AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 16, 2003 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 2, 2003 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 23, 2003

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2003-04 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 428

Introduced by Assembly Members Richman and Canciamilla

February 14, 2003

An act to add Section 367.6 to the Public Utilities Code, relating to energy resources.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 428, as amended, Richman. Electrical corporations: core supply portfolio: core bundled, noncore, and core-elect customers.

(1) Under existing law, the Public Utilities Commission regulates electrical corporations. The Public Utilities Act requires the commission to authorize direct transactions between electricity suppliers and end-use customers. However, other existing law suspends the right of retail end-use customers to acquire direct access service from certain electricity suppliers after a period of time to be determined by the commission until the Department of Water Resources no longer supplies electricity under a certain provision of law. Existing law requires the commission to review and adopt a procurement plan for each electrical corporation. The commission is required to establish procurement balancing accounts to track the differences between recorded revenues and costs to ensure that each electrical corporation timely recovers prospective procurement costs pursuant to their procurement plan.

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The bill would require the commission, on or before January 1, 2005, to adopt regulatory criteria for the appropriate and reasonable composition of a core portfolio of electricity supplies to be established by each electrical corporation to meet the needs of the electrical corporation's bundled core customers, as defined, noncore customers electing to remain with the electrical corporation for at least one year, and to provide an adequate reserve capacity. Under the bill, commencing January 1, 2006, an electrical corporation would have no obligation to procure electric commodity for a noncore customer, as defined, except by contract for a term of no less than 1 year and on terms approved by the commission that reimburse the electrical corporation for all costs of providing electrical service. Commencing on that date, noncore customers could not be served from the core portfolio, except as specified, and would be served either by direct transactions or by contract with an electrical corporation. The bill would require the commission, on or before January 1, 2006, to adopt rules to allow residential bundled core customers to elect to be served by direct transactions in a manner that fully compensates the electrical corporation and the Department of Water Resources for the customers' proportionate shape of specified categories of costs. The bill would also require the commission to adopt rules to ensure that the returning residential bundled core customers are charged the full costs incurred by the electrical corporation to provide them with electric commodity procurement service, including a minimum one year contractual obligation to take bundled electric service from the electrical corporation, unless the customer leaves the electrical corporation's service territory. The bill would require the commission to adopt corresponding rules for nonresidential bundled core customers on or before January 1, 2012. rules under which noncore customers, as defined, by a date certain on or before June 30, 2005, elect whether to procure electricity service (commodity service) from an electric service provider, elect to receive commodity service from the electrical corporation under a procurement plan for a minimum period of 3 years, or receive default commodity service from the electrical corporation. Beginning January 1, 2006, an electrical corporation's obligation to provide commodity service from its procurement plan would extend only to core and core-elect customers, as defined, and to provide default commodity service to noncore customers. Default commodity service would be provided at the higher of the electrical corporation's costs of spot electricity purchases, or the tariff rate for core-elect customers

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purchasing commodity service pursuant to the electrical corporation's procurement plan. The commission would be required to establish rules to ensure that the costs of providing default commodity service to noncore customers are paid solely by those noncore customers, without impacting the rates and charges of core customers. The bill would require the commission, on or before July 1, 2004, to establish tariffs for noncore customers that include all applicable transmission, distribution, public goods, and cost recovery surcharge costs otherwise paid by noncore customers for certain purposes. Noncore customers that begin taking commodity service from an electric service provider on or after January 1, 2006, would be required to pay certain costs consistent with those costs that customers of a community choice aggregator are required to pay under existing law. The bill would require the commission to establish rules or tariffs that provide an option for residential customers to receive commodity service through direct transactions from renewable resources beginning January 1, 2006, consistent with cost recovery requirements applicable to community aggregators. Because a violation of a rule or order of the commission is a crime, this bill would create a new crime, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program.

(2) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to do all of the 2 following:
- 3 (a) Establish a market structure in which the *To establish a*4 *market structure in which* electrical corporations have an
 5 obligation to provide bundled electric commodity procurement service only to core retail end-use customers.
- 7 (b) Allow noncore retail end-use customers to elect to have 8 their electricity commodity procured by the electrical corporations 9 for a fixed term at rates that fully compensate the electrical

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corporations for the incremental costs of procuring the commodity.

