## No. 2

## **Introduced by Senators Lieu and Yee**

December 3, 2012

An act to amend Sections 84101, 84102, 84103, 84107, 84200, 84200.6, 84202.3, 84215, 84218, 84252, 84305.5, 84310, 84503, 84504, 84506, 84506.5, 84508, 84509, 84510, 85701, 85704, 90002, 90003, and 91013 of, to add Sections 84200.1, 84202.8, 84202.9, and 84503.5 to, to repeal Sections 84200.7, 84200.8, 84202.5, and 84202.7 of, and to repeal and add Section 84200.5 of, the Government Code, and to amend Section 2872 of the Public Utilities Code, relating to the Political Reform Act of 1974.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

- SB 2, as amended, Lieu. Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign disclosures. 1974.
- (1) Existing law, the Political Reform Act of 1974, provides for the comprehensive regulation of campaign financing, including requiring the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures and imposing other reporting and recordkeeping requirements on campaign committees. Existing law makes a knowing or willful violation of the Political Reform Act of 1974 a misdemeanor and subjects offenders to criminal penalties. The act requires elected officers, candidates, committees, and slate mailer organizations to file semiannual reports, preelection statements, and supplemental preelection statements.

This bill would repeal these reporting requirements. This bill would establish quarterly statements, monthly statements, preelection statements, postelection statements, and cumulative statements for filing, as specified.

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This bill would increase the fines for improperly reporting laundered or earmarked contributions to include a fine to be deposited into the Political Disclosure, Accountability, Transparency, and Access Fund, as specified. The bill would also increase the fines and penalties imposed on campaign statements and reports that are filed late.

(2) The act also regulates advertisements, which are defined as any general or public advertisement that is authorized and paid for by a person or committee for the purpose of supporting or opposing a candidate for elective office or a ballot measure or ballot measures. The act places certain disclosure requirements on advertisements for or against any ballot measure, including that the advertisement disclose up to 2 persons who have made cumulative contributions of \$50,000 or more, as prescribed. The act places more specific disclosure requirements on broadcast or mass mailing advertisements that are paid for by independent expenditures that support or oppose a candidate or ballot measure. In addition to other penalties imposed by the act, a fine of up to triple the amount of the cost of an advertisement can be imposed on a person who violates the disclosure requirements for advertisements.

This bill would require that television, video, or audio broadcast advertisements that are authorized by a candidate include a specified disclosure statement made by the candidate.

The bill would increase to 4 the number of major donors of \$50,000 or more who must be disclosed in an advertisement by a committee for or against a ballot measure. The bill would require the name of a committee that supports or opposes a ballot measure to include the names of up to 4 major donors who have made cumulative contributions of \$50,000 or more. The bill would specify the amount of time in which a committee must update advertisement disclosures to reflect a change in the committee name that results from a change in the identity of the major donors who must be disclosed in an advertisement.

The bill would increase the maximum penalty for a violation of these provisions to 6 times the amount of the costs of the advertisement.

(3) The act regulates mass mailings, known as slate mailers, that support or oppose multiple candidates or ballot measures for an election. The act requires that each slate mailer identify the slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures that is sending the slate mailer, and to contain other specified information in specified formatting. The act requires

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that each candidate and each ballot measure that has paid to appear in the slate mailer be designated by an asterisk.

This bill would additionally require that a candidate or ballot measure appearing in the slate mailer as a result of a payment made by a 3rd party be designated by an "@," and would require the notice to voters included on a slate mailer be revised to describe this new requirement. The bill would require that a slate mailer that is produced in a language other than English provide the notice to voters in that same language. The bill would require that a slate mailer provide the notice in both English and another language if a substantial portion of a slate mailer is produced in the other language.

(4) The act requires a ballot measure committee, within 30 days of designating the numerical order of propositions appearing on the ballot, to identify itself as committee for or against that numbered proposition in all required references.

This bill would reduce the amount of time in which a ballot measure committee must reference itself as a committee for or against a numbered proposition to within 10 days of designating the numerical order of propositions.

(5) The act is administered and enforced by the Fair Political Practices Commission. The act authorizes the Commission to perform discretionary investigations and audits with respect to campaign and lobbying reports and statements that are filed with the Secretary of State. The act also authorizes any person residing in the jurisdiction to sue for injunctive relief to prevent violations or compel compliance with the act.

This bill would specify that the Commission may perform audits prior to the date of the election and prior to the date that a statement or report is required to be filed. The bill would authorize a person to challenge an audit by the Commission or any order resulting from an audit by seeking a writ of mandate, which would take priority over all other civil matters. The bill would specify that the Commission is authorized to seek an injunction to prevent a violation of or compel compliance with the act.

(6) Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission is responsible for regulating the use of automatic dialing-announcing devices.

This bill would also authorize the Fair Political Practices Commission to regulate the use of automatic dialing-announcing devices if the device is used to disseminate prerecorded messages that advocate support of, or opposition to, a candidate, a ballot measure, or both.

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(7) The act makes a knowing or willful violation of its provisions a misdemeanor and subjects offenders to criminal penalties.

By expanding the scope of an existing crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

(8) The Political Reform Act of 1974, an initiative measure, provides that the Legislature may amend the act to further the act's purposes upon a  $^{2}$ /<sub>3</sub> vote of each house and compliance with specified procedural requirements.

This bill would declare that it furthers the purposes of the act.

Existing law, the Political Reform Act of 1974, provides for the comprehensive regulation of campaign financing, including requiring the reporting of campaign contributions and expenditures and imposing other reporting and recordkeeping requirements on campaign committees. Existing law makes a knowing or willful violation of the Political Reform Act of 1974 a misdemeanor and subjects offenders to criminal penaltics.

This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would strengthen the Political Reform Act of 1974 and the campaign disclosure requirements within that act to increase penalties for failing to properly disclose campaign contributions, tighten the disclosure requirements on mass mailings, and campaign messages presented through television, and other forms of media, and close the loophole associated with campaign contributions from multipurpose groups and nonprofit organizations.

Vote: majority <sup>2</sup>/<sub>3</sub>. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no-yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 84101 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:
- 3 84101. (a) A committee that is a committee by virtue of
- 4 subdivision (a) of Section 82013 shall file a statement of
- 5 organization. The committee shall file the original of the statement

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of organization with the Secretary of State and shall also file a copy of the statement of organization with the local filing officer, if any, with whom the committee is required to file the originals of its campaign reports pursuant to Section 84215. The original and copy of the statement of organization shall be filed within 10 days after the committee has qualified as a committee. The Secretary of State shall assign a number to each committee that files a statement of organization and shall notify the committee of the number. The Secretary of State shall send a copy of statements filed pursuant to this section to the county elections official of each county that he or she deems appropriate. A county elections official who receives a copy of a statement of organization from the Secretary of State pursuant to this section shall send a copy of the statement to the clerk of each city in the county that he or she deems appropriate. 

