace  
5 health and safety, consultative and other services, and early return  
6 to work for injured employees.

7 (3) Proposes a timely and accurate method to meet the  
8 requirements set forth by the administrative director for all carriers  
9 of workers' compensation coverage to report necessary information  
10 regarding medical and health care service cost and utilization, rates  
11 of return to work, average time in medical treatment, and other  
12 measures as determined by the administrative director to enable  
13 the director to determine the effectiveness of the plan.

14 (4) Agrees to provide the administrative director with  
15 information, reports, and records prepared and submitted to the  
16 Department of Managed Health Care in compliance with the  
17 Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act, relating to financial  
18 solvency, provider accessibility, peer review, utilization review,  
19 and quality assurance, upon request, if the administrative director  
20 determines the information is necessary to verify that the plan is  
21 providing medical treatment to injured employees in compliance  
22 with the requirements of this code.

23 Disclosure of peer review proceedings and records to the  
24 administrative director shall not alter the status of the proceedings  
25 or records as privileged and confidential communications pursuant  
26 to Sections 1370 and 1370.1 of the Health and Safety Code.

27 (5) Demonstrates the capability to provide occupational  
28 medicine and related disciplines.

29 (6) Complies with any other requirement the administrative  
30 director determines is necessary to provide medical services to  
31 injured employees consistent with the intent of this article,  
32 including, but not limited to, a written patient grievance policy.

33 (d) If the health care organization is a disability insurer licensed  
34 by the Department of Insurance, and is in compliance with  
35 subdivision (d) of Sections 10133 and 10133.5 of the Insurance  
36 Code, the administrative director shall certify the organization to  
37 provide health care pursuant to Section 4600.3 if the director finds  
38 that the plan is in good standing with the Department of Insurance  
39 and meets the following additional requirements:

1 (1) Proposes to provide all medical and health care services that  
2 may be required by this article.

3 (2) Provides a program involving cooperative efforts by the  
4 employees, the employer, and the health plan to promote workplace  
5 health and safety, consultative and other services, and early return  
6 to work for injured employees.

7 (3) Proposes a timely and accurate method to meet the  
8 requirements set forth by the administrative director for all carriers  
9 of workers' compensation coverage to report necessary information  
10 regarding medical and health care service cost and utilization, rates  
11 of return to work, average time in medical treatment, and other  
12 measures as determined by the administrative director to enable  
13 the director to determine the effectiveness of the plan.

14 (4) Agrees to provide the administrative director with  
15 information, reports, and records prepared and submitted to the  
16 Department of Insurance in compliance with the Insurance Code  
17 relating to financial solvency, provider accessibility, peer review,  
18 utilization review, and quality assurance, upon request, if the  
19 administrative director determines the information is necessary to  
20 verify that the plan is providing medical treatment to injured  
21 employees consistent with the intent of this article.

22 Disclosure of peer review proceedings and records to the  
23 administrative director shall not alter the status of the proceedings  
24 or records as privileged and confidential communications pursuant  
25 to subdivision (d) of Section 10133 of the Insurance Code.

26 (5) Demonstrates the capability to provide occupational  
27 medicine and related disciplines.

28 (6) Complies with any other requirement the administrative  
29 director determines is necessary to provide medical services to  
30 injured employees consistent with the intent of this article,  
31 including, but not limited to, a written patient grievance policy.

32 (e) If the health care organization is a workers' compensation  
33 insurer, third-party administrator, or any other entity that the  
34 administrative director determines meets the requirements of  
35 Section 4600.6, the administrative director shall certify the  
36 organization to provide health care pursuant to Section 4600.3 if  
37 the director finds that it meets the following additional  
38 requirements:

39 (1) Proposes to provide all medical and health care services that  
40 may be required by this article.

1 (2) Provides a program involving cooperative efforts by the  
2 employees, the employer, and the health plan to promote workplace  
3 health and safety, consultative and other services, and early return  
4 to work for injured employees.

