# AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 19, 2007 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 1, 2007 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 16, 2007 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 30, 2007

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE-2007-08 REGULAR SESSION

## **ASSEMBLY BILL**

No. 678

## Introduced by Assembly Members Gaines, Benoit, and Spitzer

### February 21, 2007

An act to amend Section 13955 of the Government Code, to amend Sections 688 and 688.1 668 and 668.1 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, to amend Section 1861.025 of the Insurance Code, to amend Sections 192.5, 193.7, 193.8, 977, 1192.8, and 3057 of the Penal Code, to amend Section 101.10 of the Streets and Highways Code, and to amend Sections 1803, 1808, 11110, 11215, 12810, 13202.5, 13350, 13350.5, 13351, 13352.6, 13353, 13353.1, 13353.3, 13353.7, 13353.8, 13954, 15300, 15302, 20001, 22651.10, 23502, 23550.5, 23558, 23592, 23596, 23612, 23620, 23626, and 40509.5 of the Vehicle Code, relating to crime.

#### LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 678, as amended, Gaines. Crimes: vehicular manslaughter: fleeing the scene of an accident.

(1) Existing law requires that a person who flees the scene of the crime, upon conviction, be punished by an additional term of imprisonment of 5 years in the state prison after committing a violation of certain provisions relating to vehicular manslaughter, which includes manslaughter while operating a vessel. The additional term is only

imposed where the allegation is charged in the accusatory pleading and admitted by the defendant or found to be true by the trier of fact.

This bill would additionally include within the above mandatory 5-year enhancement the commission of vehicular manslaughter while either operating a vessel under the influence of alcohol or a drug and in the commission of an unlawful act, not amounting to a felony, and with gross negligence; or operating a vessel under the influence of alcohol or a drug and in the commission of a lawful act that might produce death, in an unlawful manner, and with gross negligence. Because this bill would impose additional duties on local prosecutors, the bill would create a state-mandated local program.

The bill would remove from the above mandatory 5-year enhancement the commission of vehicular manslaughter while either operating a vessel in the commission of an unlawful act, not amounting to a felony, and with gross negligence; or operating a vessel in the commission of a lawful act that might produce death, in an unlawful manner, and with gross negligence.

(2) Existing law defines "serious felony" to include vehicular manslaughter while driving a vehicle in connection with a vehicular collision, or any other vehicular accident, done for the purpose of presenting any false or fraudulent claim, where the collision or accident was knowingly caused for financial gain, and the collision or accident proximately resulted in the death of any person.

This bill would delete the above-described offense from the definition of "serious felony."

(3) Existing law requires that a person convicted of vehicular manslaughter, vehicular manslaughter while intoxicated, or vehicular manslaughter in the operation of a vessel, or who has been previously convicted of those crimes, be subject to specified fines and penalties, including, but not limited to, suspension or revocation of his or her driver's license, imprisonment, violation points, enhanced penalties, delayed driving privileges for minors, and removal and seizure of the person's vehicle, where specified circumstances are present.

This bill would correct cross-references and make conforming technical changes to those provisions and other related provisions.

(4) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

(5) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 977 of the Penal Code proposed by SB 649, to be operative if SB 649 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

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(6) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 1803 of the Vehicle Code proposed by AB 421, to be operative if AB 421 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

(7) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 11110 of the Vehicle Code proposed by AB 430, to be operative if AB 430 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

(8) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 11215 of the Vehicle Code proposed by AB 430, to be operative if AB 430 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

(9) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 12810 of the Vehicle Code proposed by AB 430, to be operative if AB 430 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

(10) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 13351 of the Vehicle Code proposed by AB 430, to be operative if AB 430 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

(11) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 13353.1 of the Vehicle Code proposed by AB 1165, to be operative if AB 1165 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

(12) This bill would incorporate additional changes in Section 40509.5 of the Vehicle Code proposed by AB 1248, to be operative if AB 1248 and this bill are both enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, and this bill is enacted last.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 13955 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:

- 1 13955. Except as provided in Section 13956, a person shall be
- 2 eligible for compensation when all of the following requirements3 are met:
- 4 (a) The person for whom compensation is being sought is any 5 of the following:
- 6 (1) A victim.
- 7 (2) A derivative victim.
- 8 (3) (A) A person who is entitled to reimbursement for funeral,
- 9 burial, or crime scene cleanup expenses pursuant to paragraph (9)10 of subdivision (a) of Section 13957.
- 11 (B) This paragraph applies without respect to any felon status 12 of the victim.
- 13 (b) Either of the following conditions is met:
- 14 (1) The crime occurred within this state, whether or not the
- 15 victim is a resident of the state. This paragraph shall apply only
- 16 during those time periods during which the board determines that17 federal funds are available to the state for the compensation of18 victims of crime.
- (2) Whether or not the crime occurred within the State ofCalifornia, the victim was any of the following:
- 21 (A) A resident of the state.
- 22 (B) A member of the military stationed in California.
- (C) A family member living with a member of the militarystationed in this state.
- (c) If compensation is being sought for a derivative victim, the
  derivative victim is a resident of this state, or resident of another
  state, who is any of the following:
- (1) At the time of the crime was the parent, grandparent, sibling,spouse, child, or grandchild of the victim.
- 30 (2) At the time of the crime was living in the household of the 31 victim.
- 32 (3) At the time of the crime was a person who had previously
- lived in the household of the victim for a period of not less thantwo years in a relationship substantially similar to a relationship
- 35 listed in paragraph (1).
- 36 (4) Is another family member of the victim, including, but not
  37 limited to, the victim's fiancé or fiancée, and who witnessed the
  38 crime.
- 39 (5) Is the primary caretaker of a minor victim, but was not the40 primary caretaker at the time of the crime.

1 (d) The application is timely pursuant to Section 13953.

2 (e) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the injury or death 3 was a direct result of a crime.

4 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), no act involving the 5 operation of a motor vehicle, aircraft, or water vehicle that results 6 in injury or death constitutes a crime for the purposes of this 7 chapter, except when the injury or death from such an act was any 8 of the following:

9 (A) Intentionally inflicted through the use of a motor vehicle, 10 aircraft, or water vehicle.

11 (B) Caused by a driver who fails to stop at the scene of an accident in violation of Section 20001 of the Vehicle Code. 12

13 (C) Caused by a person who is under the influence of any 14 alcoholic beverage or drug.

15 (D) Caused by a driver of a motor vehicle in the immediate act of fleeing the scene of a crime in which he or she knowingly and 16 17 willingly participated.

18 (E) Caused by a person who commits vehicular manslaughter 19 in violation of subdivision (b) of Section 191.5, subdivision (c) of

20 Section 192, or Section 192.5 of the Penal Code.

21 (F) Caused by any party where a peace officer is operating a 22 motor vehicle in an effort to apprehend a suspect, and the suspect 23 is evading, fleeing, or otherwise attempting to elude the peace

24 officer.

25 (f) As a direct result of the crime, the victim or derivative victim 26 sustained one or more of the following:

27 (1) Physical injury. The board may presume a child who has 28 been the witness of a crime of domestic violence has sustained 29 physical injury. A child who resides in a home where a crime or 30 crimes of domestic violence have occurred may be presumed by 31 the board to have sustained physical injury, regardless of whether 32 the child has witnessed the crime.

33 (2) Emotional injury and a threat of physical injury.

34 (3) Emotional injury, where the crime was a violation of any of 35 the following provisions:

(A) Section 261, 262, 271, 273a, 273d, 285, 286, 288, 288a, 36

37 288.5, or 289, or subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 311.4, of the 38 Penal Code.

1 (B) Section 270 of the Penal Code, where the emotional injury

2 was a result of conduct other than a failure to pay child support,3 and criminal charges were filed.

4 (C) Section 261.5 of the Penal Code, and criminal charges were 5 filed.

6 (D) Section 278 or 278.5 of the Penal Code, where the 7 deprivation of custody as described in those sections has endured 8 for 30 calendar days or more. For purposes of this paragraph, the 9 child, and not the nonoffending parent or other caretaker, shall be 10 deemed the victim.

(g) The injury or death has resulted or may result in pecuniary
loss within the scope of compensation pursuant to Sections 13957
to 13957.9, inclusive.

14 SEC. 2. Section 668 of the Harbors and Navigation Code is 15 amended to read:

16 668. (a) Any person who violates subdivision (c) of Section 17 652, Section 654, 654.05, 654.06, 655.7, 658.3, 659, 673, 674, or 18 754, or any regulations adopted pursuant thereto, or any regulation 19 adopted pursuant to Section 655.3 relating to vessel equipment 20 requirements, is guilty of an infraction, punishable by a fine of not 21 more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

(b) (1) Any person who violates Section 655.2, or any regulation adopted pursuant thereto, or, except as provided in subdivision (a), any regulation adopted pursuant to Section 655.3, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100) or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than five days, or by both that fine and imprisonment, for each violation.

(2) Any person who violates subdivision (a) or (b) of Section
658 is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of
not more than two hundred dollars (\$200) for each violation.

(3) Any person who violates subdivision (d) of Section 652,
Section 652.5, subdivision (a) of Section 655, Section 655.05, 656,
or 656.1, subdivision (d) or (e) of Section 658, Section 663.6 or
665, or any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to subdivision
(b) or (c) of Section 660, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be
punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months,

39 or by both that fine and imprisonment, for each violation.

1 (c) (1) Any person convicted of a violation of Section 656.2 or 2 656.3 shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand 3 dollars (\$1,000) or more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or 4 by imprisonment in the state prison or in the county jail for not 5 more than one year, or by both that fine and imprisonment.

6 (2) In imposing the minimum fine required by this subdivision, 7 the court shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to 8 pay the fine and, in the interest of justice for reasons stated in the 9 record, may reduce the amount of that minimum fine to less than 10 the amount otherwise required by this subdivision.

(d) Any person convicted of a violation of Section 658.5 shall
be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars (\$100).

(e) Any person convicted of a first violation of subdivision (b), 13 14 (c), (d), or (e) of Section 655, or of a violation of Section 655.4, 15 shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars 16 (\$1,000) or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six 17 months, or by both that fine and imprisonment. If probation is 18 granted, the court, as a condition of probation, may require the 19 person to participate in, and successfully complete, an alcohol or 20 drug education, training, or treatment program, in addition to 21 imposing any penalties required by this code. In order to enable 22 all persons to participate in licensed programs, every person 23 referred to a program licensed pursuant to Section 11836 of the 24 Health and Safety Code shall pay that program's costs 25 commensurate with that person's ability to pay as determined by Section 11837.4 of the Health and Safety Code. 26

27 (f) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation 28 of subdivision (b), (c), (d), or (e) of Section 655 within seven years 29 of the first conviction of any of those subdivisions or subdivision 30 (f) of Section 655, or any person convicted of a violation of 31 subdivision (b), (c), (d), or (e) of Section 655 within seven years 32 of a separate conviction of subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 192.5 33 of the Penal Code, or a separate conviction of Section 23152 or 34 23153 of the Vehicle Code or Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, when the separate conviction 35 36 resulted from the operation of a motor vehicle, shall be punished 37 by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) or 38 imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year, or by 39 both that fine and imprisonment. If probation is granted, the court, 40 as a condition of probation, may require the person to do either of

1 the following, if available in the county of the person's residence2 or employment:

3 (1) Participate, for at least 18 months subsequent to the 4 underlying conviction and in a manner satisfactory to the court, 5 in a program licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with 6 Section 11836) of Part 2 of Division 10.5 of the Health and Safety 7 Code, as designated by the court. In order to enable all required 8 persons to participate, each person shall pay the program costs 9 commensurate with the person's ability to pay as determined 10 pursuant to Section 11837.4 of the Health and Safety Code.

11 (2) Participate, for at least 30 months subsequent to the 12 underlying conviction and in a manner satisfactory to the court, 13 in a program licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with 14 Section 11836) of Part 2 of Division 10.5 of the Health and Safety 15 Code. A person ordered to treatment pursuant to this paragraph shall apply to the court or to a board of review, as designated by 16 17 the court, at the conclusion of the program to obtain the court's 18 order of satisfaction. Only upon the granting of that order of 19 satisfaction by the court may the program issue its certificate of successful completion. A failure to obtain an order of satisfaction 20 21 at the conclusion of the program is a violation of probation. In 22 order to enable all required persons to participate, each person 23 shall pay the program costs commensurate with the person's ability to pay as determined pursuant to Section 11837.4 of the Health 24 25 and Safety Code. No condition of probation required pursuant to 26 this paragraph is a basis for reducing any other probation 27 requirement. 28 (g) Any person convicted of a violation of subdivision (f) of 29 Section 655 shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison. 30 or in the county jail for not less than 90 days or more than one 31 year, and by a fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250)

32 or more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000). If probation is granted,

33 the court, as a condition of probation, may require the person to 34 participate in, and successfully complete, a program licensed

35 pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 11836) of Part

36 2 of Division 10.5 of the Health and Safety Code, if available in

37 the person's county of residence or employment, as designated by

38 the court. In order to enable all required persons to participate,

39 each person shall pay the program costs commensurate with the

person's ability to pay as determined pursuant to Section 11837.4
 of the Health and Safety Code.

3 (h) (1) If any person is convicted of a violation of subdivision 4 (f) of Section 655 within seven years of a separate conviction of 5 a violation of subdivision (b), (c), (d), or (e) of Section 655 and is 6 granted probation, the court shall impose as a condition of 7 probation that the person be confined in the county jail for not less 8 than five days or more than one year and pay a fine of not less than 9 two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) or more than five thousand dollars 10 (\$5,000).

11 (2) If any person is convicted of a violation of subdivision (f) 12 of Section 655 within seven years of a separate conviction of a 13 violation of subdivision (f) of Section 655, of subdivision (a) or 14 (b) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, or Section 23152 or 23153 15 of the Vehicle Code or Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 16 192.5 of the Penal Code, when the separate conviction resulted 17 from the operation of a motor vehicle, and is granted probation, 18 the court shall impose as a condition of probation that the person 19 be confined in the county jail for not less than 90 days or more than one year, and pay a fine of not less than two hundred fifty 20 21 dollars (\$250) or more than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and 22 the court, as a condition of probation, may order that the person 23 participate in a manner satisfactory to the court, in a program 24 licensed pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 11836) 25 of Part 2 of Division 10.5 of the Health and Safety Code, if available in the county of the person's residence or employment. 26 27 In order to enable all required persons to participate, each person 28 shall pay the program costs commensurate with the person's ability 29 to pay as determined pursuant to Section 11837.4 of the Health 30 and Safety Code. 31 (i) The court shall not absolve a person who is convicted of a 32 violation of subdivision (f) of Section 655 within seven years of 33 a separate conviction of a violation of subdivision (b), (c), (d), (e), 34 or (f) of Section 655, of subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 192.5 of 35 the Penal Code, or Section 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle Code 36 or Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal

37 Code, when the separate conviction resulted from the operation 38 of a motor vehicle, from the minimum time in confinement

39 provided in this section and a fine of at least two hundred fifty

40 dollars (\$250), except as provided in subdivision (h).

1 (i) Except in unusual cases where the interests of justice demand 2 an exception, the court shall not strike a separate conviction of an 3 offense under subdivision (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of Section 655 or 4 of subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, or 5 Section 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle Code or Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, when the 6 7 separate conviction resulted from the operation of a motor vehicle, 8 for purposes of sentencing in order to avoid imposing, as part of 9 the sentence or as a term of probation, the minimum time in confinement and the minimum fine, as provided in this section. 10 When a separate conviction is stricken by the court for purposes 11 12 of sentencing, the court shall specify the reason or reasons for the 13 striking order. On appeal by the people from an order striking a 14 separate conviction, it shall be conclusively presumed that the 15 order was made only for the reasons specified in the order, and

16 the order shall be reversed if there is no substantial basis in the 17 record for any of those reasons.

(k) A person who flees the scene of the crime after committing
a violation of Section 191.5 or paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of

Section 192 of the Penal Code shall be subject to subdivision (c)of Section 20001 of the Vehicle Code.

(*l*) Any person who violates Section 654.3 is guilty of an
infraction punishable by a fine of not more than five hundred
dollars (\$500) for each separate violation.

25 SEC. 3. Section 668.1 of the Harbors and Navigation Code is 26 amended to read:

27 668.1. (a) Any person convicted of a violation of subdivision 28 (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of Section 655, or of Section 655.2, 29 655.6, 655.7, 658, or 658.5, or of Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) 30 of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, or of the federal rules of the 31 road and pilot rules, not including equipment requirements, 32 incorporated by reference in Section 6600.1 of Title 14 of the 33 California Code of Regulations, or found by a court to have 34 performed any of the acts described in Section 6697 of Title 14 of 35 the California Code of Regulations, pertaining to a mechanically propelled vessel but not to manipulating any water skis, an 36 37 aquaplane, or similar device, when the conviction resulted from 38 the operation of a vessel, shall be ordered by the court to complete 39 and pass a boating safety course approved by the department 40 pursuant to Section 668.3.