(b) In addition to filing the statement of organization as required by subdivision (a), if a committee qualifies as a committee under subdivision (a) of Section 82013 before the date of an election in connection with which the committee is required to file preelection statements, but after the closing date of the last campaign statement required to be filed before the election pursuant to Section 84200.7, 84200.8, Section 84200.5 or 84200.9, the committee shall file, by facsimile transmission, guaranteed overnight delivery, or personal delivery within 24 hours of qualifying as a committee, the information required to be reported in the statement of organization. The information required by this subdivision shall be filed with the filing officer with whom the committee is required to file the originals of its campaign reports pursuant to Section 84215.

(c) If an independent expenditure committee qualifies as a committee pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 82013 during the time period described in Section 82036.5 and makes independent expenditures of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more to support or oppose a candidate or candidates for office, the committee shall file, by facsimile transmission, online transmission, guaranteed overnight delivery, or personal delivery within 24 hours of qualifying as a committee, the information required to be reported in the statement of organization. The information required by this section shall be filed with the filing officer with whom the committee is required to file the original of its campaign reports pursuant to Section 84215, and shall be filed at all locations

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required for the candidate or candidates supported or opposed by the independent expenditures. The filings required by this section are in addition to filings that may be required by Sections 84203.5 and 84204.

- (d) For purposes of this section, in calculating whether one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in contributions has been received, payments for a filing fee or for a statement of qualifications to appear in a sample ballot shall not be included if these payments have been made from the candidate's personal funds.
- SEC. 2. Section 84102 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84102. The statement of organization required by Section 84101 shall include all of the following:
- (a) The name, street address, and telephone number, if any, of the committee. In the case of a sponsored committee, the name of the committee shall include the name of—its each sponsor. Whenever a committee has more than one sponsor, and the sponsors are members of an industry or other identifiable group, a term identifying that industry or group shall also be included in the name of the committee.
- (b) In the case of a sponsored committee, the name, street address, and telephone number of each sponsor.
- (c) The full name, street address, and telephone number, if any, of the treasurer and any other principal officers. A committee with more than one principal officer shall identify its principal officers as follows:
- (1) A committee with three or fewer principal officers shall identify all principal officers.
- (2) A committee with more than three principal officers shall identify no fewer than three principal officers.

If no individual other than the treasurer is a principal officer, the treasurer shall be identified as both the treasurer and the principal officer.

(d) The full name and office sought by any candidate, and the title and ballot number, if any, of any measure, that the committee supports or opposes as its primary activity. A committee that does not support or oppose one or more candidates or ballot measures as its primary activity shall provide a brief description of its political activities, including whether it supports or opposes

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candidates or measures and whether such candidates or measures have common characteristics, such as a political party affiliation.

- (e) A statement whether the committee is independent or controlled and, if it is controlled, the name of each candidate or state measure proponent by which it is controlled, or the name of any controlled committee with which it acts jointly. If a committee is controlled by a candidate for partisan office, the controlled committee shall indicate the political party, if any, with which the candidate is affiliated.
- (f) For a committee that is a committee by virtue of subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 82013, the name and address of the financial institution where the committee has established an account and the account number.
- (g) Such other information as shall be required by the rules or regulations of the Commission consistent with the purposes and provisions of this chapter.
- SEC. 3. Section 84103 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84103. (a) Whenever there is a change in any of the information contained in a statement of organization, an amendment shall be filed within 10 days to reflect the change. The committee shall file the original of the amendment with the Secretary of State and shall also file a copy of the amendment with the local filing officer, if any, with whom the committee is required to file the originals of its campaign reports pursuant to Section 84215.
- (b) In addition to filing an amendment to a statement of organization as required by subdivision (a), a committee as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 82013 shall, by facsimile transmission, online transmission, guaranteed overnight delivery, or personal delivery within 24 hours, notify the filing officer with whom it is required to file the originals of its campaign reports pursuant to Section 84215 when the change requiring the amendment occurs before the date of the election in connection with which the committee is required to file a preelection statement, but after the closing date of the last preelection statement required to be filed for the election pursuant to Section 84200.7 or 84200.8 84200.5, if any of the following information is changed:
  - (1) The name of the committee.
- 40 (2) The name of the treasurer or other principal officers.

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(3) The name of any candidate or committee by which the committee is controlled or with which it acts jointly.

The notification shall include the changed information, the date of the change, the name of the person providing the notification, and the committee's name and identification number.

A committee may file a notification online only if the appropriate filing officer is capable of receiving the notification in that manner.

- SEC. 4. Section 84107 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84107. Within-30 10 days of the designation of the numerical order of propositions appearing on the ballot, any committee which is primarily formed to support or oppose a ballot measure, shall, if supporting the measure, include the statement, "a committee for Proposition \_\_\_\_\_," or, if opposing the measure, include the statement, "a committee against Proposition \_\_\_\_\_," in any reference to the committee required by law.
- 17 SEC. 5. Section 84200 of the Government Code is amended to 18 read:
  - 84200. (a) Except as provided in-paragraphs (1), (2), and (3), elected subdivisions (b), (c), and (d), Members of the Legislature, the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System or Teachers' Retirement Board, and all city and county elected officers, candidates for election to those offices, and committees pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 82013 that are controlled by those officers or candidates shall file semiannual quarterly statements each year no later than July 31 for the period ending June 30, and no later than January 31 for the period ending December 31., as follows:
  - (1) No later than April 15 for the period ending March 31.
    - (2) No later than July 15 for the period ending June 30.
- 31 (3) No later than October 15 for the period ending September 32 30.
- 33 (4) No later than January 15 for the period ending December 34 31.
- 35 <del>(1)</del>
  - (b) A candidate who, during the past-six three months has filed a declaration pursuant to Section 84206 shall not be required to file a semiannual quarterly statement for that six-month three-month period.
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(c) Elected officers whose salaries are less than two hundred dollars (\$200) a month, judges, judicial candidates, and their controlled committees shall not file—semiannual quarterly statements pursuant to this subdivision for any—six-month three-month period in which they have not made or received any contributions or made any expenditures.