5 (3) Proposes a timely and accurate method to meet the  
6 requirements set forth by the administrative director for all carriers  
7 of workers' compensation coverage to report necessary information  
8 regarding medical and health care service cost and utilization, rates  
9 of return to work, average time in medical treatment, and other  
10 measures as determined by the administrative director to enable  
11 the director to determine the effectiveness of the plan.

12 (4) Agrees to provide the administrative director with  
13 information, reports, and records relating to provider accessibility,  
14 peer review, utilization review, quality assurance, advertising,  
15 disclosure, medical and financial audits, and grievance systems,  
16 upon request, if the administrative director determines the  
17 information is necessary to verify that the plan is providing medical  
18 treatment to injured employees consistent with the intent of this  
19 article.

20 Disclosure of peer review proceedings and records to the  
21 administrative director shall not alter the status of the proceedings  
22 or records as privileged and confidential communications pursuant  
23 to subdivision (d) of Section 10133 of the Insurance Code.

24 (5) Demonstrates the capability to provide occupational  
25 medicine and related disciplines.

26 (6) Complies with any other requirement the administrative  
27 director determines is necessary to provide medical services to  
28 injured employees consistent with the intent of this article,  
29 including, but not limited to, a written patient grievance policy.

30 (7) Complies with the following requirements:

31 (A) An organization certified by the administrative director  
32 under this subdivision may not provide or undertake to arrange  
33 for the provision of health care to employees, or to pay for or to  
34 reimburse any part of the cost of that health care in return for a  
35 prepaid or periodic charge paid by or on behalf of those employees.

36 (B) Every organization certified under this subdivision shall  
37 operate on a fee-for-service basis. As used in this section, fee for  
38 service refers to the situation where the amount of reimbursement  
39 paid by the employer to the organization or providers of health

1 care is determined by the amount and type of health care rendered  
2 by the organization or provider of health care.

3 (C) An organization certified under this subdivision is prohibited  
4 from assuming risk.

5 (f) (1) A workers' compensation health care provider  
6 organization authorized by the Department of Business Oversight  
7 on December 31, 1997, shall be eligible for certification as a health  
8 care organization under subdivision (e).

9 (2) An entity that had, on December 31, 1997, submitted an  
10 application with the Commissioner of Business Oversight under  
11 Part 3.2 (commencing with Section 5150) shall be considered an  
12 applicant for certification under subdivision (e) and shall be entitled  
13 to priority in consideration of its application. The Commissioner  
14 of Business Oversight shall provide complete files for all pending  
15 applications to the administrative director on or before January  
16 31, 1998.

17 (g) The provisions of this section shall not affect the  
18 confidentiality or admission in evidence of a claimant's medical  
19 treatment records.

20 (h) Charges for services arranged for or provided by health care  
21 service plans certified by this section and that are paid on a  
22 per-enrollee-periodic-charge basis shall not be subject to the  
23 schedules adopted by the administrative director pursuant to  
24 Section 5307.1.

25 (i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to expand or  
26 constrict any requirements imposed by law on a health care service  
27 plan or insurer when operating as other than a health care  
28 organization pursuant to this section.

29 (j) In consultation with interested parties, including the  
30 Department of Business Oversight and the Department of  
31 Insurance, the administrative director shall adopt rules necessary  
32 to carry out this section.

33 (k) The administrative director shall refuse to certify or may  
34 revoke or suspend the certification of any health care organization  
35 under this section if the director finds that:

36 (1) The plan for providing medical treatment fails to meet the  
37 requirements of this section.

38 (2) A health care service plan licensed by the Department of  
39 Managed Health Care, a workers' compensation health care  
40 provider organization authorized by the Department of Business

1 Oversight, or a carrier licensed by the Department of Insurance is  
2 not in good standing with its licensing agency.

3 (3) Services under the plan are not being provided in accordance  
4 with the terms of a certified plan.