1 (b) Any person who has been ordered by the court to complete 2 and pass a boating safety course pursuant to this section shall 3 submit to the court proof of completion and passage of the course 4 within seven months of the time of his or her conviction. The proof 5 shall be in a form that has been approved by the department and 6 that provides for the ability to submit the form to the court through 7 the United States Postal Service. If the person who has been 8 required to complete and pass a boating safety course is under 18 9 years of age, the court may require that the person obtain parental 10 consent to enroll in the course. If the person does not complete 11 and pass the boating safety course, the court may extend the period 12 for completion or impose another penalty as prescribed by statute. 13 (c) The department shall adopt regulations to carry out this 14 section, including approval of boating safety education courses, 15 as specified in Section 668.3, prescribing the forms for proof of 16 completion and passage, approval of testing to indicate appropriate 17 mastery of the course subject matter, and setting forth any fees to 18 be charged to course participants, which fees shall not exceed the 19 expenses associated with providing the course. 20 SEC. 4. Section 1861.025 of the Insurance Code is amended 21 to read:

1861.025. A person is qualified to purchase a Good DriverDiscount policy if he or she meets all of the following criteria:

(a) He or she has been licensed to drive a motor vehicle for theprevious three years.

(b) During the previous three years, he or she has not done anyof the following:

(1) Had more than one violation point count determined as
provided by subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), or (h) of Section
12810 of the Vehicle Code, but subject to the following
modifications:

(A) For the purposes of this section, the driver of a motor vehicle
involved in an accident for which he or she was principally at fault
that resulted only in damage to property shall receive one violation
point count, in addition to any other violation points that may be
imposed for this accident.

(B) If, under Section 488 or 488.5, an insurer is prohibited from
increasing the premium on a policy on account of a violation, that
violation shall not be included in determining the point count of

40 the person.

1 (C) If a violation is required to be reported under Section 1816 2 of the Vehicle Code, or under Section 784 of the Welfare and 3 Institutions Code, or any other provision requiring the reporting 4 of a violation by a minor, the violation shall be included for the 5 purposes of this section in determining the point count in the same 6 manner as is applicable to adult violations.

7 (2) Had more than one dismissal pursuant to Section 1803.5 of 8 the Vehicle Code that was not made confidential pursuant to 9 Section 1808.7 of the Vehicle Code, in the 36-month period for 10 violations that would have resulted in the imposition of more than 11 one violation point count under paragraph (1) if the complaint had 12 not been dismissed.

(3) Was the driver of a motor vehicle involved in an accident
that resulted in bodily injury or in the death of any person and was
principally at fault. The commissioner shall adopt regulations
setting guidelines to be used by insurers for the determination of
fault for the purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (1).

18 (c) During the period commencing on January 1, 1999, or the 19 date 10 years prior to the date of application for the issuance or renewal of the Good Driver Discount policy, whichever is later, 20 21 and ending on the date of the application for the issuance or 22 renewal of the Good Driver Discount policy, he or she has not been convicted of a violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153 23 of the Vehicle Code, a felony violation of Section 23550 or 23566, 24 25 or former Section 23175 or, as those sections read on January 1, 26 1999, of the Vehicle Code, or a violation of Section 191.5 or 27 subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code.

(d) Any person who claims that he or she meets the criteria of
subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) based entirely or partially on a driver's

30 license and driving experience acquired anywhere other than in

31 the United States or Canada is rebuttably presumed to be qualified

32 to purchase a Good Driver Discount policy if he or she has been

33 licensed to drive in the United States or Canada for at least the

34 previous 18 months and meets the criteria of subdivisions (a), (b),35 and (c) for that period.

36 SEC. 5. Section 192.5 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

37 192.5. Vehicular manslaughter pursuant to subdivision (b) of

38 Section 191.5 and subdivision (c) of Section 192 is the unlawful

39 killing of a human being without malice aforethought, and includes:

1 (a) Operating a vessel in violation of subdivision (b), (c), (d), 2 (e), or (f) of Section 655 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, and 3 in the commission of an unlawful act, not amounting to felony, 4 and with gross negligence; or operating a vessel in violation of 5 subdivision (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of Section 655 of the Harbors 6 and Navigation Code, and in the commission of a lawful act that 7 might produce death, in an unlawful manner, and with gross 8 negligence.

9 (b) Operating a vessel in violation of subdivision (b), (c), (d), 10 (e), or (f) of Section 655 of the Harbors and Navigation Code, and in the commission of an unlawful act, not amounting to felony, 11 12 but without gross negligence; or operating a vessel in violation of subdivision (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of Section 655 of the Harbors 13 14 and Navigation Code, and in the commission of a lawful act that 15 might produce death, in an unlawful manner, but without gross 16 negligence.

(c) Operating a vessel in the commission of an unlawful act,
not amounting to a felony, and with gross negligence; or operating
a vessel in the commission of a lawful act that might produce death,
in an unlawful manner, and with gross negligence.

(d) Operating a vessel in the commission of an unlawful act,
not amounting to a felony, but without gross negligence; or
operating a vessel in the commission of a lawful act that might
produce death, in an unlawful manner, but without gross
negligence.

26 (e) A person who flees the scene of the crime after committing 27 a violation of subdivision (a), (b), or (c), upon conviction, in 28 addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed, shall be punished by an additional term of imprisonment of five years in 29 30 the state prison. This additional term shall not be imposed unless 31 the allegation is charged in the accusatory pleading and admitted 32 by the defendant or found to be true by the trier of fact. The court 33 shall not strike a finding that brings a person within the provisions 34 of this subdivision or an allegation made pursuant to this 35 subdivision.

36 SEC. 6. Section 193.7 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
37 193.7. A person convicted of a violation of subdivision (b) of

Section 191.5 that occurred within seven years of two or more
separate violations of Section 23103, as specified in Section
23103.5, of, or Section 23152 or 23153 of, the Vehicle Code, or

1 any combination thereof, that resulted in convictions, shall be

2 designated as an habitual traffic offender subject to paragraph (3)
3 of subdivision (e) of Section 14601.3 of the Vehicle Code, for a

4 period of three years, subsequent to the conviction. The person

5 shall be advised of this designation pursuant to subdivision (b) of

6 Section 13350 of the Vehicle Code.

7 SEC. 7. Section 193.8 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

8 193.8. (a) An adult, who is the registered owner of a motor 9 vehicle or in possession of a motor vehicle, shall not relinquish 10 possession of the vehicle to a minor for the purpose of driving if 11 the following conditions exist:

(1) The adult owner or person in possession of the vehicle knewor reasonably should have known that the minor was intoxicatedat the time possession was relinquished.

(2) A petition was sustained or the minor was convicted of a
violation of Section 23103 as specified in Section 23103.5, 23140,
23152, or 23153 of the Vehicle Code or a violation of Section

18 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5.

19 (3) The minor does not otherwise have a lawful right to20 possession of the vehicle.

(b) The offense described in subdivision (a) shall not apply to 21 22 commercial bailments, motor vehicle leases, or parking 23 arrangements, whether or not for compensation, provided by hotels, motels, or food facilities for customers, guests, or other invitees 24 25 thereof. For purposes of this subdivision, hotel and motel shall 26 have the same meaning as in subdivision (b) of Section 25503.16 27 of the Business and Professions Code and food facility shall have 28 the same meaning as in Section 113785 of the Health and Safety 29 Code.

30 (c) If an adult is convicted of the offense described in 31 subdivision (a), that person shall be punished by a fine not 32 exceeding one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding six months, or by both the fine and 33 34 imprisonment. An adult convicted of the offense described in 35 subdivision (a) shall not be subject to driver's license suspension 36 or revocation or attendance at a licensed alcohol or drug education 37 and counseling program for persons who drive under the influence.

38 SEC. 8. Section 977 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
39 977. (a) (1) In all cases in which the accused is charged with

40 a misdemeanor only, he or she may appear by counsel only, except

1 as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3). If the accused agrees, the 2 initial court appearance, arraignment, and plea may be by video,

3 as provided by subdivision (c).

4 (2) If the accused is charged with a misdemeanor offense 5 involving domestic violence, as defined in Section 6211 of the 6 Family Code, or a misdemeanor violation of Section 273.6, the 7 accused shall be present for arraignment and sentencing, and at 8 any time during the proceedings when ordered by the court for the 9 purpose of being informed of the conditions of a protective order 10 issued pursuant to Section 136.2.

(3) If the accused is charged with a misdemeanor offense
involving driving under the influence, in an appropriate case, the
court may order a defendant to be present for arraignment, at the
time of plea, or at sentencing. For purposes of this paragraph, a

15 misdemeanor offense involving driving under the influence shall

16 include a misdemeanor violation of any of the following:

17 (A) Subdivision (b) of Section 191.5.

18 (B) Section 23103 as specified in Section 23103.5 of the Vehicle

19 Code.

- 20 (C) Section 23152 of the Vehicle Code.
- 21 (D) Section 23153 of the Vehicle Code.

22 (b) (1) In all cases in which a felony is charged, the accused 23 shall be present at the arraignment, at the time of plea, during the 24 preliminary hearing, during those portions of the trial when 25 evidence is taken before the trier of fact, and at the time of the 26 imposition of sentence. The accused shall be personally present 27 at all other proceedings unless he or she shall, with leave of court, 28 execute in open court, a written waiver of his or her right to be 29 personally present, as provided by paragraph (2). If the accused 30 agrees, the initial court appearance, arraignment, and plea may be 31 by video, as provided by subdivision (c).

32 (2) The accused may execute a written waiver of his or her right 33 to be personally present, approved by his or her counsel, and the 34 waiver shall be filed with the court. However, the court may 35 specifically direct the defendant to be personally present at any 36 particular proceeding or portion thereof. The waiver shall be 37 substantially in the following form:

1 2

## "Waiver of Defendant's Personal Presence"

3 "The undersigned defendant, having been advised of his or her 4 right to be present at all stages of the proceedings, including, but 5 not limited to, presentation of and arguments on questions of fact 6 and law, and to be confronted by and cross-examine all witnesses, 7 hereby waives the right to be present at the hearing of any motion 8 or other proceeding in this cause. The undersigned defendant 9 hereby requests the court to proceed during every absence of the 10 defendant that the court may permit pursuant to this waiver, and hereby agrees that his or her interest is represented at all times by 11 12 the presence of his or her attorney the same as if the defendant 13 were personally present in court, and further agrees that notice to 14 his or her attorney that his or her presence in court on a particular 15 day at a particular time is required is notice to the defendant of the 16 requirement of his or her appearance at that time and place."

17 (c) The court may permit the initial court appearance and 18 arraignment in municipal or superior court of defendants held in 19 any state, county, or local facility within the county on felony or misdemeanor charges, except for those defendants who were 20 21 indicted by a grand jury, to be conducted by two-way electronic 22 audiovideo communication between the defendant and the 23 courtroom in lieu of the physical presence of the defendant in the 24 courtroom. If the defendant is represented by counsel, the attorney 25 shall be present with the defendant at the initial court appearance 26 and arraignment, and may enter a plea during the arraignment. 27 However, if the defendant is represented by counsel at an initial 28 hearing in superior court in a felony case, and if the defendant does 29 not plead guilty or nolo contendere to any charge, the attorney 30 shall be present with the defendant or if the attorney is not present 31 with the defendant, the attorney shall be present in court during 32 the hearing. The defendant shall have the right to make his or her 33 plea while physically present in the courtroom if he or she so 34 requests. If the defendant decides not to exercise the right to be 35 physically present in the courtroom, he or she shall execute a 36 written waiver of that right. A judge may order a defendant's 37 personal appearance in court for the initial court appearance and 38 arraignment. In a misdemeanor case, a judge may, pursuant to this 39 subdivision, accept a plea of guilty or no contest from a defendant 40 who is not physically in the courtroom. In a felony case, a judge

1 may, pursuant to this subdivision, accept a plea of guilty or no
2 contest from a defendant who is not physically in the courtroom
3 if the parties stipulate thereto.

4 (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (c), if the defendant is 5 represented by counsel, the attorney shall be present with the 6 defendant in any county exceeding 4,000,000 persons in 7 population.

8 SEC. 8.5. Section 977 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

9 977. (a) (1) In all cases in which the accused is charged with

a misdemeanor only, he or she may appear by counsel only, except
as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3). If the accused agrees, the
initial court appearance, arraignment, and plea may be by video,

13 as provided by subdivision (c).

14 (2) If the accused is charged with a misdemeanor offense 15 involving domestic violence, as defined in Section 6211 of the 16 Family Code, or a misdemeanor violation of Section 273.6, the 17 accused shall be present for arraignment and sentencing, and at 18 any time during the proceedings when ordered by the court for the 19 purpose of being informed of the conditions of a protective order 20 issued pursuant to Section 136.2.

(3) If the accused is charged with a misdemeanor offense
 involving driving under the influence, in an appropriate case, the
 court may order a defendant to be present for arraignment, at the

time of plea, or at sentencing. For purposes of this paragraph, amisdemeanor offense involving driving under the influence shall

26 include a misdemeanor violation of any of the following:

27 (A) Paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) Subdivision (b) of Section
28 192 191.5.

(B) Section 23103 as specified in Section 23103.5 of the VehicleCode.

31 (C) Section 23152 of the Vehicle Code.

32 (D) Section 23153 of the Vehicle Code.

(b) (1) In all cases in which a felony is charged, the accused shall be present at the arraignment, at the time of plea, during the preliminary hearing, during those portions of the trial when evidence is taken before the trier of fact, and at the time of the imposition of sentence. The accused shall be personally present at all other proceedings unless he or she shall, with leave of court, execute in open court, a written waiver of his or her right to be

40 personally present, as provided by paragraph (2). If the accused

1 agrees, the initial court appearance, arraignment, and plea may be

2 by video, as provided by subdivision (c).

3 (2) The accused may execute a written waiver of his or her right 4 to be personally present, approved by his or her counsel, and the 5 waiver shall be filed with the court. However, the court may 6 specifically direct the defendant to be personally present at any 7 particular proceeding or portion thereof. The waiver shall be 8 substantially in the following form:

9 10

# "Waiver of Defendant's Defendant's Personal Presence"

11 12 "The undersigned defendant, having been advised of his or her 13 right to be present at all stages of the proceedings, including, but not limited to, presentation of and arguments on questions of fact 14 15 and law, and to be confronted by and cross-examine all witnesses, 16 hereby waives the right to be present at the hearing of any motion 17 or other proceeding in this cause. The undersigned defendant 18 hereby requests the court to proceed during every absence of the 19 defendant that the court may permit pursuant to this waiver, and hereby agrees that his or her interest is represented at all times by 20 21 the presence of his or her attorney the same as if the defendant 22 were personally present in court, and further agrees that notice to 23 his or her attorney that his or her presence in court on a particular 24 day at a particular time is required is notice to the defendant of the 25 requirement of his or her appearance at that time and place."

26 (c) The court may permit the initial court appearance and arraignment in municipal or superior court of defendants held in 27 28 any state, county, or local facility within the county on felony or 29 misdemeanor charges, except for those defendants who were 30 indicted by a grand jury, to be conducted by two-way electronic 31 audiovideo communication between the defendant and the 32 courtroom in lieu of the physical presence of the defendant in the 33 courtroom. If the defendant is represented by counsel, the attorney 34 shall be present with the defendant at the initial court appearance 35 and arraignment, and may enter a plea during the arraignment. 36 However, if the defendant is represented by counsel at an-initial 37 hearing in superior court arraignment on an information in a felony 38 case, and if the defendant does not plead guilty or nolo contendere 39 to any charge, the attorney shall be present with the defendant or 40 if the attorney is not present with the defendant, the attorney shall

be present in court during the hearing. The defendant shall have the right to make his or her plea while physically present in the courtroom if he or she so requests. If the defendant decides not to exercise the right to be physically present in the courtroom, he or she shall execute a written waiver of that right. A judge may order a defendant's personal appearance in court for the initial court appearance and arraignment. In a misdemeanor case, a judge may,

8 pursuant to this subdivision, accept a plea of guilty or no contest

9 from a defendant who is not physically in the courtroom. In a 10 felony case, a judge may, pursuant to this subdivision, accept a

plea of guilty or no contest from a defendant who is not physically

12 in the courtroom if the parties stipulate thereto.

13 (d) Notwithstanding subdivision (c), if the defendant is 14 represented by counsel, the attorney shall be present with the 15 defendant in any county exceeding 4,000,000 persons in 16 population.

17 SEC. 9. Section 1192.8 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 18 1192.8. (a) For purposes of subdivision (c) of Section 1192.7, 19 "serious felony" also means any violation of Section 191.5, paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 192, paragraph 20 21 subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 192.5 of this code, or Section 22 2800.3, subdivision (b) of Section 23104, or Section 23153 of the 23 Vehicle Code, when any of these offenses involve the personal 24 infliction of great bodily injury on any person other than an 25 accomplice, or the personal use of a dangerous or deadly weapon, 26 within the meaning of paragraph (8) or (23) of subdivision (c) of 27 Section 1192.7.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature, in enacting subdivision
(a), to codify the court decisions of People v. Gonzales, 29 Cal.
App. 4th 1684, and People v. Bow, 13 Cal. App. 4th 1551, and to
clarify that the crimes specified in subdivision (a) have always
been, and continue to be, serious felonies within the meaning of
subdivision (c) of Section 1192.7.