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(d) A judge who is not listed on the ballot for reelection to, or recall from, any elective office during a calendar year shall not file-semiannual quarterly statements pursuant to this subdivision for any-six-month three-month period in that year if both of the following apply:

<del>(A)</del>

(1) The judge has not received any contributions.

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(2) The only expenditures made by the judge during the calendar year are contributions from the judge's personal funds to other candidates or committees totaling less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000).

<del>(b)</del>

- (e) All committees pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 82013 controlled by the elected officers or candidates described in subdivision (a) shall file quarterly campaign statements each year no later than July 31 for the period ending June 30, and no later than January 31 for the period ending December 31, statements pursuant to the schedule described in subdivision (a) if they have made contributions or independent expenditures, including payments to a slate mailer organization, during the six-month three-month period before the closing date of the statements.
- 31 SEC. 6. Section 84200.1 is added to the Government Code, to 32 read:
  - 84200.1. (a) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), during each even-numbered year, the following entities shall file a monthly statement no later than the 20th day after the conclusion of each calendar month for the period covering that calendar month:
    - (A) A ballot measure committee.
  - (B) A slate mailer organization.
- *(C)* A committee not controlled by a candidate, if the candidate 40 for whom the committee is primarily formed to support or oppose

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will appear on the ballot for the primary or general election held
in that even-numbered year.

- (D) A political party committee.
- (E) A candidate for statewide elective office and the candidate's controlled committees, if the candidate for statewide elective office will appear on the ballot for the primary or general election held in that even-numbered year.
- (2) An entity identified in paragraph (1) shall not be required to file a monthly statement for the period covering any month that is reported, in its entirety, in a postelection statement required pursuant to Section 84202.8.
- (b) During each odd-numbered year in which an election occurs, the following entities shall file a monthly statement for the period covering each month in which the entity has spent one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more to support or oppose a candidate or ballot measure in that election:
- (1) A ballot measure committee primarily formed to support or oppose a ballot measure appearing on the ballot for the election.
- (2) A slate mailer organization that produces a slate mailer supporting or opposing candidates or ballot measures appearing on the ballot for the election.
- (3) A committee not controlled by a candidate, if the candidate for whom the committee is primarily formed to support or oppose will appear on the ballot for the election.
  - (4) A political party committee.
- (5) A candidate for statewide elective office and the candidate's controlled committees, if the candidate for statewide elective office will appear on the ballot for the election.
- SEC. 7. Section 84200.5 of the Government Code is repealed. 84200.5. In addition to the campaign statements required by Section 84200, elected officers, candidates, and committees shall file preelection statements as follows:
- (a) During an even-numbered year, all candidates for elective state office being voted upon in the statewide direct primary election or the statewide general election, their controlled committees, and committees primarily formed to support or oppose an elected state officer or a state candidate being voted upon shall file the applicable preelection statements specified in Section 84200.7 or 84200.8. All elected state officers who, during the applicable reporting periods covered by Section 84200.7 or

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84200.8, contribute to any committee required to report receipts, 2 expenditures, or contributions pursuant to this title, or make an 3 independent expenditure, shall file the applicable preelection 4 statements specified in Section 84200.7 or 84200.8. However, a 5 candidate for an office that is not being voted upon in the 6 November election, his or her controlled committee, and any committee primarily formed to support or oppose that candidate is not required to file statements in connection with the November election pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 84200.7 unless, 10 during the reporting periods covered by Section 84200.7, the candidate, his or her controlled committee, or any committee primarily formed to support or oppose that candidate contributes to any committee required to report receipts, expenditures, or 14 contributions pursuant to this title or makes independent expenditures. 16

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- (b) During an even-numbered year, all candidates not specified in subdivision (a) who are running for offices being voted upon on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November, their controlled committees, and committees primarily formed to support or oppose those candidates or a measure being voted upon on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November of an even-numbered year shall file the preelection statements specified in subdivision (a) of Section 84200.7 in the case of a June election, or subdivision (b) of Section 84200.7 in the case of a November election.
- (c) All candidates for offices being voted upon on a date other than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November of an even-numbered year, their controlled committees, and committees primarily formed to support or oppose a candidate or a measure being voted upon on a date other than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November of an even-numbered year shall file the preelection statements specified in Section 84200.8.
- (d) During an election period for the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System or the Teachers' Retirement Board, all candidates for these boards, their controlled committees, and committees primarily formed to support or oppose the candidates shall file the preelection statements specified in Section 84200.9.

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(e) In an even-numbered year in which the statewide direct primary election is held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June, a state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 82013, other than a political party committee as defined in Section 85205, shall file the preelection statements specified in Section 84200.7 if it makes contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more during the period covered by the preelection statement. A state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 82013 is not required to file the statements specified in Section 84200.7.

- (f) During an even-numbered year in which the statewide direct primary election is held on a date other than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June, a state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 82013, other than a political party committee as defined in Section 85205, shall file the preelection statements specified in Section 84200.8 if it makes contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more during the period covered by the preelection statement. A state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 82013 is not required to file the statements specified in Section 84200.8.
- (g) During an election period for the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System or the Teachers' Retirement Board, a state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 82013 shall file the preelection statements specified in Section 84200.9 if it makes contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more during the period covered by the preelection statement to support or oppose a candidate, or a committee primarily formed to support or oppose a candidate, on the ballot for the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System or the Teachers' Retirement Board. A state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 82013 is not required to file the statements specified in Section 84200.9.
- (h) A political party committee as defined in Section 85205 shall file the applicable preelection statements specified in Section 84200.7 or 84200.8 in connection with a state election if the committee receives contributions totaling one thousand dollars

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(\$1,000) or more, or if it makes contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more, during the period covered by the preclection statement.

- (i) City general purpose committees shall file statements as follows:
- (1) City general purpose committees in a city that has an election on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November of an even-numbered year shall file the statements specified in subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 84200.7 for the six-month period in which the city election is held, if they make contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more during the period covered by the preelection statement.
- (2) City general purpose committees in a city that has an election on a date other than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November of an even-numbered year shall file the preelection statements specified in Section 84200.8 if they make contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more during the period covered by the preelection statement.
- SEC. 8. Section 84200.5 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 84200.5. In addition to the campaign statements required by Sections 84200 and 84200.1, elected officers, candidates, and committees shall file preelection statements as follows:
- (a) Each of the following shall file a preelection statement no later than 12 days before an election for the period ending 17 days before the election:
- (1) All candidates for elective office being voted upon at an election, their controlled committees, and committees primarily formed to support or oppose a candidate or a measure being voted upon at the election.
- (2) All elected state officers who, during the period covered by the preelection statement, make a contribution to any committee.
- (3) All candidates for an office that is not being voted upon at the election, their controlled committees, and any committee primarily formed to support or oppose those candidates, if, during the reporting period covered by the preelection statement, the candidate or committee makes an independent expenditure or makes a contribution to a committee.