5 (d) (1) When an injured employee requests chiropractic  
6 treatment for work-related injuries, the health care organization  
7 shall provide the injured worker with access to the services of a  
8 chiropractor pursuant to guidelines for chiropractic care established  
9 by paragraph (2). Within five working days of the employee's  
10 request to see a chiropractor, the health care organization and any  
11 person or entity who directs the kind or manner of health care  
12 services for the plan shall refer an injured employee to an affiliated  
13 chiropractor for work-related injuries that are within the guidelines  
14 for chiropractic care established by paragraph (2). Chiropractic  
15 care rendered in accordance with guidelines for chiropractic care  
16 established pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be provided by duly  
17 licensed chiropractors affiliated with the plan.

18 (2) The health care organization shall establish guidelines for  
19 chiropractic care in consultation with affiliated chiropractors who  
20 are participants in the health care organization's utilization review  
21 process for chiropractic care, which may include qualified medical  
22 evaluators knowledgeable in the treatment of chiropractic  
23 conditions. The guidelines for chiropractic care shall, at a  
24 minimum, explicitly require the referral of any injured employee  
25 who so requests to an affiliated chiropractor for the evaluation or  
26 treatment, or both, of neuromusculoskeletal conditions.

27 (3) Whenever a dispute concerning the appropriateness or  
28 necessity of chiropractic care for work-related injuries arises, the  
29 dispute shall be resolved by the health care organization's  
30 utilization review process for chiropractic care in accordance with  
31 the health care organization's guidelines for chiropractic care  
32 established by paragraph (2).

33 Chiropractic utilization review for work-related injuries shall be  
34 conducted in accordance with the health care organization's  
35 approved quality assurance standards and utilization review process  
36 for chiropractic care. Chiropractors affiliated with the plan shall  
37 have access to the health care organization's provider appeals  
38 process and, in the case of chiropractic care for work-related  
39 injuries, the review shall include review by a chiropractor affiliated

1 with the health care organization, as determined by the health care  
2 organization.

3 (4) The health care organization shall inform employees of the  
4 procedures for processing and resolving grievances, including  
5 those related to chiropractic care, including the location and  
6 telephone number where grievances may be submitted.

7 (5) All guidelines for chiropractic care and utilization review  
8 shall be consistent with the standards of this code that require care  
9 to cure or relieve the effects of the industrial injury.

10 (m) Individually identifiable medical information on patients  
11 submitted to the division shall not be subject to the California  
12 Public Records Act (Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 6250)  
13 of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code).

14 (n) (1) When an injured employee requests acupuncture  
15 treatment for work-related injuries, the health care organization  
16 shall provide the injured worker with access to the services of an  
17 acupuncturist pursuant to guidelines for acupuncture care  
18 established by paragraph (2). Within five working days of the  
19 employee's request to see an acupuncturist, the health care  
20 organization and any person or entity who directs the kind or  
21 manner of health care services for the plan shall refer an injured  
22 employee to an affiliated acupuncturist for work-related injuries  
23 that are within the guidelines for acupuncture care established by  
24 paragraph (2). Acupuncture care rendered in accordance with  
25 guidelines for acupuncture care established pursuant to paragraph  
26 (2) shall be provided by duly licensed acupuncturists affiliated  
27 with the plan.

28 (2) The health care organization shall establish guidelines for  
29 acupuncture care in consultation with affiliated acupuncturists who  
30 are participants in the health care organization's utilization review  
31 process for acupuncture care, which may include qualified medical  
32 evaluators. The guidelines for acupuncture care shall, at a  
33 minimum, explicitly require the referral of any injured employee  
34 who so requests to an affiliated acupuncturist for the evaluation  
35 or treatment, or both, of neuromusculoskeletal conditions.

36 (3) Whenever a dispute concerning the appropriateness or  
37 necessity of acupuncture care for work-related injuries arises, the  
38 dispute shall be resolved by the health care organization's  
39 utilization review process for acupuncture care in accordance with

1 the health care organization's guidelines for acupuncture care  
2 established by paragraph (2).

3 Acupuncture utilization review for work-related injuries shall  
4 be conducted in accordance with the health care organization's  
5 approved quality assurance standards and utilization review process  
6 for acupuncture care. Acupuncturists affiliated with the plan shall  
7 have access to the health care organization's provider appeals  
8 process and, in the case of acupuncture care for work-related  
9 injuries, the review shall include review by an acupuncturist  
10 affiliated with the health care organization, as determined by the  
11 health care organization.