SEC. 10. Section 3057 of the Penal Code is amended to read:
3057. (a) Confinement pursuant to a revocation of parole in
the absence of a new conviction and commitment to prison under
other provisions of law, shall not exceed 12 months, except as
provided in subdivision (c).

39 (b) Upon completion of confinement pursuant to parole40 revocation without a new commitment to prison, the inmate shall

1 be released on parole for a period which shall not extend beyond

2 that portion of the maximum statutory period of parole specified

3 by Section 3000 which was unexpired at the time of each

4 revocation.

5 (c) Notwithstanding the limitations in subdivision (a) and in

6 Section 3060.5 upon confinement pursuant to a parole revocation,

the parole authority may extend the confinement pursuant to parole
revocation for a maximum of an additional 12 months for
subsequent acts of misconduct committed by the parolee while

10 confined pursuant to that parole revocation. Upon a finding of

11 good cause to believe that a parolee has committed a subsequent 12 act of misconduct and utilizing procedures governing parole

revocation proceedings, the parole authority may extend the period

14 of confinement pursuant to parole revocation as follows: (1) not

15 more than 180 days for an act punishable as a felony, whether or

16 not prosecution is undertaken, (2) not more than 90 days for an

17 act punishable as a misdemeanor, whether or not prosecution is

18 undertaken, and (3) not more than 30 days for an act defined as a

serious disciplinary offense pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section2932.

(d) (1) Except for parolees specified in paragraph (2), any
revocation period imposed under subdivision (a) may be reduced
in the same manner and to the same extent as a term of
imprisonment may be reduced by worktime credits under Section
2933. Worktime credit must be earned and may be forfeited

26 pursuant to the provisions of Section 2932.

27 Worktime credit forfeited shall not be restored.

(2) The following parolees shall not be eligible for credit underthis subdivision:

30 (A) Parolees who are sentenced under Section 1168 with a31 maximum term of life imprisonment.

32 (B) Parolees who violated a condition of parole relating to
33 association with specified persons, entering prohibited areas,
34 attendance at parole outpatient clinics, or psychiatric attention.

35 (C) Parolees who were revoked for conduct described in, or that 36 could be prosecuted under any of the following sections, whether

37 or not prosecution is undertaken: Section 189, Section 191.5,

38 subdivision (a) of Section 192, subdivision (a) of Section 192.5,

39 Section 203, 207, 211, 215, 217.1, or 220, subdivision (b) of

40 Section 241, Section 244, paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a)

1 of Section 245, paragraph (2) or (6) of subdivision (a) of Section

2 261, paragraph (1) or (4) of subdivision (a) of Section 262, Section
3 264.1, subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 286, Section 288,

4 subdivision (c) or (d) of Section 288a, subdivision (a) of Section

5 289, 347, or 404, subdivision (a) of Section 451, Section 12020,

6 12021, 12022, 12022.5, 12022.53, 12022.7, 12022.8, 12025, or

7 12560, or Section 664 for any attempt to engage in conduct

8 described in or that could be prosecuted under any of the 9 above-mentioned sections.

10 (D) Parolees who were revoked for any reason if they had been 11 granted parole after conviction of any of the offenses specified in 12 subparagraph (C).

(E) Parolees who the parole authority finds at a revocation
hearing to be unsuitable for reduction of the period of confinement
because of the circumstances and gravity of the parole violation,

16 or because of prior criminal history.

SEC. 11. Section 101.10 of the Streets and Highways Code isamended to read:

19 101.10. (a) (1) The department shall design, construct, place, 20 and maintain, or cause to be designed, constructed, placed, and 21 maintained, along state highways, signs that read as follows: 22 "Please Don't Drink and Drive," followed by: "In Memory of 23 (victim's name)." These signs shall be placed upon the state 24 highways in accordance with this section, placement guidelines 25 adopted by the department, and any applicable federal limitations 26 or conditions on highway signage, including location and spacing. Signs may memorialize more than one victim. "Victim" for 27 28 purposes of this section means a person who was killed in a 29 vehicular accident, but does not include a party described in

30 paragraph (2) of subdivision (c).

31 (2) The department shall adopt program guidelines for the 32 application for and placement of signs authorized by this section,

33 including, but not limited to, the sign application and qualification

34 process, the procedure for the dedication of signs, and procedures

35 for the replacement or restoration of any signs that are damaged

36 or stolen.

37 (b) If the placement at the location of a vehicular accident is

38 safe and practical and the conditions of subdivisions (c) and (d) 39 are met the department shall place a sign described in subdivision

39 are met, the department shall place a sign described in subdivision

- 1 (a) in close proximity to the location where the vehicular accident 2 occurred.
- 3 (c) (1) A party to that accident was convicted of any of the 4 following:

5 (A) Murder of the second degree under Section 187, and the

6 violation was a direct result of driving a vehicle while in violation7 of Section 23152 or 23153 of the Vehicle Code.

8 (B) Gross vehicular manslaughter while intoxicated under
9 subdivision (a) of Section 191.5 of the Penal Code.

10 (C) Vehicular manslaughter under subdivision (b) of Section11 191.5 of the Penal Code.

(2) A party to that accident operated a vehicle involved in the
vehicular accident in violation of Section 23152 or 23153 of the
Vehicle Code, but died in the accident or was not prosecuted
because he or she is found mentally incompetent pursuant to

16 Section 1367 of the Penal Code.

17 (d) (1) Upon the request of an immediate family member of the deceased victim involved in an accident occurring on and after 18 19 January 1, 1991, and described in subdivision (b), the department 20 shall place a sign in accordance with this section. A person who 21 is not a member of the immediate family may also submit a request 22 to have a sign placed under this section if that person also submits the written consent of an immediate family member. The 23 department shall charge the requesting party a fee to cover the 24 25 department's cost in designing, constructing, placing, and maintaining that sign, and the department's costs in administering 26 this section. The sign shall be posted for seven years from the date 27 of initial placement, or until the date the department determines 28 29 that the condition of the sign has deteriorated to the point that it 30 is no longer serviceable, whichever date is first.

31 (2) "Immediate family" means spouse, child, stepchild, brother,
32 stepbrother, sister, stepsister, mother, stepmother, father, or
33 stepfather.

(3) If there is any opposition to the placement of the memorial
sign by a member of the immediate family, no sign shall be placed
pursuant to this section.

SEC. 12. Section 1803 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:
1803. (a) (1) The clerk of a court in which a person was
convicted of a violation of this code, was convicted of a violation
of subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of Section 655 of the

1 Harbors and Navigation Code pertaining to a mechanically 2 propelled vessel but not to manipulating any water skis, an 3 aquaplane, or similar device, was convicted of a violation of 4 Section 655.2, 655.6, 658, or 658.5 of the Harbors and Navigation 5 Code, or a violation of subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal 6 Code, was convicted of an offense involving use or possession of 7 controlled substances under Division 10 (commencing with Section 8 11000) of the Health and Safety Code, was convicted of a felony 9 offense when a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in subdivision 10 (b) of Section 15210, was involved in or incidental to the 11 commission of the offense, or was convicted of a violation of any 12 other statute relating to the safe operation of vehicles, shall prepare 13 within 10 days after conviction and immediately forward to the 14 department at its office at Sacramento an abstract of the record of 15 the court covering the case in which the person was so convicted. 16 If sentencing is not pronounced in conjunction with the conviction, 17 the abstract shall be forwarded to the department within 10 days 18 after sentencing and the abstract shall be certified by the person 19 so required to prepare it to be true and correct. 20 (2) For the purposes of this section, a forfeiture of bail shall be 21 equivalent to a conviction. 22 (b) The following violations are not required to be reported 23 under subdivision (a): 24 (1) Division 3.5 (commencing with Section 9840). 25 (2) Section 21113, with respect to parking violations. 26 (3) Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 22500) of Division 27 11, except Section 22526. 28 (4) Division 12 (commencing with Section 24000), except 29 Sections 24002, 24004, 24250, 24409, 24604, 24800, 25103, 30 26707, 27151, 27315, 27360, 27800, and 27801 and Chapter 3 31 (commencing with Section 26301). 32 (5) Division 15 (commencing with Section 35000), except 33 Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 35550). 34 (6) Violations for which a person was cited as a pedestrian or 35 while operating a bicycle or a motorized scooter. 36 (7) Division 16.5 (commencing with Section 38000), except 37 Section 38301.3. 38 (8) Subdivision (b) of Section 23221, subdivision (b) of Section 39 23223, subdivision (b) of Section 23225, and subdivision (b) of 40 Section 23226.

1 (c) If the court impounds a license, or orders a person to limit 2 his or her driving pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 40508. 3 the court shall notify the department concerning the impoundment 4 or limitation on an abstract prepared pursuant to subdivision (a) 5 of this section or on a separate abstract, that shall be prepared within 10 days after the impoundment or limitation was ordered 6 7 and immediately forwarded to the department at its office in 8 Sacramento. 9 (d) If the court determines that a prior judgment of conviction of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 is valid or is invalid on 10

constitutional grounds pursuant to Section 41403, the clerk of the court in which the determination is made shall prepare an abstract of that determination and forward it to the department in the same

14 manner as an abstract of record pursuant to subdivision (a).

(e) Within 10 days of an order terminating or revoking probation
under Section 23602, the clerk of the court in which the order
terminating or revoking probation was entered shall prepare and

18 immediately forward to the department at its office in Sacramento

an abstract of the record of the court order terminating or revoking

20 probation and any other order of the court to the department 21 required by law.

22 SEC. 12.5. Section 1803 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 23 read:

1803. (a) (1) The clerk of a court in which a person was 24 25 convicted of any a violation of this code, was convicted of any a 26 violation of subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of Section 655 27 of the Harbors and Navigation Code pertaining to a mechanically 28 propelled vessel but not to manipulating any water skis, an 29 aquaplane, or similar device, was convicted of any a violation of 30 Section 655.2, 655.6, 658, or 658.5 of the Harbors and Navigation 31 Code, or any a violation of subdivision (a) of Section 191.5 192.5 32 of the Penal Code when the conviction resulted from the operation 33 of a vessel, was convicted of-any an offense involving use or 34 possession of controlled substances under Division 10 35 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health and Safety Code, was convicted of any a felony offense when a commercial motor 36 37 vehicle, as defined in subdivision (b) of Section 15210, was 38 involved in or incidental to the commission of the offense, or was convicted of  $\frac{1}{2}$  a violation of any other statute relating to the 39 40 safe operation of vehicles, shall prepare within 10 days after

1 conviction and immediately forward to the department at its office

2 at Sacramento an abstract of the record of the court covering the

3 case in which the person was so convicted. If sentencing is not

4 pronounced in conjunction with the conviction, the abstract shall

5 be forwarded to the department within 10 days after sentencing 6 and the abstract shall be certified by the person so required to

7 prepare it to be true and correct.

8 For

9 (2) For the purposes of this section, a forfeiture of bail shall be 10 equivalent to a conviction.

11 (b) The following violations are not required to be reported 12 under subdivision (a):

13 (1) Division 3.5 (commencing with Section 9840).

14 (2) Section 21113, with respect to parking violations.

(3) Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 22500) of Division11, except Section 22526.

17 (4) Division 12 (commencing with Section 24000), except

18 Sections 24002, 24004, 24250, 24409, 24604, 24800, 25103,

19 26707, 27151, 27315, 27360, 27800, and 27801 and Chapter 3

20 (commencing with Section 26301).

(5) Division 15 (commencing with Section 35000), exceptChapter 5 (commencing with Section 35550).

(6) Violations for which a person was cited as a pedestrian orwhile operating a bicycle or a motorized scooter.

(7) Division 16.5 (commencing with Section 38000), exceptSection 38301.3.

27 (8) Subdivision (b) of Section 23221, subdivision (b) of Section

28 23223, subdivision (b) of Section 23225, and subdivision (b) of29 Section 23226.

30 (c) If the court impounds a license, or orders a person to limit 31 his or her driving pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 40508.

his or her driving pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 40508,the court shall notify the department concerning the impoundment

32 or limitation on an abstract prepared pursuant to subdivision (a)

34 of this section or on a separate abstract, which that shall be

35 prepared within 10 days after the impoundment or limitation was

36 ordered and immediately forwarded to the department at its office

37 in Sacramento.

38 (d) If the court determines that a prior judgment of conviction

39 of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 is valid or is invalid on

40 constitutional grounds pursuant to Section 41403, the clerk of the

35

1 court in which the determination is made shall prepare an abstract

2 of that determination and forward it to the department in the same3 manner as an abstract of record pursuant to subdivision (a).

4 (e) Within 10 days of an order terminating or revoking probation

5 under Section 23602, the clerk of the court in which the order 6 terminating or revoking probation was entered shall prepare and 7 immediately forward to the department at its office in Sacramento 8 an abstract of the record of the court order terminating or revoking 9 probation and any other order of the court to the department

10 required by law.

(f) This section shall remain in effect only until October 1, 2008,
and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that
is enacted before October 1, 2008, deletes or extends that date.

14 SEC. 13. Section 1808 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read: 1808. (a) Except where a specific provision of law prohibits 15 the disclosure of records or information or provides for 16 17 confidentiality, all records of the department relating to the 18 registration of vehicles, other information contained on an 19 application for a driver's license, abstracts of convictions, and abstracts of accident reports required to be sent to the department 20 21 in Sacramento, except for abstracts of accidents where, in the 22 opinion of a reporting officer, another individual was at fault, shall 23 be open to public inspection during office hours. All abstracts of accident reports shall be available to law enforcement agencies 24 25 and courts of competent jurisdiction.

(b) The department shall make available or disclose abstracts
of convictions and abstracts of accident reports required to be sent
to the department in Sacramento, as described in subdivision (a),
if the date of the occurrence is not later than the following:

30 (1) Ten years for a violation pursuant to Section 23140, 23152, 31 or 23153.

32 (2) Seven years for a violation designated as two points pursuant
33 to Section 12810, except as provided in paragraph (1) of this
34 subdivision.

(3) Three years for accidents and all other violations.

(c) The department shall make available or disclose suspensions
and revocations of the driving privilege while the suspension or
revocation is in effect and for three years following termination
of the action or reinstatement of the privilege, except that driver's
license suspension actions taken pursuant to Sections 13202.6 and

1 13202.7, or Section 256 or 11350.6 of the Welfare and Institutions

2 Code shall be disclosed only during the actual time period in which3 the suspension is in effect.

- 4 (d) The department shall not make available or disclose a 5 suspension or revocation that has been judicially set aside or stayed.
- 6 (e) The department shall not make available or disclose personal
- 7 information about a person unless the disclosure is in compliance
- 8 with the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 (18 U.S.C. Sec.
- 9 2721 et seq.). However, a disclosure is subject to the prohibition
- 10 in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 12800.5.
- (f) The department shall make available or disclose to the courtsand law enforcement agencies a conviction of Section 23103, as
- 13 specified in Section 23103.5, or a conviction of Section 23140,
- 14 23152, or 23153, or Section 655 of the Harbors and Navigation
- 15 Code, or paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 192 of the
- 16 Penal Code for a period of 10 years from the date of the offense
- 17 for the purpose of imposing penalties mandated by this code, or
- 18 by other applicable provisions of California law.
- 19 (g) The department shall make available or disclose to the courts
- 20 and law enforcement agencies a conviction of Section 191.5, or
- 21 subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, punished as a
- felony, for the purpose of imposing penalties mandated by Section23550.5, or by other applicable provisions of California law.
- SEC. 14. Section 11110 of the Vehicle Code is amended to read:
- 11110. (a) The department, after notice and hearing, may
  suspend or revoke a license issued under this chapter if any of the
  following occurs:
- (1) The department finds and determines that the licensee failsto meet the requirements to receive or hold a license under thischapter.
- 32 (2) The licensee fails to keep the records required by this 33 chapter.
- 34 (3) The licensee (A) permits fraud or engages in fraudulent
  35 practices either with reference to an applicant for a driver's license
  36 or an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate or *from* the department,
- 37 or (B) induces or countenances fraud or fraudulent practices on38 the part of an applicant.
- 39 (4) The licensee fails to comply with this chapter or regulation40 or requirement of the department adopted pursuant thereto.
  - 95

1 (5) The licensee represents himself or herself as an agent or 2 employee of the department or uses advertising designed to create 3 the impression, or that would reasonably have the effect of leading 4 persons to believe, that the licensee is in fact an employee or 5 representative of the department; or the licensee makes an 6 advertisement, in any manner or by any means, that is untrue or 7 misleading and that is known, or that by the exercise of reasonable 8 care should be known, to be untrue or misleading.

9 (6) The licensee, or an employee or agent of the licensee, solicits 10 driver training or instruction or all-terrain vehicle safety instruction 11 in, or within 200 feet of, an office of the department.

(7) The licensee is convicted of violating Section 14606, 20001,
20002, 20003, 20004, 20006, 20008, 23103, 23104, 23152, or
23153 of this code or subdivision (b) of Section 191.5 or
subdivision (c) of Section 192 of the Penal Code. A conviction,
after a plea of nolo contendere, is a conviction within the meaning
of this paragraph.

(8) The licensee teaches, or permits a student to be taught, thespecific tests administered by the department through use of thedepartment's forms or testing facilities.