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(4) A state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 82013, other than a political party committee as defined in Section 85205, if it makes contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more during the period covered by the preelection statement. A state or county general purpose committee formed pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 82013 is not required to file a preelection statement.

- (5) A political party committee as defined in Section 85205, if the committee receives contributions totaling one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or more, or if it makes contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more, during the period covered by the preelection statement.
- (6) A city general purpose committee, if it makes contributions or independent expenditures totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more in connection with a city election during the period covered by the preelection statement.
- (b) During the election period for the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System or the Teachers' Retirement Board, all candidates for election to these boards, their controlled committees, and committees primarily formed to support or oppose the candidates, shall file a preelection statement as specified in Section 84200.9.
- (c) Each preelection statement filed pursuant to subdivision (a) shall be filed by guaranteed overnight delivery service, personal delivery, or online or electronic transmission with each office with which the candidate or committee is required to file its next campaign statement pursuant to Section 84215.
- 29 SEC. 9. Section 84200.6 of the Government Code is amended 30 to read:
  - 84200.6. In addition to the campaign statements required by Sections 84200, 84200.1, and 84200.5, all candidates and committees shall file the following special statements and reports:
- 34 (a) Supplemental preelection statements when required by Section 84202.5.
- 36 <del>(b)</del>
- 37 (a) Late contribution reports when required by Section 84203.
- 38 <del>(c)</del>
- 39 (b) Independent expenditure reports when required by Section 40 84203.5.

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(c) Late independent expenditure reports when required by Section 84204.

SEC. 10. Section 84200.7 of the Government Code is repealed. 84200.7. (a) Preelection statements for the June election period shall be filed as follows:

- (1) For the period ending March 17, a statement to be filed no later than March 22. However, for a special election called after March 17, or for which the period for filing nomination documents, as defined in Section 333 of the Elections Code, ends after March 17, a preelection statement for the period ending 45 days before the election shall be filed no later than 40 days before the election.
- (2) For the period ending 17 days before the election, a statement to be filed no later than 12 days before the election. All candidates being voted upon in the June election, their controlled committees, and committees formed primarily to support or oppose a candidate or measure being voted upon in the June election shall file this statement by guaranteed overnight delivery service or by personal delivery.
- (b) Preelection statements for the November election period shall be filed as follows:
- (1) For the period ending September 30, a statement to be filed no later than October 5.
- (2) For the period ending 17 days before the election, a statement to be filed no later than 12 days before the election. All candidates being voted upon in the November election, their controlled committees, and committees formed primarily to support or oppose a candidate or measure being voted upon in the November election shall file this statement by guaranteed overnight delivery service or by personal delivery.
- SEC. 11. Section 84200.8 of the Government Code is repealed. 84200.8. Preelection statements shall be filed under this section as follows:
- (a) For the period ending 45 days before the election, the statement shall be filed no later than 40 days before the election.
- (b) For the period ending 17 days before the election, the statement shall be filed no later than 12 days before the election. All candidates being voted upon in the election in connection with which the statement is filed, their controlled committees, and committees formed primarily to support or oppose a candidate or

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measure being voted upon in that election shall file this statement by guaranteed overnight delivery service or by personal delivery.

- (c) For runoff elections held within 60 days of the qualifying election, an additional preelection statement for the period ending 17 days before the runoff election shall be filed no later than 12 days before the election. All candidates being voted upon in the election in connection with which the statement is filed, their controlled committees, and committees formed primarily to support or oppose a candidate or measure being voted upon in that election shall file this statement by guaranteed overnight delivery service or personal delivery.
- SEC. 12. Section 84202.3 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84202.3. (a) In addition to the campaign statements required by—Section 84200, Section 84200.1, committees pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 82013 that are primarily formed to support or oppose the qualification, passage, or defeat of a measure and proponents of a state ballot measure who control a committee formed or existing primarily to support the qualification, passage, or defeat of a state ballot measure, shall file campaign statements on the following dates:
- (1) No later than April 30 for the period January 1 through March 31.
- (2) No later than October 31 for the period July 1 through September 30.
- (b) This section shall not apply to a committee during any semiannual period in which the committee is required to file preelection statements pursuant to subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 84200.5.
- (c) This section shall not apply to a committee following the election at which the measure is voted upon unless the committee makes contributions or expenditures to support or oppose the qualification or passage of another ballot measure.
- SEC. 13. Section 84202.5 of the Government Code is repealed. 84202.5. (a) Any candidate or any committee pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 82013 which makes contributions totaling ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more in connection with an election, including a runoff election, shall file a supplemental preelection statement no later than 12 days before the election, for the period ending 17 days before the election. This statement shall

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be filed by guaranteed overnight delivery service or by personal delivery with each office with which the candidate or committee filing the statement is required to file its next campaign statement pursuant to Section 84215.

- (b) This section shall not apply to candidates or committees during any semiannual period in which the candidate or committee is required to file preelection statements pursuant to Section 84200.5.
- (e) If a candidate or committee makes contributions totaling ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more in connection with an election and all of those contributions are reported pursuant to Section 84200 or 84202.7 on or before the closing date specified in subdivision (a), the candidate or committee shall not be required to file additional statements for that period pursuant to this section.
- SEC. 14. Section 84202.7 of the Government Code is repealed. 84202.7. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), during an odd-numbered year, any committee by virtue of Section 82013 that makes contributions totaling ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more to elected state officers, their controlled committees, or committees primarily formed to support or oppose any elected state officer during a period specified below shall file campaign statements on the following dates:
- (1) No later than April 30 for the period of January 1 through March 31.
- (2) No later than October 31 for the period of July 1 through September 30.
- (b) If a committee makes contributions totaling ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more to elected state officers, their controlled committees, or committees primarily formed to support or oppose any elected state officer during a period specified in subdivision (a), and all of those contributions are reported pursuant to Section 84202.5 on or before the time specified in subdivision (a), the committee shall not be required to file additional statements for that period pursuant to this section.
- SEC. 15. Section 84202.8 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 84202.8. In addition to the campaign statements required by Sections 84200, 84200.1, and 84200.5, elected officers, candidates, and committees shall file a postelection campaign statement on the 20th day of the month following the month in which the election

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occurred. The postelection campaign statement shall cover the time period starting the day after the closing date of the last campaign statement required to be filed prior to the election and ending on the final calendar day of the month in which the election occurred.