12 (4) The health care organization shall inform employees of the  
13 procedures for processing and resolving grievances, including  
14 those related to acupuncture care, including the location and  
15 telephone number where grievances may be submitted.

16 (5) All guidelines for acupuncture care and utilization review  
17 shall be consistent with the standards of this code that require care  
18 to cure or relieve the effects of the industrial injury.

19 ~~SEC. 75.~~

20 *SEC. 71.* Section 11604.5 of the Probate Code is amended to  
21 read:

22 11604.5. (a) This section applies when distribution from a  
23 decedent's estate is made to a transferee for value who acquires  
24 any interest of a beneficiary in exchange for cash or other  
25 consideration.

26 (b) For purposes of this section, a transferee for value is a person  
27 who satisfies both of the following criteria:

28 (1) He or she purchases the interest from a beneficiary for  
29 consideration pursuant to a written agreement.

30 (2) He or she, directly or indirectly, regularly engages in the  
31 purchase of beneficial interests in estates for consideration.

32 (c) This section does not apply to any of the following:

33 (1) A transferee who is a beneficiary of the estate or a person  
34 who has a claim to distribution from the estate under another  
35 instrument or by intestate succession.

36 (2) A transferee who is either the registered domestic partner  
37 of the beneficiary, or is related by blood, marriage, or adoption to  
38 the beneficiary or the decedent.

39 (3) A transaction made in conformity with the California Finance  
40 Lenders Law (Division 9 (commencing with Section 22000) of

1 the Financial Code) and subject to regulation by the Department  
2 of Business Oversight.

3 (4) A transferee who is engaged in the business of locating  
4 missing or unknown heirs and who acquires an interest from a  
5 beneficiary solely in exchange for providing information or services  
6 associated with locating the heir or beneficiary.

7 (d) A written agreement is effective only if all of the following  
8 conditions are met:

9 (1) The executed written agreement is filed with the court not  
10 later than 30 days following the date of its execution or, if  
11 administration of the decedent's estate has not commenced, then  
12 within 30 days of issuance of the letters of administration or letters  
13 testamentary, but in no event later than 15 days prior to the hearing  
14 on the petition for final distribution. Prior to filing or serving that  
15 written agreement, the transferee for value shall redact any  
16 personally identifying information about the beneficiary, other  
17 than the name and address of the beneficiary, and any financial  
18 information provided by the beneficiary to the transferee for value  
19 on the application for cash or other consideration, from the  
20 agreement.

21 (2) If the negotiation or discussion between the beneficiary and  
22 the transferee for value leading to the execution of the written  
23 agreement by the beneficiary was conducted in a language other  
24 than English, the beneficiary shall receive the written agreement  
25 in English, together with a copy of the agreement translated into  
26 the language in which it was negotiated or discussed. The written  
27 agreement and the translated copy, if any, shall be provided to the  
28 beneficiary.

29 (3) The documents signed by, or provided to, the beneficiary  
30 are printed in at least 10-point type.

31 (4) The transferee for value executes a declaration or affidavit  
32 attesting that the requirements of this section have been satisfied,  
33 and the declaration or affidavit is filed with the court within 30  
34 days of execution of the written agreement or, if administration of  
35 the decedent's estate has not commenced, then within 30 days of  
36 issuance of the letters of administration or letters testamentary,  
37 but in no event later than 15 days prior to the hearing on the petition  
38 for final distribution.

39 (5) Notice of the assignment is served on the personal  
40 representative or the attorney of record for the personal

1 representative within 30 days of execution of the written agreement  
2 or, if general or special letters of administration or letters  
3 testamentary have not been issued, then within 30 days of issuance  
4 of the letters of administration or letters testamentary, but in no  
5 event later than 15 days prior to the hearing on the petition for  
6 final distribution.

7 (e) The written agreement shall include the following terms, in  
8 addition to any other terms:

9 (1) The amount of consideration paid to the beneficiary.