(9) The licensee conducts training, or permits training by an
employee, in an unsafe manner or contrary to safe driving practices.
(10) The licensed school owner or licensed driving school
operator teaches, or permits an employee to teach, driving
instruction or all-terrain vehicle safety instruction without a valid

## 26 instructor's license.

(11) The licensed school owner does not have in effect a bondas required by Section 11102.

(12) The licensee permits the use of the license by any other person for the purpose of permitting that person to engage in the ownership or operation of a school or in the giving of driving instruction or all-terrain vehicle safety instruction for compensation.

(13) The licensee holds a secondary teaching credential and explicitly or implicitly recruits or attempts to recruit a pupil who is enrolled in a junior or senior high school to be a customer for a business licensed pursuant to this article that is owned by the

38 licensee or for which the licensee is an employee.

39 (b) In the interest of the public's safety, as determined by the 40 department, the department may immediately suspend the license

1 of a licensee for any an alleged violation under this chapter and

2 shall conduct a hearing of the alleged violation within 30 days of3 the suspension.

4 SEC. 14.5. Section 11110 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 5 read:

6 11110. (a) The department, after notice and hearing, may 7 suspend or revoke any *a* license issued under this chapter if any 8 of the following-occur occurs:

9 (1) The department finds and determines that the licensee fails 10 to meet the requirements to receive or hold a license under this 11 chapter.

12 (2) The licensee fails to keep the records required by this 13 chapter.

(3) The licensee (A) permits fraud or engages in fraudulent
practices either with reference to an applicant for a driver's license
or an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate-or *from* the department,
or (B) induces or countenances fraud or fraudulent practices on
the part of-any *an* applicant.

19 (4) The licensee fails to comply with this chapter or regulation 20 or requirement of the department adopted pursuant thereto.

(5) The licensee represents himself or herself as an agent or employee of the department or uses advertising designed to create the impression, or that would reasonably have the effect of leading persons to believe, that the licensee is in fact an employee or representative of the department; or the licensee makes an advertisement, in any manner or by any means, which that is untrue or misleading and that is known, or which that by the exercise of

28 reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or misleading.

(6) The licensee, or any an employee or agent of the licensee,
solicits driver training or instruction or all-terrain vehicle safety
instruction in, or within 200 feet of, an office of the department.

32 (7) The licensee is convicted of violating Section 14606, 20001,

33 20002, 20003, 20004, 20006, 20008, 23103, 23104, *23105*, 23152,

34 or 23153 of this code or subdivision (b) of Section 191.5 or

*subdivision* (c) of Section 192 of the Penal Code. A conviction,after a plea of nolo contendere, is a conviction within the meaning

37 of this paragraph.

38 (8) The licensee teaches, or permits a student to be taught, the

39 specific tests administered by the department through use of the

40 department's forms or testing facilities.

1 (9) The licensee conducts training, or permits training by-any 2 *an* employee, in an unsafe manner or contrary to safe driving 3 practices.

4 (10) The licensed school owner or licensed driving school 5 operator teaches, or permits an employee to teach, driving 6 instruction or all-terrain vehicle safety instruction without a valid 7 instructor's license.

8 (11) The licensed school owner does not have in effect a bond 9 as required by Section 11102.

10 (12) The licensee permits the use of the license by any other 11 person for the purpose of permitting that person to engage in the 12 ownership or operation of a school or in the giving of driving 13 instruction or all-terrain vehicle safety instruction for 14 compensation.

15 (13) The licensee holds a secondary teaching credential and 16 explicitly or implicitly recruits or attempts to recruit a pupil who 17 is enrolled in a junior or senior high school to be a customer for 18 any *a* business licensed pursuant to this article that is owned by 19 the licensee or for which the licensee is an employee.

20 (b) In the interest of the public's safety, as determined by the

21 department, the department may immediately suspend the license

22 of any *a* licensee for any *an* alleged violation under this chapter

and shall conduct a hearing of the alleged violation within 30 daysof the suspension.

25 SEC. 15. Section 11215 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 26 read:

11215. The department, after notice and hearing, may suspend
or revoke a license issued under this chapter if any of the following
circumstances exist:

30 (a) The department finds and determines that the licensee ceases31 to meet any requirement to obtain a license under this chapter.

(b) The holder fails to comply with, or otherwise violates, a
provision of this chapter or a regulation or requirement of the
department adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(c) The licensee engages in fraudulent practices with respect to
its activities licensed under this chapter or induces or fails to
promptly report to the department any known fraud or fraudulent
practices on the part of an employee of the traffic violator school.
(d) The licensee represents himself or herself as an agent or

40 employee of the department or uses advertising designed to create

1 the impression, or that would reasonably have the effect of leading

2 persons to believe that the licensee was in fact an employee or

3 representative of the department, or whenever the licensee

4 advertises, in any manner or means, a statement that is untrue or

5 misleading and that is known, or that by the exercise of reasonable

6 care should be known, to be untrue or misleading.

7 (e) The licensee or-a *an* employee or agent of the licensee 8 collects fees for or preregisters a person in traffic violator school 9 or solicits traffic violator school instruction in an office of the

10 department or in a court or within 500 feet of a court.

11 (f) The licensee is convicted of violating Section 20001, 20002,

12 20003, 20004, 20006, 20008, 23103, 23104, 23152, or 23153 of 13 this code or subdivision (b) of Section 191.5 or Section 192 of the

Penal Code. A conviction after a plea of nolo contendere is a

15 conviction within the meaning of this section.

16 (g) The traffic violator school owner teaches, or permits an 17 employee to teach, traffic safety instruction without a valid 18 instructor's license.

(h) The traffic violator school owner does not have in effect a
bond as provided in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section
11202 or a deposit in lieu of the bond, as specified in Section
11203.

23 SEC. 15.5. Section 11215 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 24 read:

25 11215. The department, after notice and hearing, may suspend 26 or revoke any a license issued under this chapter if any of the 27 following circumstances exist:

(a) The department finds and determines that the licensee ceasesto meet any requirement to obtain a license under this chapter.

30 (b) The holder fails to comply with, or otherwise violates, any 31 *a* provision of this chapter or any *a* regulation or requirement of

the department adopted pursuant to this chapter.

33 (c) The licensee engages in fraudulent practices with respect to

34 its activities licensed under this chapter or induces or fails to

35 promptly report to the department any known fraud or fraudulent

36 practices on the part of *any an* employee of the traffic violator 37 school.

38 (d) The licensee represents himself or herself as an agent or

39 employee of the department or uses advertising designed to create

40 the impression, or which that would reasonably have the effect of

1 leading persons to believe that the licensee was in fact an employee

2 or representative of the department, or whenever the licensee

3 advertises, in any manner or means-any, *a* statement which *that* is

4 untrue or misleading and which that is known, or which that by

5 the exercise of reasonable care should be known, to be untrue or6 misleading.

7 (e) The licensee or any *an* employee or agent of the licensee 8 collects fees for or preregisters any *a* person in traffic violator 9 school or solicits traffic violator school instruction in an office of 10 the department or in any *a* court or within 500 feet of any *a* court.

11 (f) The licensee is convicted of violating Section 20001, 20002,

12 20003, 20004, 20006, 20008, 23103, 23104, 23105, 23152, or

13 23153 of this code or subdivision (b) of Section 191.5 or Section

14 192 of the Penal Code. A conviction after a plea of nolo contendere

15 is a conviction within the meaning of this section.

(g) The traffic violator school owner teaches, or permits an
employee to teach, traffic safety instruction without a valid
instructor's license.

(h) The traffic violator school owner does not have in effect abond as provided in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section

21 11202 or a deposit in lieu of the bond, as specified in Section22 11203.

23 SEC. 16. Section 12810 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 24 read:

12810. In determining the violation point count, the followingshall apply:

(a) A conviction of failure to stop in the event of an accident in
violation of Section 20001 or 20002 shall be given a value of two
points.

30 (b) A conviction of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 shall
31 be given a value of two points.

32 (c) A conviction of reckless driving shall be given a value of 33 two points.

34 (d) (1) A conviction of a violation of subdivision (b) of Section

35 191.5 or subdivision (c) of Section 192 of the Penal Code, or of

36 Section 2800.2 or 2800.3, subdivision (b) of Section 21651,

37 subdivision (b) of Section 22348, subdivision (a) or (c) of Section

38 23109, or Section 31602 of this code, shall be given a value of two

39 points.

1 (2) A conviction of a violation of subdivision (a) or (b) of 2 Section 23140 shall be given a value of two points.

3 (e) A conviction of a violation of Section 14601, 14601.1,

4 14601.2, 14601.3, or 14601.5 shall be given a value of two points.
5 (f) Except as provided in subdivision (i), any other traffic
6 conviction involving the safe operation of a motor vehicle upon

7 the highway shall be given a value of one point.

8 (g) A traffic accident in which the operator is deemed by the 9 department to be responsible shall be given a value of one point.

(h) A conviction of a violation of Section 27360 or 27360.5shall be given a value of one point.

(i) (1) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (5) of subdivision
(b) of Section 40001 shall not result in a violation point count
being given to the driver if the driver is not the owner of the
vehicle.

16 (2) A conviction of a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) of 17 subdivision (b) of Section 12814.6, subdivision (a) of Section 18 21116, Section 21207.5, 21708, 21710, 21716, 23120, 24800, or

19 26707 shall not be given a violation point count.

20 (3) A violation of subdivision (d) of Section 21712 shall not 21 result in a violation point count.

(4) A violation of Section 23136 shall not result in a violationpoint count.

(5) A violation of Section 38301.3 shall not result in a violationpoint count.

(j) A conviction for only one violation arising from one occasion
of arrest or citation shall be counted in determining the violation
point count for the purposes of this section.

29 SEC. 16.5. Section 12810 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 30 read:

31 12810. In determining the violation point count, the following32 shall apply:

(a) A conviction of failure to stop in the event of an accident in
violation of Section 20001 or 20002 shall be given a value of two
points.

36 (b) A conviction of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 shall
37 be given a value of two points.

38 (c) A conviction of reckless driving shall be given a value of39 two points.

1 (d) (1) A conviction of a violation of subdivision (b) of Section

2 191.5 or subdivision (c) of Section 192 of the Penal Code, or of

3 Section 2800.2 or 2800.3, subdivision (b) of Section 21651,

4 subdivision (b) of Section 22348, subdivision (a) or (c) of Section

5 23109, Section 23109.1, or Section 31602 of this code, shall be

6 given a value of two points.

7 (2) A conviction of a violation of subdivision (a) or (b) of 8 Section 23140 shall be given a value of two points.

9 (e) A conviction of a violation of Section 14601, 14601.1,

10 14601.2, 14601.3, or 14601.5 shall be given a value of two points.

(f) Except as provided in subdivision (i), any other trafficconviction involving the safe operation of a motor vehicle uponthe highway shall be given a value of one point.

14 (g) A traffic accident in which the operator is deemed by the 15 department to be responsible shall be given a value of one point.

(h) A conviction of a violation of Section 27360 or 27360.5shall be given a value of one point.

(i) (1) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (5) of subdivision
(b) of Section 40001 shall not result in a violation point count
being given to the driver if the driver is not the owner of the
vehicle.

(2) A conviction of a violation of paragraph (1) or (2) of
subdivision (b) of Section 12814.6, subdivision (a) of Section
24 21116, Section 21207.5, 21708, 21710, 21716, 23120, 24800, or

25 26707 shall not be given a violation point count.

26 (3) A violation of subdivision (d) of Section 21712 shall not27 result in a violation point count.

(4) A violation of Section 23136 shall not result in a violationpoint count.

30 (5) A violation of Section 38301.3 shall not result in a violation31 point count.

32 (j) A conviction for only one violation arising from one occasion

of arrest or citation shall be counted in determining the violationpoint count for the purposes of this section.

35 SEC. 17. Section 13202.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 36 read:

37 13202.5. (a) For each conviction of a person for an offense

38 specified in subdivision (d), committed while the person was under39 the age of 21 years, but 13 years of age or older, the court shall

40 suspend the person's driving privilege for one year. If the person

1 convicted does not yet have the privilege to drive, the court shall 2 order the department to delay issuing the privilege to drive for one 3 year subsequent to the time the person becomes legally eligible to 4 drive. However, if there is no further conviction for an offense 5 specified in subdivision (d) in a 12-month period after the 6 conviction, the court, upon petition of the person affected, may 7 modify the order imposing the delay of the privilege. For each 8 successive offense, the court shall suspend the person's driving 9 privilege for those possessing a license or delay the eligibility for 10 those not in possession of a license at the time of their conviction 11 for one additional year.

12 As used in this section, the term "conviction" includes the 13 findings in juvenile proceedings specified in Section 13105.

14 (b) Whenever the court suspends driving privileges pursuant to 15 subdivision (a), the court in which the conviction is had shall 16 require all driver's licenses held by the person to be surrendered 17 to the court. The court shall within 10 days following the conviction 18 transmit *a* certified abstract of the conviction, together with any 19 driver's licenses surrendered, to the department.

(c) (1) After a court has issued an order suspending or delaying
driving privileges pursuant to subdivision (a), the court, upon
petition of the person affected, may review the order and may
impose restrictions on the person's privilege to drive based upon
a showing of a critical need to drive.

(2) As used in this section, "critical need to drive" means the
circumstances that are required to be shown for the issuance of a
junior permit pursuant to Section 12513.

(3) The restriction shall remain in effect for the balance of the
period of suspension or restriction in this section. The court shall
notify the department of any modification within 10 days of the
order of modification.

32 (d) This section applies to violations involving controlled 33 substances or alcohol contained in the following provisions:

34 (1) Article 7 (commencing with Section 4110) of Chapter 9 of

Division 2 of, and Sections 25658, 25658.5, 25661, and 25662 of,
the Business and Professions Code.

37 (2) Division 10 (commencing with Section 11000) of the Health38 and Safety Code.

39 (3) Section 191.5, subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 192.5, and40 subdivision (f) of Section 647 of the Penal Code.

1 (4) Section 23103 when subject to Section 23103.5, Section

2 23140, and Article 2 (commencing with Section 23152) of Chapter 3 12 of Division 11 of this code.

4 (e) Suspension, restriction, or delay of driving privileges 5 pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any penalty imposed upon conviction of a violation specified in subdivision (d). 6

7 SEC. 18. Section 13350 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 8 read:

9 13350. (a) The department immediately shall revoke the 10 privilege of a person to drive a motor vehicle upon receipt of a duly certified abstract of the record of a court showing that the 11 12 person has been convicted of any of the following crimes or 13 offenses:

14 (1) Failure of the driver of a vehicle involved in an accident 15 resulting in injury or death to a person to stop or otherwise comply with Section 20001. 16

17 (2) A felony in the commission of which a motor vehicle is 18 used, except as provided in Section 13351, 13352, or 13357.

19 (3) Reckless driving causing bodily injury.

20 (b) If a person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 21 punishable under Section 23546, 23550, or 23550.5, or a violation 22 of Section 23153 punishable under Section 23550.5 or 23566, 23 including a violation of subdivision (b) of Section 191.5 of the Penal Code as provided in Section 193.7 of that code, the court 24 25 shall, at the time of surrender of the driver's license or temporary 26 permit, require the defendant to sign an affidavit in a form provided 27 by the department acknowledging his or her understanding of the 28 revocation required by paragraph (5), (6), or (7) of subdivision (a)29 of Section 13352, and an acknowledgment of his or her designation 30 as a habitual traffic offender. A copy of this affidavit shall be 31 transmitted, with the license or temporary permit, to the department 32 within the prescribed 10 days.

33 (c) The department shall not reinstate the privilege revoked 34 under subdivision (a) until the expiration of one year after the date 35

of revocation and until the person whose privilege was revoked gives proof of financial responsibility as defined in Section 16430. 36

37 SEC. 19. Section 13350.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 38 read:

39 13350.5. Notwithstanding Section 13350, for the purposes of 40 this article, conviction of a violation of subdivision (b) of Section

1 191.5 of the Penal Code is a conviction of a violation of Section
 2 23153.

3 SEC. 20. Section 13351 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 4 read:

5 13351. (a) The department immediately shall revoke the 6 privilege of a person to drive a motor vehicle upon receipt of a 7 duly certified abstract of the record of a court showing that the 8 person has been convicted of any of the following crimes or 9 offenses:

(1) Manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle,
except when convicted under paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of
Section 192 of the Penal Code.

(2) Conviction of three or more violations of Section 20001,
20002, 23103, or 23104 within a period of 12 months from the
time of the first offense to the third or subsequent offense, or a
combination of three or more convictions of violations within the
same period.

18 (3) Violation of subdivision (a) of Section 191.5 or subdivision 19 (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code or of Section 2800.3 causing 20 serious bodily injury resulting in a serious impairment of physical 21 condition, including, but not limited to, loss of consciousness, 22 concussion, serious bone fracture, protracted loss or impairment 23 of function of a bodily member or organ, and serious disfigurement. 24 (b) The department shall not reinstate the privilege revoked 25 under subdivision (a) until the expiration of three years after the 26 date of revocation and until the person whose privilege was revoked 27 gives proof of financial responsibility, as defined in Section 16430. 28 SEC. 20.5. Section 13351 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 29 read:

13351. (a) The department immediately shall revoke the
privilege of any *a* person to drive a motor vehicle upon receipt of
a duly certified abstract of the record of any *a* court showing that
the person has been convicted of any of the following crimes or
offenses:
(1) Manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle,

except when convicted under paragraph (2) of subdivision (c) of
 Section 192 of the Penal Code.