SEC. 16. Section 84202.9 is added to the Government Code, to read:

84202.9. (a) During an even-numbered year, all candidates for elective office to be voted upon in the statewide primary election or statewide general election, their controlled committees, committees formed primarily to support or oppose an elected state officer or candidate for state elective office being voted upon at the election, all committees formed primarily to support or oppose a ballot measure to be voted upon at the statewide primary election or statewide general election, and slate mailer organizations shall file a cumulative campaign statement. The cumulative statement shall be filed by January 31 of the year following the year of the election shall and shall cover the time period starting January 1 of the odd-numbered year preceding the election and ending December 31 of the year in which the election occurred.

(b) For purposes of special elections and elections in odd-numbered years, all candidates, their controlled committees, and committees primarily formed to support or oppose a candidate or ballot measure shall be required to file cumulative campaign statements on a date and for a time period determined by the Commission by regulation.

SEC. 17. Section 84215 of the Government Code is amended to read:

84215. All candidates and elected officers and their controlled committees, except as provided in subdivisions (d) and (e), shall file one copy of the campaign statements required by Section 84200 or 84200.1 with the elections official of the county in which the candidate or elected official is domiciled, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 349 of the Elections Code. In addition, campaign statements shall be filed at the following places:

(a) Statewide elected officers, including members of the State Board of Equalization; Members of the Legislature; Supreme Court justices, court of appeal justices, and superior court judges; candidates for those offices and their controlled committees; committees formed or existing primarily to support or oppose these -19- SB 2

candidates, elected officers, justices and judges, or statewide measures, or the qualification of state ballot measures; and all state general purpose committees and filers not specified in subdivisions (b) to (e), inclusive, shall file a campaign statement by online or electronic means, as specified in Section 84605, and shall file the original and one copy of the campaign statement in paper format with the Secretary of State.

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- (b) Elected officers in jurisdictions other than legislative districts, State Board of Equalization districts, or appellate court districts that contain parts of two or more counties, candidates for these offices, their controlled committees, and committees formed or existing primarily to support or oppose candidates or local measures to be voted upon in one of these jurisdictions shall file the original and one copy with the elections official of the county with the largest number of registered voters in the jurisdiction.
- (c) County elected officers, candidates for these offices, their controlled committees, committees formed or existing primarily to support or oppose candidates or local measures to be voted upon in any number of jurisdictions within one county, other than those specified in subdivision (d), and county general purpose committees shall file the original and one copy with the elections official of the county.
- (d) City elected officers, candidates for city office, their controlled committees, committees formed or existing primarily to support or oppose candidates or local measures to be voted upon in one city, and city general purpose committees shall file the original and one copy with the clerk of the city and are not required to file with the local elections official of the county in which they are domiciled.
- (e) Elected members of the Board of Administration of the Public Employees' Retirement System, elected members of the Teachers' Retirement Board, candidates for these offices, their controlled committees, and committees formed or existing primarily to support or oppose these candidates or elected members shall file the original and one copy with the Secretary of State, and a copy shall be filed at the relevant board's office in Sacramento. These elected officers, candidates, and committees need not file with the elections official of the county in which they are domiciled.

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(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a committee, candidate, or elected officer is not required to file more than the original and one copy, or one copy, of a campaign statement with any one county elections official or city clerk or with the Secretary of State.

- (g) If a committee is required to file campaign statements required by Section-84200 84200, 84200.1, or 84200.5 in places designated in subdivisions (a) to (d), inclusive, it shall continue to file these statements in those places, in addition to any other places required by this title, until the end of the calendar year.
- SEC. 18. Section 84218 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84218. (a) A slate mailer organization shall file-semiannual campaign statements no later than July 31 for the period ending June 30, and no later than January 31 for the period ending December 31 monthly campaign statements, as specified in Section 84200.1. A slate mailer organization shall also file quarterly statements in an odd-numbered year, at the same time and covering the same periods identified in subdivision (a) of Section 84200.
- (b) In addition to the semiannual statements required by subdivision (a), slate mailer organizations shall file preelection statements as follows:
- (1) Any slate mailer organization which produces a slate mailer supporting or opposing candidates or measures being voted on in an election held upon the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November of an even-numbered year shall file the statements specified in Section 84200.7 if, during the period covered by the preelection statement, the slate mailer organization receives payments totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more from any person for the support of or opposition to candidates or ballot measures in one or more slate mailers, or expends five hundred dollars (\$500) or more to produce one or more slate mailers.
- (2) Any slate mailer organization which produces a slate mailer supporting or opposing candidates or measures being voted on in an election held on a date other than the first Tuesday after the first Monday in June or November of an even-numbered year shall file the statements specified in Section 84200.8 if, during the period covered by the preelection statement, the slate mailer organization receives payments totaling five hundred dollars (\$500) or more

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1 from any person for the support of or opposition to candidates or 2 ballot measures in one or more slate mailers, or expends five 3 hundred dollars (\$500) or more to produce one or more slate 4 mailers.

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(b) A slate mailer organization shall file two copies of its campaign reports with the clerk of the county in which it is domiciled. The campaign report shall be filed by online transmission if the clerk of the county authorizes filing by online transmission. A slate mailer organization is domiciled at the address listed on its statement of organization unless it is domiciled outside California, in which case its domicile shall be deemed to be Los Angeles County for purposes of this section.

In addition, slate mailer organizations shall file campaign reports as follows:

- (1) A slate mailer organization which produces one or more slate mailers supporting or opposing candidates or measures voted on in a state election, or in more than one county, shall file campaign reports in the same manner as state general purpose committees pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 84215.
- (2) A slate mailer organization which produces one or more slate mailers supporting or opposing candidates or measures voted on in only one county, or in more than one jurisdiction within one county, shall file campaign reports in the same manner as county general purpose committees pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 84215.
- (3) A slate mailer organization which produces one or more slate mailers supporting or opposing candidates or measures voted on in only one city shall file campaign reports in the same manner as city general purpose committees pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 84215.
- (4) Notwithstanding the above, no slate mailer organization shall be required to file more than the original and one copy, or two copies, of a campaign report with any one county or city clerk or with the Secretary of State.
- 36 SEC. 19. Section 84252 of the Government Code is amended 37 to read:
- 38 84252. (a) A committee primarily formed to support or oppose 39 a LAFCO proposal shall file all statements required under this 40 chapter except that, in lieu of the statements required by Sections

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84200, 84200.1, and 84202.3, the committee shall file monthly campaign statements from the time circulation of a petition begins until a measure is placed on the ballot or, if a measure is not placed on the ballot, until the committee is terminated pursuant to Section 84214. The committee shall file an original and one copy of each statement on the 15th day of each calendar month, covering the prior calendar month, with the clerk of the county in which the measure may be voted on. If the petition results in a measure that is placed on the ballot, the committee thereafter shall file campaign statements required by this chapter.

