AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 18, 2011 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 24, 2011

SENATE BILL

No. 631

Introduced by Senator Evans

February 18, 2011

An act to add Section 12926.15 to the Insurance Code, relating to insurance.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 631, as amended, Evans. Insurance Commissioner: violations: remedies.

Existing law requires the Insurance Commissioner to perform all duties imposed upon him or her by the provisions of the Insurance Code and other laws regulating the business of insurance in this state, and to enforce the execution of those provisions and laws.

This bill would additionally authorize the commissioner, in the exercise of his or her discretion to take enforcement action, to impose upon an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person subject to the commissioner's authority specified remedies, either by way of settlement or following a hearing, whenever the commissioner finds that there has been a violation of an applicable insurance provision, as prescribed.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 12926.15 is added to the Insurance Code,
- 2 to read:

SB 631 -2-

12926.15. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

- (1) Existing law permits the commissioner to order restitution only in limited circumstances.
- (2) The commissioner regularly finds that, as a result of legal violations, Californians are entitled to refunds or restitution, but in many circumstances, the commissioner has no specific authority to order refunds or restitution.
- (3) This section is intended to provide the commissioner the authority to order refunds or restitution in all instances where he or she finds that an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person has violated the code.
- (b) In addition to any other remedy provided in this code, and notwithstanding Sections 12921, 12926.1, and 12975.7, in the exercise of his or her discretion to take enforcement action, the commissioner may impose upon an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person subject to the commissioner's authority the remedies provided in this section. Whenever the commissioner finds, either by way of settlement or following a hearing, that an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person subject to this code has violated any of the provisions of this code, he or she may order the following remedies:
- (1) The commissioner may order an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person subject to this code to pay restitution to a person. Restitution shall mean quantifiable monetary sums that an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person owes to a person, but did not pay, in violation of a law or regulation enforced by the commissioner. Restitution, as defined herein, shall also include out-of-pocket expenses incurred or economic harm suffered by a person because of an insurer's, licensee's, or other entity's or person's violation of a law or regulation enforced by the commissioner.
- (2) In matters where the commissioner finds a violation of the provisions of this code, the commissioner may order an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person to pay attorney's fees and costs of the department and future costs of the department to ensure compliance with the settlement, or order requiring restitution or other remedies.
- (c) Where restitution is ordered and paid to a person pursuant to the provisions of this section, the amount paid shall be credited

-3- SB 631

to any subsequent judgment obtained by that person in a civil action arising from the same facts and circumstances.

- (d) Nothing in this section is intended to limit or restrict actions, remedies, or procedures otherwise available to the department or any person pursuant to any other provision of law.
- (e) It shall not be a defense in an administrative or private civil action that the commissioner did not order an insurer, licensee, or other entity or person to pay restitution.
- (f) For proceedings not required to be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code), the following provisions shall apply:
- (1) An order requiring restitution shall become effective 45 days after it is delivered or mailed to the insurer, licensee, or other entity or person unless a stay of execution is granted.
- (2) Judicial review of an order requiring restitution may be had by filing a petition for a writ of mandate in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure. Notwithstanding those provisions, the petition shall be filed within 45 days after the delivery or mailing of the order requiring restitution.
- (g) If restitution is not paid to a person within 10 days after an order becomes effective, the commissioner shall proceed in accordance with Section 12976 for the purpose of recovering those moneys due to that person.
- (h) As used in this section, "person" shall have the same meaning as set forth in Section 19.