38 (2) Conviction of three or more violations of Section 20001,

39 20002, 23103, or 23104 23104, or 23105 within a period of 12

40 months from the time of the first offense to the third or subsequent

offense, or a combination of three or more convictions of violations
 within the same period.

3 (3) Violation of *subdivision* (a) of Section 191.5 or *subdivision*4 (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code or of Section 2800.3 causing
5 serious bodily injury resulting in a serious impairment of physical
6 condition, including, but not limited to, loss of consciousness,
7 concussion, serious bone fracture, protracted loss or impairment
8 of function of any bodily member or organ, and serious

9 disfigurement.

10 (b) The department shall not reinstate the privilege revoked 11 under subdivision (a) until the expiration of three years after the

12 date of revocation and until the person whose privilege was revoked

13 gives proof of financial responsibility, as defined in Section 16430.

14 SEC. 21. Section 13352.6 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 15 read:

16 13352.6. (a) The department shall immediately suspend the 17 driving privilege of a person who is 18 years of age or older and is convicted of a violation of Section 23140, upon the receipt of a 18 19 duly certified abstract of the record of a court showing that conviction. The privilege may not be reinstated until the person 20 21 provides the department with proof of financial responsibility and 22 until proof satisfactory to the department, of successful completion 23 of a driving-under-the-influence program licensed under Section 11836 of the Health and Safety Code has been received in the 24 25 department's headquarters. That attendance shall be as follows: 26 (1) If, within 10 years of the current violation of Section 23140,

the person has not been convicted of a separate violation of Section 23140,
the person has not been convicted of a separate violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or of Section 23103, with a plea of guilty
under Section 23103.5, or of Section 655 of the Harbors and
Navigation Code, or of Section 191.5 of, or subdivision (a) of
Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, the person shall complete, at a
minimum, the education component of that licensed
driving-under-the-influence program.

(2) If the person does not meet the requirements of paragraph
(1), the person shall complete, at a minimum, the program
described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 11837 of
the Health and Safety Code.

(b) For the purposes of this section, enrollment, participation,
and completion of the program shall be subsequent to the date of
the current violation. Credit for enrollment, participation, or

completion may not be given for any program activities completed
 prior to the date of the current violation.

3 SEC. 22. Section 13353 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 4 read:

5 13353. (a) If a person refuses the officer's request to submit 6 to, or fails to complete, a chemical test or tests pursuant to Section 7 23612, upon receipt of the officer's sworn statement that the officer 8 had reasonable cause to believe the person had been driving a 9 motor vehicle in violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, and 10 that the person had refused to submit to, or did not complete, the 11 test or tests after being requested by the officer, the department

12 shall do one of the following:

13 (1) Suspend the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle14 for a period of one year.

15 (2) Revoke the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for 16 a period of two years if the refusal occurred within 10 years of 17 either (A) a separate violation of Section 23103 as specified in 18 Section 23103.5, or of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or of 19 Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal 20 Code, that resulted in a conviction, or (B) a suspension or 21 revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle 22 pursuant to this section or Section 13353.2 for an offense that 23 occurred on a separate occasion.

(3) Revoke the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle fora period of three years if the refusal occurred within 10 years ofany of the following:

(A) Two or more separate violations of Section 23103 as
specified in Section 23103.5, or of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153,
or of Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal
Code, or any combination thereof, that resulted in convictions.

(B) Two or more suspensions or revocations of the person's
 privilege to operate a motor vehicle pursuant to this section or

33 Section 13353.2 for offenses that occurred on separate occasions.
 34 (C) Any combination of two or more of those convictions or

35 administrative suspensions or revocations.

36 The officer's sworn statement shall be submitted pursuant to

37 Section 13380 on a form furnished or approved by the department.

38 The suspension or revocation shall not become effective until 30

39 days after the giving of written notice thereof, or until the end of

a stay of the suspension or revocation, as provided for in Section
 13558.

3 (D) For the purposes of this section, a conviction of an offense 4 in any state, territory, or possession of the United States, the

5 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the

6 Dominion of Canada that, if committed in this state, would be a

7 violation of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or

8 Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or Section 191.5 or subdivision

9 (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, is a conviction of that

10 particular section of the Vehicle Code or Penal Code.

(b) If a person on more than one occasion in separate incidents refuses the officer's request to submit to, or fails to complete, a chemical test or tests pursuant to Section 23612 while driving a motor vehicle, upon the receipt of the officer's sworn statement that the officer had reasonable cause to believe the person had been driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, the department shall disgualify the person from operating

a commercial motor vehicle for the rest of his or her lifetime.

19 (c) The notice of the order of suspension or revocation under this section shall be served on the person by a peace officer 20 21 pursuant to Section 23612. The notice of the order of suspension 22 or revocation shall be on a form provided by the department. If 23 the notice of the order of suspension or revocation has not been 24 served by the peace officer pursuant to Section 23612, the 25 department immediately shall notify the person in writing of the 26 action taken. The peace officer who serves the notice, or the 27 department, if applicable, also shall provide, if the officer or 28 department, as the case may be, determines that it is necessary to 29 do so, the person with the appropriate non-English notice developed 30 pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 14100.

(d) Upon the receipt of the officer's sworn statement, the
department shall review the record. For purposes of this section,
the scope of the administrative review shall cover all of the
following issues:

(1) Whether the peace officer had reasonable cause to believe
the person had been driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section
23140, 23152, or 23153.

38 (2) Whether the person was placed under arrest.

39 (3) Whether the person refused to submit to, or did not complete,

40 the test or tests after being requested by a peace officer.

(4) Whether, except for a person described in subdivision (a)
 of Section 23612 who is incapable of refusing, the person had been
 told that his or her driving privilege would be suspended or revoked
 if he or she refused to submit to, or did not complete, the test or
 tests.

6 (e) The person may request an administrative hearing pursuant
7 to Section 13558. Except as provided in subdivision (e) of Section

8 13558, the request for an administrative hearing does not stay the9 order of suspension or revocation.

10 (f) The suspension or revocation imposed under this section 11 shall run concurrently with any restriction, suspension, or 12 revocation imposed under Section 13352, 13352.4, or 13352.5 that 13 resulted from the same arrest.

14 SEC. 23. Section 13353.1 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 15 read:

16 13353.1. (a) If a person refuses an officer's request to submit 17 to, or fails to complete, a preliminary alcohol screening test 18 pursuant to Section 13388, upon the receipt of the officer's sworn 19 statement, submitted pursuant to Section 13380, that the officer 20 had reasonable cause to believe the person had been driving a 21 motor vehicle in violation of Section 23136, and that the person 22 had refused to submit to, or did not complete, the test after being 23 requested by the officer, the department shall do one of the 24 following:

(1) Suspend the person's privilege to operate a motor vehiclefor a period of one year.

(2) Revoke the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for
a period of two years if the refusal occurred within 10 years of
either of the following:

30 (A) A separate violation of subdivision (a) of Section 23136,

31 that resulted in a finding of a violation, or a separate violation, that

32 resulted in a conviction, of Section 23103, as specified in Section

33 23103.5, of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or of Section 191.5

34 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code.

35 (B) A suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to

36 operate a motor vehicle if that action was taken pursuant to this

37 section or Section 13353 or 13353.2 for an offense that occurred

38 on a separate occasion.

1 (3) Revoke the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for

2 a period of three years if the refusal occurred within 10 years of3 any of the following:

(A) Two or more separate violations of subdivision (a) of
Section 23136, that resulted in findings of violations, or two or
more separate violations, that resulted in convictions, of Section
23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, of Section 23140, 23152,
or 23153, or of Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5
of the Penal Code, or any combination thereof.

10 (B) Two or more suspensions or revocations of the person's 11 privilege to operate a motor vehicle if those actions were taken 12 pursuant to this section, or Section 13353 or 13353.2, for offenses 13 that occurred on separate occasions.

14 (C) Any combination of two or more of the convictions or 15 administrative suspensions or revocations described in 16 subparagraph (A) or (B).

17 (b) For the purposes of this section, a conviction of an offense 18 in any state, territory, or possession of the United States, the 19 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or Canada that, if committed in this state, would be a violation of 20 21 Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or Section 23140, 22 23152, or 23153, or Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 23 192.5 of the Penal Code, is a conviction of that particular section 24 of the Vehicle or Penal Code. 25 (c) The notice of the order of suspension or revocation under

26 this section shall be served on the person by the peace officer 27 pursuant to Section 13388 and shall not become effective until 30 28 days after the person is served with that notice. The notice of the 29 order of suspension or revocation shall be on a form provided by 30 the department. If the notice of the order of suspension or 31 revocation has not been served by the peace officer pursuant to 32 Section 13388, the department immediately shall notify the person in writing of the action taken. The peace officer who serves the 33 34 notice, or the department, if applicable, also shall provide, if the 35 officer or department, as the case may be, determines that it is 36 necessary to do so, the person with the appropriate non-English 37 notice developed pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 14100.

38 (d) Upon the receipt of the officer's sworn statement, the

39 department shall review the record. For the purposes of this section,

1 the scope of the administrative review shall cover all of the 2 following issues:

3 (1) Whether the peace officer had reasonable cause to believe
4 the person had been driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section
5 23136.

(2) Whether the person was lawfully detained.

6

7 (3) Whether the person refused to submit to, or did not complete,

8 the test after being requested to do so by a peace officer.

9 (e) The person may request an administrative hearing pursuant

10 to Section 13558. Except as provided in subdivision (e) of Section

11 13558, the request for an administrative hearing does not stay the12 order of suspension or revocation.

13 SEC. 23.5. Section 13353.1 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 14 read:

15 13353.1. (a) If a person refuses an officer's request to submit 16 to, or fails to complete, a preliminary alcohol screening test 17 pursuant to Section 13388, 13388 or 13389, upon the receipt of 18 the officer's sworn statement, submitted pursuant to Section 13380, 19 that the officer had reasonable cause to believe the person had 20 been driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section 23136, 23136 21 or 23154, and that the person had refused to submit to, or did not 22 complete, the test after being requested by the officer, the

23 department shall do one of the following:

(1) Suspend the person's privilege to operate a motor vehiclefor a period of one year.

26 (2) Revoke the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for27 a period of two years if the refusal occurred within 10 years of28 either of the following:

(A) A separate violation of subdivision (a) of Section 23136,that resulted in a finding of a violation, or a separate violation, that

31 resulted in a conviction, of Section 23103, as specified in Section

32 23103.5, of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, *or* of Section 191.5

33 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, or of

34 paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section 192 of that code.

35 (B) A suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to

36 operate a motor vehicle if that action was taken pursuant to this37 section or Section 13353 or 13353.2 for an offense that occurred

37 section of section 13555 of 1555.

38 on a separate occasion.

1 (3) Revoke the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for

2 a period of three years if the refusal occurred within 10 years of3 any of the following:

(A) Two or more separate violations of subdivision (a) of
Section 23136, that resulted in findings of violations, or two or
more separate violations, that resulted in convictions, of Section
23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, of Section 23140, 23152,
or 23153, or of Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5
of the Penal Code, or of paragraph (3) of subdivision (c) of Section
10 192 of that code, or any combination thereof.

(B) Two or more suspensions or revocations of the person'sprivilege to operate a motor vehicle if those actions were taken

pursuant to this section, or Section 13353 or 13353.2, for offensesthat occurred on separate occasions.

15 (C) Any combination of two or more of the convictions or 16 administrative suspensions or revocations described in 17 subparagraph (A) or (B).

(b) For the purposes of this section, a conviction of any an
offense in any state, territory, or possession of the United States,
the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or
Canada that, if committed in this state, would be a violation of

22 Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or Section 23140,

23 23152, or 23153, or Section 191.5 or paragraph (3) of subdivision

24 (c) of Section 192 subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal

25 Code, is a conviction of that particular section of the Vehicle or26 Penal Code.

27 (c) The notice of the order of suspension or revocation under 28 this section shall be served on the person by the peace officer 29 pursuant to Section 13388 and shall not become effective until 30 30 days after the person is served with that notice. The notice of the 31 order of suspension or revocation shall be on a form provided by 32 the department. If the notice of the order of suspension or revocation has not been served by the peace officer pursuant to 33 34 Section 13388, the department immediately shall notify the person in writing of the action taken. The peace officer who serves the 35 36 notice, or the department, if applicable, also shall provide, if the 37 officer or department, as the case may be, determines that it is 38 necessary to do so, the person with the appropriate non-English

39 notice developed pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 14100.

1 (d) Upon the receipt of the officer's sworn statement, the 2 department shall review the record. For the purposes of this section, 3 the scope of the administrative review shall cover all of the 4 following issues:

5 (1) Whether the peace officer had reasonable cause to believe 6 the person had been driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section

7 23136.

8 (2) Whether the person was lawfully detained.

9 (3) Whether the person refused to submit to, or did not complete, 10 the test after being requested to do so by a peace officer.

11 (e) The person may request an administrative hearing pursuant

to Section 13558. Except as provided in subdivision (e) of Section
13558, the request for an administrative hearing does not stay the
order of suspension or revocation.

15 SEC. 24. Section 13353.3 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 16 read:

13353.3. (a) An order of suspension of a person's privilege to
operate a motor vehicle pursuant to Section 13353.2 shall become
effective 30 days after the person is served with the notice pursuant
to Section 13382 or 13388, or subdivision (b) of Section 13353.2.

(b) The period of suspension of a person's privilege to operate
a motor vehicle under Section 13353.2 is as follows:

23 (1) If the person has not been convicted of a separate violation 24 of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, of Section 25 23140, 23152, or 23153, of Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of 26 Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, the person has not been 27 administratively determined to have refused chemical testing 28 pursuant to Section 13353 or 13353.1, or the person has not been 29 administratively determined to have been driving with an excessive 30 concentration of alcohol pursuant to Section 13353.2 on a separate 31 occasion, that offense or occurrence occurred within 10 years of 32 the occasion in question, the person's privilege to operate a motor 33 vehicle shall be suspended for four months.

(2) If the person has been convicted of one or more separate
violations of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5,
Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, Section 191.5 or subdivision (a)
of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, the person has been
administratively determined to have refused chemical testing
pursuant to Section 13353 or 13353.1, or the person has been
administratively determined to have been driving with an excessive

1 concentration of alcohol pursuant to Section 13353.2 on a separate

2 occasion, that offense or occasion occurred within 10 years of the

3 occasion in question, the person's privilege to operate a motor

4 vehicle shall be suspended for one year.

5 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a person has

6 been administratively determined to have been driving in violation

7 of Section 23136 or to have refused chemical testing pursuant to

8 Section 13353.1, the period of suspension shall not be for less than9 one year.

10 (c) If a person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended pursuant to Section 13353.2 and the person is convicted 11 of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153, including, but not limited 12 13 to, a violation described in Section 23620, arising out of the same 14 occurrence, both the suspension under Section 13353.2 and the 15 suspension or revocation under Section 13352 shall be imposed, except that the periods of suspension or revocation shall run 16 17 concurrently, and the total period of suspension or revocation shall 18 not exceed the longer of the two suspension or revocation periods. 19 (d) For the purposes of this section, a conviction of an offense

20 in any state, territory, or possession of the United States, the 21 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the

21 District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the 22 Dominion of Canada that, if committed in this state, would be a

violation of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or

24 Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or Section 191.5 or subdivision

25 (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, is a conviction of that

26 particular section of the Vehicle Code or Penal Code.

27 SEC. 25. Section 13353.7 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 28 read:

29 13353.7. (a) Subject to subdivision (c), if the person whose 30 driving privilege has been suspended under Section 13353.2 has 31 not been convicted of, or found to have committed, a separate 32 violation of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or 33 Section 23140, 23152, or 23153 of this code, or Section 191.5 or 34 subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, and if the 35 person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle has not been 36 suspended or revoked pursuant to Section 13353 or 13353.2 for 37 an offense that occurred on a separate occasion within 10 years of 38 the occasion in question and, if the person subsequently enrolls in 39 a driving-under-the-influence program licensed under Section 40 11836 of the Health and Safety Code, as described in subdivision

1 (b) of Section 23538, that person, if 21 years of age or older at the 2 time the offense occurred, may apply to the department for a 3 restricted driver's license limited to travel to and from the activities 4 required by the program and to and from and in the course of the 5 person's employment. After receiving proof of enrollment in the 6 program, and if the person has not been arrested subsequent to the 7 offense for which the person's driving privilege has been suspended 8 under Section 13353.2 for a violation of Section 23103, as specified 9 in Section 23103.5, or Section 23140, 23152, or 23153 of this 10 code, or Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the 11 Penal Code, and if the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle 12 has not been suspended or revoked pursuant to Section 13353 or 13 13353.2 for an offense that occurred on a separate occasion, 14 notwithstanding Section 13551, the department shall, after review 15 pursuant to Section 13557, suspend the person's privilege to 16 operate a motor vehicle for 30 days and then issue the person a 17 restricted driver's license under the following conditions:

(1) The program shall report any failure to participate in theprogram to the department and shall certify successful completionof the program to the department.