- (b) In addition to any other statements required by this chapter, a committee that makes independent expenditures in connection with a LAFCO proposal shall file statements pursuant to Section 84203.5.
- SEC. 20. Section 84305.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84305.5. (a) No slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures shall send a slate mailer unless:
- (1) The name, street address, and city of the slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures are shown on the outside of each piece of slate mail and on at least one of the inserts included with each piece of slate mail in no less than 8-point roman type which shall be in a color or print which contrasts with the background so as to be easily legible. A post office box may be stated in lieu of a street address if the street address of the slate mailer organization or the committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measure is a matter of public record with the Secretary of State's Political Reform Division.
- (2) At the top or bottom of the front side or surface of at least one insert or at the top or bottom of one side or surface of a postcard or other self-mailer, there is a notice in at least 8-point roman boldface type, which shall be in a color or print which contrasts with the background so as to be easily legible, and in a printed or drawn box and set apart from any other printed matter. The notice shall consist of the following statement:

NOTICE TO VOTERS

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THIS DOCUMENT WAS PREPARED BY (name of slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures), NOT AN OFFICIAL POLITICAL PARTY ORGANIZATION. Appearance in this mailer does not necessarily imply endorsement of others appearing in this mailer, nor does it imply endorsement of, or opposition to, any issues set forth in this mailer. Appearance is Each item designated by an \* has been paid for and authorized by each the candidate and or ballot measure which is designated by an \* indicated. Each item designated by an @ has been paid for by a person other than the candidate or ballot measure.

- (3) The name, street address,—and city, and Internet Web site address, if any, of the slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures as required by paragraph (1) and the notice required by paragraph (2) may appear on the same side or surface of an insert.
- (4) Each candidate and each ballot measure that has paid to appear in the slate mailer is designated by an \*. Each candidate and ballot measure whose appearance has been paid for by a third party is designated by an @. Any candidate or ballot measure that has not paid to appear in the slate mailer, and whose appearance has not been paid for by a third party, is not designated by an \* or @.

The \* and @ required by this subdivision shall be of the same type size, type style, color or contrast, and legibility as is used for the name of the candidate or the ballot measure name or number and position advocated to which the \* or @ designation applies except that in no case shall the \* and @ be required to be larger than 10-point boldface type. The designation shall immediately follow the name of the candidate, or the name or number and position advocated on the ballot measure where the designation appears in the slate of candidates and measures. If there is no slate listing, the designation shall appear at least once in at least 8-point boldface type, immediately following the name of the candidate, or the name or number and position advocated on the ballot measure.

(5) The name of any candidate appearing in the slate mailer who is a member of a political party differing from the political

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party which the mailer appears by representation or indicia to represent is accompanied, immediately below the name, by the party designation of the candidate, in no less than 9-point roman type which shall be in a color or print that contrasts with the background so as to be easily legible. The designation shall not be required in the case of candidates for nonpartisan office.

- (6) If a slate mailer is produced entirely in a language other than English, the notice to voters required pursuant to paragraph (2) shall produced in that language. If a substantial portion of a slate mailer, as determined by the Commission by regulation, is in a language other than English, the notice to voters required pursuant to paragraph (2) shall be produced in both English and the other language.
- (b) For purposes of the designations required by paragraph (4) of subdivision (a), the payment of any sum made reportable by subdivision (c) of Section 84219 by or at the behest of a candidate or committee, whose name or position appears in the mailer, to the slate mailer organization or committee primarily formed to support or oppose one or more ballot measures, shall constitute a payment to appear, requiring the \* designation. The payment shall also be deemed to constitute authorization to appear in the mailer.
- SEC. 21. Section 84310 of the Government Code is amended to read:

84310. (a) A candidate, committee, or slate mailer organization may not expend campaign funds, directly or indirectly, to pay for telephone calls that are similar in nature and aggregate 500 or more in number, made by an individual, or individuals, or by electronic means and that advocate support of, or opposition to, a candidate, ballot measure, or both, unless during the course of each call the name of the organization that authorized or paid for the call is disclosed to the recipient of the call. Unless the organization that authorized the call and in whose name it is placed has filing obligations under this title, and the name announced in the call either is the full name by which the organization or individual is identified in any statement or report required to be filed under this title or is the name by which the organization or individual is commonly known, the candidate, committee, or slate mailer organization that paid for the call shall be disclosed. This section shall not apply to telephone calls made by the candidate, the campaign manager, or individuals who are volunteers.

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(b) Campaign and ballot measure committees are prohibited from contracting with any phone bank vendor that does not disclose the information required to be disclosed by subdivision (a).

- (c) A candidate, committee, or slate mailer organization that pays for telephone calls as described in subdivision (a) shall maintain a record of the script of the call for the period of time set forth in Section 84104. If any of the calls qualifying under subdivision (a) were recorded messages, a copy of the recording shall be maintained for that period.
- (d) In addition to any requirements imposed by the Public Utilities Commission, the Commission may regulate the use of automatic dialing-announcing devices used to place telephone calls to disseminate prerecorded messages that advocate support of, or opposition to, a candidate, a ballot measure, or both.
- SEC. 22. Section 84503 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84503. (a) Any advertisement for or against any ballot measure shall include a disclosure statement identifying any person whose cumulative contributions are fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more.
- (b) If there are more than—two four donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more, the committee is only required to disclose the highest and second highest in that order four highest donors in descending order, beginning with the donor who has made the largest cumulative contributions. In the event that more than—two four donors meet this disclosure threshold at identical contribution levels, the four highest—and second highest donors shall be selected according to chronological sequence.
- SEC. 23. Section 84503.5 is added to the Government Code, to read:
- 84503.5. (a) A television or video broadcast advertisement that supports or opposes a candidate or ballot measure or solicits contributions in support of that purpose shall, if the advertisement is authorized by a candidate or an agent of the candidate, include a statement in which the candidate identifies himself or herself and states that the candidate has approved the message. The candidate statement shall be made using an unobscured, full-screen video of the candidate making the statement, or by using an unobscured, full-screen, and clearly identifiable photographic

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image of the candidate that is displayed during an audio voiceover of the candidate reading the statement.