- (e) Require the electrical corporations to serve as a default provider of electric commodity procurement service to noncore retail end-use customers that voluntarily or involuntarily return to the electrical corporation for that service.
- (d) Provide a market structure for electric commodity service to core customers, and core-elect customers, from a combined portfolio generation resources allocated of nondiscriminatory, cost-of-service basis.
- (b) To affirm the electrical corporation's obligation to provide transmission, distribution, and resource adequacy services for all customers.
- (c) To allow noncore customers to elect, on prescribed terms, 15 to receive commodity service from the electrical corporation or from an electric service provider without shifting costs to other customer classes.
 - (d) To require an electrical corporation to serve as default provider of commodity service, in a manner that will not increase costs of commodity service to core and core-elect customers, and to noncore customers that voluntarily or involuntarily return to the electrical corporation for service.
 - (e) To encourage the retention of existing and development of new, cogeneration resources to serve the state's electricity demand in a clean and efficient manner.
 - (f) To provide for and expedite the construction of electric generation capacity to meet the needs of a growing state and replace this state's most polluting and inefficient electric generation plants by phasing in a competitive retail electric commodity market for the largest, most financially stable retail end-use customers of the electrical corporation.
 - (e) Ensure the protection of core retail end-use customers against payment of stranded costs by requiring departing eustomers to pay for power and other services provided on their behalf by the state and the electrical corporations. electric generation plants by phasing in a retail market for the most efficient and financially stable customers.
- SEC. 2. Section 367.6 is added to the Public Utilities Code, to 38 39 read:

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367.6. (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

- (1) "Bundled core customers" include all retail end-use customers of an electrical corporation with a maximum peak demand of less than 500 kilowatts, or a maximum peak demand as determined by the commission pursuant to subdivision (b), who are not being served, or who elect not to be served, through direct transactions.
- (2) "Noncore customers" include all retail end-use customers of an electrical corporation with a maximum peak demand of 500 kilowatts or greater, or a maximum peak demand as determined by the commission pursuant to subdivision (b). For the purposes of this section, noncore customers may aggregate their peak demand from multiple meters located anywhere in an electrical corporation's service territory. Customers receiving service from electricity suppliers on January 1, 2006, shall be considered noncore customers, except any customers exempt from any direct access surcharge paid by other noncore customers, shall retain that exemption until the time they return to bundled utility service.
- (b) Commencing January 1, 2009, the commission shall reduce the maximum peak demand threshold for defining noncore customers in subdivision (a), by converting the bundled core customers with the largest peak demand prior to reduction of the threshold to noncore customers, in sufficient amounts, so that the forecast load attributable to converted customers is forecast to meet all growth in electricity demand forecasted by the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission during the following five-year period and any reduction in the aggregate supply of electricity provided by Department of Water Resources contracts pursuant to Division 27 (commencing with Section 80000) of the Water Code. The commission shall complete its proceeding in this matter no later than December 31, 2007, and may not lower the threshold beyond 250 kilowatts maximum peak demand.
- (c) On or before January 1, 2005, the commission shall adopt regulatory criteria for the appropriate and reasonable composition of a core portfolio of electricity supplies to be established by each electrical corporation to meet the needs of the electrical corporation's bundled core customers and noncore customers electing to remain with the electrical corporation for at least one

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year pursuant to subdivision (e) and to provide an adequate reserve capacity. The commission shall include a minimum renewable energy component and demand-side management programs, including, but not limited to, time-of-use rates and reserve requirements consistent with existing law.

- (d) (1) The core supply portfolio shall also include the following components:
- (A) Output of the generation assets retained by the electrical corporation under commission regulation.
- (B) The total amount of Department of Water Resources contract electricity purchased pursuant to Division 27 (commencing with Section 80000) of the Water Code and allocated to the core customers of the electrical corporation.
- (C) Other supplies purchased by the electrical corporation under contracts to serve the needs of its core customers.
 - (D) Any spot market supplies required to serve core customers.
- (2) The commission shall adopt rules that protect the core customer of an electrical corporation from cost shifting resulting from direct transactions, customers who depart the electrical corporation's system in order to be served by a competing publicly owned utility, or undercollections of utility costs of service or costs incurred by the Department of Water Resources to serve customers who are no longer core customers. These rules shall ensure that a retail end-use customer purchasing electricity from another electric service provider or electricity supplier shall reimburse the electrical corporation that previously served that customer, or had the obligation to serve that customer, on a nonbypassable basis for the categories of costs described in subdivisions (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 366.1.
- (3) The commission shall ensure that no customer moving from core to noncore will have any obligation for any future costs incurred by the electrical corporation or Department of Water Resources associated with the core supply portfolio that are not recovered from core customers, and that costs of the core supply portfolio shall be recoverable only from core customers and noncore customers served by electrical corporations as described in subdivision (e).
- (e) Commencing January 1, 2006, an electrical corporation has no obligation to procure electric commodity for any noncore customer except by contract for a term of not less than one years

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and on terms approved by the commission that reimburse the electrical corporation for all costs of providing electrical service. On or before January 1, 2005, the commission shall adopt rules, as it deems necessary to establish a nondiscriminatory tariff for noncore customers. These rules shall include all of the following:

- (1) A time certain, no later than July 1, 2005, by which a noncore customer currently receiving electric commodity procurement service from the electrical corporation shall either elect to be served by an electricity supplier other than the electrical corporation or agree to be served by the electrical corporation for a minimum of one year. Noncore customers electing to remain with the electrical corporation on or before July 1, 2005, may be served from the core customer portfolio described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (d).
- (2) Notice requirements of not less than six months for noncore customers to provide notice to their electrical corporation and the Department of Water Resources of their intent to obtain service from an electricity supplier other than the electrical corporation or voluntarily contract with the electrical corporation for bundled noncore electric commodity procurement service pursuant to this subdivision.
- (3) Provisions for ensuring prompt and full recovery of costs that the electrical corporation and Department of Water Resources have incurred to serve customers pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) and in meeting the obligation to serve. Rates and tariffs that require noncore customers who choose to return to bundled utility electric commodity procurement service to pay the actual costs incurred by the electrical corporation to procure electric commodity for that returning customer on a basis separately tariffed from the costs of the noncore portfolio of the electrical corporation for a period of not less than one year or the tariffed rate under this section, whichever is higher.
- (f) Commencing January 1, 2006, noncore customers may not be served from the core portfolio, except as provided in paragraph (1) of subdivision (e). Noncore customers shall be served by direct transactions, as described in Section 365, or by contract with an electrical corporation as described in subdivision (e). In coordination with the resource planning and procurement process defined in Section 454.5, the commission shall annually establish the appropriate mix and level of long-term, medium-term, and

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short-term resource commitments to be made by the electrical corporation consistent with the utility procurement obligations defined in this section.

- (g) (1) On or before January 1, 2006, the commission shall adopt rules to allow residential bundled core customers to elect to be served by direct transactions in a manner that fully compensates the electrical corporation and the Department of Water Resources for the customers' proportionate share of the categories of costs described in subdivisions (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 366.1. The commission shall also adopt rules to address the return of those residential bundled core customers being served by direct transactions to bundled service that ensure that the returning customers are charged the full costs incurred by the electrical corporation to provide them with electric commodity procurement service, including a minimum one year contractual obligation to take bundled electric service from the electrical corporation, unless the customer leaves the electrical corporation's service territory.
- (2) On or before January 1, 2012, the commission shall adopt rules to allow nonresidential bundled core customers to elect to be served by direct transactions in a manner that fully compensates the electrical corporation and the Department of Water Resources for the customers' proportionate share of the categories of costs described in subdivisions (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 366.1. The commission shall also adopt rules to address the return of those nonresidential bundled core customers being served by direct transactions to bundled service that ensure that the returning customers are charged the full costs incurred by the electrical corporation to provide them with electric commodity procurement service, including a minimum one year obligation to take bundled electric service from the electrical corporation, unless the customer leaves the electrical corporation's service territory.
- (h) A noncore customer shall not be responsible for any new transition costs or procurement-related obligations incurred on behalf of the core portfolio during the period when the customer is served by direct transactions, except to the extent that the costs were incurred during the period when the noncore customer had elected to receive core portfolio service pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (e) and the costs cover the actual cost of electricity used by the customer.

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(1) "Commodity service" means electricity used by the customer or a supply of electricity available for use by the customer, and does not include services associated with the transmission and distribution of electricity.

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- (2) "Core customers" means small retail end-use customers of an electrical corporation that are unable as a result of economies of scale, to efficiently enter into direct transactions, including customers with a maximum peak demand of less than 500 kilowatts.
- (3) "Noncore customers" means larger retail end users of electricity that as a result of economies of scale, can efficiently enter into direct transactions, including end users with a maximum peak demand of 500 kilowatts, or as reduced by the commission. On or before January 1, 2009, the commission may reduce the noncore customer maximum peak demand threshold to accommodate load growth and reduction of procurement obligations under Department of Water Resources power contracts being managed by the electrical corporations. When considering a reduction in the noncore threshold, the commission shall not strand generation costs in the electrical corporation's procurement plan portfolio, shift costs between core and noncore customers, or lower the threshold below 200 kilowatt maximum peak demand. On or before January 1, 2009, the Commission may additionally establish rules allowing customers to aggregate demand to meet the noncore threshold.
- (4) "Core-elect customer" means a noncore customer that makes an election, to be served pursuant to the electrical corporation's procurement plan.
- (b) Beginning January 1, 2006, an electrical corporation's obligation to provide commodity service from the electrical corporation's procurement plan portfolio, shall extend only to core and core-elect customers. The electric corporation's obligation to provide commodity service to noncore customers shall be limited to the provision of default service pursuant to subdivision (d). The electrical corporation's obligation to provide transmission, distribution and resource adequacy services shall extend to all customers.
- (c) Beginning January 1, 2006, an electrical corporation shall have no obligation to procure electricity for noncore customers pursuant to a procurement plan, but shall have an obligation to

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procure electricity for core-elect customers that elect to receive commodity service for a minimum term of three years pursuant to the electrical corporation's procurement plan.