(2) The person was 21 years of age or older at the time theoffense occurred and gives proof of financial responsibility asdefined in Section 16430.

24 (3) The restriction shall be imposed for a period of five months.

(4) If a person who has been issued a restricted license under this section fails at any time to participate in the program, the department shall suspend the restricted license immediately. The department shall give notice of the suspension under this paragraph in the same manner as prescribed in subdivision (b) of Section 13353.2 for the period specified in Section 13353.3, that is effective upon receipt by the person.

(b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), and upon a conviction of
Section 23152 or 23153, the department shall suspend or revoke
the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle under Section
13352.

(c) If the holder of a commercial driver's license was operating
a commercial vehicle, as defined in Section 15210, at the time of
the violation that resulted in the suspension of that person's driving
privilege under Section 13353.2, the department shall, pursuant
to this section, if the person is otherwise eligible, issue the person

- 1 a class C driver's license restricted in the same manner and subject
- 2 to the same conditions as specified in subdivision (a), except that

3 the license may not allow travel to and from or in the course of

- 4 the person's employment.
- (d) This section does not apply to a person whose driving 5 privilege has been suspended or revoked pursuant to Section 13353 6
- 7 or 13353.2 for an offense that occurred on a separate occasion, or 8
- as a result of a conviction of a separate violation of Section 23103, 9
- as specified in Section 23103.5, or Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, when that violation occurred within 10 years of the offense in 10
- question. This subdivision shall be operative only so long as a 11
- one-year suspension of the driving privilege for a second or 12
- 13 subsequent occurrence or offense, with no restricted or hardship
- 14 licenses permitted, is required by Section 408 or 410 of Title 23
- 15 of the United States Code.
- SEC. 26. Section 13353.8 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 16 17 read:
- 18 (a) After the department has issued an order 13353.8. 19 suspending or delaying driving privileges as a result of a violation of subdivision (a) of Section 23136, the department, upon the 20 21 petition of the person affected, may review the order and may 22 impose restrictions on the person's privilege to drive based upon 23 a showing of a critical need to drive, if the department determines that, within 10 years of the current violation of Section 23136, the 24 25 person has not violated Section 23136 or been convicted of a 26 separate violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or of Section 23103, with a plea of guilty under Section 23103.5, or of Section 27 28 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, and 29 that the person's driving privilege has not been suspended or 30 revoked under Section 13353, 13353.1, or 13353.2 within that 31 10-year period. 32 (b) For purposes of this section, a conviction of an offense in a
- 33 state, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of
- 34 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the Dominion
- 35 of Canada that, if committed in this state, would be a violation of
- Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or Section 23140, 36 37
- 23152, 23153, or Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5
- 38 of the Penal Code, is a conviction of that particular section of the
- Vehicle Code or Penal Code. 39

1 (c) As used in this section, "critical need to drive" means the 2 circumstances that are required to be shown for the issuance of a 3 junior permit pursuant to Section 12513.

4 (d) The restriction shall be imposed not earlier than the 31st day
5 after the date the order of suspension became effective and shall
6 remain in effect for the balance of the period of suspension or
7 restriction in this section.

8 SEC. 27. Section 13954 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 9 read:

10 13954. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, 11 the department immediately shall suspend or revoke the driving 12 privilege of a person who the department has reasonable cause to 13 believe was in some manner involved in an accident while 14 operating a motor vehicle under the following circumstances at 15 the time of the accident: 16 (1) The person had 0.08 percent or more, by weight, of alcohol

16 (1) The person had 0.08 percent or more, by weight, of alcohol17 in his or her blood.

18 (2) He or she proximately caused the accident as a result of an 19 act prohibited, or the neglect of any duty imposed, by law.

(3) The accident occurred within five years of the date of aviolation of subdivision (b) of Section 191.5 of the Penal Codethat resulted in a conviction.

(b) If an accident described in subdivision (a) does not result in 23 a conviction or finding of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153, 24 25 the department shall suspend the driving privilege under this 26 section for one year from the date of commencement of the original 27 suspension. After the one-year suspension period, the driving 28 privilege may be reinstated if evidence establishes to the satisfaction of the department that no grounds exist that would 29 30 authorize the refusal to issue a license and that reinstatement of 31 the driving privilege would not jeopardize the safety of the person 32 or other persons upon the highways, and if the person gives proof 33 of financial responsibility, as defined in Section 16430.

(c) If an accident described in subdivision (a) does result in a
conviction or finding of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153,
the department shall revoke the driving privilege under this section
for three years from the date of commencement of the original
revocation. After the three-year revocation period, the driving
privilege may be reinstated if evidence establishes to the
satisfaction of the department that no grounds exist that would

1 authorize the refusal to issue a license and that reinstatement of

2 the driving privilege would not jeopardize the safety of the person

3 or other persons upon the highways, and if the person gives proof

4 of financial responsibility.

5 (d) Any revocation action under subdivision (c) shall be imposed 6 as follows:

(1) If the accident results in a first conviction of a violation of
Section 23152 or 23153, or if the person was convicted of a
separate violation of Section 23152 or 23153 that occurred within
five years of the accident, the period of revocation under
subdivision (c) shall be concurrent with any period of restriction,
suspension, or revocation imposed under Section 13352, 13352.4,
or 13352.5.

14 (2) If the person was convicted of two or more separate 15 violations of Section 23152 or 23153, or both, that occurred within 16 five years of the accident, the period of revocation under 17 subdivision (c) shall be cumulative and shall be imposed 18 consecutively with any period of restriction, suspension, or 19 revocation imposed under Section 13352 or 13352.5.

20 (e) The department immediately shall notify the person in 21 writing of the action taken and, upon the person's request in writing 22 and within 15 days from the date of receipt of that request, shall 23 grant the person an opportunity for a hearing in the same manner and under the same conditions as provided in Article 3 24 25 (commencing with Section 14100) of Chapter 3, except as 26 otherwise provided in this section. For purposes of this section, 27 the scope of the hearing shall cover the following issues:

(1) Whether the peace officer had reasonable cause to believe
the person had been driving a motor vehicle in violation of Section
23152 or 23153.

31 (2) Whether the person had been placed under lawful arrest.

32 (3) Whether a chemical test of the person's blood, breath, or
33 urine indicated that the blood-alcohol level was 0.08 percent or
34 more, by weight, at the time of testing.

more, by weight, at the time of testing.
If the department determines, upon a hearing of the matter, that
the person had not been placed under lawful arrest, or that a
chemical test of the person's blood, breath, or urine did not indicate
a blood-alcohol level of 0.08 percent or more, by weight, at the

39 time of testing, the suspension or revocation shall be terminated

40 immediately.

1 (f) This section applies if the accident occurred on or after 2 January 1, 1990, without regard for the dates of the violations 3 referred to in subdivisions (a) and (d).

4 (g) Notwithstanding subdivision (f), if a person's privilege to 5 operate a motor vehicle is required to be suspended or revoked 6 pursuant to this section as it read before January 1, 1990, as a result 7 of an accident that occurred before January 1, 1990, the privilege 8 shall be suspended or revoked pursuant to this section as it read 9 before January 1, 1990.

10 SEC. 28. Section 15300 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 11 read:

12 15300. (a) A driver of a commercial motor vehicle may not
13 operate a commercial motor vehicle for a period of one year if the
14 driver is convicted of a first violation of any of the following:

(1) Subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 23152 while operating
a motor vehicle.

17 (2) Subdivision (d) of Section 23152.

(3) Subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 23153 while operating amotor vehicle.

20 (4) Subdivision (d) of Section 23153.

(5) Leaving the scene of an accident involving a motor vehicleoperated by the driver.

(6) Using a motor vehicle to commit a felony, other than a felonydescribed in Section 15304.

(7) Driving a commercial motor vehicle when the driver's
commercial driver's license is revoked, suspended, or canceled
based on the driver's operation of a commercial motor vehicle or
when the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial motor
vehicle based on the driver's operation of a commercial motor
vehicle based on the driver's operation of a commercial motor
vehicle.

(8) Causing a fatality involving conduct defined pursuant to
Section 191.5 of the Penal Code or subdivision (c) of Section 192
of the Penal Code.

34 (9) While operating a motor vehicle, refuses to submit to, or35 fails to complete, a chemical test or tests in violation of Section36 23612.

37 (10) A violation of Section 2800.1, 2800.2, or 2800.3 that38 involves a commercial motor vehicle.

39 (b) If a violation listed in subdivision (a), or a violation listed

40 in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 13350 or Section

- 1 13352 or 13357, occurred while transporting a hazardous material,
- 2 the period specified in subdivision (a) shall be three years.
- 3 SEC. 29. Section 15302 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 4 read:
- 5 15302. A driver of a commercial motor vehicle may not operate 6 a commercial motor vehicle for the rest of his or her life if
- 7 convicted of more than one violation of any of the following:
- 8 (a) Subdivision (a), (b), or (c) of Section 23152 while operating 9 a motor vehicle.
- 10 (b) Subdivision (d) of Section 23152.
- 11 (c) Subdivision (a) or (b) of Section 23153 while operating a 12 motor vehicle.
- 13 (d) Subdivision (d) of Section 23153.
- (e) Leaving the scene of an accident involving a motor vehicleoperated by the driver.
- (f) Using a motor vehicle to commit a felony, other than a felonydescribed in Section 15304.
- (g) Driving a commercial motor vehicle when the driver'scommercial driver's license is revoked, suspended, or canceled
- 20 based on the driver's operation of a commercial motor vehicle or
- 21 when the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial motor 22 vehicle based on the driver's operation of a commercial motor
- 23 vehicle.
- (h) Causing a fatality involving conduct defined pursuant to
  Section 191.5 of the Penal Code or in subdivision (c) of Section
  192 of the Penal Code.
- (i) While operating a motor vehicle, refuses to submit to, orfails to complete, a chemical test or tests in violation of Section23612.
- 30 (j) A violation of Section 2800.1, 2800.2, or 2800.3 that involves31 a commercial motor vehicle.
- (k) Any combination of the above violations or a violation listed
  in paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 13350 or Section
  13352 or 13357 that occurred while transporting a hazardous
  material.
- 36 SEC. 30. Section 20001 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 37 read:
- 38 20001. (a) The driver of a vehicle involved in an accident
- 39 resulting in injury to a person, other than himself or herself, or in
- 40 the death of a person shall immediately stop the vehicle at the
  - 95

scene of the accident and shall fulfill the requirements of Sections
 20003 and 20004.

3 (b) (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a person who 4 violates subdivision (a) shall be punished by imprisonment in the 5 state prison, or in a county jail for not more than one year, or by 6 a fine of not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) nor more than 7 ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by both that imprisonment and 8 fine.

9 (2) If the accident described in subdivision (a) results in death 10 or permanent, serious injury, a person who violates subdivision 11 (a) shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for two, 12 three, or four years, or in a county jail for not less than 90 days 13 nor more than one year, or by a fine of not less than one thousand 14 dollars (\$1,000) nor more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or 15 by both that imprisonment and fine. However, the court, in the 16 interests of justice and for reasons stated in the record, may reduce 17 or eliminate the minimum imprisonment required by this paragraph. 18 (3) In imposing the minimum fine required by this subdivision, 19 the court shall take into consideration the defendant's ability to 20 pay the fine and, in the interests of justice and for reasons stated 21 in the record, may reduce the amount of that minimum fine to less

22 than the amount otherwise required by this subdivision.

23 (c) A person who flees the scene of the crime after committing 24 a violation of Section 191.5 of, or paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) 25 of Section 192 of the Penal Code, upon conviction of any of those 26 sections, in addition and consecutive to the punishment prescribed, 27 shall be punished by an additional term of imprisonment of five 28 years in the state prison. This additional term shall not be imposed 29 unless the allegation is charged in the accusatory pleading and 30 admitted by the defendant or found to be true by the trier of fact. 31 The court shall not strike a finding that brings a person within the 32 provisions of this subdivision or an allegation made pursuant to 33 this subdivision.

34 (d) As used in this section, "permanent, serious injury" means
35 the loss or permanent impairment of function of a bodily member
36 or organ.

37 SEC. 31. Section 22651.10 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 38 read:

39 22651.10. (a) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law,

40 when a peace officer, as defined in Chapter 4.5 (commencing with

1 Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2 of the Penal Code, arrests a person

for an alleged violation of Section 23152 or 23153, and the person
has one or more prior convictions within the past 10 years for a

3 has one or more prior convictions within the past 10 years for a 4 violation of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or of

4 violation of Section 23103, as specified in Section 23103.5, or of 5 Section 23140, 23152, or of Section 101.5 of or

5 Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or of Section 191.5 of, or 6 subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, the peace

7 officer may cause the removal and seizure of the motor vehicle

8 driven by that person in the commission of that offense in

9 accordance with this chapter.

10 (2) A motor vehicle seized under paragraph (1) may be 11 impounded for not more than 30 days.

12 (3) The seizure and impoundment of a motor vehicle under 13 paragraphs (1) and (2) shall be undertaken only if the county 14 participates in a program that combines that seizure and 15 impoundment with an intervention and a referral to a driving-under-the-influence program licensed under Section 11836 16 17 of the Health and Safety Code immediately upon the arrest or 18 arraignment of the person described in paragraph (1) or upon the 19 delivery of that person to a medical facility for treatment of any 20 injuries.

(b) (1) The intervention shall be performed by a certifiedalcohol and drug addiction counselor.

(2) The county participating in the program established under
this section shall pay for the cost of the intervention, and no part
of that cost shall be passed on to the defendant.

(c) The registered and legal owner of a vehicle that is removed
and seized under subdivision (a) or their agents shall be provided
the opportunity for a storage hearing to determine the validity of
the storage in accordance with Section 22852.

30 (d) (1) Notwithstanding this chapter or any other provision of

31 law, an impounding agency shall release a motor vehicle to the

32 registered owner or his or her agent prior to the conclusion of the

33 impoundment period described in subdivision (a) under any of the

34 following circumstances:

35 (A) If the motor vehicle is a stolen motor vehicle.

36 (B) If the driver was not the sole registered owner of the vehicle

and the impoundment of the vehicle would cause a hardship onthe other registered owner or his or her family.

39 (C) If the person alleged to have violated Section 23152 or 40 23153 was not authorized by the registered owner of the motor

vehicle to operate the motor vehicle at the time of the commission
 of the offense.

3 (D) If the registered owner of the motor vehicle was neither the

4 driver nor a passenger of the vehicle at the time of the alleged

5 violation of Section 23152 or 23153, or was unaware that the driver

6 was using the vehicle to engage in the unlawful activity described7 in Section 23152 or 23153.

8 (E) If the legal owner or registered owner of the motor vehicle 9 is a rental car agency.

10 (F) If, prior to the conclusion of the impoundment period, a 11 citation or notice is dismissed under Section 40500, criminal 12 charges are not filed by the district attorney because of a lack of 13 evidence, or the charges are otherwise dismissed by the court.

(2) A motor vehicle shall be released pursuant to this subdivision
only if the registered owner or his or her agent presents a currently
valid driver's license to operate the vehicle and proof of current
vehicle registration, or if ordered by a court.

(3) If, pursuant to subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1), a motor
vehicle is released prior to the conclusion of the impoundment
period, neither the person charged with a violation of Section 23152
or 23153 nor the registered owner of the motor vehicle is
responsible for towing and storage charges nor shall the motor
vehicle be sold to satisfy those charges.

(e) A motor vehicle seized and removed under subdivision (a)
shall be released to the legal owner of the vehicle, or the legal
owner's agent, on or before the 30th day of impoundment if all of
the following conditions are met:

(1) The legal owner is a motor vehicle dealer, bank, credit union,
acceptance corporation, or other licensed financial institution
legally operating in this state, or is another person, not the
registered owner, holding a security interest in the vehicle.

32 (2) The legal owner or the legal owner's agent pays all towing
33 and storage fees related to the impoundment of the vehicle. Lien
34 sale processing fees shall not be charged to a legal owner who
35 redeems the vehicle on or before the 15th day of impoundment.

36 (3) The legal owner or the legal owner's agent presents37 foreclosure documents or an affidavit of repossession for the38 vehicle.

1 (f) (1) The registered owner or his or her agent is responsible 2 for all towing and storage charges related to the impoundment, and any administrative charges authorized under Section 22850.5. 3 4 (2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), if the person is convicted 5 of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 and was not authorized by the registered owner of the motor vehicle to operate the motor 6 7 vehicle at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall 8 order the convicted person to reimburse the registered owner for 9 towing and storage charges related to the impoundment, and 10 administrative charges authorized under Section 22850.5 incurred 11 by the registered owner to obtain possession of the vehicle, unless 12 the court finds that the person convicted does not have the ability 13 to pay all or part of those charges. 14 (3) If the vehicle is a rental vehicle, the rental car agency may

require the person to whom the vehicle was rented to pay all towing and storage charges related to the impoundment and any administrative charges authorized under Section 22850.5 that were incurred by the rental car agency in connection with obtaining possession of the vehicle.