- (b) An audio broadcast advertisement that supports or opposes a candidate or ballot measure or solicits contributions in support of that purpose shall, if the advertisement is authorized by a candidate or an agent of the candidate, include an audio statement in which the candidate identifies himself or herself and states that the candidate has approved the message.
- SEC. 24. Section 84504 of the Government Code is amended 10 to read:
  - 84504. (a) (1) Any committee that supports or opposes one or more ballot measures shall name and identify itself using a name or phrase that clearly identifies the economic or other special interest the names of its major donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more in any reference to the committee required by law, including, but not limited, to its statement of organization filed pursuant to Section 84101.
  - (2) Any committee that is required to include the names of its major donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more in the name of the committee shall identify the top donors, not to exceed the four largest donors, in descending order starting with the donor who has made the largest cumulative contribution to the committee. The identification of major donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more shall precede the identification of, or reference to, any other persons who support or oppose the ballot measure.
  - (b) If the major donors of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more share a common employer, the identity of the employer shall also be disclosed.
  - (c) Any committee which supports or opposes a ballot measure, shall print or broadcast its name as provided in this section as part of any advertisement or other paid public statement.
  - (d) If candidates or their controlled committees, as a group or individually, meet the contribution thresholds for a person, they shall be identified by the controlling candidate's name.
  - SEC. 25. Section 84506 of the Government Code is amended to read:
  - 84506. (a) An advertisement supporting or opposing a candidate or ballot measure, that is paid for by an independent expenditure, shall include a disclosure statement that identifies both of the following:

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(1) The name of the committee making the independent expenditure.

- (2) The names of the persons from whom the committee making the independent expenditure has received its—two four highest cumulative contributions of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more during the 12-month period prior to the expenditure. If the committee can show, on the basis that contributions are spent in the order they are received, that contributions received from the two four highest contributors have been used for expenditures unrelated to the candidate or ballot measure featured in the communication, the committee shall disclose the contributors making the next largest cumulative contributions of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more.
- (b) If an acronym is used to identify any committee names required by this section, the names of any sponsoring organization of the committee shall be printed on print advertisements or spoken in broadcast advertisements.
- SEC. 26. Section 84506.5 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84506.5. An advertisement supporting or opposing a candidate that is paid for by an independent expenditure must include a statement that it was *an independent expenditure* not authorized by a candidate or a committee controlled by a candidate.
- SEC. 27. Section 84508 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 84508. If disclosure of two four major donors is required by Sections 84503 and 84506, the committee shall be required to disclose, in addition to the committee name, only its highest major contributor in any advertisement which is *either of the following*:
  - (a) An electronic broadcast of 15 seconds or less, or.
- 31 (b) A newspaper, magazine, or other public print media 32 advertisement which is 20 square inches or less.
- 33 SEC. 28. Section 84509 of the Government Code is amended to read:
  - 84509. (a) When a committee files an amended campaign statement pursuant to Section 81004.5, the committee shall change its advertisements to reflect the changed disclosure information.
- 38 (b) If an amended campaign statement must be filed to reflect 39 a change in the name of the committee to identify a new major

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donor of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more, then the disclosure on advertisements shall be amended as follows:

- (1) A television, radio, or other electronic media advertisement shall be amended to reflect the new committee name within three calendar days.
- (2) A print media advertisements, including billboards, shall be updated to reflect the new committee name prior to placing a new or modified order for additional printing of the advertisement. SEC. 29. Section 84510 of the Government Code is amended

10 to read:

- 84510. (a) In addition to the remedies provided for in Chapter 11 (commencing with Section 91000) of this title, any person who violates this article is liable in a civil or administrative action brought by the commission or any person for a fine up to-three *six* times the cost of the advertisement, including placement costs.
- (b) The remedies provided in subdivision (a) shall also apply to any person who purposely causes any other person to violate any provision of this article or who aids and abets any other person in a violation.
- (c) If a judgment is entered against the defendant or defendants in an action brought under this section, the plaintiff shall receive 50 percent of the amount recovered. The remaining 50 percent shall be deposited in the General Fund of the state. In an action brought by a local civil prosecutor, 50 percent shall be deposited in the account of the agency bringing the action and 50 percent shall be paid to the General Fund of the state.
- SEC. 30. Section 85701 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 85701. Any candidate or committee that receives a contribution in violation of Section 84301 shall pay to the General Fund of the state the amount of the contribution and pay to the Political Disclosure, Accountability, Transparency, and Access Fund a fine in the amount of 15 percent of the contribution.
- SEC. 31. Section 85704 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 85704. A person may not make any contribution to a committee on the condition or with the agreement that it will be contributed to any particular candidate *or ballot measure committee* unless the contribution is fully disclosed pursuant to Section 84302. A person who makes a contribution to a committee that violates this section

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shall pay to the General Fund of the state the amount of the
 contribution and pay to the Political Disclosure, Accountability,
 Transparency, and Access Fund a fine in the amount of 15 percent
 of the contribution.

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- SEC. 32. Section 90002 of the Government Code is amended to read:
- 90002. (a) Audits and investigations of lobbying firms and lobbyist employers shall be performed on a biennial basis and shall cover reports filed during a period of two years.
- (b) If a lobbying firm or lobbyist employer keeps a separate account for all receipts and payments for which reporting is required by this chapter, the requirement of an audit under subdivision (a) of Section 90001 shall be satisfied by an audit of that account and the supporting documentation required to be maintained by Section 86110.
- (c) No audit or investigation of any candidate, controlled committee, or committee primarily supporting or opposing a candidate or a measure in connection with a report or statement required by Chapter 4 of this title, shall begin until after the last date for filing the first report or statement following the general, runoff or special election for the office for which the candidate ran, or following the election at which the measure was adopted or defeated, except that audits and investigations of statewide candidates, their controlled committees, and committees primarily supporting or opposing those statewide candidates who were defeated in the primary election and who are not required to file statements for the general election may begin after the last date for filing the first report or statement following the primary election. When the campaign statements or reports of a candidate, controlled committee, or a committee primarily supporting or opposing a candidate are audited and investigated pursuant to Section 90001, the audit and investigation shall cover all campaign statements and reports filed for the primary and general or special or runoff elections and any previous campaign statement or report filed pursuant to Section 84200, 84200.1, or 84200.5 since the last election for that office, but shall exclude any statements or reports which have previously been audited pursuant to Section 90001 or 90003. When the campaign statements or reports of a committee primarily supporting or opposing a measure are audited and investigated, the audit and investigation shall cover all campaign

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statements and reports from the beginning date of the first campaign statement filed by the committee in connection with the measure. For all other committees, the audit and investigation shall cover all campaign statements filed during the previous two calendar years.