- (d) The electrical corporation shall serve as a default provider of commodity service for all noncore customers. The electrical corporation shall provide default commodity service to noncore customers that, on or after January 1, 2006, voluntarily or involuntarily return to the electrical corporation for commodity service and have not elected to take commodity service as described in subdivisions (c) and (e). Default commodity service shall be provided at the higher of the electrical corporation's cost of spot electricity purchases, or the tariff rate for core-elect customers purchasing commodity service pursuant to the electrical corporation's procurement plan. The commission shall establish rules to ensure that the costs of providing default commodity service to noncore customers are paid solely by those noncore customers, without impacting the rates and charges of core customers.
- (e) On or before January 1, 2005, the commission shall adopt rules, to implement this section. These rules shall include:
- (1) A date certain, on or before June 30, 2005, by which noncore customers must make an election to be served by the electrical corporation for a minimum of three years as a core-elect customer, or to receive service from an electric service provider. Noncore customers failing to make an affirmative election shall receive default commodity service.
- (2) Terms and condition under which noncore customers may take default service, including the time period after which a customer must select core-elect service or return to non-utility service.
- (3) Provisions to ensure prompt recovery of reasonable costs an electrical corporation incurs to serve customers pursuant to this section, and in meeting its obligation to serve, and provisions to ensure there is no cost shifting between customer classes.
- (4) A method for determining the rates and charges for core and core-elect customers, and the default commodity service price, including estimated prices to be in effect as of January 1, 2006.
- (5) Rules for the aggregation of customer load at multiple meters for purposes of determining the core or noncore status of a customer, including the use of appropriate meters.

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(6) Provisions to ensure that no cost-shifting occurs between core and core-elect customers.

- (7) A six-month notice requirement to begin receiving or to cancel core-elect service upon completion of the three year commitment.
- (f) On or before July 1, 2004, the commission shall establish tariffs for a noncore customer that include all applicable transmission, distribution, public goods, and cost recovery surcharge costs otherwise paid by noncore customers for the following purposes:
- (1) To transmit over nondedicated electrical corporation facilities, electricity generated by a corporation or person at one location for consumption by the same corporation or person, or an affiliated corporation, or person at a separate location.
- (2) To procure electricity from new or expanded generation facilities.
- (3) To procure electricity from a cogeneration facility that sold power to the electrical corporation on or after June 1, 2003.
- (g) In coordination with the resource planning and procurement process established in Section 454.5, the commission shall annually establish the appropriate mix and level of long-term, medium-term, and short-term commitments to be made by an electrical corporation, consistent with the electrical corporation procurement obligations established in this section, and ensure the flexibility needed to minimize stranded procurement costs.
- (h) Noncore customers that begin taking commodity service from an electric service provider on or after January 1, 2006, shall be required to pay the costs described in subdivisions (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 366.1, to the extent such costs continue to be incurred by the electrical corporations, as determined by the commission. Any customer receiving service under a direct transaction prior to September 20, 2001, shall not incur any additional obligations under this requirement unless they become core-elect customers.
- (i) In consultation with the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission and the Independent System Operator, the commission shall establish resource adequacy requirements that ensure the availability of planning reserves sufficient to serve all customers of the electrical

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corporation, including noncore and community choice aggregation customers. The resource adequacy requirements shall ensure cost recovery by the electrical corporation for acquired reserves through a nonbypassable component of the electrical corporation's transmission and distribution charges.

- (j) The commission shall ensure that noncore customers moving from core-elect to noncore commodity service at the end of a three-year term, shall not have an obligation for any future costs incurred by the electrical corporation or Department of Water Resources associated with the electrical corporation's procurement plan, and that costs of the electrical corporation's procurement plan shall be recoverable only from core and core-elect customers served by the electrical corporation pursuant to subdivision (c).
- (k) The commission shall ensure that all electric service providers and community choice aggregators meet the renewable portfolio standard and support demand side management programs, either directly or through in-lieu arrangements approved by the commission.
- (1) The commission shall establish rules or tariffs that provide an option for residential customers to receive commodity service through direct transactions from renewable resources beginning January 1, 2006, that fully compensates the electrical corporation and the Department of Water Resources for the customer's proportionate share of costs consistent with subdivisions (d), (e), (f), and (g) of Section 366.1.
- SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.