(4) The owner is not liable for towing and storage charges
related to the impoundment if acquittal or dismissal occurs. A
county implementing an impoundment program under this section
shall establish a process for the immediate return of all payments
made by the defendant relating to the impoundment upon the
acquittal of the defendant or dismissal of the case.

26 (5) The vehicle may not be sold prior to the defendant's27 conviction.

(6) (A) The impounding agency is responsible for the actual
costs incurred by the towing agency as a result of the impoundment
should the registered owner be absolved of liability for those

31 charges pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (d).

(B) Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), nothing shall prohibit
an impounding agency from making prior payment arrangements
to satisfy the requirement described in subparagraph (A).

(g) On or before January 1, 2009, the county shall report to the
Legislature regarding the effectiveness of the pilot program
authorized under this section in reducing the number of first-time
violations and repeat offenses of Section 23152 or 23153 in the

39 county.

(h) This section applies only to the County of Sacramento and
 only if the Board of Supervisors of Sacramento County enacts an
 ordinance or resolution authorizing the implementation of the pilot
 program in the county.

5 (i) This section shall be implemented only to the extent that 6 funds from private or federal sources are available to fund the 7 program.

8 (j) This section shall remain operative only until January 1, 9 2009.

10 (k) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2010,

and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, thatis enacted before January 1, 2010, deletes or extends that date.

13 SEC. 32. Section 23502 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 14 read:

15 23502. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a 16 person who is at least 18 years of age is convicted of a first 17 violation of Section 23140, in addition to any penalties, the court 18 shall order the person to attend a program licensed under Section 19 11836 of the Health and Safety Code, subject to a fee schedule 20 developed under paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section

21 11837.4 of the Health and Safety Code.

(b) The attendance in a licensed driving-under-the-influenceprogram required under subdivision (a) shall be as follows:

24 (1) If, within 10 years of the current violation of Section 23140,

25 the person has not been convicted of a separate violation of Section

23140, 23152, or 23153, or of Section 23103, with a plea of guilty
under Section 23103.5, or of Section 655 of the Harbors and
Navigation Code, or of Section 191.5 of, or subdivision (a) of
Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, the person shall complete, at a
minimum, the education component of that licensed

31 driving-under-the-influence program.

(2) If the person does not meet the requirements of paragraph
(1), the person shall complete, at a minimum, the program
described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of Section 11837 of
the Health and Safety Code.

36 (c) The person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle shall be
37 suspended by the department as required under Section 13352.6,
38 and the court shall require the person to surrender his or her driver's

39 license to the court in accordance with Section 13550.

1 (d) The court shall advise the person at the time of sentencing 2 that the driving privilege will not be restored until the person has 3 provided the department with proof satisfactory to the department 4 that the person has successfully completed the 5 driving-under-the-influence program required under this section. SEC. 33. Section 23550.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 6 7 read: 8 23550.5. (a) A person is guilty of a public offense, punishable 9 by imprisonment in the state prison or confinement in a county jail for not more than one year and by a fine of not less than three 10 11 hundred ninety dollars (\$390) nor more than one thousand dollars 12 (\$1,000) if that person is convicted of a violation of Section 23152 13 or 23153, and the offense occurred within 10 years of any of the 14 following: 15 (1) A prior violation of Section 23152 that was punished as a 16 felony under Section 23550 or this section, or both, or under former 17 Section 23175 or former Section 23175.5, or both. 18 (2) A prior violation of Section 23153 that was punished as a 19 felony. 20 (3) A prior violation of paragraph (1) of subdivision (c) of 21 Section 192 of the Penal Code that was punished as a felony. 22 (b) Each person who, having previously been convicted of a 23 violation of subdivision (a) of Section 191.5 of the Penal Code, a felony violation of subdivision (b) of Section 191.5, or a violation 24 25 of subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code, is 26 subsequently convicted of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153 27 is guilty of a public offense punishable by imprisonment in the 28 state prison or confinement in a county jail for not more than one 29 year and by a fine of not less than three hundred ninety dollars 30 (\$390) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). 31 (c) The privilege to operate a motor vehicle of a person 32 convicted of a violation that is punishable under subdivision (a) or (b) shall be revoked by the department under paragraph (7) of 33 34 subdivision (a) of Section 13352, unless paragraph (6) of 35 subdivision (a) of Section 13352 is also applicable, in which case 36 the privilege shall be revoked under that provision. The court shall 37 require the person to surrender the driver's license to the court in 38 accordance with Section 13550. 39 (d) A person convicted of a violation of Section 23152 or 23153

40 that is punishable under this section shall be designated as a

1 habitual traffic offender for a period of three years, subsequent to

2 the conviction. The person shall be advised of this designation3 under subdivision (b) of Section 13350.

4 SEC. 34. Section 23558 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 5 read:

6 23558. A person who proximately causes bodily injury or death 7 to more than one victim in any one instance of driving in violation 8 of Section 23153 of this code or in violation of Section 191.5 of, 9 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, shall, upon 10 a felony conviction, and notwithstanding subdivision (g) of Section 11 1170.1 of the Penal Code, receive an enhancement of one year in 12 the state prison for each additional injured victim. The enhanced 13 sentence provided for in this section shall not be imposed unless 14 the fact of the bodily injury to each additional victim is charged 15 in the accusatory pleading and admitted or found to be true by the 16 trier of fact. The maximum number of one year enhancements that 17 may be imposed pursuant to this section is three. 18 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the court may strike

the enhancements provided in this section if it determines that there are circumstances in mitigation of the additional punishment and states on the record its reasons for striking the additional punishment.

23 SEC. 35. Section 23592 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 24 read:

25 23592. (a) (1) Whenever a person is convicted of any of the 26 following offenses committed while driving a motor vehicle of 27 which he or she is the owner, the court, at the time sentence is 28 imposed on the person, may order the motor vehicle impounded 29 for a period of not more than six months for a first conviction, and 30 not more than 12 months for a second or subsequent conviction:

31 (A) Driving with a suspended or revoked driver's license.

(B) A violation of Section 2800.2 resulting in an accident or
Section 2800.3, if either violation occurred within seven years of
one or more separate convictions for a violation of any of the
following:

36 (i) Section 23103, if the vehicle involved in the violation was37 driven at a speed of 100 or more miles per hour.

38 (ii) Section 23152.

39 (iii) Section 23153.

- 1 (iv) Subdivision Subdivisions (a) and (b) of Section 191.5 of 2 the Penal Code
- 2 the Penal Code.
- 3 (v) Subdivision (c) of Section 192 of the Penal Code.
- 4 (vi) Subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code.
- 5 (2) The cost of keeping the vehicle is a lien on the vehicle
- 6 pursuant to Chapter 6.5 (commencing with Section 3067) of Title
- 7 14 of Part 4 of Division 3 of the Civil Code.
- 8 (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), a motor vehicle impounded
- 9 pursuant to this section that is subject to a chattel mortgage,
- 10 conditional sale contract, or lease contract shall be released by the
- 11 court to the legal owner upon the filing of an affidavit by the legal
- 12 owner that the chattel mortgage, conditional sale contract, or lease
- 13 contract is in default and shall be delivered to the legal owner upon
- 14 payment of the accrued cost of keeping the vehicle.
- 15 SEC. 36. Section 23596 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 16 read:
- 17 23596. (a) (1) Upon its own motion or upon motion of the 18 prosecutor in a criminal action for a violation of any of the 19 following offenses, the court with jurisdiction over the offense, notwithstanding Section 86 of the Code of Civil Procedure and 20 21 any other provision of law otherwise prescribing the jurisdiction 22 of the court based upon the value of the property involved, may 23 declare the motor vehicle driven by the defendant to be a nuisance 24 if the defendant is the registered owner of the vehicle:
- (A) A violation of Section 191.5 of, or subdivision (a) of Section192.5 of, the Penal Code.
- (B) A violation of Section 23152 that occurred within seven
  years of two or more separate offenses of Section 191.5 of, or
  subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, or Section
  23152 or 23153, or any combination thereof, that resulted in
  convictions.
- 32 (C) A violation of Section 23153 that occurred within seven
  33 years of one or more separate offenses of Section 191.5 of, or
  34 subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, or Section
  35 23152 or 23153, that resulted in convictions.
- 36 (2) The court or the prosecutor shall give notice of the motion
  37 to the defendant, and the court shall hold a hearing before a motor
  38 vehicle may be declared a nuisance under this section.
- 39 (b) Except as provided in subdivision (g), upon the conviction 40 of the defendant and at the time of pronouncement of sentence,
  - 95

1 the court with jurisdiction over the offense shall order a vehicle 2 declared to be a nuisance pursuant to subdivision (a) to be sold. A 3 vehicle ordered to be sold pursuant to this subdivision shall be 4 surrendered to the sheriff of the county or the chief of police of 5 the city in which the violation occurred. The officer to whom the 6 vehicle is surrendered shall promptly ascertain from the department 7 the names and addresses of all legal and registered owners of the 8 vehicle and, within five days of receiving that information, shall 9 send by certified mail a notice to all legal and registered owners 10 of the vehicle other than the defendant, at the addresses obtained 11 from the department, informing them that the vehicle has been 12 declared a nuisance and will be sold or otherwise disposed of 13 pursuant to this section and of the approximate date and location 14 of the sale or other disposition. The notice shall also inform a legal 15 owner of its right to conduct the sale pursuant to subdivision (c). 16 (c) The legal owner who is a motor vehicle dealer, bank, credit 17 union, acceptance corporation, or other licensed finance institution 18 legally operating in this state, or the agent of that legal owner, may 19 take possession and conduct the sale of the vehicle declared to be 20 a nuisance if it notifies the officer to whom the vehicle is 21 surrendered of its intent to conduct the sale within 15 days of the 22 mailing of the notice pursuant to subdivision (b). Sale of the vehicle 23 pursuant to this subdivision may be conducted at the time, in the 24 manner, and on the notice usually given for the sale of repossessed 25 or surrendered vehicles. The proceeds of a sale conducted by the 26 legal owner shall be disposed of as provided in subdivision (e). A 27 notice pursuant to this subdivision may be presented in person, by 28 certified mail, by facsimile transmission, or by electronic mail. 29 The agent of a legal owner acting pursuant to this subdivision shall 30 be licensed, or exempt from licensure, pursuant to Chapter 11 31 (commencing with Section 7500) of Division 3 of the Business

32 and Professions Code.

33 (d) If the legal owner or the agent of the legal owner does not 34 notify the officer to whom the vehicle is surrendered of its intent to conduct the sale as provided in subdivision (c), the officer shall 35 36 offer the vehicle for sale at public auction within 60 days of 37 receiving the vehicle. At least 10 days but not more than 20 days 38 prior to the sale, not counting the day of the sale, the officer shall 39 give notice of the sale by advertising once in a newspaper of 40 general circulation published in the city or county, as the case may

1 be, in which the vehicle is located, that notice shall contain a

2 description of the make, year, model, identification number, and3 license number of the vehicle and the date, time, and location of

4 the sale. For motorcycles, the engine number shall also be included.

5 If there is no newspaper of general circulation published in the

6 county, notice shall be given by posting a notice of sale containing

7 the information required by this subdivision in three of the most

8 public places in the city or county in which the vehicle is located,

9 and at the place where the vehicle is to be sold, for 10 consecutive

10 days prior to and including the day of the sale.

(e) The proceeds of a sale conducted pursuant to this sectionshall be disposed of in the following priority:

(1) To satisfy the costs of the sale, including costs incurred withrespect to the taking and keeping of the vehicle pending sale.

15 (2) To the legal owner in an amount to satisfy the indebtedness

16 owed to the legal owner remaining as of the date of the sale,17 including accrued interest or finance charges and delinquency18 charges.

19 (3) To the holder of a subordinate lien or encumbrance on the 20 vehicle to satisfy any indebtedness so secured if written notification

20 vehicle to satisfy any indebtedness so secured if written notification 21 of demand is received before distribution of the proceeds is

22 completed. The holder of a subordinate lien or encumbrance, if

requested, shall reasonably furnish reasonable proof of its interest

24 and, unless it does so on request, is not entitled to distribution

25 pursuant to this paragraph.

(4) To any other person who can establish an interest in thevehicle, including a community property interest, to the extent ofhis or her provable interest.

(5) If the vehicle was forfeited as a result of a felony violationof subdivision (a) of Section 191.5 of, or subdivision (a) of Section

31 192.5 of, the Penal Code, or of Section 23153 that resulted in

32 serious bodily injury to a person other than the defendant, the 33 balance, if any, to the city or county in which the violation

34 occurred, to be deposited in its general fund.

(6) Except as provided in paragraph (5), the balance, if any, to
the city or county in which the violation occurred, to be expended
for community-based adolescent substance abuse treatment
services.

39 The person conducting the sale shall disburse the proceeds of 40 the sale as provided in this subdivision, and provide a written

1 accounting regarding the disposition to all persons entitled to or 2 claiming a share of the proceeds, within 15 days after the sale is

3 conducted.

(f) If the vehicle to be sold under this section is not of the type
that can readily be sold to the public generally, the vehicle shall
be destroyed or donated to an eleemosynary institution.

(g) No vehicle shall be sold pursuant to this section in either of
the following circumstances:

9 (1) The vehicle is stolen, unless the identity of the legal and 10 registered owners of the vehicle cannot be reasonably ascertained.

11 (2) The vehicle is owned by another, or there is a community 12 property interest in the vehicle owned by a person other than the 13 defendant and the vehicle is the only vehicle available to the 14 defendant's immediate family that may be operated on the highway 15 with a class 3 or class 4 driver's license.

(h) The Legislature finds and declares it to be the public policy
of this state that no policy of insurance shall afford benefits that
would alleviate the financial detriment suffered by a person as a

19 direct or indirect result of a confiscation of a vehicle pursuant to

20 this section.

21 SEC. 37. Section 23612 of the Vehicle Code is amended to 22 read:

23 23612. (a) (1) (A) A person who drives a motor vehicle is
24 deemed to have given his or her consent to chemical testing of his
25 or her blood or breath for the purpose of determining the alcoholic
26 content of his or her blood, if lawfully arrested for an offense
27 allegedly committed in violation of Section 23140, 23152, or
28 23153. If a blood or breath test, or both, are unavailable, then
29 paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) applies.

30 (B) A person who drives a motor vehicle is deemed to have

31 given his or her consent to chemical testing of his or her blood or

32 urine for the purpose of determining the drug content of his or her

33 blood, if lawfully arrested for an offense allegedly committed in

34 violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153.

35 (C) The testing shall be incidental to a lawful arrest and

36 administered at the direction of a peace officer having reasonable

37 cause to believe the person was driving a motor vehicle in violation  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

38 of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153.

39 (D) The person shall be told that his or her failure to submit to,

40 or the failure to complete, the required chemical testing will result

in a fine, mandatory imprisonment if the person is convicted of a 1 2 violation of Section 23152 or 23153, and (i) the suspension of the 3 person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for a period of one 4 year, (ii) the revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor 5 vehicle for a period of two years if the refusal occurs within 10 years of a separate violation of Section 23103 as specified in 6 7 Section 23103.5, or of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or of 8 Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of the Penal Code 9 that resulted in a conviction, or if the person's privilege to operate 10 a motor vehicle has been suspended or revoked pursuant to Section 13353, 13353.1, or 13353.2 for an offense that occurred on a 11 12 separate occasion, or (iii) the revocation of the person's privilege 13 to operate a motor vehicle for a period of three years if the refusal 14 occurs within 10 years of two or more separate violations of 15 Section 23103 as specified in Section 23103.5, or of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, or of Section 191.5 or subdivision (a) of Section 16 17 of 192.5 of the Penal Code, or any combination thereof, that 18 resulted in convictions, or if the person's privilege to operate a 19 motor vehicle has been suspended or revoked two or more times 20 pursuant to Section 13353, 13353.1, or 13353.2 for offenses that 21 occurred on separate occasions, or if there is any combination of 22 those convictions or administrative suspensions or revocations. 23 (2) (A) If the person is lawfully arrested for driving under the

(2) (A) If the person is lawring ancested for driving under the influence of an alcoholic beverage, the person has the choice of whether the test shall be of his or her blood or breath and the officer shall advise the person that he or she has that choice. If the person arrested either is incapable, or states that he or she is incapable, of completing the chosen test, the person shall submit to the remaining test. If a blood or breath test, or both, are unavailable, then paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) applies.

(B) If the person is lawfully arrested for driving under the
influence of any drug or the combined influence of an alcoholic
beverage and any drug, the person has the choice of whether the
test shall be of his or her blood, breath, or urine, and the officer
shall advise the person that he or she has that choice.

36 (C) A person who chooses to submit to a breath test may also 37 be requested to submit to a blood or urine test if the officer has 38 reasonable cause to believe that the person was driving under the

39 influence of a drug or the combined influence of an alcoholic

40 beverage and a drug and if the officer has a clear indication that a

1 blood or urine test will reveal evidence of the person being under 2 the influence. The officer shall state in his or her report the facts 3 upon which that belief and that clear indication are based. The 4 person has the choice of submitting to and completing a blood or 5 urine test, and the officer shall advise the person that he or she is 6 required to submit to an additional test and that he or she may 7 choose a test of either blood or urine. If the person arrested either 8 is incapable, or states that he or she is incapable, of completing 9 either chosen test, the person shall submit to and complete the 10 other remaining test.