SEC. 33. Section 90003 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- 90003. (a) In addition to the audits and investigations required by Section 90001, the Franchise Tax Board and the commission Commission may make investigations and audits with respect to any reports or statements required by Chapter 4 (commencing with Section 84100), Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 85100), or Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 86100).
- (b) (1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the Commission from undertaking any audit authorized by this section prior to the date of the election or prior to the date upon which the report or statement is required to be filed. A candidate or committee shall, during the audit, make all relevant records available for immediate review by the Commission.
- (2) A person who is subject to an audit authorized by this section may contest the performance of the audit or an order issued by the Commission as a result of an audit by seeking a writ of mandate. Venue for the proceeding shall be exclusively in the County of Sacramento. The action shall be given priority over all other civil matters.
- (3) In addition to any other remedies available to the Commission, including injunctive relief pursuant to Section 91003, the Commission may seek an injunction pursuant to Title 7 (commencing with Section 501) of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure to compel a person who is subject to an audit authorized by this section to cooperate with the Commission in the performance of the audit or to compel compliance with an order of the Commission resulting from the audit. Notwithstanding any other law, an appeal of an injunction issued in favor of the Commission shall not result in a mandatory stay pending the resolution of the appeal. A stay of an injunction pending resolution of the appeal may be ordered at the discretion of the court issuing the injunction.
- 39 SEC. 34. Section 91013 of the Government Code is amended 40 to read:

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91013. (a) If any a person files an original statement or report after any the applicable deadline imposed by this act title, he or she shall, in addition to any other penalties or remedies established by this-act, title, be liable in the amount of ten thirty dollars (\$10) (\$30) per day after the deadline until the statement or report is filed, to the officer with whom the statement or report is required to be filed. Liability need not be enforced by the filing officer if, on an impartial basis, he or she determines that the late filing was not willful and that enforcement of the liability will not further the purposes of the act, this title, except that no liability shall be waived if a statement or report is not filed within 30 days for a statement of economic interest, other than a candidate's statement filed pursuant to Section 87201, five days for a campaign statement required to be filed 12 days before an election, and 10 days for all other statements or reports, after the filing officer has sent specific written notice of the filing requirement.

- (b) If—any a person files a copy of a statement or report after any the applicable deadline imposed by this—aet title, he or she shall, in addition to any other penalties or remedies established by this—chapter, title, be liable in the amount of—ten thirty dollars—(\$10) (\$30) per day, starting 10 days, or five days in the case of a campaign statement required to be filed 12 days before an election, after the filing officer has sent specific written notice of the filing requirement and until the statement or report is filed.
- (c) The *filing* officer shall deposit any funds received under this section into the general fund of the jurisdiction of which he or she is an officer. No liability under this section shall exceed *150* percent of the cumulative amount stated in the late statement or report, or one hundred dollars (\$100), thousand dollars (\$1,000), whichever is greater.
- SEC. 35. Section 2872 of the Public Utilities Code is amended to read:
- 2872. (a) The connection of automatic dialing-announcing devices to a telephone line is subject to this article and to the jurisdiction, control, and regulation of the commission and, if the automatic dialing-announcing device is used to disseminate prerecorded messages that advocate support of, or opposition to, a candidate, a ballot measure, or both, to the jurisdiction, control, and regulation of the Fair Political Practices Commission.

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(b) No person shall operate an automatic dialing-announcing device except in accordance with this article. The use of such a device by any person, either individually or acting as an officer, agent, or employee of a person or corporation operating automatic dialing-announcing devices, is subject to this article.

- (c) No person shall operate an automatic dialing-announcing device in this state to place a call that is received by a telephone in this state during the hours between 9 p.m. and 9 a.m. California time.
- (d) This article does not prohibit the use of an automatic dialing-announcing device by any person exclusively on behalf of any of the following:
- (1) A school for purposes of contacting parents or guardians of pupils regarding attendance.
- (2) An exempt organization under the Bank and Corporation Tax Law (Part 11 (commencing with Section 23001) of Division 2 of the Revenue and Taxation Code) for purposes of contacting its members.
- (3) A privately owned or publicly owned cable television system for purposes of contacting customers or subscribers regarding the previously arranged installation of facilities on the premises of the customer or subscriber.
- (4) A privately owned or publicly owned public utility for purposes of contacting customers or subscribers regarding the previously arranged installation of facilities on the premises of the customer or subscriber or for purposes of contacting employees for emergency actions or repairs required for public safety or to restore services.
- (5) A petroleum refinery, chemical processing plant, or nuclear powerplant for purposes of advising residents, public service agencies, and the news media in its vicinity of an actual or potential life-threatening emergency.
- (e) This article does not prohibit law enforcement agencies, fire protection agencies, public health agencies, public environmental health agencies, city or county emergency services planning agencies, or any private for-profit agency operating under contract with, and at the direction of, one or more of these agencies, from placing calls through automatic dialing-announcing devices, if those devices are used for any of the following purposes:
  - (1) Providing public service information relating to public safety.

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(2) Providing information concerning police or fire emergencies.

- (3) Providing warnings of impending or threatened emergencies. These calls shall not be subject to Section 2874.
- (f) This article does not apply to any automatic dialing-announcing device that is not used to randomly or sequentially dial telephone numbers but that is used solely to transmit a message to an established business associate, customer, or other person having an established relationship with the person using the automatic dialing-announcing device to transmit the message, or to any call generated at the request of the recipient.
- (g) The commission may determine any question of fact arising under this section.
- SEC. 36. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.
- SEC. 37. The Legislature finds and declares that this bill furthers the purposes of the Political Reform Act of 1974 within the meaning of subdivision (a) of Section 81012 of the Government Code.
- SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would strengthen the Political Reform Act of 1974 and the campaign disclosure requirements within that act to increase penalties for failing to properly disclose campaign contributions, tighten the disclosure requirements on mass mailings and campaign messages presented through television, and other forms of media, and close the loophole associated with campaign contributions from multipurpose groups and nonprofit organizations.