10 (2) A description of the transferred interest.

11 (3) If the written agreement so provides, the amount by which  
12 the transferee for value would have its distribution reduced if the  
13 beneficial interest assigned is distributed prior to a specified date.

14 (4) A statement of the total of all costs or fees charged to the  
15 beneficiary resulting from the transfer for value, including, but not  
16 limited to, transaction or processing fees, credit report costs, title  
17 search costs, due diligence fees, filing fees, bank or electronic  
18 transfer costs, or any other fees or costs. If all the costs and fees  
19 are paid by the transferee for value and are included in the amount  
20 of the transferred interest, then the statement of costs need not  
21 itemize any costs or fees. This subdivision shall not apply to costs,  
22 fees, or damages arising out of a material breach of the agreement  
23 or fraud by or on the part of the beneficiary.

24 (f) A written agreement shall not contain any of the following  
25 provisions and, if any such provision is included, that provision  
26 shall be null and void:

27 (1) A provision holding harmless the transferee for value, other  
28 than for liability arising out of fraud by the beneficiary.

29 (2) A provision granting to the transferee for value agency  
30 powers to represent the beneficiary's interest in the decedent's  
31 estate beyond the interest transferred.

32 (3) A provision requiring payment by the beneficiary to the  
33 transferee for value for services not related to the written agreement  
34 or services other than the transfer of interest under the written  
35 agreement.

36 (4) A provision permitting the transferee for value to have  
37 recourse against the beneficiary if the distribution from the estate  
38 in satisfaction of the beneficial interest is less than the beneficial  
39 interest assigned to the transferee for value, other than recourse

1 for any expense or damage arising out of the material breach of  
 2 the agreement or fraud by the beneficiary.

3 (g) The court on its own motion, or on the motion of the personal  
 4 representative or other interested person, may inquire into the  
 5 circumstances surrounding the execution of, and the consideration  
 6 for, the written agreement to determine that the requirements of  
 7 this section have been satisfied.

8 (h) The court may refuse to order distribution under the written  
 9 agreement, or may order distribution on any terms that the court  
 10 considers equitable, if the court finds that the transferee for value  
 11 did not substantially comply with the requirements of this section,  
 12 or if the court finds that any of the following conditions existed at  
 13 the time of transfer:

14 (1) The fees, charges, or consideration paid or agreed to be paid  
 15 by the beneficiary were grossly unreasonable.

16 (2) The transfer of the beneficial interest was obtained by duress,  
 17 fraud, or undue influence.

18 (i) In addition to any remedy specified in this section, for any  
 19 willful violation of the requirements of this section found to be  
 20 committed in bad faith, the court may require the transferee for  
 21 value to pay to the beneficiary up to twice the value paid for the  
 22 assignment.

23 (j) Notice of the hearing on any motion brought under this  
 24 section shall be served on the beneficiary and on the transferee for  
 25 value at least 15 days before the hearing in the manner provided  
 26 in Section 415.10 or 415.30 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

27 (k) If the decedent's estate is not subject to a pending court  
 28 proceeding under the Probate Code in California, but is the subject  
 29 of a probate proceeding in another state, the transferee for value  
 30 shall not be required to submit to the court a copy of the written  
 31 agreement as required under paragraph (1) of subdivision (d). If  
 32 the written agreement is entered into in California or if the  
 33 beneficiary is domiciled in California, that written agreement shall  
 34 otherwise conform to the provisions of subdivisions (d), (e), and  
 35 (f) in order to be effective.

36 ~~SEC. 76.~~

37 *SEC. 72.* Section 408 of the Revenue and Taxation Code is  
 38 amended to read:

39 408. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subdivisions (b), (c),  
 40 (d), (e), and (g), any information and records in the assessor's

1 office that are not required by law to be kept or prepared by the  
2 assessor, disabled veterans' exemption claims, and homeowners'  
3 exemption claims, are not public documents and shall not be open  
4 to public inspection. Property receiving the homeowners'  
5 exemption shall be clearly identified on the assessment roll. The  
6 assessor shall maintain records which shall be open to public  
7 inspection to identify those claimants who have been granted the  
8 homeowners' exemption.