11 (3) If the person is lawfully arrested for an offense allegedly 12 committed in violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153, and, because of the need for medical treatment, the person is first 13 14 transported to a medical facility where it is not feasible to 15 administer a particular test of, or to obtain a particular sample of, 16 the person's blood, breath, or urine, the person has the choice of 17 those tests that are available at the facility to which that person 18 has been transported. In that case, the officer shall advise the person 19 of those tests that are available at the medical facility and that the 20 person's choice is limited to those tests that are available.

(4) The officer shall also advise the person that he or she does
not have the right to have an attorney present before stating whether
he or she will submit to a test or tests, before deciding which test
or tests to take, or during administration of the test or tests chosen,
and that, in the event of refusal to submit to a test or tests, the
refusal may be used against him or her in a court of law.

27 (5) A person who is unconscious or otherwise in a condition 28 rendering him or her incapable of refusal is deemed not to have 29 withdrawn his or her consent and a test or tests may be 30 administered whether or not the person is told that his or her failure 31 to submit to, or the noncompletion of, the test or tests will result 32 in the suspension or revocation of his or her privilege to operate 33 a motor vehicle. A person who is dead is deemed not to have 34 withdrawn his or her consent and a test or tests may be 35 administered at the direction of a peace officer.

36 (b) A person who is afflicted with hemophilia is exempt from37 the blood test required by this section.

38 (c) A person who is afflicted with a heart condition and is using

39 an anticoagulant under the direction of a licensed physician and

40 surgeon is exempt from the blood test required by this section.

1 (d) (1) A person lawfully arrested for an offense allegedly 2 committed while the person was driving a motor vehicle in 3 violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153 may request the 4 arresting officer to have a chemical test made of the arrested 5 person's blood or breath for the purpose of determining the 6 alcoholic content of that person's blood, and, if so requested, the 7 arresting officer shall have the test performed.

8 (2) If a blood or breath test is not available under subparagraph 9 (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a), or under subparagraph (A) 10 of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), or under paragraph (1) of this subdivision, the person shall submit to the remaining test in order 11 12 to determine the percent, by weight, of alcohol in the person's 13 blood. If both the blood and breath tests are unavailable, the person 14 shall be deemed to have given his or her consent to chemical testing 15 of his or her urine and shall submit to a urine test. 16 (e) If the person, who has been arrested for a violation of Section

17 23140, 23152, or 23153, refuses or fails to complete a chemical 18 test or tests, or requests that a blood or urine test be taken, the 19 peace officer, acting on behalf of the department, shall serve the 20 notice of the order of suspension or revocation of the person's 21 privilege to operate a motor vehicle personally on the arrested 22 person. The notice shall be on a form provided by the department. 23 (f) If the peace officer serves the notice of the order of 24 suspension or revocation of the person's privilege to operate a 25 motor vehicle, the peace officer shall take possession of all driver's 26 licenses issued by this state that are held by the person. The 27 temporary driver's license shall be an endorsement on the notice 28 of the order of suspension and shall be valid for 30 days from the 29 date of arrest. 30 (g) (1) The peace officer shall immediately forward a copy of

31 the completed notice of suspension or revocation form and any 32 driver's license taken into possession under subdivision (f), with 33 the report required by Section 13380, to the department. If the 34 person submitted to a blood or urine test, the peace officer shall 35 forward the results immediately to the appropriate forensic 36 laboratory. The forensic laboratory shall forward the results of the 37 chemical tests to the department within 15 calendar days of the 38 date of the arrest.

39 (2) (A) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a document40 containing data prepared and maintained in the governmental

1 forensic laboratory computerized database system that is 2 electronically transmitted or retrieved through public or private 3 computer networks to or by the department is the best available 4 evidence of the chemical test results in all administrative 5 proceedings conducted by the department. In addition, any other 6 official record that is maintained in the governmental forensic 7 laboratory, relates to a chemical test analysis prepared and 8 maintained in the governmental forensic laboratory computerized 9 database system, and is electronically transmitted and retrieved 10 through a public or private computer network to or by the 11 department is admissible as evidence in the department's 12 administrative proceedings. In order to be admissible as evidence 13 in administrative proceedings, a document described in this 14 subparagraph shall bear a certification by the employee of the 15 department who retrieved the document certifying that the 16 information was received or retrieved directly from the 17 computerized database system of a governmental forensic 18 laboratory and that the document accurately reflects the data 19 received or retrieved.

(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the failure of
an employee of the department to certify under subparagraph (A)
is not a public offense.

(h) A preliminary alcohol screening test that indicates the
presence or concentration of alcohol based on a breath sample in
order to establish reasonable cause to believe the person was
driving a vehicle in violation of Section 23140, 23152, or 23153
is a field sobriety test and may be used by an officer as a further
investigative tool.

29 (i) If the officer decides to use a preliminary alcohol screening 30 test, the officer shall advise the person that he or she is requesting 31 that person to take a preliminary alcohol screening test to assist 32 the officer in determining if that person is under the influence of 33 alcohol or drugs, or a combination of alcohol and drugs. The 34 person's obligation to submit to a blood, breath, or urine test, as 35 required by this section, for the purpose of determining the alcohol 36 or drug content of that person's blood, is not satisfied by the person 37 submitting to a preliminary alcohol screening test. The officer shall 38 advise the person of that fact and of the person's right to refuse to 39 take the preliminary alcohol screening test.

1	SEC. 38. Section 23620 of the Vehicle Code is amended to
2	read:
3	23620. (a) For the purposes of this division, Section 13352,
4	and Chapter 12 (commencing with Section 23100) of Division 11,
5	a separate offense that resulted in a conviction of a violation of
6	subdivision (f) of Section 655 of the Harbors and Navigation Code
7	or of Section 191.5 of, or subdivision (a) of Section 192.5 of, the
8	Penal Code is a separate offense of a violation of Section 23153.
9	(b) For the purposes of this division and Chapter 12
10	(commencing with Section 23100) of Division 11, and Section
11	13352, a separate offense that resulted in a conviction of a violation
12	of subdivision (b), (c), (d), or (e) of Section 655 of the Harbors
13	and Navigation Code is a separate violation of Section 23152.
14	SEC. 39. Section 23626 of the Vehicle Code is amended to
15	read:
16	23626. A conviction of an offense in any state, territory, or
17	possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
18	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the Dominion of Canada that,
19	if committed in this state, would be a violation of Section 23152
20	or 23153 of this code, or Section 191.5 of, or subdivision (a) of
21	Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code, is a conviction of Section 23152
22	or 23153 of this code, or Section 191.5 of, or subdivision (a) of
23	Section 192.5 of, the Penal Code for the purposes of this code.
24	SEC. 40. Section 40509.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to
25	read:
26	40509.5. (a) Except as required under subdivision (c), if, with
27	respect to an offense described in subdivision (e), a person has
28	violated his or her written promise to appear or a lawfully granted
29	continuance of his or her promise to appear in court or before the
30	person authorized to receive a deposit of bail, or violated an order
31	to appear in court, including, but not limited to, a written notice
32	to appear issued in accordance with Section 40518, the magistrate
33	or clerk of the court may give notice of the failure to appear to the
34	department for a violation of this code, a violation that can be
35	heard by a juvenile traffic hearing referee pursuant to Section 256
36	of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or a violation of any other
37	statute relating to the safe operation of a vehicle, except violations
38	not required to be reported pursuant to paragraphs $(1)$ , $(2)$ , $(3)$ , $(6)$ , and $(7)$ of subdivision (b) of Section 1802. If thereafter the case
39 40	and (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 1803. If thereafter the case
40	in which the promise was given is adjudicated or the person who

1 has violated the court order appears in court and satisfies the order

2 of the court, the magistrate or clerk of the court hearing the case
3 shall sign and file with the department a certificate to that effect.
4 (b) If, with respect to an offense described in subdivision (e), a

(b) If, with respect to an offense described in subdivision (e), a 5 person has willfully failed to pay a lawfully imposed fine within 6 the time authorized by the court or to pay a fine pursuant to 7 subdivision (a) of Section 42003, the magistrate or clerk of the 8 court may give notice of the fact to the department for a violation, 9 except violations not required to be reported pursuant to paragraphs 10 (1), (2), (3), (6), and (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 1803. If 11 thereafter the fine is fully paid, the magistrate or clerk of the court 12 shall issue and file with the department a certificate showing that 13 the fine has been paid.

14 (c) If a person charged with a violation of Section 23152 or 15 23153, or Section 191.5 of the Penal Code, or subdivision (a) of 16 Section 192.5 of that code has violated a lawfully granted 17 continuance of his or her promise to appear in court or is released 18 from custody on his or her own recognizance and fails to appear 19 in court or before the person authorized to receive a deposit of 20 bail, or violated an order to appear in court, the magistrate or clerk 21 of the court shall give notice to the department of the failure to 22 appear. If thereafter the case in which the notice was given is 23 adjudicated or the person who has violated the court order appears 24 in court or otherwise satisfies the order of the court, the magistrate 25 or clerk of the court hearing the case shall prepare and forward to 26 the department a certificate to that effect.

(d) Except as required under subdivision (c), the court shall mail
a courtesy warning notice to the defendant by first-class mail at
the address shown on the notice to appear, at least 10 days before
sending a notice to the department under this section.

(e) If the court notifies the department of a failure to appear or
pay a fine pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b), no arrest warrant shall
be issued for an alleged violation of subdivision (a) or (b) of
Section 40508, unless one of the following criteria is met:

35 (1) The alleged underlying offense is a misdemeanor or felony.

(2) The alleged underlying offense is a violation of any provision
of Division 12 (commencing with Section 24000), Division 13
(commencing with Section 29000), or Division 15 (commencing
with Section 35000), required to be reported pursuant to Section
1803.

(3) The driver's record does not show that the defendant has a
 valid California driver's license.

3 (4) The driver's record shows an unresolved charge that the 4 defendant is in violation of his or her written promise to appear 5 for one or more other alleged violations of the law.

6 (f) Except as required under subdivision (c), in addition to the 7 proceedings described in this section, the court may elect to notify 8 the department pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 40509.

9 (g) This section is applicable to courts that have elected to 10 provide notice pursuant to subdivision (b). The method of 11 commencing or terminating an election to proceed under this 12 section shall be prescribed by the department.

13 (h) A violation subject to Section 40001, that is the responsibility

of the owner of the vehicle, shall not be reported under this section. *SEC. 40.5.* Section 40509.5 of the Vehicle Code is amended to *read:*

17 40509.5. (a) Except as required under subdivision (c), if, with 18 respect to an offense described in subdivision (e), any *a* person 19 has violated his or her written promise to appear or a lawfully 20 granted continuance of his or her promise to appear in court or 21 before the person authorized to receive a deposit of bail, or violated 22 an order to appear in court, including, but not limited to, a written 23 notice to appear issued in accordance with Section 40518, the magistrate or clerk of the court may give notice of the failure to 24 25 appear to the department for any *a* violation of this code, any *a* 26 violation that can be heard by a juvenile traffic hearing referee pursuant to Section 256 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, or 27 28 any a violation of any other statute relating to the safe operation 29 of a vehicle, except violations not required to be reported pursuant 30 to paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (6), and (7) of subdivision (b) of Section 31 1803. If thereafter the case in which the promise was given is 32 adjudicated or the person who has violated the court order appears 33 in court and satisfies the order of the court, the magistrate or clerk 34 of the court hearing the case shall sign and file with the department 35 a certificate to that effect. (b) If, with respect to an offense described in subdivision (e), 36

(b) If, with respect to an offense described in subdivision (e),
any a person has willfully failed to pay a lawfully imposed fine,
or bail in installments as agreed to under Section 40510.5, within
the time authorized by the court or to pay a fine pursuant to
subdivision (a) of Section 42003, the magistrate or clerk of the

court may give notice of the fact to the department for-any *a* violation, except violations not required to be reported pursuant
 to paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (6), and (7) of subdivision (b) of Section
 1803. If thereafter the fine *or bail* is fully paid, the magistrate or
 clerk of the court shall issue and file with the department a
 certificate showing that the fine *or bail* has been paid.

7 (c) If-any *a* person charged with a violation of Section 23152 8 or 23153, or Section 191.5 of the Penal Code, or paragraph (3) of 9 subdivision (e) (a) of Section 192 192.5 of that code has violated 10 a lawfully granted continuance of his or her promise to appear in 11 court or is released from custody on his or her own recognizance 12 and fails to appear in court or before the person authorized to 13 receive a deposit of bail, or violated an order to appear in court, 14 the magistrate or clerk of the court shall give notice to the 15 department of the failure to appear. If thereafter the case in which 16 the notice was given is adjudicated or the person who has violated 17 the court order appears in court or otherwise satisfies the order of 18 the court, the magistrate or clerk of the court hearing the case shall 19 prepare and forward to the department a certificate to that effect.

(d) Except as required under subdivision (c), the court shall mail
a courtesy warning notice to the defendant by first-class mail at
the address shown on the notice to appear, at least 10 days before
sending a notice to the department under this section.

24 (e) If the court notifies the department of a failure to appear or 25 pay a fine or bail pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b), no arrest 26 warrant shall be issued for an alleged violation of subdivision (a) 27 or (b) of Section 40508, unless one of the following criteria is met: 28 (1) The alleged underlying offense is a misdemeanor or felony. 29 (2) The alleged underlying offense is a violation of any provision 30 of Division 12 (commencing with Section 24000), Division 13 31 (commencing with Section 29000), or Division 15 (commencing 32 with Section 35000), required to be reported pursuant to Section

33 1803.

34 (3) The driver's record does not show that the defendant has a35 valid California driver's license.

36 (4) The driver's record shows an unresolved charge that the37 defendant is in violation of his or her written promise to appear38 for one or more other alleged violations of the law.

1 (f) Except as required under subdivision (c), in addition to the 2 proceedings described in this section, the court may elect to notify

3 the department pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 40509.

4 (g) This section is applicable to courts which that have elected

5 to provide notice pursuant to subdivision (b). The method of6 commencing or terminating an election to proceed under this7 section shall be prescribed by the department.

8 (h) Any A violation subject to Section 40001, which that is the 9 responsibility of the owner of the vehicle, shall not be reported 10 under this section.

11 SEC. 41. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to 12 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because 13 the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school 14 district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or

15 infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty

16 for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of17 the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within

the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California

19 Constitution.

20 SEC. 42. Section 8.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to

21 Section 977 of the Penal Code proposed by both this bill and SB

22 649. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted

23 and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill

24 amends Section 977 of the Penal Code, and (3) this bill is enacted

25 after SB 649, in which case Section 8 of this bill shall not become

26 *operative*.

27 SEC. 43. Section 12.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to

28 Section 1803 of the Vehicle Code proposed by both this bill and

29 AB 421. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted

30 and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill

31 amends Section 1803 of the Vehicle Code, and (3) this bill is 32 enacted after AB 421, in which case Section 12 of this bill shall

33 not become operative.

34 SEC. 44. Section 14.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to

35 Section 11110 of the Vehicle Code proposed by both this bill and

36 AB 430. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted

37 and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill

38 amends Section 11110 of the Vehicle Code, and (3) this bill is

39 enacted after AB 430, in which case Section 14 of this bill shall

40 not become operative.

1 SEC. 45. Section 15.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to 2 Section 11215 of the Vehicle Code proposed by both this bill and 3 AB 430. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted 4 and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill 5 amends Section 11215 of the Vehicle Code, and (3) this bill is 6 enacted after AB 430, in which case Section 15 of this bill shall 7 not become operative. 8 SEC. 46. Section 16.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to 9 Section 12810 of the Vehicle Code proposed by both this bill and 10 AB 430. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted 11 and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill 12 amends Section 12810 of the Vehicle Code, and (3) this bill is 13 enacted after AB 430, in which case Section 16 of this bill shall 14 not become operative. 15 SEC. 47. Section 20.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to 16 Section 13351 of the Vehicle Code proposed by both this bill and 17 AB 430. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are enacted 18 and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2) each bill 19 amends Section 13351 of the Vehicle Code, and (3) this bill is 20 enacted after AB 430, in which case Section 20 of this bill shall 21 not become operative. 22 SEC. 48. Section 23.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to 23 Section 13353.1 of the Vehicle Code proposed by both this bill 24 and AB 1165. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are 25 enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, but 26 this bill becomes operative first, (2) each bill amends Section 27 13353.1 of the Vehicle Code, and (3) this bill is enacted after AB 28 1165, in which case Section 13353.1 of the Vehicle Code, as 29 amended by Section 23 of this bill, shall remain operative only 30 until the operative date of AB 1165, at which time Section 23.5 of 31 this bill shall become operative. 32 SEC. 49. Section 40.5 of this bill incorporates amendments to 33 Section 40509.5 of the Vehicle Code proposed by both this bill

34 and AB 1248. It shall only become operative if (1) both bills are

35 enacted and become effective on or before January 1, 2008, (2)

36 each bill amends Section 40509.5 of the Vehicle Code, and (3) this

37 bill is enacted after AB 1248, in which case Section 40 of this bill

38 shall not become operative.

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