

**Introduced by Senator Padilla**

January 28, 2013

---

---

An act to add Section 8587.8 to the Government Code, relating to earthquake safety.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 135, as introduced, Padilla. Earthquake early warning system.

There is in state government, pursuant to the Governor's Reorganization Plan No. 2, operative July 1, 2013, the Office of Emergency Services. Existing law requires the office to develop and distribute an educational pamphlet for use by kindergarten, any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, and community college personnel to identify and mitigate the risks posed by nonstructural earthquake hazards.

This bill would require the office, in collaboration with various entities, including the United States Geological Survey, to develop a comprehensive statewide earthquake early warning system in California.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes.  
State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

- 1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares the following:
- 2 (a) According to the United States Geological Survey, California
- 3 is one of the most seismically active states, second only to Alaska.
- 4 (b) California has experienced dozens of disastrous earthquakes,
- 5 which have caused loss of life, injury, and economic loss. Some
- 6 of the most significant earthquakes in California's history include:

1 (1) The 1906 San Francisco earthquake, which, at a magnitude  
2 of 7.8, resulted in an estimated 3,000 deaths and over \$500 million  
3 in property losses.

4 (2) The 1971 San Fernando earthquake, which, at a magnitude  
5 of 6.7, resulted in at least 65 deaths and caused property damage  
6 of over \$500 million.

7 (3) The 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake, which, at a magnitude  
8 of 6.9, rocked the bay area and caused 63 fatalities and over \$6  
9 billion in property damage.

10 (4) The 1994 Northridge earthquake, which, at a magnitude of  
11 6.7, claimed the lives of 60 people and caused estimated property  
12 damage of between \$13 and \$32 billion.

13 (c) About 90 percent of the world's earthquakes and over 80  
14 percent of the world's largest earthquakes occur along the  
15 Circum-Pacific Belt, also known as the Pacific Ring of Fire. The  
16 Pacific Ring of Fire includes the very active San Andreas Fault  
17 Zone in California.

18 (d) The Uniform California Earthquake Rupture Forecast  
19 (UCERF) released in 2008 predicted a 99.7 percent likelihood of  
20 a magnitude 6.7 or larger earthquake in California in the next 30  
21 years.

22 (e) A 2013 study published by the Caltech and the Japan Agency  
23 for Marine-Earth Science and Technology discovered that a  
24 statewide California earthquake involving both the Los Angeles  
25 and San Francisco metropolitan areas may be possible.

26 (f) Japan, Taiwan, Mexico, Turkey, Romania, Italy, and China  
27 either have or are working on earthquake early warning systems  
28 that are capable of saving lives and helping to mitigate loss.

29 (g) The Office of Emergency Services, Caltech, California  
30 Geological Survey, University of California at Berkeley, United  
31 States Geological Survey, and others have been conducting  
32 earthquake early warning research and development in California.  
33 They operate the California Integrated Seismic Network, which  
34 has a demonstration earthquake early warning capability.

35 (h) By building upon the California Integrated Seismic Network  
36 and processing data from an array of sensors throughout the state,  
37 a fully developed earthquake early warning system would  
38 effectively detect some strength and progression of earthquakes  
39 and alert the public within seconds, sometimes up to 60 seconds,  
40 before potentially damaging ground shaking is felt.

1 (i) An earthquake early warning system should disseminate  
2 earthquake information in support of public safety, emergency  
3 response, and loss mitigation.

4 SEC. 2. Section 8587.8 is added to the Government Code, to  
5 read:

6 8587.8. The Office of Emergency Services, in collaboration  
7 with the California Institute of Technology (Caltech), the California  
8 Geological Survey, the University of California Berkeley, the  
9 United States Geological Survey, and others, shall develop a  
10 comprehensive statewide earthquake early warning system in  
11 California.

O