9 (b) The assessor may provide any appraisal data in his or her  
10 possession to the assessor of any county.

11 The assessor shall disclose information, furnish abstracts, or  
12 permit access to all records in his or her office to law enforcement  
13 agencies, the county grand jury, the board of supervisors or their  
14 duly authorized agents, employees, or representatives when  
15 conducting an investigation of the assessor's office pursuant to  
16 Section 25303 of the Government Code, the county recorder when  
17 conducting an investigation to determine whether a documentary  
18 transfer tax is imposed, the Controller, employees of the Controller  
19 for property tax postponement purposes, probate referees,  
20 employees of the Franchise Tax Board for tax administration  
21 purposes only, staff appraisers of the Department of Financial  
22 Institutions, the Department of Transportation, the Department of  
23 General Services, the State Board of Equalization, the State Lands  
24 Commission, the State Department of Social Services, the  
25 Department of Child Support Services, the Department of Water  
26 Resources, and other duly authorized legislative or administrative  
27 bodies of the state pursuant to their authorization to examine the  
28 records. Whenever the assessor discloses information, furnishes  
29 abstracts, or permits access to records in his or her office to staff  
30 appraisers of the Department of Business Oversight, the  
31 Department of Transportation, the Department of General Services,  
32 the State Lands Commission, or the Department of Water  
33 Resources pursuant to this section, the department shall reimburse  
34 the assessor for any costs incurred as a result thereof.

35 (c) Upon the request of the tax collector, the assessor shall  
36 disclose and provide to the tax collector information used in the  
37 preparation of that portion of the unsecured roll for which the taxes  
38 thereon are delinquent. The tax collector shall certify to the assessor  
39 that he or she needs the information requested for the enforcement  
40 of the tax lien in collecting those delinquent taxes. Information

1 requested by the tax collector may include social security numbers,  
2 and the assessor shall recover from the tax collector his or her  
3 actual and reasonable costs for providing the information. The tax  
4 collector shall add the costs described in the preceding sentence  
5 to the assessee's delinquent tax lien and collect those costs subject  
6 to subdivision (e) of Section 2922.

7 (d) The assessor shall, upon the request of an assessee or his or  
8 her designated representative, permit the assessee or representative  
9 to inspect or copy any market data in the assessor's possession.  
10 For purposes of this subdivision, "market data" means any  
11 information in the assessor's possession, whether or not required  
12 to be prepared or kept by him or her, relating to the sale of any  
13 property comparable to the property of the assessee, if the assessor  
14 bases his or her assessment of the assessee's property, in whole  
15 or in part, on that comparable sale or sales. The assessor shall  
16 provide the names of the seller and buyer of each property on  
17 which the comparison is based, the location of that property, the  
18 date of the sale, and the consideration paid for the property, whether  
19 paid in money or otherwise. However, for purposes of providing  
20 market data, the assessor may not display any document relating  
21 to the business affairs or property of another.

22 (e) (1) With respect to information, documents, and records,  
23 other than market data as defined in subdivision (d), the assessor  
24 shall, upon request of an assessee of property, or his or her  
25 designated representative, permit the assessee or representative to  
26 inspect or copy all information, documents, and records, including  
27 auditors' narrations and workpapers, whether or not required to  
28 be kept or prepared by the assessor, relating to the appraisal and  
29 the assessment of the assessee's property, and any penalties and  
30 interest thereon.

31 (2) After enrolling an assessment, the assessor shall respond to  
32 a written request for information supporting the assessment,  
33 including, but not limited to, any appraisal and other data requested  
34 by the assessee.

35 (3) Except as provided in Section 408.1, an assessee, or his or  
36 her designated representative, may not be permitted to inspect or  
37 copy information and records that also relate to the property or  
38 business affairs of another, unless that disclosure is ordered by a  
39 competent court in a proceeding initiated by a taxpayer seeking to  
40 challenge the legality of the assessment of his or her property.

1 (f) (1) Permission for the inspection or copying requested  
2 pursuant to subdivision (d) or (e) shall be granted as soon as  
3 reasonably possible to the assessee or his or her designated  
4 representative.

5 (2) If the assessee, or his or her designated representative,  
6 requests the assessor to make copies of any of the requested  
7 records, the assessee shall reimburse the assessor for the reasonable  
8 costs incurred in reproducing and providing the copies.

9 (3) If the assessor fails to permit the inspection or copying of  
10 materials or information as requested pursuant to subdivision (d)  
11 or (e) and the assessor introduces any requested materials or  
12 information at any assessment appeals board hearing, the assessee  
13 or his or her representative may request and shall be granted a  
14 continuance for a reasonable period of time. The continuance shall  
15 extend the two-year period specified in subdivision (c) of Section  
16 1604 for a period of time equal to the period of continuance.

17 (g) Upon the written request of the tax collector, the assessor  
18 shall provide to the tax collector information for the preparation  
19 and enforcement of Part 6 (commencing with Section 3351). The  
20 tax collector shall certify to the assessor that he or she needs the  
21 contact information to assist with the preparation and enforcement  
22 of Part 6 (commencing with Section 3351). The assessor shall  
23 provide the information, which may not include social security  
24 numbers. Any information provided to the tax collector pursuant  
25 to this subdivision shall not become a public record and shall not  
26 be open to public inspection. The tax collector shall reimburse the  
27 assessor for the actual and reasonable costs incurred by the assessor  
28 for providing the information to administer this subdivision. The  
29 tax collector shall add the costs described in the preceding sentence  
30 to the assessee's delinquent taxes and include the costs incurred  
31 subject to Sections 4112 and 4672.2. The tax collector or his or  
32 her designated employee shall, under penalty of perjury, certify  
33 to the assessor that he or she needs the information to assist with  
34 the preparation and enforcement of Part 6 (commencing with  
35 Section 3351), and that the information provided pursuant to this  
36 subdivision that is not public record and that is not open to public  
37 inspection shall not become public record and shall not be open  
38 to public inspection.

1 ~~SEC. 77.~~

2 *SEC. 73.* Section 22005.1 of the Welfare and Institutions Code  
3 is amended to read:

4 22005.1. (a) The State Department of Health *Care* Services  
5 shall only certify a long-term care insurance policy that  
6 substantially meets the requirements of Chapter 2.6 (commencing  
7 with Section 10230) of Part 2 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code,  
8 except the requirements of Sections 10232.1, 10232.2, ~~10232.25,~~  
9 10232.8, 10232.9, and 10232.92 of the Insurance Code, and that  
10 provides all of the items specified in subdivision (b). The State  
11 Department of Health *Care* Services shall only certify a health  
12 care service plan contract that has been approved by the  
13 Department of Business Oversight pursuant to Chapter 2.2  
14 (commencing with Section 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and  
15 Safety Code as providing substantially equivalent coverage to that  
16 required by Chapter 2.6 (commencing with Section 10230) of Part  
17 2 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, and that provides all of the  
18 items specified in subdivision (b). Policies issued by organizations  
19 subject to the Insurance Code and regulated by the Department of  
20 Insurance shall also be approved by the Department of Insurance.

21 (b) Only policies and contracts that provide all of the following  
22 items shall be certified by the department:

23 (1) Individual assessment and case management by a  
24 coordinating entity designated and approved by the department.

25 (2) Levels and durations of benefits that meet minimum  
26 standards set by the State Department of Health Services pursuant  
27 to Section 22009.

28 (3) Protection against loss of benefits due to inflation.

29 (4) A periodic record issued to the insured including an  
30 explanation of insurance payments or benefits paid that count  
31 toward Medi-Cal asset protection under this division.

32 (5) Compliance with any other requirements imposed by  
33 regulations adopted by the State Department of Health Services  
34 or the State Department of Social Services and consistent with the  
35 purposes of this division.

1  
2 **CORRECTIONS:**  
3 **Text—Page 106.**  
4

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

O